Springboard Data Science

Capstone Project 2

Project Report

Predicting Sales Price for Homes in the Ames Housing Dataset

Project Goals:

Following are the project goals which we will try to accomplish in this project:

- Predict final sales price of each home in the dataset with acceptable accuracy and precision
- Identify which key variables describing home have significant influence on the sale price
- Apply feature engineering to optimize results and effectivity of the model
- Apply advanced regression techniques like random forest and gradient boosting

Target Applications of this Data Analysis:

Real estate is by far the largest industry in the USA. Real Estate, renting, and leasing constitutes the largest sector of the United States' economy with the GDP value added of \$1.898 trillion accounting for 13% of the national GDP

The Machine Learning model built during the project can be used by various players in the industry like FinTech Companies, Real Estate Agents, Home Builders, Government Authorities, City Planners, Home Buyers, Renters, etc.

Ability to predict home prices based on the model built in this project and information about the key features which influence sale price would be helpful for all these potential users in making informed decisions about buying, selling, building and planning real estate units.

A little more information about the dataset:

https://www.kaggle.com/c/house-prices-advanced-regression-techniques



Ask a home buyer to describe their dream house, and they probably won't begin with the height of the basement ceiling or the proximity to an east-west railroad. But this playground competition's dataset proves that much more influences price negotiations than the number of bedrooms or a white-picket fence.

With 79 explanatory variables describing (almost) every aspect of residential homes in Ames, Iowa, this competition challenges you to predict the final price of each home.

Practice Skills:

- Creative feature engineering
- Advanced regression techniques like random forest and gradient boosting

Acknowledgments:

The <u>Ames Housing dataset</u> was compiled by Dean De Cock for use in data science education. It's an incredible alternative for data scientists looking for a modernized and expanded version of the often cited Boston Housing dataset.

Attribute Information:

File descriptions

- train.csv the training set
- **test.csv** the test set
- data_description.txt full description of each column, originally prepared by Dean De Cock but lightly edited to match the column names used here
- **sample_submission.csv** a benchmark submission from a linear regression on year and month of sale, lot square footage, and number of bedrooms

Data fields

Here's a brief version of what you'll find in the data description file.

- SalePrice the property's sale price in dollars. This is the target variable that you're trying to predict.
- MSSubClass: The building class
- MSZoning: The general zoning classification
- LotFrontage: Linear feet of street connected to property
- LotArea: Lot size in square feet
- **Street**: Type of road access
- Allev: Type of allev access
- LotShape: General shape of property
- LandContour: Flatness of the property
- **Utilities**: Type of utilities available
- **LotConfig**: Lot configuration
- LandSlope: Slope of property
- **Neighborhood**: Physical locations within Ames city limits
- Condition1: Proximity to main road or railroad
- Condition2: Proximity to main road or railroad (if a second is present)
- **BldgType**: Type of dwelling
- HouseStyle: Style of dwelling
- OverallQual: Overall material and finish quality
- **OverallCond**: Overall condition rating
- YearBuilt: Original construction date
- YearRemodAdd: Remodel date
- **RoofStyle**: Type of roof
- **RoofMatl**: Roof material
- Exterior1st: Exterior covering on house
- Exterior2nd: Exterior covering on house (if more than one material)
- MasVnrType: Masonry veneer type

- MasVnrArea: Masonry veneer area in square feet
- ExterQual: Exterior material quality
- ExterCond: Present condition of the material on the exterior
- **Foundation**: Type of foundation
- **BsmtQual**: Height of the basement
- **BsmtCond**: General condition of the basement
- **BsmtExposure**: Walkout or garden level basement walls
- **BsmtFinType1**: Quality of basement finished area
- **BsmtFinSF1**: Type 1 finished square feet
- **BsmtFinType2**: Quality of second finished area (if present)
- **BsmtFinSF2**: Type 2 finished square feet
- **BsmtUnfSF**: Unfinished square feet of basement area
- TotalBsmtSF: Total square feet of basement area
- **Heating**: Type of heating
- **HeatingQC**: Heating quality and condition
- Central Air: Central air conditioning
- Electrical: Electrical system
- **1stFlrSF**: First Floor square feet
- 2ndFlrSF: Second floor square feet
- LowQualFinSF: Low quality finished square feet (all floors)
- GrLivArea: Above grade (ground) living area square feet
- **BsmtFullBath**: Basement full bathrooms
- **BsmtHalfBath**: Basement half bathrooms
- **FullBath**: Full bathrooms above grade
- **HalfBath**: Half baths above grade
- **Bedroom**: Number of bedrooms above basement level
- **Kitchen**: Number of kitchens
- **KitchenQual**: Kitchen quality
- TotRmsAbvGrd: Total rooms above grade (does not include bathrooms)
- **Functional**: Home functionality rating
- Fireplaces: Number of fireplaces
- **FireplaceQu**: Fireplace quality
- Garage Type: Garage location
- GarageYrBlt: Year garage was built
- GarageFinish: Interior finish of the garage
- GarageCars: Size of garage in car capacity
- GarageArea: Size of garage in square feet
- GarageQual: Garage quality
- GarageCond: Garage condition
- **PavedDrive**: Paved driveway
- WoodDeckSF: Wood deck area in square feet
- OpenPorchSF: Open porch area in square feet

