## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

**Answer** 

The top element in the stack is 5

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

	2. What is the value o	f the postfix expressio	n 6 3 2 4 + - *?	100
NO	Answer	1010	,1070	1070
2"	-18	^	Vr	2"
	Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
	3. Which of the follow element of a stack with		you to examine the	top
	Answer			
	Peek	080	180	18
240	Status : Correct	,0101	240/01.	Marks : 1/1
	4. What is the primary fixed size?	advantage of using a	n array-based stack	with a
	Answer			
	Efficient memory usage			
	Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
240	5. In an array-based so a Stack underflow?  Answer	tack, which of the follo	owing operations car	n result in 178
	Popping an element from	n an empty stack		
	Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
	6. Elements are Adde	d on of the Sta	ıck.	
a NO	Answer Top Status: Correct	0101180	240701180	Marks: 1/1
V	V		V	V

	of the following is co	orrect statement for Sta	ck?	101,
240	1 (4)	2401	2401	24010118
	push(1);	V	V	V
	pop(); push(2);			
	push(3);			
	pop();			
	push(2);			
	pop(); pop();			
	nuch(4):			
	pop();	180	180	084
_	pop();	3101	37011	101'
240	push(5);	240701180	240/01/180	240701180
	Answer			
	Underflow Occurs			
	Status: Correct			Marks : 1/1
	operations removes	implementation of the s an element from the top		llowing
	operations removes	an element from the top		llowing
	operations removes	an element from the top		llowing
240	operations removes	an element from the top		10101180
240	operations removes			llowing  Marks: 1/1
240	operations removes  Answer  Pop  Status: Correct	an element from the top	p? 2A0701180	Marks : 1/1
240	operations removes  Answer  Pop  Status: Correct  9. Pushing an elem	an element from the top	p? 2A0701180	Marks : 1/1
240	operations removes  Answer Pop Status: Correct  9. Pushing an elem size is 5, then the state	an element from the top	p? 2A0701180	Marks : 1/1
24.0	operations removes  Answer Pop Status: Correct  9. Pushing an elem size is 5, then the state  Answer	an element from the top	p? 2A0701180	Marks : 1/1
24.0	operations removes  Answer Pop Status: Correct  9. Pushing an elem size is 5, then the state  Answer Overflow	an element from the top	p? 2A0701180	Marks: 1/1 The stack
240	Answer Pop Status: Correct  9. Pushing an elemsize is 5, then the state Answer Overflow Status: Correct	an element from the top	dy has five elements.	Marks: 1/1 The stack  Marks: 1/1

at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

**Answer** 

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / \* 8 - is

240/142 Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

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```
14. What will be the output of the following code?
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
  if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    return;
  stack[++(*top)] = item;
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
  if (*top == -1) {
    printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    return -1;
  return stack[(*top)--];
}
int main() {
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
Answer
302010Stack Underflow
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

15. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

## Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

## Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
   if (top == -1) {
      printf("Stack is empty\n");
   } else {
      printf("Stack elements: ");
      for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
            printf("%d ", stack[i]);
      }
      printf("\n");
   }
   void push(int value) {
      if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
            printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      }
}
```

```
} else {
    stack[++top] = value;
}

int main() {
    display();
    push(10);
    push(20);
    push(30);
    display();
    push(40);
    push(50);
    push(60);
    display();
    return 0;
}

Answer
```

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
```

```
return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
        stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
    }
    Answer
    10
    Status: Correct
                                                                        Marks: 1/1
```

20. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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