

School Name

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PRACTICAL FILE

**Informatics Practices /
Computer Science
(Python)**

Name :

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1. Write a program to create a series using List with defined index values.

```
import pandas as pd
list1 = [10,20,30,40,50]
series1 = pd.Series(list1, index = ['a','b','c','d','e'])
print(series1)
```

Output

```
a    10
b    20
c    30
d    40
e    50
dtype: int64
[Finished in 13.5s]
```

2. Write a program to create a series using List with defined index values and slicing data from a series.

```
import pandas as pd
list1 = [10,20,30,40,50]
s = pd.Series(list1, index = ['a','b','c','d','e'])
print(s[0])      #for 0 index position
print(s[:3]) #for first 3 index values
print(s[-3:])    #for last 3 index values
```

Output

```
10
a    10
b    20
c    30
dtype: int64
c    30
d    40
e    50
dtype: int64
[Finished in 1.0s]
```

3. Write a program to create a series using List with defined index values and display the data using index wise and location wise.

```
import pandas as pd
list1 = [10,20,30,40,50]
s = pd.Series(list1, index = ['a','b','c','d','e'])
print(s.iloc[1:4])
print(s.loc['b':'e'])
```

Output

```
b      20
c      30
d      40
dtype: int64
b      20
c      30
d      40
e      50
dtype: int64
[Finished in 0.9s]
```

4. Write a program to create a series using dictionary

```
import pandas as pd  
series = pd.Series({'Jan':31,'Feb':20,'Mar':31,'Apr':30})  
print(series)
```

Output

```
Jan      31  
Feb      20  
Mar      31  
Apr      30  
dtype: int64  
[Finished in 0.8s]
```

5. Write a program to create a series through a mathematical expression

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
s1 = np.arange(10,15)
print(s1)
subj=pd.Series(index = s1,data=s1*4)
print(subj)
```

Output

```
[10 11 12 13 14]
10      40
11      44
12      48
13      52
14      56
dtype: int32
[Finished in 0.9s]
```

6. Write a program to create a series using head() and tail() functions

```
import pandas as pd
series = pd.Series([10,20,30,40,50], index = ['a','b','c','d','e'])
print(series)
print(series.head(2))
#if no argument is provided then by default 5 rows are displayed
print(series.tail(2))
```

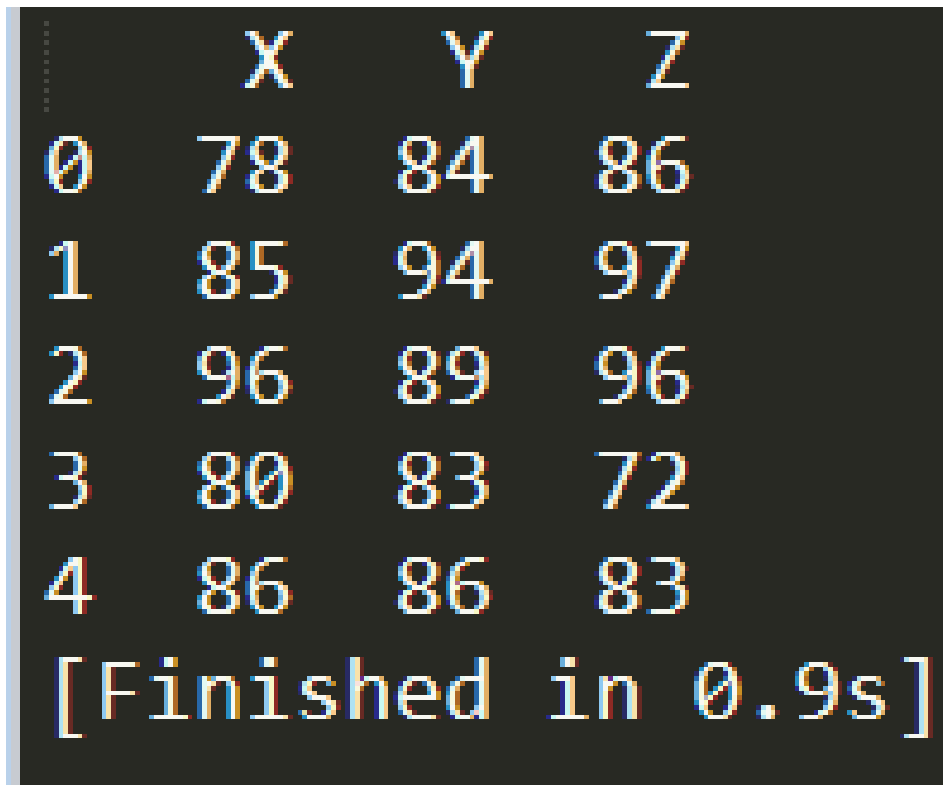
Output

