Preferred Name:	UBIT:

CSE 115: Computer Science I Spring 2017 Sample Final Exam

DIRECTIONS:

- Closed Notes. Closed Book. No Electronics.
- Time Limit: 3 hours
- Make sure you write your NAME and UBIT above.
- Note that your UBIT is not your person number.
- Each question is worth 1 point unless otherwise noted

C1	/5
C2	/5
С3	/5
C4	/5
C5	/5
C6	/5
C7	/5
C8	/5
С9	/5
C10	/5
C11	/5
C12	/5
Q1	/10
Q2	/10
Q3	/10
Q4	/10
Total	/100

C1 - Variables

For all sections: Answer the following question about the state of the program after the following code is executed. You can assume all the necessary import statements and class structure have been added.

```
int number = 10;
double number2 = 2.5;
String word = "Hello";
number2 = 1.5;
```

- 1. What is the type of the variable named number?
- 2. What is the type of the variable named word?
- 3. What is the value of the variable named number?
- 4. What is the value of the variable named number 2?
- 5. What is the type of the variable named word?

C2 - Control Flow

```
1 | int number = 5;
  int n;
   if(number < 10)
4
       n = 2*number;
   else if(number < 20)
6
       n = 3*number;
   } else {
       n = 0;
10
11
   for(int i=0; i<number; i++){
12
       System.out.println("hello");
13
14
15
  int j=3;
16
   while(j <= number){</pre>
17
       System.out.println("goodbye");
18
       \mathbf{j} = \mathbf{j} + 2;
19
20 }
```

- 1. What is the value of n?
- 2. (2 points) How many times is "hello" printed?
- 3. (2 points) How many times is "goodbye" printed?

C3 - Methods

```
1 public int method1(int input){
2
      return input * 3;
3
4
  public double method2(double x, double y){
5
      return (x+y)/(y-x);
6
7
  public String method3(String input, int n){
       String toReturn = "";
10
       for(int i=0; i< n; i++){
11
           toReturn += input;
12
13
      return toReturn;
14
15 }
```

- 1. Give the value of method1(4)
- 2. Give the value of method2(0.5, 1.5)
- 3. Break method2. (Provide a call of method2 that will cause an error)
- 4. Give the value of method3("words ", 3)
- 5. Give the value of method3("soi", 5)

C4 - Data Structures

```
1 | ArrayList<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
_{2} | numbers . add (5);
  numbers.add(10);
  numbers.add(3);
  int counter = 4;
6
  for(int i=0; i<numbers.size(); i++){</pre>
7
       counter += numbers.get(i);
8
10
  HashMap<String , Double> map = new HashMap<>();
11
  map.put("Exam", 8.9);
  map.put("Project", 5.4);
13
14
  for(String key : map.keySet()){
15
       System.out.println(map.get(key));
^{16}
17 | }
```

- 1. Give the value of numbers.size() + map.size()
- 2. What is printed when this code is executed?
- 3. What is the value of counter?
- 4. Give the value of map.values()
- 5. Give the value of numbers.get(1)

C5 - Files

```
sounds.txt
```

```
_1 | ANDMATTER AEO T AYO M AE1 T ERO
2 COUNTERTOPS KAW1 N T ERO T AA2 P S
3 ROADS ROW1 D Z
_4 |SIMMERED S IH1 M ER0 D
  ArrayList<String> strings = new ArrayList<>();
  \mathbf{try}
2
       String chars = "";
3
      for(String line : Files.readAllLines(Paths.get("sounds.txt"))){
4
                                            ");
           String[] splits = line.split("
5
           System.out.println(splits[0]);
6
           String[] soundsArray = splits[1].split(" ");
           chars += soundsArray[0];
           for(int i=0; i<soundsArray.length; i++){</pre>
9
               strings.add(soundsArray[i]);
10
11
           Files.write(Paths.get("output.txt"), chars.getBytes());
12
13
    catch (IOException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
15
16
```

- 1. What is printed when this code is executed?
- 2. Give the value of strings.get(3)
- 3. Give the value of strings.size()
- 4. Write the content of output.txt
- 5. Provide a line that will crash this program if it were added to sounds.txt

C6 - Algorithms

```
public int method1(ArrayList<Integer> numbers){
2
       int ans = numbers.get(0);
       for(int i : numbers){
3
           if(Math.abs(i) < ans)
4
               ans = Math.abs(i);
5
6
       return ans;
8
10
  public int method2(HashMap<Integer, Double> map){
11
       int ans = -1;
12
       double best = 0.0;
13
       for(int i : map.keySet()){
14
           if(map.get(i) > best)
15
               best = map.get(i);
16
               ans = i;
17
18
19
       return ans;
21 | }
```

- 1. Give the value of method1(numbersList) if numbersList = [3, 2, 6, 4]
- 2. Give the value of method1(numbersList) if numbersList = [5, -10, -5, 7]
- 3. Break method1 (Provide a call of method1 that will cause an error)
- 4. Give the value of method2(map) if map = 1=5.5, 67=1.4, 9=7.8, 24=-6.4
- 5. Break method2. The intent of method2 is to return the key of the highest value. Provide a call to method2 where this is not correctly returned.

