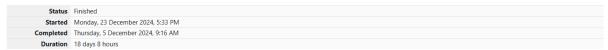
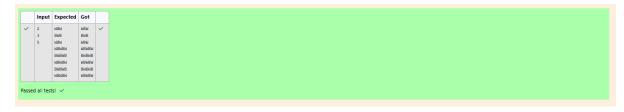
NAME: Harsha Vardhini.S REGI STER NUMBER: 240701180

WEEK- 05- 01



Simple Chessboard Problem Statement: Write a program that prints a simple chessboard. Input format: The first line contains the number of inputs T. The lines after that contain a different value for size of the chessboard Output format: Print a chessboard of dimensions size * size. Print W for white spaces and B for black spaces. Sample Input: 2 3 5 Sample Output: WBW BWB WBW WBWBW BWBWB WBWBW BWBWB WBWBW



Print Our Own Chessboard

Problem Statement:

Let's print a chessboard!

Write a program that takes input:

The first line contains T, the number of test cases

Each test case contains an integer N and also the starting character of the chessboard

Output Format

Print the chessboard as per the given examples

Sample Input:

2

2 W 3 B

Sample Output:

WB

BW

BWB WBW

BWB

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
      int main()
 3 .
4
5
6
7
            int T,d,i,i1,i2,o,z;
           char c,s;
scanf("%d",&T);
           for (i=0;i<T;i++)
 8 <sub>v</sub>
           scanf("%d %c",&d,&s);
for (i1=0;i1<d;i1++)
           {
    z=(s=='W')?0:1;
    o=(i1%2==z)?0:1;
    for (i2=0;i2<d;i2++)
    r
11 v
12
14
15 v
                           c=(i2%2==o)?'W':'B';
printf("%c",c);
17
18
                      printf("\n");
19
20
21
                 }
22
            return 0;
23 }
```

```
Input Expected Got

2 WB WB ✓
2 W BW BW
3 B BWB BWB
WBW WBW
BWB BWB
```

Passed all tests! 🗸

Pattern Printing

Problem Statement:

Decode the logic and print the Pattern that corresponds to given input.

```
If N= 3 then pattern will be:
10203010011012
**4050809
****607
If N= 4, then pattern will be:
1020304017018019020
**50607014015016
****809012013
*****10011
```

Constraints: 2 <= N <= 100

Input Format

First line contains T, the number of test cases, each test case contains a single integer N

Output Format

First line print Case #i where i is the test case number, In the subsequent line, print the pattern

Sample Input

3

4 5

Sample Output

Case #1

10203010011012

**4050809

****607

Case #2

1020304017018019020

**50607014015016

****809012013

*****10011

Case #3

102030405026027028029030

**6070809022023024025

****10011012019020021

******13014017018 *******15016

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
              int n,v,p3,c,in,i,i1,i2,t,ti;
scanf("%d",&t);
for(ti=0;ti<t;ti++)</pre>
                    v=0;
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Case #%d\n",ti+1);
for (i=0;i<n;i++);</pre>
10
11
12
13
14
                          c=0;
if(i>0)
{
15
16
17
                                 for (i1=0;i1<i;i1++) printf("**");
                           for (i1=i;i1<n;i1++)
18
19
                                if (i>0) c++;
printf("%d0",++v);
20
21
22
23
24
25
                           if(i==0)
                                 p3=v+(v*(v-1))+1;
in=p3;
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
                          in=in-c;
                          p3=in;
for (i2=i;i2<n;i2++)
                               printf("%d",p3++);
if (i2!=n-1) printf("0");
35
36
37
38 }
                          printf("\n");
```

шри	Expected	Got	
✓ 3	Case #1	Case #1	~
3	10203010011012	10203010011012	
4	**4050809	**4050809	
5	****607	****607	
	Case #2	Case #2	
	1020304017018019020	1020304017018019020	
	**50607014015016	**50607014015016	
	****809012013	****809012013	
	*****10011	*****10011	
	Case #3	Case #3	
	102030405026027028029030	102030405026027028029030	
	**6070809022023024025	**6070809022023024025	
	****10011012019020021	****10011012019020021	
	*****13014017018	*****13014017018	
	*******15016	*******15016	
assed all te	sts! 🗸		

WEEK- 05- 02

Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Thursday, 5 December 2024, 9:43 AM
Duration	18 days 7 hours

Armstrong Number

Problem Statement:

The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.

Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.

Note: 1 <= N <= 10^8

Hint: 153 is a 3-digit number, and $153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3$.

Sample Input:

153

Sample Output:

true

Sample Input:

123

Sample Output:

false

Sample Input:

1634

Sample Output:

true

```
Input Expected Got

153 true true 
123 false false 
Passed all tests!
```

Reverse and Add Until Get a Palindrome

Problem Statement:

Take a number, reverse it and add it to the original number until the obtained number is a palindrome.

Constraints

1<=num<=99999999

Sample Input 1

32

Sample Output 1

35

Sample Input 2

789

Sample Output 2

```
66066
```

/ 32 55	55 🗸
	55 🗸
789 66066	66066 🗸

Lucky Number

Problem Statement:

A number is considered lucky if it contains either 3 or 4 or 3 and 4 both in it. Write a program to print the nth lucky number. Example, 1st lucky number is 3, and 2nd lucky number is 4 and 3rd lucky number is 33 and 4th lucky number is 34 and so on. Note that 13, 40 etc., are not lucky as they have other numbers in it.

The program should accept a number 'n' as input and display the nth lucky number as output.

Sample Input 1:

3

Sample Output 1:

33

```
int main()
int main()
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