

Pas PAS

Tut-2

Q-1 4W, 3R

$$\mu = * \quad \text{Mean} = \sum p_i x_i = E(x)$$

$$\sigma^2 = * \quad \text{Variance} = \sum p_i x_i^2 - \mu^2$$

$$\sigma = * \quad \text{S.D.} = \sqrt{\sum p_i x_i^2 - \mu^2} \quad \text{Variance}$$

X = No. of Red Ball drawn:-

X = 0, 1, 2, 3

[∵ 3 Balls are drawn]

$$P(x=0) = \frac{{}^4C_3}{{}^7C_3} = \frac{4}{35}$$

$$P(x=1) = \frac{{}^4C_2 \times {}^3C_1}{{}^7C_3} = \frac{18}{35}$$

$$P(x=2) = \frac{{}^4C_1 \times {}^3C_2}{{}^7C_3} = \frac{12}{35}$$

$$P(x=3) = \frac{{}^4C_0 \times {}^3C_3}{{}^7C_3} = \frac{1}{35}$$

$$\text{Mean} = 0 \times \frac{4}{35} + 1 \times \frac{18}{35} + 2 \times \frac{12}{35} + 3 \times \frac{1}{35}$$

$$= 0 + \frac{18}{35} + \frac{24}{35} + \frac{3}{35} = \frac{45}{35} = \frac{9}{7}$$

Variance

$$\sum p_i x_i^2 - \mu^2$$

$$x^2 = 0, 1, 4, 9$$

$$= \left( 0 \times \frac{4}{35} + 1 \times \frac{18}{35} + 4 \times \frac{12}{35} + 9 \times \frac{1}{35} \right) - \frac{81}{49}$$

$$= \left( 0 + \frac{75}{35} \right) - \frac{81}{49}$$

$$\frac{75 \times 49 - 81 \times 35}{35 \times 49} = \frac{3675 - 2835}{1715}$$

$$= \frac{24}{49}$$

S.D.

$$\sqrt{\frac{24}{49}}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{7}$$



PAS

W-2

2.

$$F(x) = 0, \quad -\infty < x < 0$$

$$F(x) = 1/8, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$F(x) = 1/2, \quad 1 \leq x \leq 2$$

$$F(x) = 7/8, \quad 2 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$F(x) = 1, \quad 3 \leq x \leq \infty$$

3.

$$(i) E(x) = -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(ii) E(x+2) = E(x) + 2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + 2$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\frac{5}{2}$$

$$(iii) E(4x) = 4 E(x)$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{iv) } \text{Var}(x) &= E(x^2) - (E(x))^2 \\ &= \frac{3}{2} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{5}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(x+4) = \frac{5}{4}$$

24. (i)  $a + 3a + 5a + 7a + 9a + 11a + 13a + 15a + 17a = 1$

$$a = \frac{1}{81}$$

$$\text{ii) } P(x < 3) = \frac{9}{81} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$P(x \geq 3) = \frac{72}{81} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$P(2 \leq x < 5) = \frac{21}{81} = \frac{7}{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu &= \frac{8}{8} + \frac{12}{6} + \frac{16 \times 8}{8} + \frac{20}{4} + \frac{24}{12} \\ &= 1 + 2 + 16 + 5 + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\mu = 16}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\sum x^2 p(x) &= \frac{8 \times 8}{8} + \frac{12 \times 12}{6} + \frac{16 \times 16 \times 3}{8} + \frac{20 \times 20}{4} + \frac{24 \times 24}{12} \\ &= 8 + 24 + 96 + 100 + 48 \\ &= 276 \\ \sigma &= \sqrt{276 - 16} = \sqrt{260}\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{5} \quad P(\text{good eggs}) = \frac{10}{12} = 5/6$$

$$P(\text{Bad eggs}) = \frac{2}{12} = 1/6$$

Let  $x$  be the Random Variable,

$$P(x=0) = \frac{{}^2C_0 \cdot {}^{10}C_3}{{}^{12}C_3}$$

$$= \frac{120}{220} = \left( \frac{12}{22} \right)$$

$$P(x=1) = \frac{{}^2C_1 \cdot {}^{10}C_2}{{}^{12}C_3}$$

$$= \frac{90}{220} = \left( \frac{9}{22} \right)$$

$$P(x=2) = \frac{{}^2C_2 \cdot {}^{10}C_1}{{}^{12}C_3} = \frac{10}{220} = \left( \frac{1}{22} \right)$$

Probability distribution is

$x$	0	1	2
$P(x)$	$12/22$	$9/22$	$1/22$