```
a      10
b      20
c      30
d      40
e      50
dtype: int64
a      10
b      20
dtype: int64
d      40
e      50
dtype: int64
[Finished in 1.0s]
```


7. Write a Pandas program to create dataframe from a sample data
Sample data: {'X':[78,85,96,80,86], 'Y':[84,94,89,83,86],
'Z':[86,97,96,72,83]}

```
import pandas as pd  
df = pd.DataFrame({'X':[78,85,96,80,86], 'Y':[84,94,89,83,86],  
                  'Z':[86,97,96,72,83]});  
print(df)
```

Output



```
      X      Y      Z  
0    78    84    86  
1    85    94    97  
2    96    89    96  
3    80    83    72  
4    86    86    83  
[Finished in 0.9s]
```

8. Write a Pandas program to creat dataframe from a sample data

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
exam_data = {'name': ['Anastasia', 'Dima', 'Katherine', 'James',  
                      'Emily', 'Michael', 'Matthew', 'Laura', 'Kevin', 'Jonas'],  
             'score': [12.5, 9, 16.5, np.nan, 9, 20, 14.5, np.nan, 8, 19],  
             'attempts': [1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1],  
             'qualify': ['yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes']}
```

```
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(exam_data , index=labels)  
print(df)
```

Output

```
   name  score  attempts  qualify  
a Anastasia  12.5         1     yes  
b      Dima   9.0         3      no  
c  Katherine  16.5         2     yes  
d      James   NaN         3      no  
e      Emily   9.0         2      no  
f  Michael   20.0         3     yes  
g  Matthew   14.5         1     yes  
h      Laura   NaN         1      no  
i      Kevin   8.0         2      no  
j      Jonas  19.0         1     yes  
[Finished in 1.1s]
```

9. Write a Pandas program to creat dataframe from a sample data

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

exam_data = {'name': ['Anastasia', 'Dima', 'Katherine',
                      'James', 'Emily', 'Michael', 'Matthew', 'Laura',
                      'Kevin', 'Jonas'],
             'score': [12.5, 9, 16.5, np.nan, 9, 20, 14.5, np.nan, 8, 19],
             'attempts': [1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1],
             'qualify': ['yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes']}

labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']

df = pd.DataFrame(exam_data , index=labels)
print("First three rows of the data frame:")
print(df.iloc[:3])
```

Output

```
First three rows of the data frame:
   name  score  attempts  qualify
a Anastasia  12.5         1     yes
b      Dima   9.0         3      no
c Katherine  16.5         2     yes
[Finished in 1.1s]
```

10. Write a Pandas program to create dataframe from a sample data and create one column with different name of colours

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
exam_data = {'name': ['Anastasia', 'Dima', 'Katherine', 'James', 'Emily',
                      'Michael', 'Matthew', 'Laura', 'Kevin', 'Jonas'],
             'score': [12.5, 9, 16.5, np.nan, 9, 20, 14.5, np.nan, 8, 19],
             'attempts': [1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1],
             'qualify': ['yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'yes', 'no',
                        'no', 'yes']}
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
df = pd.DataFrame(exam_data , index=labels)
print("Original rows:")
print(df)
color =
['Red','Blue','Orange','Red','White','White','Blue','Green','Green','Red']
df['color'] = color
print("\nNew DataFrame after inserting the 'color' column")
print(df)
```

Output

```
New DataFrame after inserting the 'color' column
   name  score  attempts  qualify  color
a Anastasia  12.5         1     yes    Red
b      Dima   9.0         3      no   Blue
c Katherine  16.5         2     yes  Orange
d      James   NaN         3      no    Red
e      Emily   9.0         2      no   White
f   Michael  20.0         3     yes   White
g   Matthew  14.5         1     yes    Blue
h      Laura   NaN         1      no   Green
i      Kevin   8.0         2      no   Green
j      Jonas  19.0         1     yes    Red
[Finished in 0.9s]
```

11. Write a program to read csv file using pandas

```
import pandas as pd

data = pd.read_csv("file2.csv")

print(data.head())
```

Output

```
   Unnamed: 0  name  mask  weapon
0           0  Raphael  red     sai
1           1 Donatello  Blue  bo staff
[Finished in 1.0s]
```