• EnclosedPorch: Enclosed porch area in square feet

• 3SsnPorch: Three season porch area in square feet

• ScreenPorch: Screen porch area in square feet

• PoolArea: Pool area in square feet

PoolQC: Pool qualityFence: Fence quality

• MiscFeature: Miscellaneous feature not covered in other categories

• MiscVal: \$Value of miscellaneous feature

MoSold: Month SoldYrSold: Year SoldSaleType: Type of sale

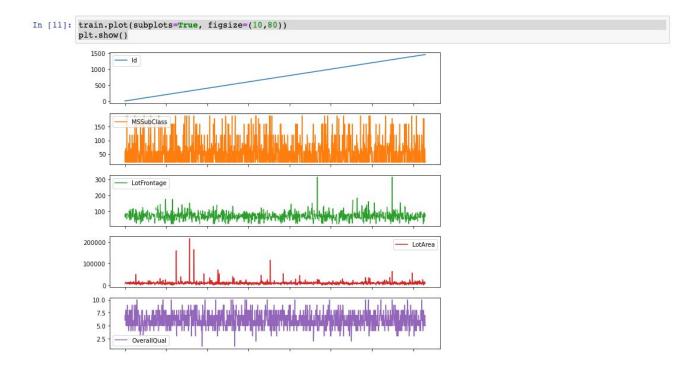
• SaleCondition: Condition of sale

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Let's first present the initial data descriptions

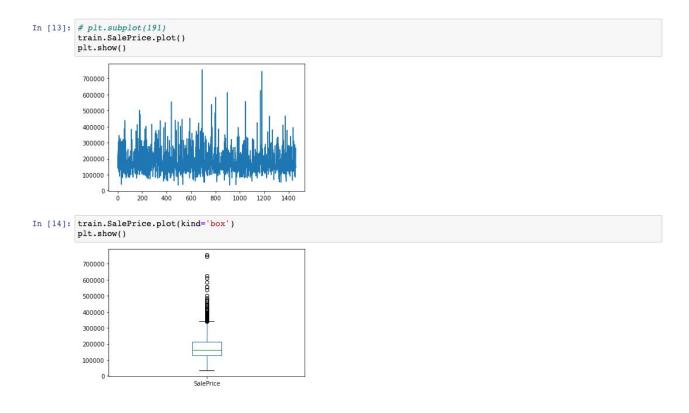
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]:	trai cour mea st mi 25%	(['Id', 'M' 'Alley', 'LandSlo 'HouseSt 'RoofSty 'MasVnrA 'BsmtCon 'BsmtFin 'Heating 'LowQual 'HalfBat 'TotRmsA 'GarageV 'Enclose 'Fence', 'SaleCon dtype='ob n.describe tt 1460.00000 n 730.50000 d 421.61000 n 1.00000 6 365.75000 6 730.50000	'LotShap pe', 'Nei yle', 'Ov le', 'Roo rea', 'Ex d', 'Bsmt Type2', QC', 'Cen FinSF', ' h', 'Bedr bvGrd', 'Pa dPorch', 'MiscFea dition', ject') d MSSubCk 0 1460.0000 0 56.897 9 42.3000 0 20.0000 0 50.0000	e', 'Landoghborhood erallQual erallQual erallQual erallQual fMatl', '! terQual', Exposure', Exposure', Functional arageFinis vedDrive', '3SsnPorcl ture', 'M. 'SalePrice Bass LotFront 000 1201.000 260 70.049 571 24.284 000 21.000 000 59.000 000 69.000	Contour, 'Cone, 'Essent' 'Essent' 'Kitcle', 'Bsm' 'Kitcle', 'Fin, 'Go 'Woodl', 'Soc. 'Soc. 'You 'You 'You 'You 'You 'You 'You 'You	LotArea LotArea 0.000000 6.828082 83.5000000 6.3.5000000 6.3.500000000000000000000000000000000000	ilities L', 'Cc dod', 'Y 'Exter 'Found el', 'Tc To	s', 'Lo onditio YearBui Yearage Yearag	tConfig' n2', 'Ble lt', 'Be lt', 'Be lt', 'Be lt', 'BsmtQe SFI', tSF', 'He '2ndFIr; lfBath', Qual', ceQu', 'e 'Area', 'e 'SF', ea', 'Poe ', 'Sale ' verallCond 460.00000 5.575342 1.112799 1.000000 5.0000000 5.0000000	yearBuil 1460.00000 1971.267800 1872.000000 1954.000000	h', e', l', Yea	1460.000000 1984.865753 20.645407 1950.000000 1967.000000	1452.00000 103.68526 181.06620 0.00000 0.00000	1460.000 2 443.638 7 456.098 0 0.000 0 383.500	9726 8091 9000	1460.00 94.24 125.33 0.00 0.00

I have plotted all the attributes in my iPython notebook. Please refer to the iPython notebook for the project for more details. Following is just an excerpt of the original plot output.



From the plots we can conclude the following points.

- Majority of the attributes have records with values normally spread between the normal range spectrum with minimal or mostly no outliers in the distribution
- However there are a few attributes which have a few outliers These are as follows LotFrontage, LotArea, BsmtFinSF1, TotalBsmSF, 1stFlrSF, LowQualFinSF, GrLivArea, BsmtFullBath, 3SsnPorch, PoolArea, MiscVal



We can deduce following findings using the data above

• Majority of the houses are in the range of 100,000 to 200,000. There are a few outliers with prices beyond the 400K price range.