C7 - Classes

```
public class SampleClass{
2
      private int x;
3
4
      public SampleClass(){
5
           this.x = 0;
6
7
      public SampleClass(int x){
9
           this.x = x;
10
11
12
      public int getX(){
13
           return this.x;
14
15
16
      public void setX(int x){
17
           this.x = x;
18
19
20
      public static void alterX(SampleClass instance){
^{21}
           instance.x *= 2;
22
23
24
  SampleClass instance1 = new SampleClass();
  SampleClass instance2 = new SampleClass(5);
  SampleClass instance3 = new SampleClass(10);
  SampleClass instance4 = new SampleClass(3);
4
  SampleClass instance5 = new SampleClass(1);
  instance3.setX(instance3.getX() + instance2.getX());
  SampleClass.alterX(instance4);
  instance 5.set X(27);
     1. Give the value of instance1.getX()
```

- 2. Give the value of instance2.getX()
- 3. Give the value of instance3.getX()
- 4. Give the value of instance4.getX()
- 5. Give the value of instance5.getX()

C8 - Libraries

```
public class Library {
       public\ static\ int\ library Method 1 (int\ n) \{
3
            int ans = 0;
            for (int i = 0; i <= n; i ++ ){}
5
                for(int j = 0; j < i; j++){
6
                     ans++;
9
            return ans;
10
11
12
       public static int libraryMethod2(int n){
13
            return (n*(n+1))/2;
14
16 }
```

- 1. Give the value of Library.libraryMethod1(0)
- 2. Give the value of Library.libraryMethod1(5)
- 3. Give the value of Library.libraryMethod2(0)
- 4. Give the value of Library.libraryMethod2(5)
- 5. Give an input int such that Library.libraryMethod1(input) != Library.libraryMethod2(input)

C9 - Networking

- 1. "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5jmN_tBS0t4" What is the query string in this url
- 2. "https://www.google.com/search?q=cats&as_filetype=gif&lr=lang_ja" What is the query string in this url
- 3. What are the 2 different type of HTTP requests we used in this course?
- 4. (2 points) Name at least 1 difference between the 2 types of requests

C10 - JSON

```
JsonObject data1 = new JsonObject();
data1.add("department", "cse");
data1.add("course", 115);

JsonArray data2 = new JsonArray();
data2.add(2);
data2.add(7.7);
data2.add("string");
```

- 1. Give the value of data1.toString()
- 2. Give the value of data2.toString()
- 3. Give the value of data1.get("course")
- 4. Give the value of data2.get(1)
- 5. What is the type of this JSON String: "title": "Roar", "artist": "Katy Perry"

C11 - GUI

- 1. What text is displayed on the JLabel before the button is pressed?
- 2. What text is displayed on the JLabel after the user enters "This is Text" in the text field then clicks the button?
- 3. What is the meaning of the 5 used in the constructor of JTextField?
- 4. What text is displayed on the button?
- 5. What text is displayed on the JLabel after the user clicks the button while the text field is empty?

```
C12 - OOP
```

```
1 public abstract class Thing{
2
      protected double score;
3
      public double getScore(){
4
           return score;
6
      public void setScore(double score){
           this.score = score;
10
11
      public abstract double compute();
12
13 | }
  public class ThingA extends Thing{
      public ThingA(double score){
2
           this.score = score;
3
4
      @Override
6
      public double compute(){
7
           return this.score * 100.0;
10
  public class ThingB extends Thing{
      @Override
2
      public double compute(){
3
           this.score *= 2;
4
           return this.score;
6
7 | }
1 Thing instance1 = new ThingA(5);
  Thing instance2 = new ThingB(10);
  Thing instance3 = new ThingB(15);
4 instance3.compute();
```

- 1. Give the value of instance1.getScore();
- 2. Give the value of instance1.compute();