12. Write a program to write the data in file1.csv file using pandas

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.DataFrame({'name': ['Raphael', 'Donatello'],
                  'mask': ['red', 'Blue'],
                  'weapon': ['sai', 'bo staff']})
df.to_csv("file2.csv")
```

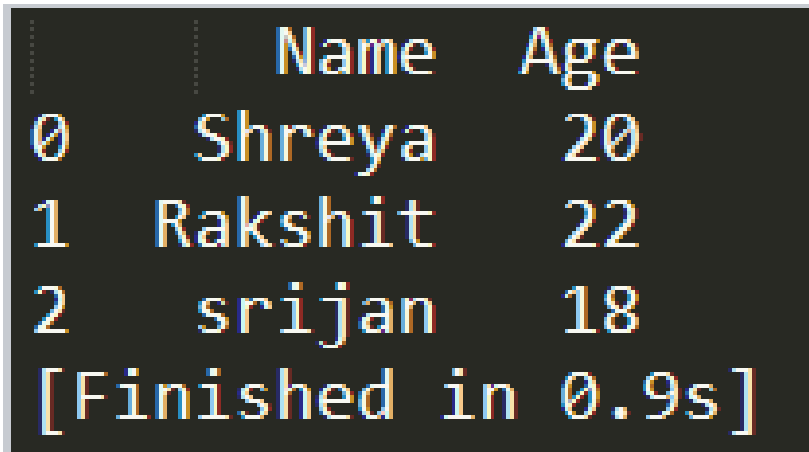
Output

```
Unnamed: 0      name  mask  weapon
0         0  Raphael   red     sai
1         1 Donatello  Blue  bo staff
[Finished in 0.8s]
```

13. Write a program to create DataFrame from Lists with column heading

```
import pandas as pd  
data1 = [['Shreya', 20], ['Rakshit', 22], ['srijan', 18]]  
df1 = pd.DataFrame(data1, columns=['Name', 'Age']) #Defining  
column names to be displayed as headings  
print(df1)
```

Output



```
      Name  Age  
0  Shreya   20  
1  Rakshit  22  
2  srijan   18  
[Finished in 0.9s]
```

14. write a program to create dataframe from two series of student data

```
import pandas as pd

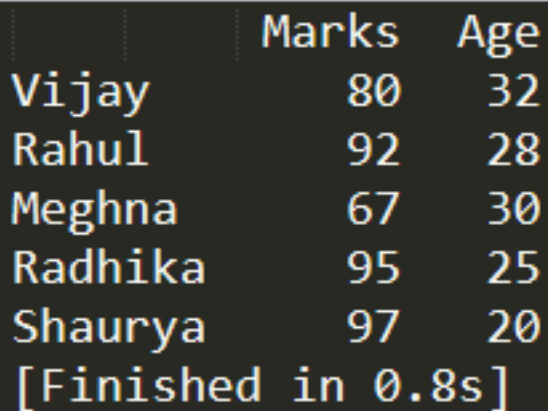
student_marks =
pd.Series({'Vijay':80,'Rahul':92,'Meghna':67,'Radhika':95,'Shaur
ya':97})

student_age =
pd.Series({'Vijay':32,'Rahul':28,'Meghna':30,'Radhika':25,'Shaur
ya':20})

student_df =
pd.DataFrame({'Marks':student_marks,'Age':student_age})

print(student_df)
```

Output



```
      Marks  Age
Vijay     80   32
Rahul     92   28
Meghna     67   30
Radhika     95   25
Shaurya     97   20
[Finished in 0.8s]
```


15. write a program to create dataframe from two series of student and sort data in ascending and descending order by using marks

```
import pandas as pd

student_marks =
pd.Series({'Vijay':80,'Rahul':92,'Meghna':67,'Radhika':95,'Shaur
ya':97})

student_age =
pd.Series({'Vijay':32,'Rahul':28,'Meghna':30,'Radhika':25,'Shaur
ya':20})

student_df =
pd.DataFrame({'Marks':student_marks,'Age':student_age})

print(student_df)

#sorting the data on the basis of marks in ascending order

print(student_df.sort_values(by=['Marks'])) #by keyword
defines

#the field on the basis of which the data is to be sorted

print(student_df.sort_values(by=['Marks'],ascending=False))

#sorted in descending order of Marks
```

Output

```
..... Marks Age
Vijay      80    32
Rahul      92    28
Meghna     67    30
Radhika    95    25
Shaurya    97    20
..... Marks Age
Meghna     67    30
Vijay      80    32
Rahul      92    28
Radhika    95    25
Shaurya    97    20
..... Marks Age
Shaurya    97    20
Radhika    95    25
Rahul      92    28
Vijay      80    32
Meghna     67    30
[Finished in 1.0s]
```

16. write a program to plot the elements of two lists using a bar chart.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
x = [2,4,6,8,10]
```

```
y = [6,7,8,2,4]
```

```
x2 = [1,3,5,7,9]
```

```
y2 = [7,8,2,4,2]
```

```
plt.bar(x,y, label="Bars1 ")
```

```
plt.bar(x2,y2, label="Bars2")
```

```
plt.xlabel('x')
```