Visual inspection and analysis of the dataset indicates that following attributes could have a greater impact on determining the sale price of the house over other attributes. However this is just the initial assessment and this may change as we dive deeper in the data using statistical and regression techniques.

- MSSubClass: Identifies the type of dwelling involved in the sale.
- MSZoning: Identifies the general zoning classification of the sale.
- LotArea: Lot size in square feet
- Utilities: Type of utilities available
- Neighborhood: Physical locations within Ames city limits
- BldgType: Type of dwelling
- HouseStyle: Style of dwelling
- OverallQual: Rates the overall material and finish of the house
- OverallCond: Rates the overall condition of the house
- ExterQual: Evaluates the quality of the material on the exterior
- ExterCond: Evaluates the present condition of the material on the exterior
- Foundation: Type of foundation
- 1stFlrSF: First Floor square feet
- 2ndFlrSF: Second floor square feet
- GrLivArea: Above grade (ground) living area square feet
- KitchenQual: Kitchen quality
- GarageType: Garage location
- PoolQC: Pool quality!

We will now to an exploratory data analysis for these attributes

```
In [15]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
           plt.subplot(131)
plt.hist(train.MSSubClass, bins=20)
           plt.xticks(rotation=45)
           plt.xlabel('Type of Dwelling')
           plt.subplot(132)
           plt.hist(train.MSZoning)
          plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.xlabel('Zoning Classification')
           plt.subplot(133)
           plt.hist(train.LotArea, bins=20)
           plt.xticks(rotation=45)
           plt.xlabel('Lot Area')
Out[15]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Lot Area')
                                                           1200
                                                           1000
                                                                                                            800
                                                            800
            300
            200
                                                            400
                                                                                                            400
            100
                                      25
                              Type of Dwelling
```

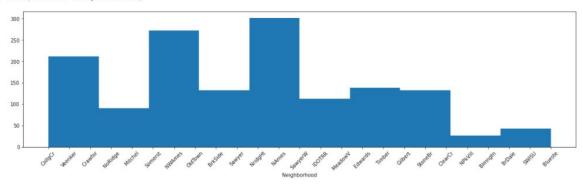
- Large number of dwellings are 1-story 1946 & Newer All Styles category (value = 20)
- Most of the houses fall sidential Low Density zone (value = RL)
- Most of the houses have lot area in the range of 0 to 10K and 10k to 20K

```
In [16]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
          plt.subplot(131)
          plt.hist(train.Utilities)
          plt.xticks(rotation=45)
          plt.xlabel('Utilities Avialble')
          plt.subplot(132)
          plt.hist(train.HouseStyle)
          plt.xticks(rotation=45)
          plt.xlabel('House Style')
          plt.subplot(133)
          plt.hist(train.BldgType)
          plt.xticks(rotation=45)
          plt.xlabel('Building Type')
Out[16]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Building Type')
                                                        700
                                                        600
                                                        500
                                                        400
            600
                                                        300
                                                                                                   400
            400
                                                        200
                                                                                                   200
            200
                                                        100
              AUPUD
                            Utilities Avialble
```

- · All houses have all the utilities available
- · Most of the houses are either 1 story or 2 story
- · Most of the houses are of single familiy type

```
In [17]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
   plt.hist(train['Neighborhood'])
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
   plt.xlabel('Neighborhood')
```

Out[17]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Neighborhood')



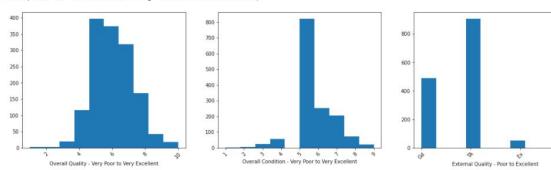
 Top neighborhoods where large number of houses are located are Northridge Heights, North Ames, Somerset, Northwest Ames, College Creek and Veenker

```
In [18]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
    plt.subplot(131)
    plt.hist(train.OverallQual, bins=10)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xlabel('Overall Quality - Very Poor to Very Excellent')

plt.subplot(132)
    plt.hist(train.OverallCond)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xlabel('Overall Condition - Very Poor to Very Excellent')

plt.subplot(133)
    plt.hist(train.ExterQual)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xlabel('External Quality - Poor to Excellent')
```

Out[18]: Text(0.5, 0, 'External Quality - Poor to Excellent')



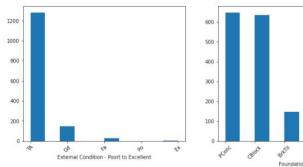
- Most of the houses fall in Average (5) to Very Good range for Overall Quality (8)
- Similalry, Overall Condition for most of the houses range from Average (5) to Very Good (8)
- · External Quality ranges from Average to Good

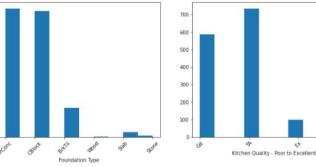
```
In [19]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
  plt.subplot(131)
    plt.hist(train.ExterCond)
  plt.xticks(rotation=45)
  plt.xlabel('External Condition - Poort to Excellent')

plt.subplot(132)
  plt.hist(train.Foundation)
  plt.xticks(rotation=45)
  plt.xlabel('Foundation Type')

plt.subplot(133)
  plt.hist(train.KitchenQual)
  plt.xticks(rotation=45)
  plt.xlabel('Kitchen Quality - Poor to Excellent')
```