- 3. Give the value of instance2.getScore();
- 4. Give the value of instance2.compute();
- 5. Give the value of instance3.getScore();

```
\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{1}
```

```
public static int Q1(int n){
        int k=n*n;
2
        int t = 0;
3
        int j=0;
4
        if(k > 20){
5
             t += 110;
6
7
        else if(k > 10)
             t += 50;
        else
9
             t += 20;
10
11
        for(int i=0; i < t; i++){
12
             \mathbf{k} += 1;
^{13}
14
        while (Math.pow(\mathbf{j}, 2.0) < \mathbf{t})
             j = Q1b(j);
16
^{17}
        return k+j;
18
19
20
   private static int Q1b(int input){
^{21}
        return input + 5;
^{22}
23 | }
```

- 1. (2 points) Give the value of Q1(1)
- 2. (2 points) Give the value of Q1(2)
- 3. (2 points) Give the value of Q1(3)
- 4. (2 points) Give the value of Q1(4)
- 5. (2 points) Give the value of Q1(5)

```
public static int Q2(HashMap<Integer, Integer> map, boolean switch) {
       ArrayList<Integer> keys = new ArrayList<>();
2
       for(int key : map.keySet()){
3
           keys.add(key);
4
5
       Collections.sort(keys);
6
       if(switch){
7
           return map.get(Q2b(keys, switch));
9
           return Q2b(keys, switch);
10
11
12
13
  private static int Q2b(ArrayList<Integer> numbers, boolean switch){
14
       int index = -1;
15
       int max = Integer.MIN VALUE;
       for (int i=0; i<numbers. size(); i++){
17
           if(numbers.get(i) > max)
18
               max = numbers.get(i);
19
               index = i;
20
21
22
       if(switch){
23
           return index;
24
       else
^{25}
           return max;
26
27
28 | }
```

- 1. (2 points) Give the value of Q2(map, false) when map is 5=3, 2=8, 9=0
- 2. (2 points) Give the value of Q2(map, true) when map is 5=3, 2=8, 9=0
- 3. (2 points) Give the value of Q2(map, false) when map is 10=2, 6=2, 1=2, 7=3
- 4. (2 points) Give the value of Q2(map, true) when map is 10=2, 6=2, 1=2, 7=3
- 5. (2 points) Break Q2. Provide an input to Q2 that will cause an error.

```
_1 | [{"title":"The One Moment", "artist": "OK Go", "ratings":[5], "youtubeID": "QvW61K2sOtA"},
  {"title":"The Kill ","artist":"Thirty Seconds To Mars","ratings":[5,5,1],"
3 | youtubeID": "8yvGCAvOAfM"}]
1 | public static ArrayList<String> Q3(String jsonString) {
2
      ArrayList<String> ans = new ArrayList<>();
      JsonArray array = Json.parse(jsonString).asArray();
3
      for(JsonValue value : array){
4
          JsonObject obj = value.asObject();
5
          ans.add(obj.get("title").asString());
          ans.add(obj.get("artist").asString());
      return ans;
9
10 | }
```

- 1. (2 points) Give the value of Q3(jsonString) with the String provided above
- 2. (2 points) Give the value of Q3(jsonString) with only the first song from the String above
- 3. (2 points) Give the value of Q3(jsonString) with only the second song from the String above
- 4. (2 points) Give the value of Q3(jsonString) with the String "[{}]"
- 5. (2 points) Break Q3. Provide an input to Q3 that will cause an error.

```
public static double Q4(int n){
       ArrayList<Thing> things = new ArrayList<>();
2
       for(int i=0; i < n; i++)
3
           things.add(new ThingA((double)i));
4
           things.add(new ThingB());
5
6
7
      double ans = 0.0;
       for(Thing thing : things){
           ans += thing.compute();
9
10
      return ans;
11
12
  public abstract class Thing{
1
      protected double score;
2
3
      public double getScore(){
4
           return score;
5
6
7
      public void setScore(double score){
8
           this.score = score;
9
10
11
      public abstract double compute();
12
13
  public class ThingA extends Thing{
      public ThingA(double score){
2
           this.score = score;
3
4
5
      @Override
6
      public double compute(){
7
           return this.score * 100.0;
8
9
10
  public class ThingB extends Thing{
      @Override
2
      public double compute(){
3
           this.score *= 2;
4
           return this.score;
5
7
```

- 1. (2 points) Give the value of Q4(0)
- 2. (2 points) Give the value of Q4(1)
- 3. (2 points) Give the value of Q4(2)
- 4. (2 points) Give the value of Q4(3)
- 5. (2 points) Give the value of Q4(4)