

R Programming

(CSW318B)

#Workshop: 1

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What is Analytics?

- Analytics is the systematic computational analysis of data or statistics.
- It is used for the discovery, interpretation, and communication of meaningful patterns in data.
- It also entails applying data patterns towards effective decision making

Why do we need Analytics?

- Cost Reduction
- Better marketing
- Product Analysis
- Organization Analysis
- Fast
- Better Decision Making

Business Analytics

- Study of business data using statistical techniques and programming for creating decision support and insights for achieving business goals.
- Business Analytics solutions typically use statistical and quantitative analysis and fact-based data to measure past performance to guide organization's business planning.
- Business analytics is used to evaluate organization-wide operations, and can be implemented in any department from sales to product development to customer service.

Introduction to R

- R is an open source programming language and software environment for statistical computing and graphics.
- The R language is widely used among statisticians and data miners for developing statistical software and data analytics tools

History of R

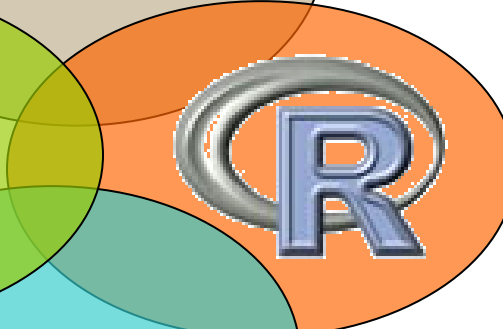
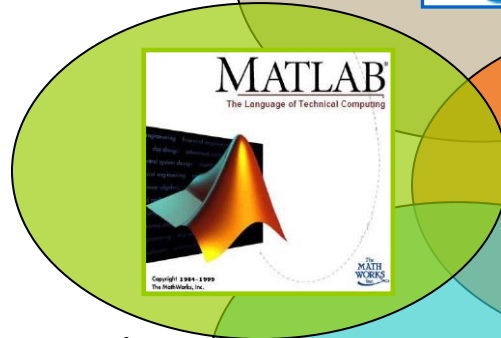
- R was initially written by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman at the Department of Statistics of the University of Auckland in Auckland, New Zealand. R made its first appearance in 1993.
- A large group of individuals has contributed to R by sending code and bug reports.
- Since mid-1997 there has been a core group (the "R Core Team") who can modify the R source code archive.

Why R?

- It's free!
- It runs on a variety of platforms including Windows, Unix and MacOS.
- It provides an unparalleled platform for programming new statistical methods in an easy and straightforward manner.
- It contains advanced statistical routines not yet available in other packages.
- It has state-of-the-art graphics capabilities.

Why R?