Out[19]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Kitchen Quality - Poor to Excellent')





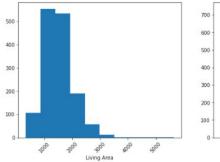
- · Most of the houses are of Average External Condition
- Foundation type is primarily Poured Concrete or Ciner Block type
- Kitchn Quality ranges from Average to Good for most of the houses

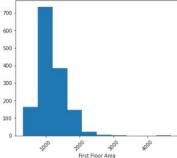
```
In [20]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
    plt.subplot(131)
    plt.hist(train.GrLivArea)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xlabel('Living Area')

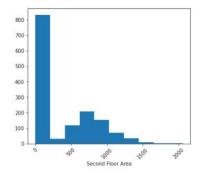
plt.subplot(132)
    plt.hist(train['lstFlrSF'])
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xlabel('First Floor Area')

plt.subplot(133)
    plt.hist(train['2ndFlrSF'])
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
```

Out[20]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Second Floor Area')







- · Most of the houses range from 1000 SqFt to 2000 SqFt of Living Area
- First Floor area range from 300 to 2000 SqFt
- Large number of houses with second floor area have second floor with area in the range of 200 SqFt, with rest of the houses second floor area ranging between 500 to 1500 SqFt

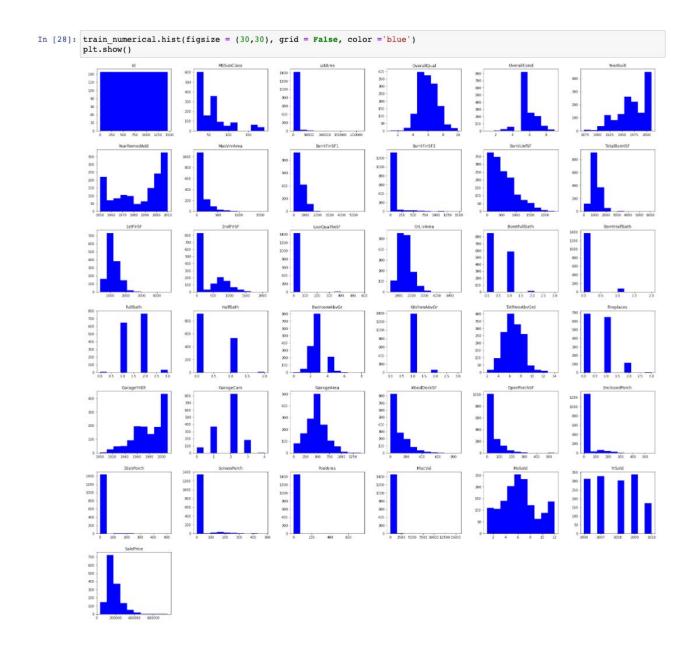
```
In [21]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
    plt.subplot(131)
    plt.hist(train.GarageCars)
                 plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.xlabel('Size of Garage in Car Capacity')
                plt.subplot(132)
plt.hist(train['PoolArea'])
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
                 plt.xlabel('Pool Area')
                plt.subplot(133)
plt.hist(train['SaleCondition'])
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.xlabel('Condition of Sale')
Out[21]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Condition of Sale')
                                                                                                                                                                     1200
                   800
                                                                                            1400
                                                                                            1200
                                                                                                                                                                      1000
                  600
                                                                                            1000
                                                                                                                                                                       800
                   500
                                                                                             800
                                                                                                                                                                       600
                   300
                                                                                                                                                                       400
                   200
                  100
                                     Size of Garage in Car Capacity
                                                                                                          200
```

- Most of the houses have garages which can accommodate 2 cars, and rest of the houses of garages which can accommodate just 1 or in some cases 3 cars
- Pool area ranges from 0 to 100 SqFt for most of the houses
- Most of the houses were sold as Normal Condition

Explore Numerical Features of the Data

	ld	MSSubClass	LotArea	OverallQual	OverallCond	YearBuilt	YearRemodAdd	MasVnrArea	BsmtFinSF1	BsmtFinSF2		WoodDeckSF	OpenPorchSF
0	1	60	8450	7	5	2003	2003	196.0	706	0	***	0	61
1	2	20	9600	6	8	1976	1976	0.0	978	0		298	С
2	3	60	11250	7	5	2001	2002	162.0	486	0		0	42
3	4	70	9550	7	5	1915	1970	0.0	216	0		0	35
4	5	60	14260	8	5	2000	2000	350.0	655	0		192	84
		***	***	344	***	•••	340		***			***	
1455	1456	60	7917	6	5	1999	2000	0.0	0	0		0	40
1456	1457	20	13175	6	6	1978	1988	119.0	790	163		349	C
1457	1458	70	9042	7	9	1941	2006	0.0	275	0	•••	0	60
1458	1459	20	9717	5	6	1950	1996	0.0	49	1029		366	C
1459	1460	20	9937	5	6	1965	1965	0.0	830	290		736	68

1460 rows × 37 columns



In the above histogram, there are many variables such as PoolArea,ScreenPorch, EnclosedPorch, MiscVal, 3SsnPorch, LowQualFinSF, BsmtFinSF2,and KitchenAbvGr having too many rows being too many same values and reflect extreme outliers. Outliers can affect a regression model by pulling our estimated regression line further away from the true population regression line.

