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## Roll No:88

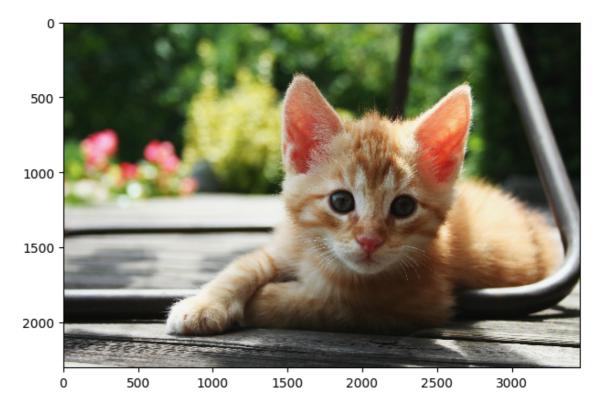
## Batch:BE IT B4

```
In [5]: # example of using a pre-trained model as a classifier
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array
         from keras.applications.vgg16 import preprocess_input
         from keras.applications.vgg16 import decode_predictions
         from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
In [6]: # Load an image from file
         image = load_img('download.jpg', target_size=(224, 224))
In [8]: # convert the image pixels to a numpy array
         image = img_to_array(image)
In [9]: # reshape data for the model
         image = image.reshape((1, image.shape[0], image.shape[1], image.shape[2]))
In [10]: # prepare the image for the VGG model
         image = preprocess_input(image)
In [11]: # Load the model
        model = VGG16()
In [12]: | # predict the probability across all output classes
         yhat = model.predict(image)
         In [13]: # convert the probabilities to class labels
         label = decode_predictions(yhat)
In [14]: # retrieve the most likely result, e.g. highest probability
         label = label[0][0]
         # print the classification
         print('%s (%.2f%%)' % (label[1], label[2]*100))
         Egyptian_cat (69.21%)
```

```
In [16]:
         pip install scikit-image
                            ----- 24.5/24.5 MB 7.3 MB/s eta
         0:00:01
                            ----- 24.5/24.5 MB 6.2 MB/s eta
         0:00:00
         Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.22 in c:\users\madhuri wavhal\ap
         pdata\roaming\python\python311\site-packages (from scikit-image) (1.24.
         2)
         Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.8 in c:\users\madhuri wavhal\app
         data\roaming\python\python311\site-packages (from scikit-image) (1.10.1)
         Collecting networkx>=2.8 (from scikit-image)
           Downloading networkx-3.2-py3-none-any.whl (1.6 MB)
                                                     0.0/1.6 MB ? eta -:--:--
                                                     0.1/1.6 MB 5.5 MB/s eta 0:
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                                                     0.1/1.6 MB 5.5 MB/s eta 0:
         00:01
                                                     0.1/1.6 MB 939.4 kB/s eta
         0:00:02
                                                     0.1/1.6 MB 939.4 kB/s eta
         0.00.00
In [17]: from skimage import io
         img = io.imread("download.jpg")
```

## Out[17]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1acf5276d90>

io.imshow(img)



```
In [21]: # load an image from file
image = load_img('download3.jpg', target_size=(224, 224))
In [22]: # convert the image pixels to a numpy array
```

image = img\_to\_array(image)

```
In [23]: # reshape data for the model
  image = image.reshape((1, image.shape[0], image.shape[1], image.shape[2]))
  # prepare the image for the VGG model
  image = preprocess_input(image)
```

```
In [26]: # Load the model
model = VGG16()
```

```
In [25]: # predict the probability across all output classes
yhat = model.predict(image)
```

```
1/1 [======] - 1s 841ms/step
```

```
In [27]: # convert the probabilities to class labels
label = decode_predictions(yhat)
```

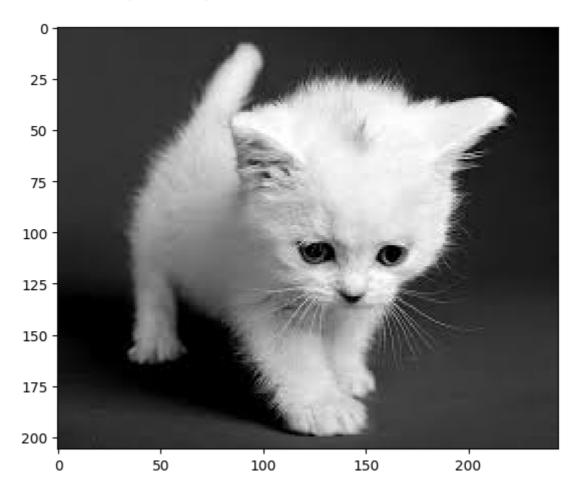
```
In [28]: # retrieve the most likely result, e.g. highest probability
label = label[0][0]
```

```
In [29]: # print the classification
print('%s (%.2f%%)' % (label[1], label[2]*100))
```

Persian\_cat (34.28%)

```
In [30]: img2 = io.imread("download3.jpg")
   io.imshow(img2)
```

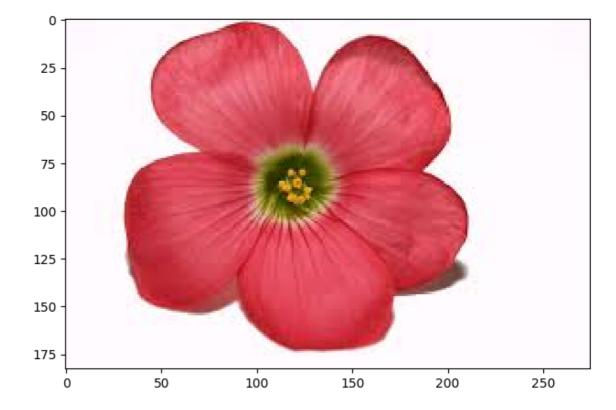
Out[30]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1acf5331550>



```
In [33]: # Load an image from file
         image = load_img('download4.jpg', target_size=(224, 224))
In [34]: # convert the image pixels to a numpy array
         image = img_to_array(image)
In [35]: # reshape data for the model
         image = image.reshape((1, image.shape[0], image.shape[1], image.shape[2]))
In [36]: # prepare the image for the VGG model
         image = preprocess_input(image)
In [38]: # Load the model
         model = VGG16()
In [39]: # predict the probability across all output classes
         yhat = model.predict(image)
         1/1 [======= ] - 1s 798ms/step
In [40]: # convert the probabilities to class labels
         label = decode_predictions(yhat)
In [41]: # retrieve the most likely result, e.g. highest probability
         label = label[0][0]
In [42]: # print the classification
         print('%s (%.2f%%)' % (label[1], label[2]*100))
         hair_slide (96.83%)
```

```
In [43]: img2 = io.imread("download4.jpg")
    io.imshow(img2)
```

Out[43]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1ac84053650>



In [ ]: