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## **WEEK-11**

```
Status Finished
   Started Sunday, 29 December 2024, 11:51 PM
Completed Sunday, 29 December 2024, 11:51 PM
Duration 38 secs
```

#### What is your mobile number?

#### Problem Statement:

These days Bechan Chacha is depressed because his crush gave him list of mobile number some of them are valid and some of them are invalid. Bechan Chacha has special power that he can pick his crush number only if he has valid set of mobile numbers. Help him to determine the valid numbers.

You are given a string "S" and you have to determine whether it is Valid mobile number or not. Mobile number is valid only if it is of length 10, consists of numeric values and it shouldn't have prefix zeroes.

#### Input Format:

First line of input is T representing total number of test cases.

Next T line each representing "S" as described in in problem statement.

Print "YES" if it is valid mobile number else print "NO".

Note: Quotes are for clarity.

### Constraints:

1<= T <= 103

sum of string length <= 105

#### Sample Input

1234567890

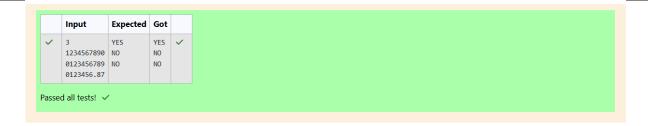
0123456789 0123456.87

#### Sample Output

YES

NO

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
       int main()
            while(t--)
                 int flag=1;
char s[100000];
scanf("%s",s);
int k=strlen(s);
if(k==10)
10
13
14
                        for(int i=0;i<10;i++)
16
17
                             if(s[0]=='0')
                                   flag=0;
19
20
21
22
                             if(s[i]<'0'|| s[i]>'9')
23
24
25
                                  flag=0;
26
27
28
                  }
else
29
                 flag=0;
if(flag==1)
printf("YES\n");
30
32
33
34
                  printf("NO\n");
35
36
37
             return 0:
```



### **Alice and Strings**

#### Problem Statement:

Two strings A and B comprising of lower-case English letters are compatible if they are equal or can be made equal by following this step any number of times:

Select a prefix from the string A (possibly empty), and increase the alphabetical
value of all the characters in the prefix by the same valid amount. For example, if
the string is xyz and we select the prefix xy then we can convert it to yx by
increasing the alphabetical value by 1. But if we select the prefix xyz then we
cannot increase the alphabetical value.

Your task is to determine if given strings A and B are compatible.

Input format

First line: String A Next line: String B

Output format

For each test case, print YES if string A can be converted to string B, otherwise print NO.

### Constraints

 $1 \le len(A) \le 1000000$  $1 \le len(B) \le 1000000$ 

Sample Input abaca cdbda

Sample Output

YES

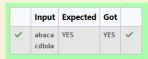
Explanation

The string abaca can be converted to bcbda in one move and to cdbda in the next move.

```
#include(stdio.h)
#include(string.h)
int main()

{
    char strl[10000
    int flag=1;
    scanf("%s%s",st
    int a = strlen(
    int b = strlen(
    int flag=1)

                    char str1[1000000],str2[1000000];
int flag=1;
scanf("%s%s",str1,str2);
int a = strlen(str1);
int b = strlen(str2);
if(a==b)
{
 10
11 v
12
13 v
14
                      {
                                for(int i=a;i>=0;i--)
                                           while(str1[i]!=str2[i])
15 v
16 17 v
18 19 20 21 v
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 }
                                                     for(int j=0;j<=i;j++)</pre>
                                                              if (str1[j]<'z')
str1[j]++;</pre>
                                                                          flag=0;
                                                                          break;
                                                               if(flag==0)
break;
                                          }
                                }
                      }
else
                      flag=0;
if(flag==0)
printf("NO");
                      else
printf("YES");
return 0;
```



Passed all tests! 🗸

#### Pizza Confusion

#### Problem Statement:

Joey loves to eat Pizza. But he is worried as the quality of pizza made by most of the restaurants is deteriorating. The last few pizzas ordered by him did not taste good: (. Joey is feeling extremely hungry and wants to eat pizza. But he is confused about the restaurant from wherehe should order. As always he asks Chandler for help.

Chandler suggests that Joey should give each restaurant some points, and then choose the restaurant having maximum points. If more than one restaurant has same points, Joey can choose the one with lexicographically smallest name.

Joey has assigned points to all the restaurants, but can't figure out which restaurant satisfies Chandler's criteria. Can you help him out?

### Input Format:

First line has N, the total number of restaurants.

Next N lines contain Name of Restaurant and Points awarded by Joey, separated by a space.

Restaurant name has no spaces, all lowercase letters and will not be more than 20 characters.

### Output Format:

Print the name of the restaurant that Joey should choose.

#### Constraints

```
1 <= N <= 105
1 <= Points <= 106
```

### Sample Input

2

Pizzeria 108

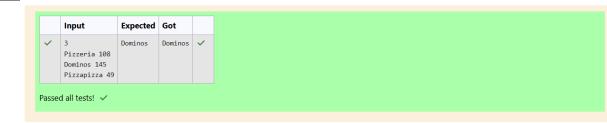
Dominos 145

Pizzapizza 49

# Sample Output

Dominos

```
#include<stdio.h>
     #include<string.h>
     int main()
 4
         scanf("%d",&n);
         char res[n][21];
 8
         int rate[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
10
             scanf("%s",res[i]);
scanf("%d",&rate[i]);
11
12
13
         int max=rate[0]:
14
15
         char ans[20];
          strcpy(ans,res[0]);
17
         for(int i=1;i<n;i++)</pre>
18
19
              if(rate[i]>max)
20
21
                  max=rate[i];
22
                  strcpy(ans,res[i]);
23
24
              else if(rate[i]==max)
25
                  if(strcpy(res[i],ans)<0)</pre>
26
27
                  strcpy(ans,res[i]);
29
         printf("%s",ans);
30
31
         return 0;
32 }
```



### Password

### Problem Statement:

Danny has a possible list of passwords of Manny's facebook account. All passwords length is odd. But Danny knows that Manny is a big fan of palindromes. So, his password and reverse of his password both should be in the list.

You have to print the length of Manny's password and it's middle character.

Note: The solution will be unique.

### Input Format

The first line of input contains the integer N, the number of possible passwords.

Each of the following N lines contains a single word, its length being an odd number greater than 2 and lesser than 14. All characters are lowercase letters of the English alphabet.

### Output Format

The first and only line of output must contain the length of the correct password and its central letter.

#### Constraints

 $1 \le N \le 100$ 

### Sample Input

4

abc

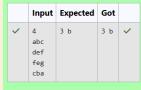
def

feg cba

Sample Output

3ъ

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
         #include<string.h>
int main()
{
  2
3
4 v
5
                int n,flag=0;
char temp;
scanf("%d",&n);
char words [n][14];
for(int i=0;i<n;i+)
scanf("%s",words[i]);
char reverse[14];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{</pre>
 8
9
10
11
12
13
                        strcpy(reverse,words[i]);
int size = strlen(reverse);
for (int k=0;k<size/2;k++)</pre>
14
15
16
17 v
                                temp=reverse[k];
reverse[k]=reverse[size-k-1];
reverse[size-k-1]=temp;
18
19
20
21
                         for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)</pre>
22
23 1
24
                                 if(strcmp(reverse,words[j])==0)
25 v
26
27
                                        flag=1;
                                        break;
28
29
30
                         if(flag==1)
31
32
                        break;
                int len=strlen(reverse);
printf("%d %c",len,reverse[len/2]);
return 0;
33
34
35
36 }
```



Passed all tests! ✓