Out[29]:

	ld	MSSubClass	LotArea	OverallQual	OverallCond	YearBuilt	YearRemodAdd	MasVnrArea	BsmtFinSF1	BsmtUnfSF	 TotRmsAbvGrd	Fireplaces
0	1	60	8450	7	5	2003	2003	196.0	706	150	 8	0
1	2	20	9600	6	8	1976	1976	0.0	978	284	 6	1
2	3	60	11250	7	5	2001	2002	162.0	486	434	 6	1
3	4	70	9550	7	5	1915	1970	0.0	216	540	 7	1
4	5	60	14260	8	5	2000	2000	350.0	655	490	 9	1
					(***)						 	
1455	1456	60	7917	6	5	1999	2000	0.0	0	953	 7	1
1456	1457	20	13175	6	6	1978	1988	119.0	790	589	 7	2
1457	1458	70	9042	7	9	1941	2006	0.0	275	877	 9	2
1458	1459	20	9717	5	6	1950	1996	0.0	49	0	 5	0
1459	1460	20	9937	5	6	1965	1965	0.0	830	136	 6	0

1460 rows × 28 columns

Out[30]:

	ld	MSSubClass	LotArea	OverallQual	OverallCond	YearBuilt	YearRemodAdd	MasVnrArea	BsmtFinSF1	BsmtUnfSF	 BedroomAbvGr	TotRmsAbv0
0	1461	20	11622	5	6	1961	1961	0.0	468.0	270.0	 2	
1	1462	20	14267	6	6	1958	1958	108.0	923.0	406.0	 3	
2	1463	60	13830	5	5	1997	1998	0.0	791.0	137.0	 3	
3	1464	60	9978	6	6	1998	1998	20.0	602.0	324.0	 3	
4	1465	120	5005	8	5	1992	1992	0.0	263.0	1017.0	 2	
				222	0.22	122		0.2	100		 1772	
1454	2915	160	1936	4	7	1970	1970	0.0	0.0	546.0	 3	
1455	2916	160	1894	4	5	1970	1970	0.0	252.0	294.0	 3	
1456	2917	20	20000	5	7	1960	1996	0.0	1224.0	0.0	 4	
1457	2918	85	10441	5	5	1992	1992	0.0	337.0	575.0	 3	
1458	2919	60	9627	7	5	1993	1994	94.0	758.0	238.0	 3	

1459 rows × 27 columns

Assessment of Correlation between numerical features and target (Sale Price)

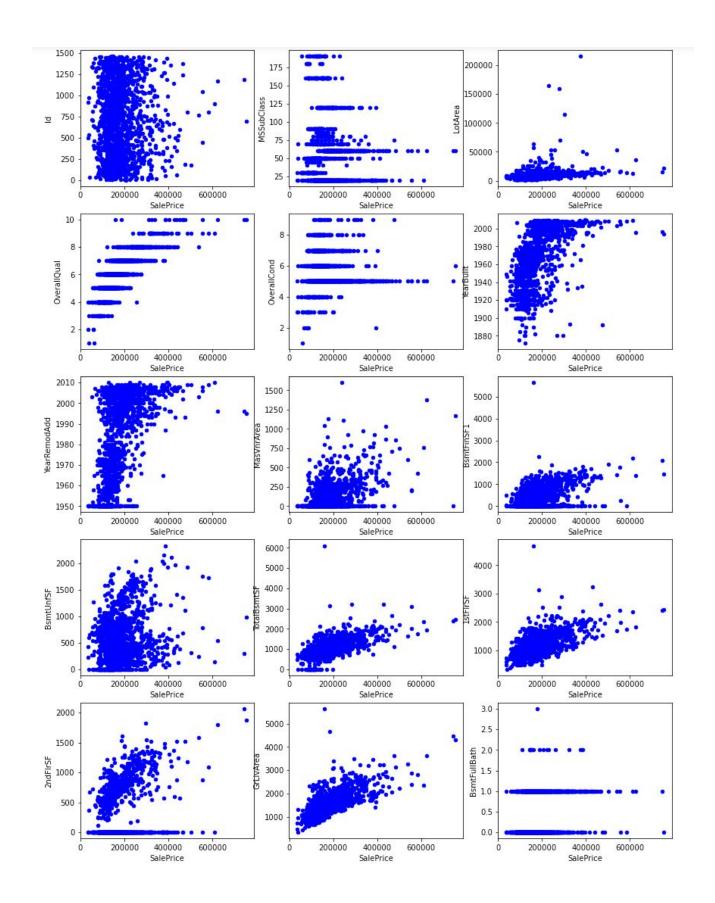
Let's assess correlation between features and target using pearson correlation coefficient.

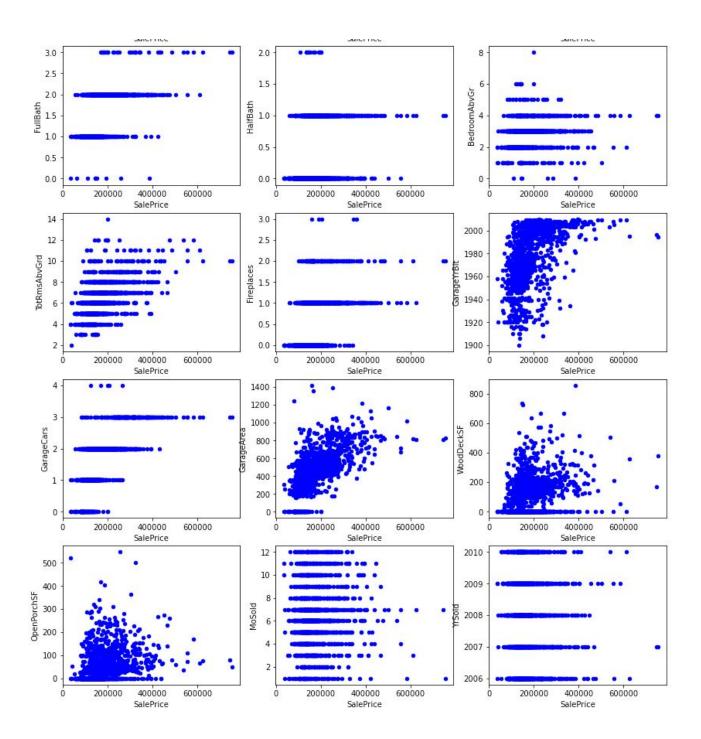
```
In [31]: correlation = train_numerical.corr()['SalePrice'].sort_values().dropna()
         correlation
Out[31]: MSSubClass
                        -0.084284
         OverallCond
                        -0.077856
         YrSold
                        -0.028923
         Id
                        -0.021917
         MoSold
                         0.046432
         BedroomAbvGr
                         0.168213
         BsmtUnfSF
                         0.214479
         BsmtFullBath
                         0.227122
         LotArea
                         0.263843
         HalfBath
                         0.284108
         OpenPorchSF
                         0.315856
         2ndFlrSF
                         0.319334
         WoodDeckSF
                         0.324413
         BsmtFinSF1
                         0.386420
         Fireplaces
                         0.466929
         MasVnrArea
                         0.477493
                         0.486362
         GarageYrBlt
                         0.507101
         YearRemodAdd
         YearBuilt
                         0.522897
         {\tt TotRmsAbvGrd}
                         0.533723
         FullBath
                         0.560664
                         0.605852
         1stFlrSF
         TotalBsmtSF
                         0.613581
         GarageArea
                         0.623431
         GarageCars
                         0.640409
         GrLivArea
                         0.708624
         OverallQual
                         0.790982
                         1.000000
         SalePrice
         Name: SalePrice, dtype: float64
```

The features having a correlation coefficient of equal to or more than 0.5, can be safely assumed to be highly correlated with the Sale Price

Now let's visually verify the correlation pattern among various features using scatter plots.

```
In [72]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(9, 3, figsize=(14, 35))
    axe = axes.ravel()
    for i, col in enumerate(train_numerical.columns.values[:-1]):
        train_numerical.plot(x=('SalePrice'),y=(col),ax=axe[i], kind = 'scatter', color='blue')
    plt.show()
```





Following features seem to have a linear relationship with the Sale Price, while the rest of the features do not exhibit a linear relationship with Sale Price and hence do not seem to have much influence on the sale price. Lot Area: Lot size in square feet

1. **Lot Area**: Lot size in square feet

2. Year Built: Original construction date

3. YearRemoAdd: Remodel date

4. **MasVnrArea**: Masonry veneer area in square feet

5. **BsmtFinSF1**: Type 1 finished square feet

6. **BsmtUnfSF**: Unfinished square feet of basement area

7. TotalBsmtSF: Total square feet of basement area

8. **1stFlrSF**: First Floor square feet

9. **2ndFlrSF**: Second floor square feet

10. **GrLivArea**: Above grade (ground) living area square feet

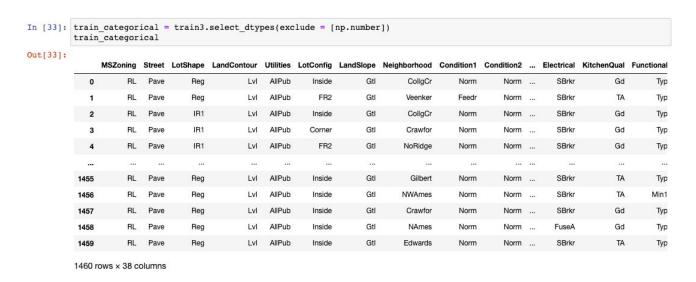
11. GarageArea: Size of garage in square feet

12. WoodDeckSF: Wood deck area in square feet

13. **OpenPorchSF**: Open porch area in square feet

Isolate Categorical Features

Now let's isolate features which are not numerical and instead contains only categorical values. We may need to test whether these features have a very skewed distribution of values, and hence may adversly impact the performance of the regression or any similar ML models.



We will try to identify features which have too many rows having too many similar values. We may need to eventually remove these features if most of the rows have just one or 2 values attributes associated with them. Essentially it is assumed that these attributes do not have much role in influencing the sale price of the house.

Please refer to the iPython notebook for output of the code above.