- Statistics & Data Mining
- **Commercial**



- Technical computing
- Matrix and vector formulations



- Data Visualization and analysis platform
- Image processing, vector computing

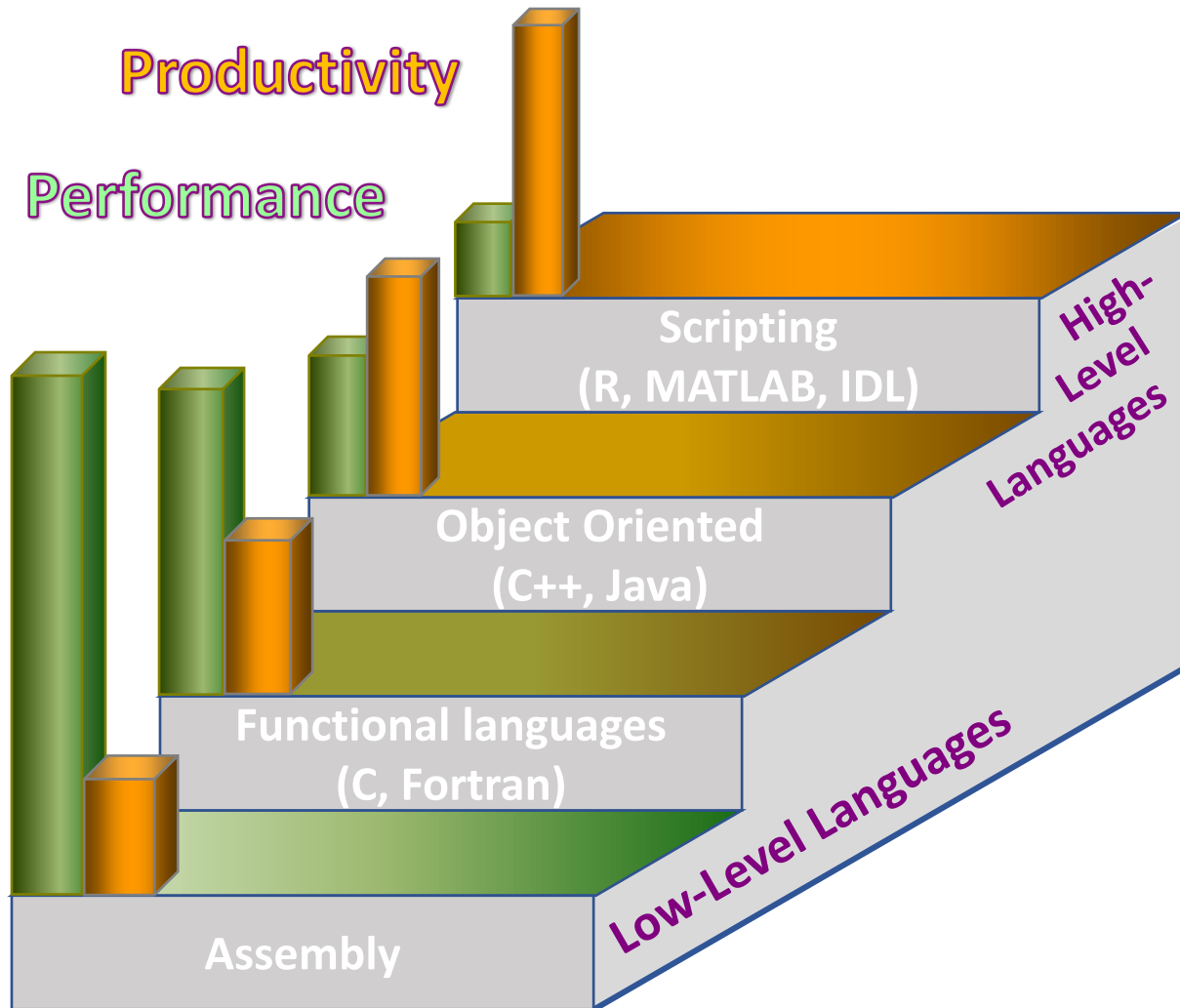
Statistical computing and graphics

<http://www.r-project.org>

- Developed by **R.** Gentleman & **R.** Ihaka
- Expanded by community as **open source**
- Statistically rich

The Dilemma of Programmer

What
programming
language to
use & why?



Features of R

The following are the important features of R:

- R is a well-developed, simple and effective programming language which includes conditionals, loops, user defined recursive functions and input and output facilities.
- R has an effective data handling and storage facility,
- R provides a suite of operators for calculations on arrays, lists, vectors and matrices.
- R provides a large, coherent and integrated collection of tools for data analysis.
- R provides graphical facilities for data analysis and display either directly at the computer or printing at the papers.

Basic usage: arithmetic in R

- You can use R as a calculator
- Typed expressions will be evaluated and printed out
 - Main operations: $+$, $-$, $*$, $/$, $^$
 - Obeys order of operations
 - Use parentheses to group expressions
- More complex operations appear as *functions*
 - `sqrt(2)`
 - `sin(pi/4)`, `cos(pi/4)`, `tan(pi/4)`, `asin(1)`, `acos(1)`, `atan(1)`
 - `exp(1)`, `log(2)`, `log10(10)`

Resources for R

- <http://www.r-project.org/>
- <http://cran.r-project.org/doc/contrib/Verzani-SimpleR.pdf>

Download R and RStudio

- Download R :

<http://cran.r-project.org/bin/>

- Download RStudio :

<http://www.rstudio.com/ide/download/desktop>

Installation

Installing R on windows PC :

- Use internet browser to point to : <http://mirror.aarnet.edu.au/pub/CRAN>
- Under the heading Precompiled Binary Distributions, choose the link Windows.
- Next heading is R for Windows; choose the link base.
- Click on download option(R 3.4.1 for windows).
- Save this to the folder C:\R on your PC.
- When downloading is complete, close or minimize the Internet browser.
- Double click on R 3.4.1-win32.exe in C:\R to install.