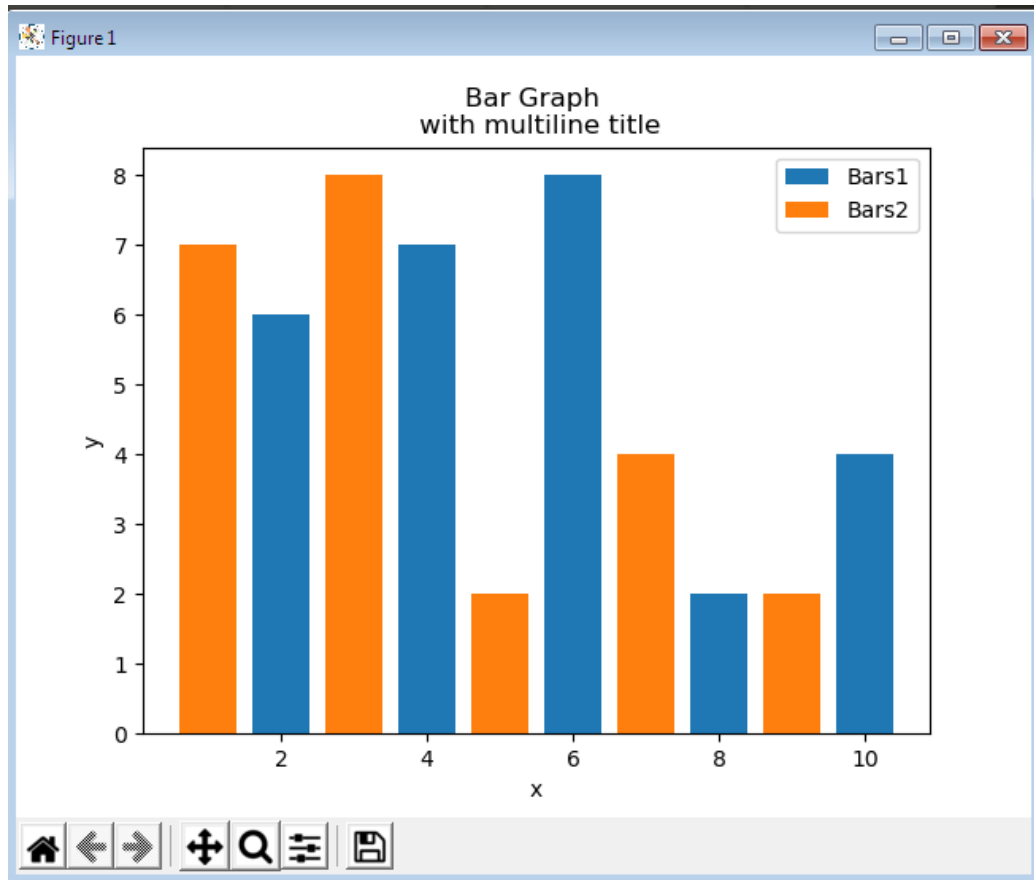
```
plt.ylabel('y')
```

```
plt.title('Bar Graph \n with multiline title')
```

```
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output



17. write a program to plot frequency of marks using Line chart

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
def fnplot(list1):
```

```
    plt.plot(list1)
```

```
    plt.title("Marks Line Chart")
```

```
    plt.xlabel("Value")
```

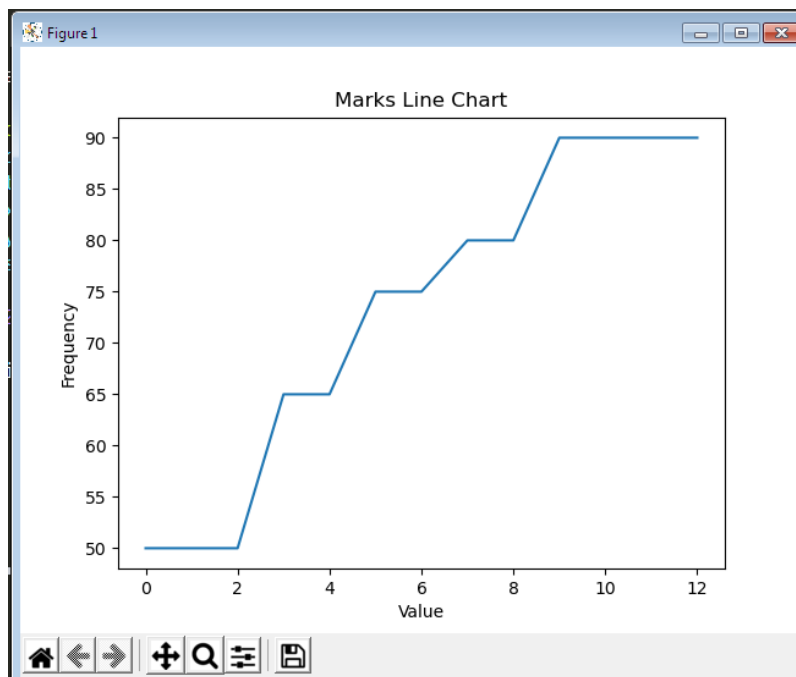
```
    plt.ylabel("Frequency")
```

```
    plt.show()
```

```
list1=[50,50,50,65,65,75,75,80,80,90,90,90,90]
```

```
fnplot(list1)
```

