

Factor Graph Toolbox

A quick overview of the most important features

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The IME Factor Graph Toolbox

Python implementation of a generic (Forney-style) factor graph toolbox.

Current features include:

- ▶ Multivariate, linear Gaussian Message Passing
- ▶ Sigma-point methods for treatment of nonlinear transformations
- ▶ Expectation Maximization (EM) for parameter estimation
- ▶ Kalman filtering and smoothing

Install The Factor Graph Toolbox

1. Download toolbox and extract it to some folder
2. Open or create a new project in PyCharm. (not a single file)
3. Open terminal (right click on project folder, `Open in terminal` or `Alt + F12`). This should handle virtual environments
4. Install factor graph package with

```
pip install -e "path/to/toolbox"
```

where "path/to/toolbox" folder contains the setup.py.
This also installs any missing package.

5. Done. A restart of PyCharm may be useful to recognize the new packages

Quick Test Of The Installation

Create `hello_world.py` in current project
(right click on project folder, **New** > **Python File**)

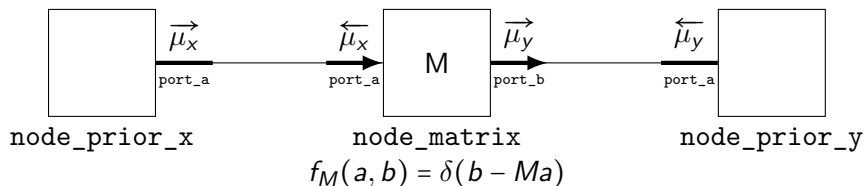
```
from ime_fgs.messages import GaussianMeanCovMessage  
  
distribution = GaussianMeanCovMessage ([[1]], [[0]])  
print(distribution)
```

and run the file with with a right click on the file contents,
Run 'hello_world' or **Ctrl** + **Shift** + **F10**. (should run without errors)

Pitfalls:

- ▶ PyCharm may need some time to index the new files. While indexing the auto completion, etc. is unavailable.
- ▶ Automatic handling of virtual environments might not work correctly with multiple projects. Either change the virtual environment by hand or only open a single project.

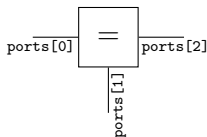
Essential Components of the factor graph toolbox



- ▶ **Nodes** (node_prior_x, node_matrix, node_prior_y)
- ▶ **NodePorts** (node_prior_x.port_a, node_matrix.port_a, ...)
 - ▶ Belong to a node
 - ▶ Connect with other ports to build a graph
- ▶ **Messages** ($\overleftarrow{\mu}_x$, $\vec{\mu}_x$, $\overleftarrow{\mu}_y$, $\vec{\mu}_y$)
 - ▶ Belong to a port
 - node_prior_x.port_a.out_msg = $\vec{\mu}_x$
 - node_matrix.port_a.out_msg = $\overleftarrow{\mu}_x$
 - ...

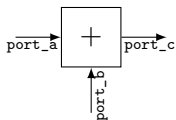
Nodes

`basic_nodes.py`: most common nodes, including



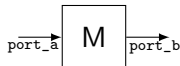
EqualityNode

$$f_{=}(x_0, x_1, x_2) \\ = \delta(x_0 - x_1) \delta(x_0 - x_2)$$



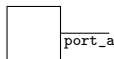
AdditionNode

$$f_{+}(a, b, c) \\ = \delta(a + b - c)$$



MatrixNode

$$f_M(a, b) \\ = \delta(b - Ma)$$



PriorNode

$$\mathcal{N}(\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{V})$$

Messages

`messages.py`: Contains different messages including

- ▶ Multivariate gaussian normal distribution in different parameterizations
 - ▶ Mean \mathbf{m} , variance \mathbf{V} :
`GaussianMeanCovarianceMessage`
 - ▶ Weighted mean ($\mathbf{Wm} = \xi$), information matrix $\mathbf{W} = \mathbf{V}^{-1}$:
`GaussianWeightedMeanInformationMessage`

Attention

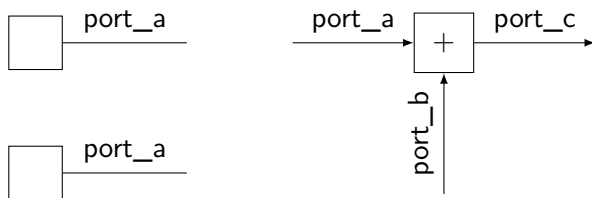
Not all operations are available for all parameterizations.
(call `message.convert(...)` for manual conversion)

Toolbox Workflow

1. Instantiate all nodes
2. Create graph by connecting ports with `port.connect(...)`
3. Provide prior messages
4. Propagate messages through graph by calling `port.update()` and passing an optional type argument to convert messages

