Practical – 2 Harshit Sahu | BSc (Hons) Computer Science | 202 | 14 | 14

Plotting of second order solution family of differential equation

Question I : Solve Second order Differential Equation y" + y = 0 Solution :

DSolve[y''[x] + y[x] = 0, y[x], x] $\{\{y[x] \rightarrow C[1] Cos[x] + C[2] Sin[x]\}\}$

Question 2 : Solve Second order
Differential Equation y" + y' - 6 y = 0
Solution :

DSolve[y''[x] + y'[x] - 6y[x] == 0, y[x], x] $\{\{y[x] \rightarrow e^{-3x}C[1] + e^{2x}C[2]\}\}$

Question 3 : Solve Second order
Differential Equation 4 y" + 12 y' - 6 y = 0
Solution :

DSolve [4y''[x] + 12y'[x] - 6y[x] = 0, y[x], x]

$$\left\{ \left\{ y\,[\,x\,] \,\to\, e^{\left(-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}\right)\,x}\,C\,[\,1\,] \,+\, e^{\left(-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}\right)\,x}\,C\,[\,2\,]\,\right\} \right\}$$

Question 4: Solve Second order Differential Equation y'' - 6y' + 13y = 0**Solution:**

```
DSolve [y''[x] - 6y'[x] + 13y[x] = 0, y[x], x]
\{\{y[x] \rightarrow e^{3x}C[2] Cos[2x] + e^{3x}C[1] Sin[2x]\}\}
```

Question 5 : Solve Second order Differential Equation y'' - 2y' + y = 0**Solution:**

```
DSolve[y''[x] - 2y'[x] + y[x] = 0, y[x], x]
\{ \{ y[x] \rightarrow e^x C[1] + e^x x C[2] \} \}
```

Plotting Of Solution Of Second order Differential Equations

Question I:

Solve Second order Differential Equation y" + y = 0 and Plot its three Solutions. **Solution:**

```
Sol = DSolve[y''[x] + y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
Sol1 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 1, C[2] \rightarrow 2\}
Sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 1/2, C[2] \rightarrow 5\}
Sol3 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow -1/2, C[2] \rightarrow -4\}
Plot[{Sol1, Sol2, Sol3}, {x, -20, 20},
 PlotStyle → {{Red, Thickness[0.01]}, {Green, Thick}, {Purple, Thickness[0.02]}},
 PlotLegends → {Sol1, Sol2, Sol3}]
\{\,\{y\,[\,x\,]\,\to C\,[\,1\,]\,\,Cos\,[\,x\,]\,+C\,[\,2\,]\,\,Sin\,[\,x\,]\,\,\}\,\}
Cos[x] + 2Sin[x]
\frac{\mathsf{Cos}[x]}{2} + 5 \mathsf{Sin}[x]
-\frac{\cos[x]}{2}-4\sin[x]
                                                                               2 sin(x) + cos(x)
                                                                           -4 \sin(x) - \frac{\cos(x)}{2}
```

Question 2:

Solve Second order Differential Equation y" + y' - 6y = 0 and Plot its three Solutions. **Solution:**

```
Sol = DSolve[y''[x] + y'[x] - 6y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
Sol1 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. {C[1] \rightarrow 0, C[2] \rightarrow 2.5}
Sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 1, C[2] \rightarrow 5\}
Sol3 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow -1/2, C[2] \rightarrow 5\}
Plot[{Sol1, Sol2, Sol3}, {x, -2, 2},
 PlotStyle → {{Pink, Thickness[0.01]}, {Green, Thick}, {Orange, Thickness[0.02]}},
 PlotLegends → {Sol1, Sol2, Sol3}]
\left\{ \, \left\{ \, y \, [\, x \, ] \, \, \rightarrow \, \mathbb{e}^{-3 \, x} \, \, C \, [\, 1 \, ] \, + \, \mathbb{e}^{2 \, x} \, \, C \, [\, 2 \, ] \, \, \right\} \, \right\}
2.5 e<sup>2 x</sup>
e^{-3 x} + 5 e^{2 x}
-\frac{1}{2} e^{-3x} + 5 e^{2x}
                                      200
                                      150
                                      100
                                                                                               2.5e^{2x}
                                       50
```

Question 3:

Solve Second order Differential Equation 4y'' + 12y' + 9y = 0 and Plot its four Solutions for

(i)
$$C[1] = -1$$
, $C[2] = 4$

(ii)
$$C[1] = -3$$
, $C[2] = 6$

(iii)
$$C[1] = -10$$
, $C[2] = 7$

$$(iv) C[1] = -1.5, C[2] = -5$$

-50

-100

Solution:

```
Sol = DSolve [4y''[x] + 12y'[x] + 9y[x] == 0, y[x], x]
Sol1 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 1, C[2] \rightarrow 4\}
Sol2 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. \{C[1] \rightarrow 3, C[2] \rightarrow 6\}
Sol3 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. {C[1] \rightarrow -10, C[2] \rightarrow 7}
Sol4 = y[x] /. Sol[[1]] /. {C[1] \rightarrow -1.5, C[2] \rightarrow -5}
Plot[{Sol1, Sol2, Sol3, Sol4}, {x, -2, 2},
 PlotStyle → {{Red, Thickness[0.01]}, {Green, Thick},
     {Purple, Thickness[0.02]}, {Yellow, Thickness[0.03]}},
 PlotLegends → {Sol1, Sol2, Sol3}]
\left\{ \left\{ y\,[\,x\,] \right. \right. \to \mathbb{e}^{-3\,x/2}\,C\,[\,1\,] \,+ \mathbb{e}^{-3\,x/2}\,x\,C\,[\,2\,] \,\right\} \right\}
e^{-3 x/2} + 4 e^{-3 x/2} x
3 e^{-3 x/2} + 6 e^{-3 x/2} x
-10 e^{-3 \times /2} + 7 e^{-3 \times /2} x
-1.5 e^{-3 x/2} - 5 e^{-3 x/2} x
                                   60 ⊢
                                   40
                                   20
                                                                                   -4e^{-3x/2}x+e^{-3x/2}
-2
                                                                                   -6e^{-3x/2}x + 3e^{-3x/2}
                                   -20
                                                                                  = 7e^{-3x/2}x - 10e^{-3x/2}
                                  -40
```

-60 F

-80 -