Installing R on Linux:

- `sudo apt-get install r-base-core`

Installation

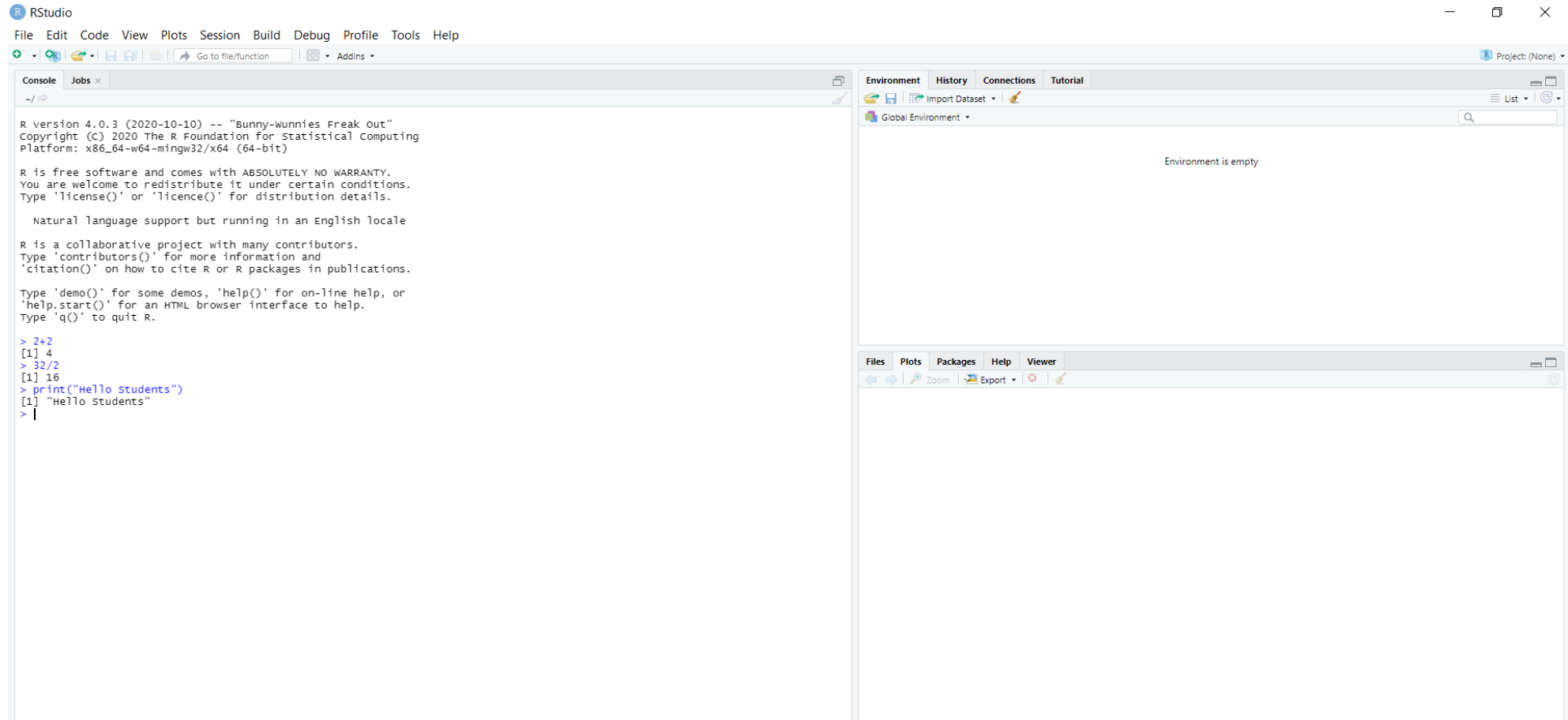
Installing RStudio:

- Go to www.rstudio.com and click on the "Download RStudio" button.
- Click on "Download RStudio Desktop."
- Click on the version recommended for your system, or the latest Windows version, and save the executable file. Run the .exe file and follow the installation instructions.

