

Physics Lab Exam

Modulus of Rigidity - G (Shear Modulus) is the coefficient of elasticity. It is defined as: \rightarrow for a shearing force.

"The ratio of shear stress to the displacement per unit sample length (shear strain)"

Modulus of Rigidity can be experimentally determined from the slope of a stress-strain curve created during tensile tests conducted on a sample of the material.

Working formula: \rightarrow

Time period of oscillation (T) of the torsional pendulum is given by

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{I}{C}}$$

where I = Moment of inertia of the suspended body

C = Torsional couple per unit angular twist

The torsional couple per unit angular twist of the wire of radius ' r ' is given by

$$C = \frac{\pi \eta r^4}{2l}$$

where l = length of suspended wire

η = Rigidity modulus of the material of suspended wire

Putting value of 'C' from eqⁿ (ii) in eqⁿ (i) & then simplifying

$$\eta = \frac{8\pi I l}{r^4 T^2}$$

where

I = moment of inertia of solid disc
 $= \frac{1}{2} MR^2$

M = mass of the disc

R = Radius of the disc

Abutlation:~

(Given mass of the metallic disc = 1160 gm
radius of the disc = 7.5 cm)

Table-1

For screw gauge, Pitch = 0.1 mm & L.C = 0.005 mm

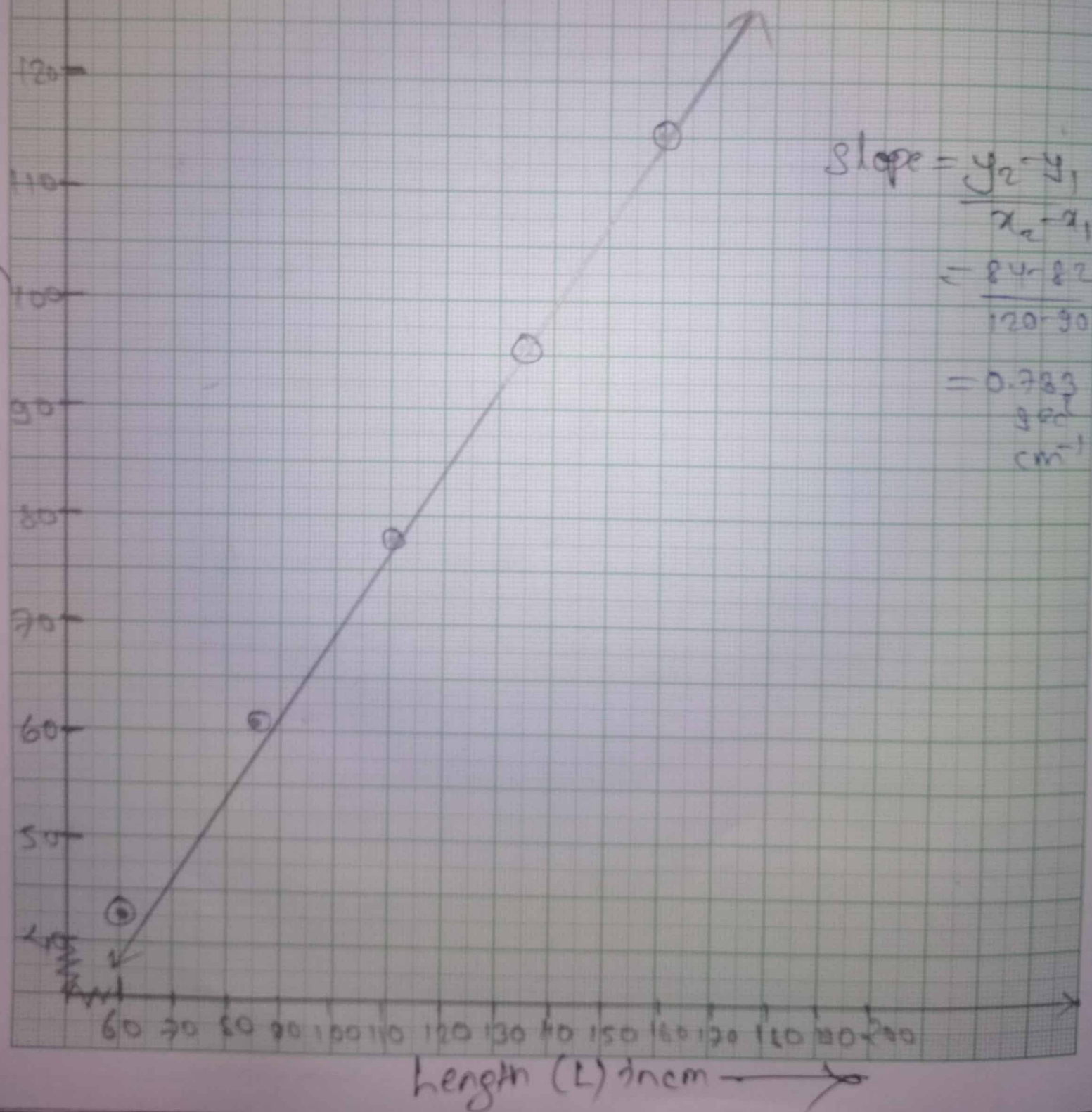
No. of oil	ISL (I)	N	FSL (F)	ISL	PSL = $\frac{F - I}{N}$	CSL = $\frac{F - I}{N} + \frac{L.C}{4}$	Diameter = (CSL + L.C)	Mean Diameter (CSL)
1	15	0	32	83	0	0.083	0.083	
2	10	0	25	85	0	0.085	0.085	0.084
3	8	0	24	84	0	0.084	0.084	

Table-2

Length in cm	No. of oscillations	Time in Sec	Time period (T) in sec	Mean T in sec	T^2 in sec^2
$L_1 = 160$	10	106.9	10.690	10.711	114.739
	15	161	10.733	9.787	
$L_2 = 135$	10	97.72	9.772	9.7877	95.718
	15	147.05	9.803		
$L_3 = 110$	10	87.79	8.779	8.7845	77.167
	15	131.85	8.7900		
$L_4 = 85$	10	78	7.800	7.8200	61.152
	15	117.6	7.8400		
$L_5 = 60$	10	65	6.500	6.5200	42.510
	15	98.1	6.540		

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Scale: x-axis: 10 ssd = 100
y-axis: 20 ssd = 200



Calculations:

Modulus of rigidity

$$\eta = \frac{4\pi r^2}{\pi^2} \left(\frac{l}{\tau^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{4\pi r^2}{\pi^2} \times \frac{1}{\text{slope}}$$

Now for slope

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{24.82}{170.30} = 0.1458 \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

$$\therefore \eta = \frac{4 \times 3.14 \times 1160 \times 0.51^2}{(0.002)^2 \times 0.1458}$$

$$= 3.61 \times 10^{11} \text{ dyne/cm}^2$$

Conclusion:

The modulus of rigidity of the given wire from the above noted data was found to be $3.61 \times 10^{11} \text{ dyne/cm}^2$