A Simple Usage Example

Create nodes

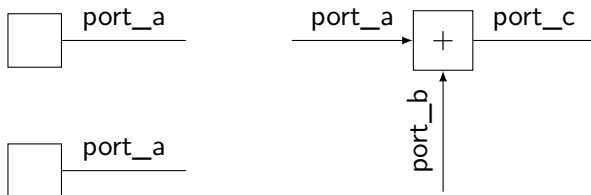


Code

```
addition_node = AdditionNode()  
prior_node_1 = PriorNode()  
prior_node_2 = PriorNode()
```

A Simple Usage Example

Connect nodes by connecting ports



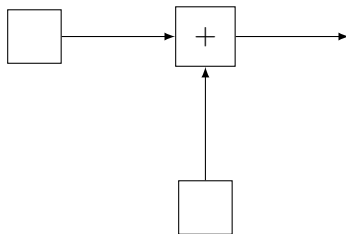
Code

```
prior_node_1.port_a.connect(addition_node.port_a)
prior_node_2.port_a.connect(addition_node.port_b)
```

Call `connect()` **once** for every edge

A Simple Usage Example

Connect nodes by connecting ports



Code

```
prior_node_1.port_a.connect(addition_node.port_a)
prior_node_2.port_a.connect(addition_node.port_b)
```

Call `connect()` **once** for every edge

A Simple Usage Example

Create messages

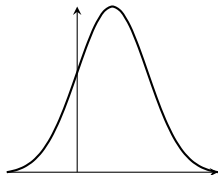


Figure: Distribution d1

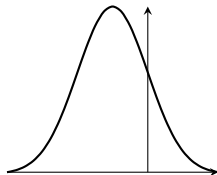


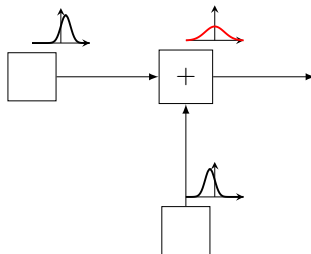
Figure: Distribution d2

Code

```
d1 = GaussianMeanCovMessage([[1]], [[ 1]])  
d2 = GaussianMeanCovMessage([[-1]], [[1]])
```

A Simple Usage Example

Propagate messages by calling `.update()` on ports



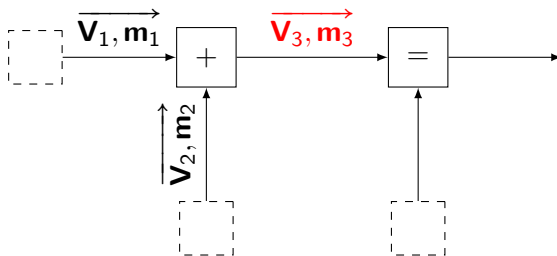
Code

```
prior_node_1.update_prior(d1)
prior_node_2.update_prior(d2)

addition_node.port_c.update()
print(addition_node.port_c.out_msg)
```

Message Conversion Example

There is no automatic conversion



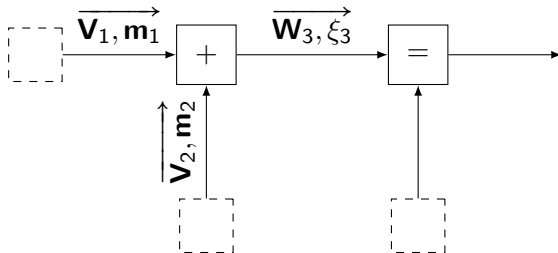
Factor graph types

- ▶ Input message types determine the calculation rules
- ▶ No implicit conversion

⇒ Convert `out_msg` by passing type argument to `.update()`

Message Conversion Example

There is no automatic conversion



Code: Propagate message with type conversion

```
addition_node.port_c.update( ↵  
    GaussianWeightedMeanInformationMessage)
```

Complete example code

Code

```
from ime_fgs.basic_nodes import AdditionNode, PriorNode
from ime_fgs.messages import GaussianMeanCovMessage

# create nodes
addition_node = AdditionNode()
prior_node_1 = PriorNode()
prior_node_2 = PriorNode()

# connect nodes
prior_node_1.port_a.connect(addition_node.port_a)
prior_node_2.port_a.connect(addition_node.port_b)

# create messages
d1 = GaussianMeanCovMessage([[1]], [[1]])
d2 = GaussianMeanCovMessage([[-1]], [[1]])

# pass messages through graph
prior_node_1.update_prior(d1)
prior_node_2.update_prior(d2)
addition_node.port_c.update()

# print result
print(addition_node.port_c.out_msg)
```


Overview of Files in Toolbox