From the numbers above we can see that the following attributes have most of the records with one or 2 values. In order to prevent the negative impact of these attributes on further ML analysis, we will remove these from the data tables. Essentially it is deemed here that these features do not play a big role in determining the sale price (relative sale price)

'Street', 'LandContour', 'Utilities', 'LandSlope', 'Condition1', 'Condition2', 'RoofMatl', 'ExterCond', 'BsmtCond', 'BsmtFinType2', 'Heating', 'CentralAir', 'Electrical', 'Functional', 'GarageQual', 'GarageCond', 'PavedDrive', 'SaleType'

	train_	_categor	SaleType	And the second second	ctional', '	GarageQu	al','Gara	geCond',	'PavedDri	7e',				
35]:		MSZoning	LotShape	LotConfig	Neighborhood	BldgType	HouseStyle	RoofStyle	Exterior1st	Exterior2nd	MasVnrType	ExterQual	Foundation	BsmtQu
	0	RL	Reg	Inside	CollgCr	1Fam	2Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	BrkFace	Gd	PConc	G
	1	RL	Reg	FR2	Veenker	1Fam	1Story	Gable	MetalSd	MetalSd	None	TA	CBlock	G
	2	RL	IR1	Inside	CollgCr	1Fam	2Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	BrkFace	Gd	PConc	G
	3	RL	IR1	Corner	Crawfor	1Fam	2Story	Gable	Wd Sdng	Wd Shng	None	TA	BrkTil	Т
	4	RL	IR1	FR2	NoRidge	1Fam	2Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	BrkFace	Gd	PConc	G
			322				1.44		***				***	11.
	1455	RL	Reg	Inside	Gilbert	1Fam	2Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	None	TA	PConc	G
	1456	RL	Reg	Inside	NWAmes	1Fam	1Story	Gable	Plywood	Plywood	Stone	TA	CBlock	G
	1457	RL	Reg	Inside	Crawfor	1Fam	2Story	Gable	CemntBd	CmentBd	None	Ex	Stone	T
	1458	RL	Reg	Inside	NAmes	1Fam	1Story	Hip	MetalSd	MetalSd	None	TA	CBlock	T
	1459	RL	Reg	Inside	Edwards	1Fam	1Story	Gable	HdBoard	HdBoard	None	Gd	CBlock	T.

1460 rows x 20 columns

```
In [36]: #Let's repeat this extercise for Test dataset
   test_categorical = test3.select_dtypes(exclude = [np.number])
   test_categorical
```

Out[36]:

	MSZoning	Street	LotShape	LandContour	Utilities	LotConfig	LandSlope	Neighborhood	Condition1	Condition2	 Electrical	KitchenQual	Functional
0	RH	Pave	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	NAmes	Feedr	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур
1	RL	Pave	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Corner	GtI	NAmes	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	Gd	Тур
2	RL	Pave	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	GtI	Gilbert	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур
3	RL	Pave	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	GtI	Gilbert	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	Gd	Тур
4	RL	Pave	IR1	HLS	AllPub	Inside	GtI	StoneBr	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	Gd	Тур
	· · · ·						1			TWO	 		
1454	RM	Pave	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	MeadowV	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур
1455	RM	Pave	Reg	LvI	AllPub	Inside	GtI	MeadowV	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур
1456	RL	Pave	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	GtI	Mitchel	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур
1457	RL	Pave	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	GtI	Mitchel	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур
1458	RL	Pave	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Mod	Mitchel	Norm	Norm	 SBrkr	TA	Тур

1459 rows x 38 columns

Out[37]:

	MSZoning	LotShape	LotConfig	Neighborhood	BldgType	HouseStyle	RoofStyle	Exterior1st	Exterior2nd	MasVnrType	ExterQual	Foundation	BsmtQua
0	RH	Reg	Inside	NAmes	1Fam	1Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	None	TA	CBlock	T
1	RL	IR1	Corner	NAmes	1Fam	1Story	Hip	Wd Sdng	Wd Sdng	BrkFace	TA	CBlock	T
2	RL	IR1	Inside	Gilbert	1Fam	2Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	None	TA	PConc	G
3	RL	IR1	Inside	Gilbert	1Fam	2Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	BrkFace	TA	PConc	T
4	RL	IR1	Inside	StoneBr	TwnhsE	1Story	Gable	HdBoard	HdBoard	None	Gd	PConc	G
		***		***	***	***	***	***				***	
1454	RM	Reg	Inside	MeadowV	Twnhs	2Story	Gable	CemntBd	CmentBd	None	TA	CBlock	T
1455	RM	Reg	Inside	MeadowV	TwnhsE	2Story	Gable	CemntBd	CmentBd	None	TA	CBlock	T
1456	RL	Reg	Inside	Mitchel	1Fam	1Story	Gable	VinylSd	VinylSd	None	TA	CBlock	T/
1457	RL	Reg	Inside	Mitchel	1Fam	SFoyer	Gable	HdBoard	Wd Shng	None	TA	PConc	G
1458	RL	Reg	Inside	Mitchel	1Fam	2Story	Gable	HdBoard	HdBoard	BrkFace	TA	PConc	Go

1459 rows × 20 columns

In Depth Analysis and Prediction Using ML Techniques

Please refer to the iPython Notebook for following steps and data transformations

- Step 1: Log Transformation of numeric variables
- Step 2: Bringing Train and Test datasets in alignment for the number of unique values for each of the features
- Step 3: Applying One Hot Encoder to the dataset to normalize the data
- Step 4: Conatinating Train and Test Data

Step 6: Let's split consolidated data in to Training and Testing sets

```
In [49]: train5 = Consolidated1.iloc[:1459, :]
         test5 = Consolidated1.iloc[1459:, :]
         print(train5.shape)
         print(test5.shape)
         (1459, 165)
         (1459, 165)
In [50]: # dropping sale price column from test set which has null values
         test6 =test5.drop(['SalePrice'], axis = 1)
         test6.shape
Out[50]: (1459, 164)
In [51]: X_train = train5.drop(['SalePrice', 'Id'], axis = 1)
         y_train = np.array(train5['SalePrice']).reshape((-1,1))
         X_test = test6.drop(['Id'], axis = 1)
         print(X_train.shape)
         print(y_train.shape)
         print(X_test.shape)
         (1459, 163)
         (1459, 1)
         (1459, 163)
```

