EXP NO: 3

DATE : WATERJUG.

AIM:

To find the shortest path between a start node & goal node in a graph or grid, exploring only the most promising paths.

CODE

```
from Queue import priority Queue.
  def a - start- search (graph, start, goal):
    open- list = priority Queue()
  open - list . put ((0, start))
     g- score = { start : 0 }.
     f - score = { start : heuristic (start, goal)
       came - from [start] = none.
while not open- list . empty():
   current = open - list . get ()[1].
   if current = = goal:
      return.
      reconstruct - path (come - from, current)
for neighbour, cost in graph [current]:
tentative - g - score = g score [current] + cos
if neighboar not in g- score or tentative
                    < g - score [neighbour]: - g - score
```

```
come_from[neighbour] = current.
g_score[neighbour] = tentative_g_score.
f_score[neighbour] = tentative_g_score
                     + heuristic(neighbor, goal)
open_list.put((f_score[neighbour],
               neighbour))
return home.

def heuristic(node, goal):
return abs(node[0] - goal[0]) + abs(
           node[1] - goal[1]).

def reconstruct_path(come_from, current):
total_path = [current]
while current in come_from and come_from
      [current] is not none:
    current = come_from[current]
    total_path.append(current).
total_path.reverse()
return total_path.
```

```
graph = { (0,0): [((0,1),1),((1,0),1)]

(0,1): [((0,0),1),((1,1),1)]

(1,0): [((0,0),1),((1,1),1)]

(1,1): [((1,0),1),((0,1),1),((2,2),1

(2,2): [ ]. }

start = (0,0)
goal = (2,2)
path = a_star_search(graph, start, goal)
print("path found: {path}")
```

Result

Solution [1,0]

Output: Thus the waterjug program is successfully executed and output is verified.