Output



18. write a program to draw two lines along with proper titles and legends

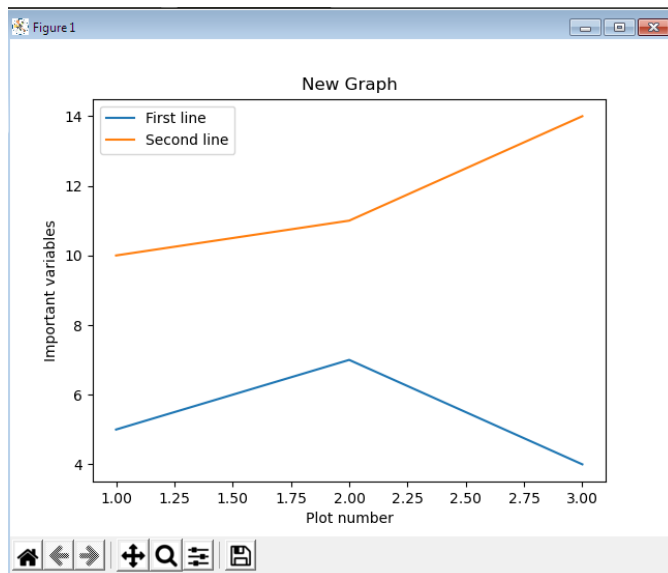
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = [1,2,3]
y = [5,7,4]
plt.plot(x,y,label='First line')

x2 = [1,2,3]
y2 = [10,11,14]
plt.plot(x2,y2,label='Second line')
plt.xlabel('Plot number')
plt.ylabel('Important variables')
plt.title('New Graph')
plt.legend()

plt.show()
```

Output



19. write a program to depict the relationshi between unemployment Rate and Stock index price through a scatter plot.

Unemployment_Rate	Stock_Index_Price
6.1	1500
5.8	1520
5.7	1525
5.7	1523
5.8	1515
5.6	1540
5.5	1545
5.3	1560
5.2	1555
5.2	1565

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
Unemployment_Rate = [6.1,5.8,5.7,5.7,5.8,5.6,5.5,5.3,5.2,5.2]
```

```
Stock_Index_Price =  
[1500,1520,1525,1523,1515,1540,1545,1560,1555,1565]
```

```
plt.scatter(Unemployment_Rate, Stock_Index_Price, color='green')
```

```
plt.title('Unemployment_Rate Vs Stock_Index_Price', fontsize=14)
```