Step 7: We need to use imputer to replace missing/NaN values

```
In [52]: imputer = SimpleImputer(missing_values=nan, strategy='median')
    X_train = imputer.fit_transform(X_train)
    print('Missing: %d' % isnan(X_train).sum())

Missing: 0

In [53]: y_train = imputer.fit_transform(y_train)
    print('Missing: %d' % isnan(y_train).sum())

Missing: 0

In [54]: X_test = imputer.fit_transform(X_test)
    print('Missing: %d' % isnan(X_test).sum())

Missing: 0

In [55]: # Make sure all values are finite
    print(np.where(-np.isfinite(X_train)))
    print(np.where(-np.isfinite(y_train)))
    print(np.where(-np.isfinite(y_train)))
    print(np.where(-np.isfinite(X_test)))

(array([], dtype=int64), array([], dtype=int64))
    (array([], dtype=int64), array([], dtype=int64))
    (array([], dtype=int64), array([], dtype=int64))
```

Step 8: Let's Evaluate a Few Models

We will compare five different machine learning models using the great Scikit-Learn library:

- 1. Support Vector Machine Regression
- 2. Random Forest Regression
- 3. Gradient Boosting Regression
- 4. K-Nearest Neighbors Regression
- 5. Boosting Regressor

```
In [56]: def RMSE(y train, y pred):
            return mean_squared_error(y_train, y_pred,squared = False)
In [57]: def fit and evaluate (model):
              model.fit(X_train, y_train.ravel())
model_pred = model.predict(X_test)
model_RMSE = RMSE(y_train, model_pred)
              return model_RMSE
In [58]: # Support Vector Regressor
          svr = SVR(C=1000, gamma = 0.1)
          svr_RMSE = fit_and_evaluate(svr)
          svr_RMSE
Out[58]: 0.47132559184049727
In [59]: # Gradient Boosting Regressor
gradient_boosted = GradientBoostingRegressor(learning_rate = 0.1,random_state=60)
          gradient_boosted_RMSE = fit_and_evaluate(gradient_boosted)
          gradient_boosted_RMSE
Out[59]: 0.5504183214580101
In [60]: # Bagging Regressor
          bagging = BaggingRegressor()
          bagging_RMSE = fit_and_evaluate(bagging)
          bagging_RMSE
Out[60]: 0.5418501200330114
In [61]: # Random Forest Regressor
         random_forest = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=60)
          random forest RMSE = fit and evaluate(random forest)
          random_forest_RMSE
Out[61]: 0.5404380271000233
In [62]: # KNeighbors Regressor
          knn = KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=10)
          knn_RMSE = fit_and_evaluate(knn)
          knn_RMSE
Out[62]: 0.5103854276512614
```

Step 9: Since SVR method has the lowest RMSE we will go ahead with SVR method for further analysis

```
In [63]: SVM = SVR().fit(X_train, y_train.ravel())
            score = SVM.score(X_train, y_train)
            print('R_squared:', score)
            print('RMSE:', svr_RMSE)
            R squared: 0.8873301230904915
            RMSE: 0.47132559184049727
  In [64]: HousePrice_Prediction_with_log = SVM.predict(X_test)
            HousePrice Prediction with log
  Out[64]: array([11.67331478, 12.02302764, 12.10646058, ..., 11.96611778,
                    11.65541846, 12.27776084])
  In [65]: # Converting log values back to normal values
            HousePrice_Prediction_without_log = np.exp(HousePrice_Prediction_with_log)
            HousePrice_Prediction_without_log
  Out[65]: array([117396.78215015, 166546.13492393, 181037.69987283, ..., 157332.67375508, 115314.50045709, 214864.06293624])
In [66]: #Create a Dataframe for the results
          results = pd.DataFrame()
          results['Id'] = test.Id
          results['SalePrice'] = HousePrice_Prediction_without_log
          results
Out[661:
                  ld
                         SalePrice
             0 1461 117396.782150
             1 1462 166546.134924
             2 1463 181037.699873
             3 1464 200325.377181
             4 1465 186982.473085
           1454 2915 85261.463708
           1455 2916 87854.190275
           1456 2917 157332.673755
           1457 2918 115314.500457
           1458 2919 214864.062936
          1459 rows x 2 columns
```

Conclusion:

Out of the various models used, the Support Vector Model Regression method turned out to be the most effective method for predicting price. Although, it is difficult to determine why it was giving better results than other methods. Also, it is possible that for other datasets, this may not hold and some other model could turn out to be more effective. That is why it is important to evaluate many models to determine which model works the best.

Key Findings Related to Data Set & Features

- Although the data set had a lot of attributes, the attributes which had real/significant impact are just a few.
- Following are the key attributes which have impact on Sale Price
 - Lot Area, Year Built, YearRemoAdd, MasVnrArea, BsmtFinSF1, BsmtUnfSF, TotalBsmtSF,
 1stFirSF, 2ndFirSF, GrLivArea, GarageArea, WoodDeckSF, OpenPorchSF