Modern Application Development-I Project Report

Project title: HouseKart

Author

Harsh Narendra Patil 21f1002234

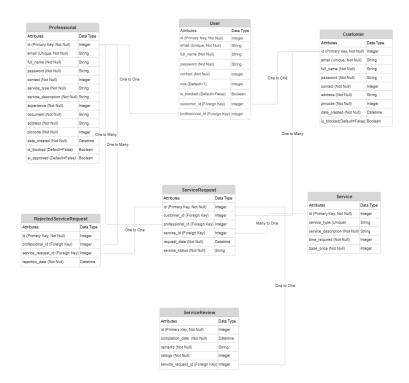
21f1002234@ds.study.iitm.ac.in

Student at IIT Madras's BS in Data Science and Application, currently in Diploma level. Jalgaon, Maharashtra

Project Description

- HouseKart is an app that acts as a platform for both customers, looking for any household services and for professionals willing to provide services.
- Apart from customers and professionals, there is a role for admin who monitor each and every activity on HouseKart and deny any user if found fraudulent.
- Admins create service categories, professionals offer services under them, and customers request services, which professionals can accept or reject.

DB Schema Design



Technologies Used

- 1. **blinker**: A utility for creating signal-based event systems, often used in Flask for event handling.
- 2. click: A package for creating command-line interfaces, commonly used in Flask for CLI commands.
- **3. colorama**: Provides cross-platform colored terminal text output for better readability in command-line applications.
- 4. Flask: A lightweight Python framework for building web applications.
- 5. Flask-Login: Manages user sessions, authentication, and user state in Flask applications.
- **6. Flask-SQLAlchemy**: Integrates SQLAlchemy with Flask for database interactions.
- 7. Flask-WTF: Adds WTForms support to Flask for building and validating web forms.
- 8. **fonttools**: A library for manipulating fonts, used in projects that handle typography or visual design.
- **9. greenlet**: Provides lightweight coroutines for concurrent programming, often used as a dependency of SQLAlchemy.
- 10. itsdangerous: Ensures data integrity by securely signing data, often used in Flask for session handling.
- 11. Jinja2: A templating engine used in Flask for generating dynamic HTML content.
- 12. MarkupSafe: Safeguards against HTML injection by escaping characters in rendered templates.
- 13. **numpy**: A fundamental library for numerical computing and working with arrays.
- **14. packaging**: Provides utilities for parsing and managing version numbers, often a dependency of other libraries.
- **15. pillow**: A Python Imaging Library (PIL) fork for image processing tasks such as resizing and format conversion
- **16. pyparsing**: Simplifies text parsing for creating DSLs (Domain Specific Languages) or interpreting structured text.
- **17**. **python-dateutil**: Extends Python's datetime module for parsing, formatting, and arithmetic on dates and times.
- 18. six: Facilitates compatibility between Python 2 and Python 3.
- 19. **SQLAlchemy**: A comprehensive database toolkit and ORM for Python.
- **20. typing extensions**: Backports type hinting features for older Python versions.
- 21. Werkzeug: A library for WSGI utilities, used as a foundation for Flask's web server functionality.
- 22. WTForms: Simplifies the creation and validation of web forms in Python web applications.