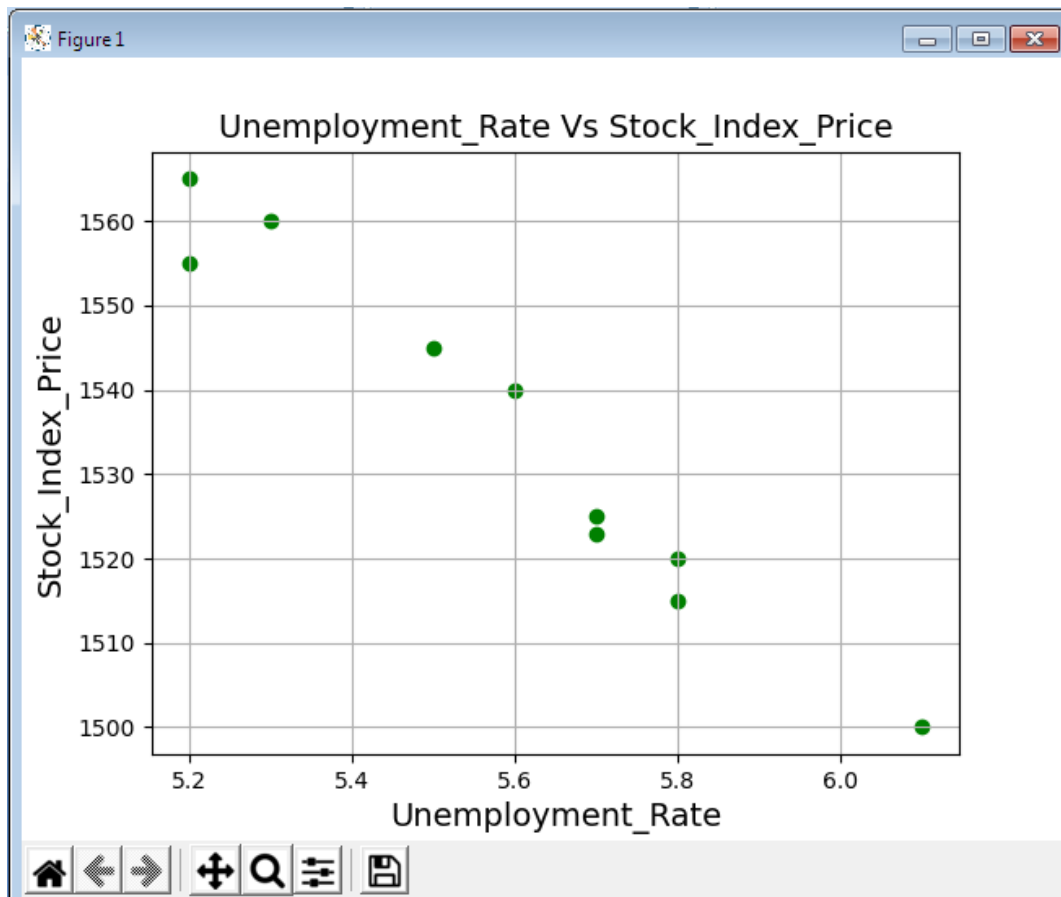
```
plt.xlabel('Unemployment_Rate', fontsize=14)
```

```
plt.ylabel('Stock_Index_Price', fontsize=14)
```

```
plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output



20. Write a Python program to plot two or more lines with different styles (dotted lines)

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
x1 = [10,20,30]
```

```
y1 = [20,40,10]
```

```
x2 = [10,20,30]
```

```
y2 = [40,10,30]
```

```
plt.xlabel('X - axis')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Y - axis')
```

```
plt.plot(x1,y1, color='blue', linewidth=3, label='Line1 -  
dotted',linestyle='dotted')
```

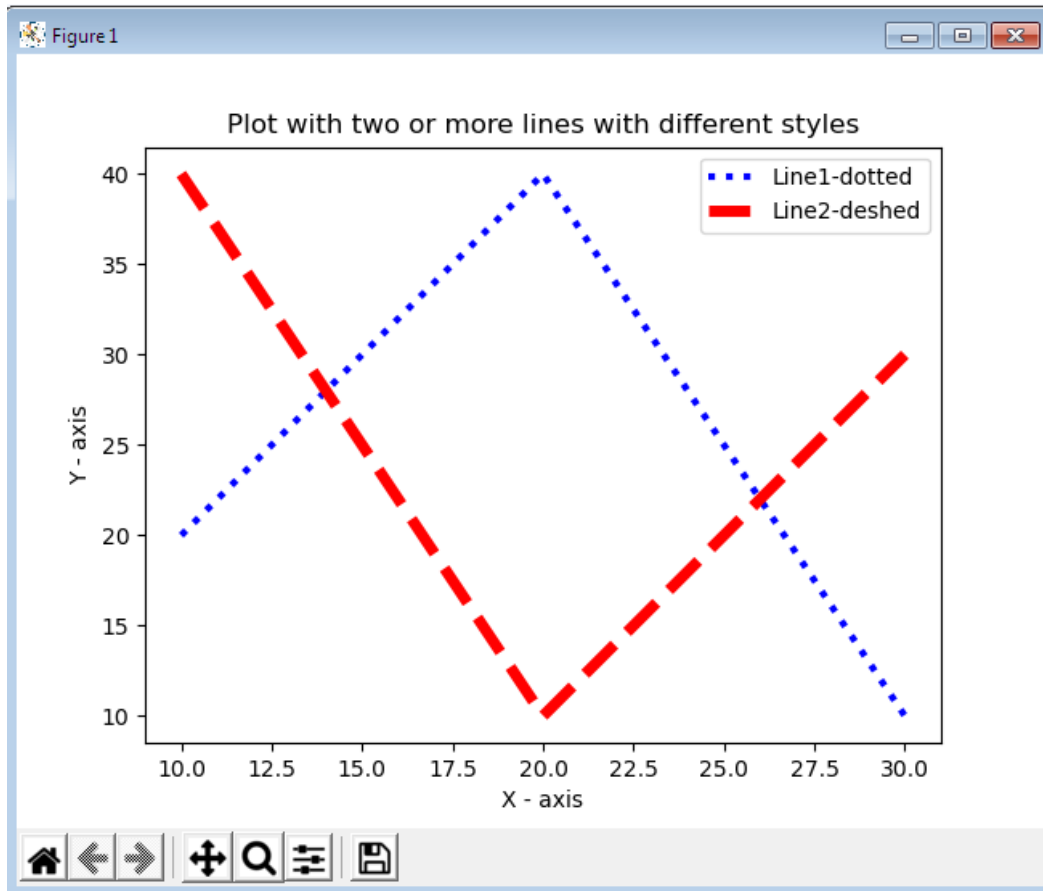
```
plt.plot(x2,y2, color='red', linewidth=5, label='Line2 -  
dashed',linestyle='dashed')
```

```
plt.title("Plot with two or more lines with different styles")
```

```
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
```