For reference:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NZxSA80lF1I>

R studio



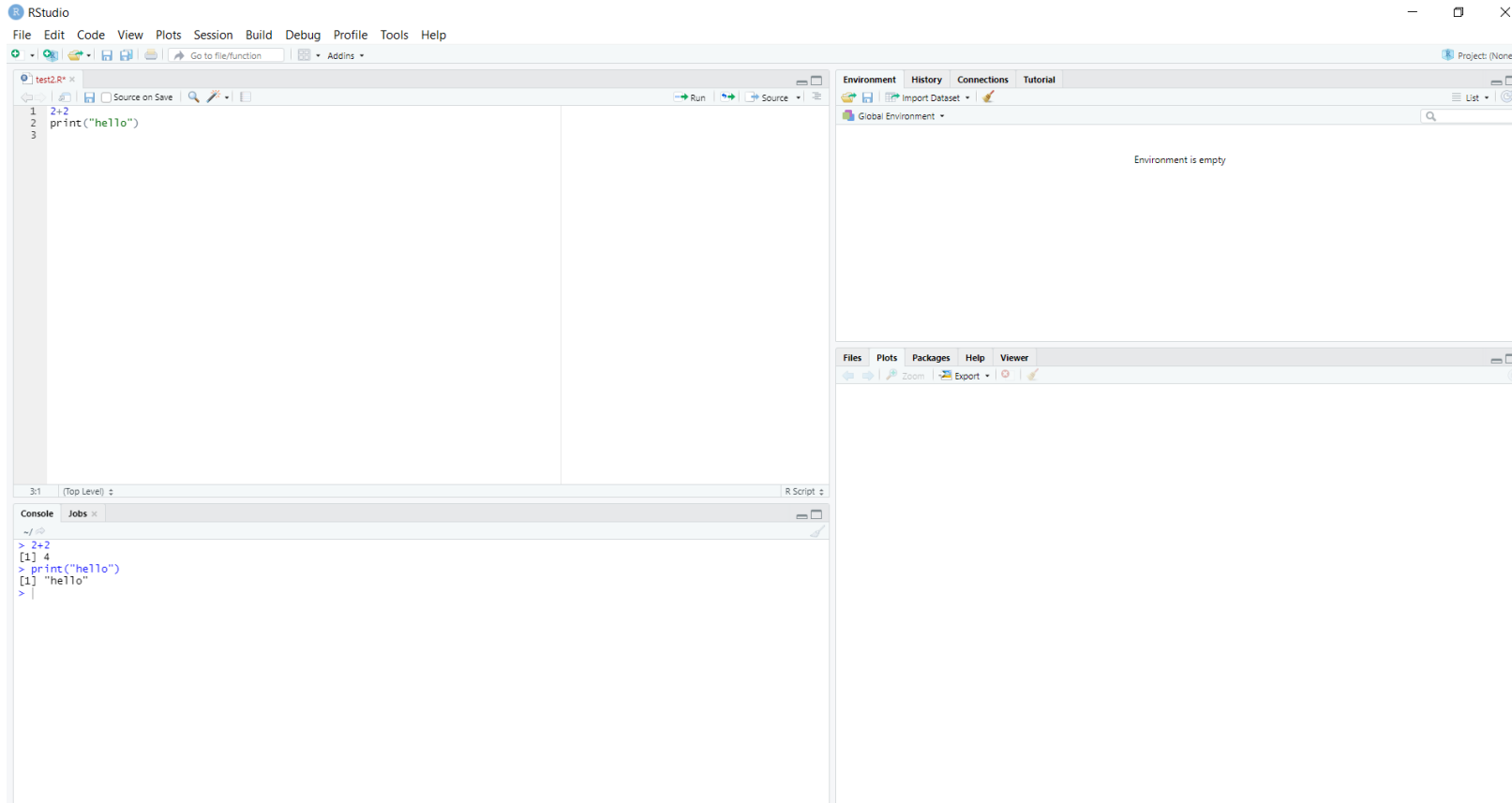
R Script File

- Usually, you will do your programming by writing your programs in script files and then you execute those scripts at your R studio with the help of RUN command. So let's start with writing following code in a text file called test1.R as under:

```
# My first program in R Programming  
print ( "Hello Students")
```

Solution: Hello Students

Save simple program file in R



Useful R links

- R Home: <http://www.r-project.org/>
- R's CRAN package distribution: <http://cran.cnr.berkeley.edu/>
- Introduction to R manual: <http://cran.cnr.berkeley.edu/doc/manuals/R-intro.pdf>
- Writing R extensions: <http://cran.cnr.berkeley.edu/doc/manuals/R-exts.pdf>
- Other R documentation: <http://cran.cnr.berkeley.edu/manuals.html>