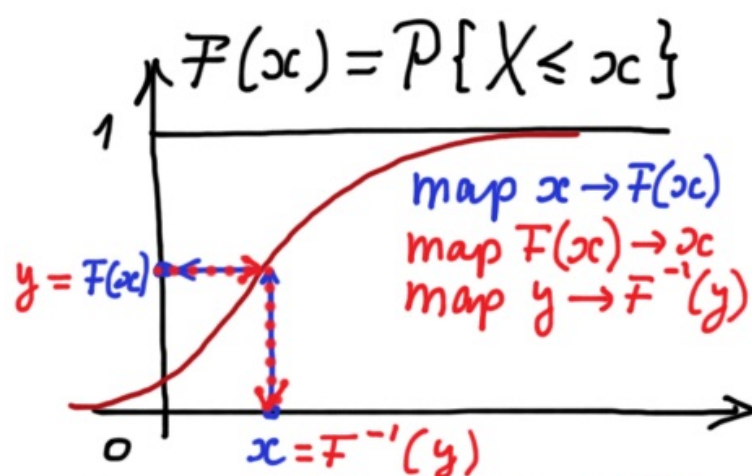


Inverse distribution function and random number simulation.

Let X be a random variable with continuous distribution function $F(x) = P\{X \leq x\}$.



Random variable $F(X): P\{F(X) \leq x\} = P\{X \leq F^{-1}(x)\} = F(F^{-1}(x)) = x$

$$F(F^{-1}(\cdot)) = F^{-1}(F(\cdot)) = \cdot$$

$$y = F(x)$$

$$x = F^{-1}(y) = F^{-1}(F(x))$$

$$y = F(x) = F(F^{-1}(y))$$

$$\{F(X) \leq x\} \equiv \{F^{-1}(F(X)) \leq F^{-1}(x)\}$$

$$\equiv \{X \leq F^{-1}(x)\}$$

What distribution has $F(x) = P\{X \leq x\} = x$?

Unif(0,1)

Simulation.

We need to simulate random variable $X \sim F(x)$, where $F(x) = P\{X \leq x\}$ is an arbitrary distribution.

Step 1. Simulate $U \sim \text{Unif}(0,1)$.

Step 2. Set $X = F^{-1}(U)$.

definition U

$$\text{Then } P\{X \leq x\} = P\{F^{-1}(U) \leq x\} \stackrel{\uparrow}{=} P\{U \leq F(x)\} \stackrel{\downarrow}{=} F(x)$$

Need $F^{-1}(x)$!

$$\{F(F^{-1}(U)) \leq F(x)\} \equiv \{U \leq F(x)\}$$

Example.

Exponential distribution $\text{Exp}(\lambda)$.

$$f(x; \lambda) = \begin{cases} e^{-\lambda x}, & x \in [0, \infty), \\ 0, & x \in (-\infty, 0]. \end{cases} \quad F(x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}$$

$$\text{Solve for } x: e^{-\lambda x} = 1 - F(x)$$

$$\ln e^{-\lambda x} = -\lambda x = \ln(1 - F(x)); x = -\frac{\ln(1 - F(x))}{\lambda}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F^{-1}(y) &= -\frac{\ln(1-y)}{\lambda} \\ X_E &= -\frac{\ln(1-U)}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$$