Output



21. Write a Python program to establish connection with MySQL and display all the data

```
import mysql.connector

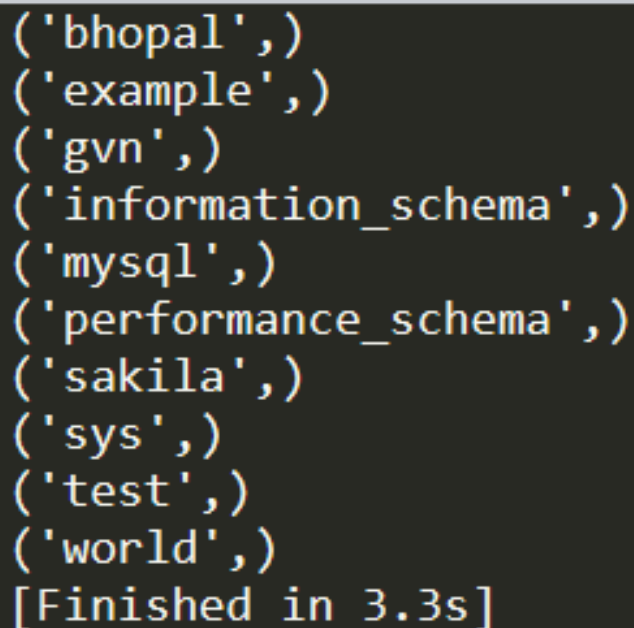
mydb =
mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd="1
234")

mycursor = mydb.cursor()

mycursor.execute("show databases")

for x in mycursor:
    print(x)
```

Output

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background. It displays the output of a Python script that connects to a MySQL database and lists all databases. The output consists of ten lines, each showing a database name in single quotes followed by a comma, and a final line indicating the execution time.

```
('bhopal',)
('example',)
('gvn',)
('information_schema',)
('mysql',)
('performance_schema',)
('sakila',)
('sys',)
('test',)
('world',)
[Finished in 3.3s]
```

22. Write a Python program to establish connection with MySQL and insert some data into client table

```
import mysql.connector

mydb =
mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost",user="root",passwd="1234",
database="gvn")

mycursor = mydb.cursor()
mycursor.execute("insert into client values(6,'mahesh','sagar',128)")

mydb.commit()

print(mycursor.rowcount, "record inserted.")
```

In a database BANK, there are two tables with a sample data given below
TABLE EMPLOYEE

ENo	EName	Salary	Zone	Age	Grade	Dept
1	Mona	70000	East	40	A	10
2	Muktar	71000	West	45	B	20
3	Nalini	60000	East	26	A	10
4	Sanaj	65000	South	36	A	20
5	Surya	58000	North	30	B	30

TABLE DEPARTMENT

Dept	DName	HOD
10	Computers	1
20	Economics	2
30	English	5

Note:

- EName refers to Employee Name
- DName refers to Department Name
- Dept refers to Department Code
- HOD refers to Employee number (ENO) of the Head of the Department

Write SQL queries for the following:

1. Create table EMPLOYEE as per following Table Instance Chart

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ENo	int	YES		NULL	
Ename	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
salary	int	YES		NULL	
zone	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
age	int	YES		NULL	
grade	char(1)	YES		NULL	
dept	int	YES		NULL	

2. Create table DEPARTMENT as per following Table Instance Chart

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
dept	int	YES		NULL	
DName	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
HOD	int	YES		NULL	

3. To display EName, Zone, Salary of all the employees
4. To display ENo, EName, Salary and corresponding DName of all the employees whose age is between 25 and 35 (both values inclusive).
5. To display DName and corresponding EName from the tables DEPARTMENT and EMPLOYEE, (Hint' HOD of the DEPARTMENT table should be matched with ENo of the EMPLOYEE table for getting the desired result).

