

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DELHI  
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS  
MTL 100 (CALCULUS): SEMESTER I 2020 – 21  
Major Examination

DATE: 11/02/2021

Total Marks: 40

Time: 9.30 am – 12:00 pm

MARKS WILL BE AWARDED ONLY FOR THOSE ANSWERS WITH PROPER JUSTIFICATION

**Question 1:** Using the transformation  $x = u + \frac{v}{2}$  and  $y = v$ , evaluate

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y/2}^{(y+4)/2} y^3 (2x - y)^2 e^{(2x-y)^3} dx dy. \quad [5]$$

**Question 2:** Using spherical coordinates, find the volume of the solid in the first octant bounded by the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 36$  and the cones  $z^2 = 3(x^2 + y^2)$  and  $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ . [5]

**Question 3:** Discuss whether the following improper integral converges or diverges:

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^5 + x}} dx. \quad [4]$$

**Question 4:** Let  $f : (a, b) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a twice differentiable function such that  $f''(x)$  is continuous on  $(a, b)$ . Given  $c \in (a, b)$ , show that

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(c+h) - 2f(c) + f(c-h)}{h^2} = f''(c). \quad [4]$$

**Question 5:** Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{(1+x)^2}$ ,  $x \in (0, 2)$ . Find the  $n$ th degree Taylor polynomial  $P_n(x)$  of  $f$  about the point  $x = 1$ . Further, show that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} |f(x) - P_n(x)| = 0, \quad \forall x \in \left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\right). \quad [5]$$

**Question 6:** Determine all values of the constant  $\alpha > 0$  for which the limit

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 y^3}{|x|^3 + |y|^\alpha} \text{ exists.} \quad [5]$$

**Question 7:** Let  $f(x, y) = x^3 y - xy^2 + cx^2$ , where  $c$  is a constant. Find the value of  $c$  if the function  $f$  increases fastest at the point  $p_0 = (3, 2)$  in the direction of the vector  $A = 2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j}$ . [4]

**Question 8:** Using Lagrange multipliers, find the maximum and minimum values of  $f(x, y) = xyz$  subject to the constraint  $x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 1$ . [4]

**Question 9:** Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function such that  $f$  is differentiable and  $f'$  is continuous on  $(0, 1)$ . Compute the following limit :

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n f\left(\frac{k}{n}\right) - n \int_0^1 f(x) dx. \quad [4]$$