# Public, private, private Cloud

## **Public Cloud**

- A Public Cloud is Cloud Computing in which the infrastructure and services are owned and operated by a third-party provider and made available to the public over the internet.
- The public can access and use shared resources, such as servers, storage, and applications and the main thing is you pay for what you used.
- Examples of public cloud providers are Amazon Web Services (AWS), Microsoft Azure, and Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

#### **Advantages**

- Cost Efficient
- Automatic Software Updates
- Accessibility

Disadvantages

**Security and Privacy Concerns:** 

**Limited Control** 

**Reliance on Internet Connectivity:** 

**Service Downtime** 

**Compliance and Regulatory Issues** 

### **Private Cloud**

- A Private Cloud is a cloud computing environment in which the infrastructure and services are owned and operated by a single organization.
- it is accessed by only authorized users within that organization.
- Private Cloud organizations have their own data center.
- private cloud provides a higher level of security.

#### **Advantages**

**Security Status:** 

**Customization of Service:** 

Privacy:

#### Disadvantages

**Higher Cost** 

Limited Scalability:

**Technical Complexity:** 

Security Risks:

**Lack of Standardization:** 

**Maintenance and Upgrades:** 

# **Hybrid Cloud**

- A hybrid cloud is a combination of both public and private cloud
- take advantage of the benefits of both types of clouds.
- It can provide greater flexibility, scalability, and cost-effectiveness than using a single cloud environment.

#### **Advantages**

- **Flexibility**: Hybrid cloud stores its data (also sensitive) in a private cloud server. While public server provides Flexibility and Scalability.
- **Scalability**: Hybrid cloud Enables organizations to move workloads back and forth between their private and public clouds depending on their needs.
- **Security**: Hybrid cloud controls over highly sensitive data. and it provides high-level security. Also, it takes advantage of the public cloud's cost savings.

Disadvantages

**Complexity:** 

Cost:

**Security Risks:** 

**Data Governance:**