Ans: CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE

```
(ENo int,  
 EName VARCHAR(20),  
 Salary int,  
 Zone VARCHAR(10),  
 Age int,  
 Grade char,  
 Dept int);
```

CREATE TABLE DEPARTMENT

```
(Dept int,  
 DName VARCHAR(30),  
 HOD int);
```

```
SELECT EName, Zone, Salary FROM EMPLOYEE;
```

```
SELECT e.ENo,e.EName,e.Salary,d.DName  
FROM EMPLOYEE e, DEPARTMENT d  
WHERE e.Dept = d.Dept AND e.Age BETWEEN 25 AND 35;
```

```
SELECT e.EName,d.DName  
FROM EMPLOYEE e, DEPARTMENT d  
WHERE e.ENO = d.HOD;
```

5.b) Consider the following tables Product and Client. Write SQL commands for the statement (i) to (iv) and give outputs for SQL queries (v) to (vi)

Table: PRODUCT

```
mysql> select * from product;
```

P_ID	Product_Name	Manufacturer	Price
123	Shampoo	xyz	60
124	Soap	abc	50
125	Powder	acd	70
126	cream	nmp	130
127	sanitizer	pqr	90

Table: CLIENT

```
mysql> select * from client;
```

C_ID	Client_Name	City	P_ID
1	aman	bhopal	123
2	priya	delhi	124
3	ram	mumbai	125
4	shyam	indor	126

(i) To display the details of those Clients whose city is Delhi.

Ans: select * from Client where city='Delhi';

(ii) To display the details of Products whose Price is in the range of 50 to 100(Both values included).

Ans: select * from product where price between 50 and 100;

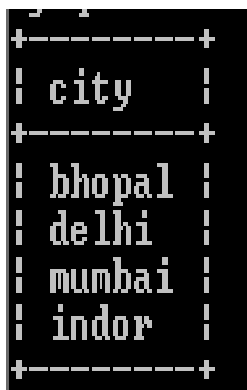
(iii) To display the ClientName, City from table Client, and ProductName and Price from table Product, with their corresponding matching P_ID.

**Select c.client_name,c.city,p.product_name,p.price from
client c, product p where c.p_id = p.p_id;**

(iv) To increase the Price of all Products by 10

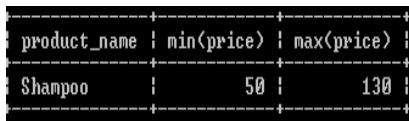
Ans: Update Product Set Price=Price+10;

(v) SELECT DISTINCT City FROM Client.



city
bhopal
delhi
mumbai
indor

(vi) select product_name, min(price), max(price) from product;



product_name	min(price)	max(price)
Shampoo	50	130

TABLE: FLIGHTS

FL_NO	STARTING	ENDING	NO_ FLGHTS	NO_ STOPS
IC301	MUMBAI	DELHI	8	0
IC799	BANGALORE	DELHI	2	1
MC101	INDORE	MUMBAI	3	0
IC302	DELHI	MUMBAI	8	0
AM812	KANPUR	BANGLORE	3	1
IC899	MUMBAI	KOCHI	1	4
AM501	DELHI	TRIVENDRUM	1	5
MU499	MUMBAI	MADRAS	3	3
IC701	DELHI	AHMEDABAD	4	0

TABLE:FLIGHTS

FL_NO	AIRLINES	FARE	TAX%
IC701	INDIAN AIRLINES	6500	10
MU499	SAHARA	9400	5
AM501	JET AIRWAYS	13450	8
IC899	INDIAN AIRLINES	8300	4
IC302	INDIAN AIRLINES	4300	10
IC799	INDIAN AIRLINES	1050	10
MC101	DECCAN AIRLINES	3500	4

(i) Display FL_NO and NO_FLIGHTS from “KANPUR” TO “BANGALORE” from the table FLIGHTS.

Ans: Select FL_NO, NO_FLIGHTS from FLIGHTS where Starting="KANPUR" AND ENDING="BANGALORE"

(ii) Arrange the contents of the table FLIGHTS in the ascending order of FL_NO.

Ans: (Children, Try this as an assignment)

(iii) Display the FL_NO and fare to be paid for the flights from DELHI to MUMBAI using the tables FLIGHTS and FARES, where the fare to paid = FARE+FARE+TAX%/100.

Ans: Select FL_NO, FARE+FARE+(TAX%/100) from FLIGHTS, FARES where Starting="DELHI" AND Ending="MUMBAI"

(iv) Display the minimum fare “Indian Airlines” is offering from the tables FARES.

Ans: Select min(FARE) from FARES Where AIRLINES="Indian Airlines"

v) Select FL_NO,NO_FLIGHTS,AIRLINES from FLIGHTS, FARES Where STARTING = “DELHI” AND FLIGHTS.FL_NO = FARES.FL_NO

Ans: FL_NO NO_FLIGHTS AIRLINES IC799 2 Indian Airlines