

1 Program to demonstrate Breadth First Search.

# to print BFS traversal from a given source vertex.

```
from collections import defaultdict
```

```
class Graph:
```

```
    def __init__(self):
```

```
        self.graph = defaultdict(list)
```

```
    def addEdge(self, u, v):
```

```
        self.graph[u].append(v)
```

```
    def BFS(self, s):
```

```
        visited = [False] * (max(self.graph) + 1)
```

```
        queue = []
```

```
        queue.append(s)
```

```
        visited[s] = True
```

```
        while queue:
```

```
            s = queue.pop(0)
```

```
            print(s, end = " ")
```

```
            for i in self.graph[s]:
```

```
                if visited[i] == False:
```

```
                    queue.append(i)
```

```
                    visited[i] = True
```

```
g = Graph()
```

```
g.addEdge(0, 1)
```

```
g.addEdge(0, 2)
```

```
g.addEdge(1, 2)
```

```
g.addEdge(2, 0)
```

```
g.addEdge(2,3)
```

```
g.addEdge(3,3)
```

```
print ("Following is Breadth First Search Traversal "  
      "(starting from vertex 2)")
```

```
g.BFS(2)
```

OUTPUT:

Following is Breadth First Search Traversal (starting from  
vertex 2)

2 0 3 1

## 2. Program to demonstrate Depth First Search.

```
from collections import defaultdict
```

```
class Graph:
```

```
    def __init__(self):
```

```
        self.graph = defaultdict(list)
```

```
    def addEdge(self, u, v):
```

```
        self.graph[u].append(v)
```

```
    def DFSUtil(self, v, visited):
```

```
        visited.add(v)
```

```
        print(v, end='')
```

```
        for neighbour in self.graph[v]:
```

```
            if neighbour not in visited:
```

```
                self.DFSUtil(neighbour, visited)
```

```
    def DFS(self, v):
```

```
        visited = set()
```

```
        self.DFSUtil(v, visited)
```

```
g = Graph()
```

```
g.addEdge(0,1)
```

```
g.addEdge(0,2)
```

```
g.addEdge(1,2)
```

```
g.addEdge(2,0)
```

```
g.addEdge(2,3)
```

```
g.addEdge(3,3)
```

```
print("Following is DFS from (starting from vertex 2)")
```

```
g.DFS(2)
```

OUTPUT:-

Following is DFS from (starting from vertex 2)

2 0 1 3



## 3 Program to demonstrate A\* Algorithm.

```
class Node():
```

```
    def __init__(self, parent = None, position = None):
```

```
        self.parent = parent
```

```
        self.position = position
```

```
        self.g = 0
```

```
        self.h = 0
```

```
        self.f = 0
```

```
    def __eq__(self, other):
```

```
        return self.position == other.position
```

```
def astar(maze, start, end):
```

```
    start_node = Node(None, start)
```

```
    start_node.g = start_node.h = start_node.f = 0
```

```
    end_node = Node(None, end)
```

```
    end_node.g = end_node.h = end_node.f = 0
```

```
    open_list = []
```

```
    closed_list = []
```

```
    open_list.append(start_node)
```

```
    while len(open_list) > 0:
```

```
        current_node = open_list[0]
```

```
        current_index = 0
```

```
        for index, item in enumerate(open_list):
```

```
            if item.f < current_node.f:
```

```
                current_node = item
```

```
                current_index = index
```

```
    open_list.pop(current_index)
```

```
    closed_list.append(current_node)
```

```
    if current_node == end_node:
```

```

path = []
current = current_node
while current is not None:
    path.append(current.position)
    current = current.parent
return path[::-1]
children = []
for new_position in [(0,-1), (0,1), (-1,0), (1,0), (-1,-1),
                    (-1,1), (1,-1), (1,1)]:
    node_position = (current_node.position[0] + new_position[0],
                    current_node.position[1] + new_position[1])
    if node_position[0] > (len(maze)-1) or node_position[0]
        < 0 or node_position[1] > (len(maze[
        len(maze)-1])-1) or node_position[1] < 0:
        continue
    if maze[node_position[0]][node_position[1]] != 0:
        continue
    new_node = Node(current_node, node_position)
    children.append(new_node)
for child in children:
    for closed_child in closed_list:
        if child == closed_child:
            continue
    child.g = current_node.g + 1
    child.h = ((child.position[0] - end_node.position[0])**2)
              + ((child.position[1] - end_node.
              position[1])**2)
    child.f = child.g + child.h
    for open_node in open_list:

```

```
if child == open_node and child.g > open_node.g:  
    continue
```

```
open_list.append(child)
```

```
def main():
```

```
    maze = [[0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]]
```

```
    graph = [[0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0],  
            [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
            [0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],  
            [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0]]
```

```
    start = (0, 0)
```

```
    end = (5, 5)
```

```
    end1 = (5, 5)
```

```
    path = astar(maze, start, end)
```

```
    print(path)
```

```
    path1 = astar(graph, start, end1)
```

```
    print(path1)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
    main()
```

OUTPUT:

$[(0,0), (1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,3), (5,4), (5,5)]$

$[(0,0), (1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4), (5,5)]$



## 4. Program to demonstrate Hill Climbing.

```
import random
def RandomSolution(tsp):
    cities = list(range(len(tsp)))
    solution = []
    for i in range(len(tsp)):
        randomCity = cities[random.randint(0, len(cities)-1)]
        solution.append(randomCity)
        cities.remove(randomCity)
    return solution
```

```
def routeLength(tsp, solution):
    routeLength = 0
    for i in range(len(solution)):
        routeLength += tsp[solution[i-1]][solution[i]]
    return routeLength
```

```
def getNeighbours(solution):
    neighbours = []
    for i in range(len(solution)):
        for j in range(i+1, len(solution)):
            neighbour = solution.copy()
            neighbour[i] = solution[j]
            neighbour[j] = solution[i]
            neighbours.append(neighbour)
    return neighbours
```

```
def getBestNeighbour(tsp, neighbours):
```

```
bestRouteLength = routeLength (tsp, neighbours [0])
bestNeighbour = neighbours [0]
for neighbour in neighbours:
    currentRouteLength = routeLength (tsp, neighbour)
    if currentRouteLength < bestRouteLength:
        bestRouteLength = currentRouteLength
        bestNeighbour = neighbour
return bestNeighbour, bestRouteLength
```

```
def hillClimbing (tsp):
    currentSolution = randomSolution (tsp)
    currentRouteLength = routeLength (tsp, currentSolution)
    neighbours = getNeighbours (currentSolution)
    bestNeighbour, bestNeighbourRouteLength = getBestNeighbour
                                                (tsp, neighbours)
    while bestNeighbourRouteLength < currentRouteLength:
        currentSolution = bestNeighbour
        currentRouteLength = bestNeighbourRouteLength =
                                                getBestNeighbour (tsp, neighbours)
    return currentSolution, currentRouteLength
```

```
def main():
    tsp = [[0, 400, 500, 300], [400, 0, 300, 500], [500, 300, 0, 400],
           [300, 500, 400, 0]]

    print (hillClimbing (tsp))
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

OUTPUT

([0, 1, 2, 3], 1400)