

Some Common Notations in Statistical Analysis

MScA, Statistical Analysis

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Common Notations I

Symbol	Meaning
X, Y	Capitalized letters mean random variables
x, y	Small letters mean realizations of random variables
$< \Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P} >$	Probability space: $\begin{cases} \Omega \text{ is the set of elementary outcomes} \\ \mathcal{F} \text{ is the set of events} \\ \mathbb{P} \text{ is the probability measure} \end{cases}$
$\mathbb{P}\{A\}$	Probability of event A
$\mathbb{E}[X]$	Mathematical expectation of random variable X , also mean of X
$\mathbb{V}[X]$	Variance of r.v. X , also dispersion of X $\mathbb{V}[X] = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^2] = \sigma_X^2$
σ_X	Standard deviation of r.v. X ; $\sigma_X = \sqrt{\mathbb{V}[X]}$
$cov(X, Y)$	Covariance coefficient of r.v. X and Y ; $cov(X, Y) = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y])]$
ρ_{XY}	Correlation coefficient of r.v. X, Y : $\rho_{XY} = \frac{cov(X, Y)}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y}$

Common Notations II

Symbol	Meaning
$\mu_X^k, k = 1, 2, \dots$	Moment of r.v. X of order k $\mu_X^k = \mathbb{E} [X^k]; \mu_X = \mu_X^1 = \mathbb{E} [X]$
$\mu_{0,X}^k, k = 1, 2, \dots$	Central moment of r.v. X of order k $\mu_{0,X}^k = \mathbb{E} [(X - \mathbb{E} [X])^k]; \mu_{0,X}^2 = \mathbb{V} [X]$
$\mu_{0,X,Y}^2 = \mu_{X,Y}$	Mixed moment of r.v. X, Y $\mu_{X,Y} = \text{cov} (X, Y)$
$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$	Estimator for $\mathbb{E} [X]$, using sample X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n
$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$	Estimate for $\mathbb{E} [X]$, using sample of realizations x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n
$F(x) = \mathbb{P} \{X \leq x\}$	Cumulative distribution function
$p(x_i) = \mathbb{P} \{X = x_i\}$	Probability distribution function (for discrete r.v.)
$f(x)$	Distribution density function (for continuous r.v.)