

Status of design and development of CEPC-DHCAL readout electronics

Yu Wang^{1,2}, Daojin Hong^{1,2}, Jianbei Liu^{1,2}, Shubin Liu^{1,2}, Changqing Fengć^{1,2}, Yi Zhou^{1,2} ¹ University of Science and Technology of China ²State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics



Introduction

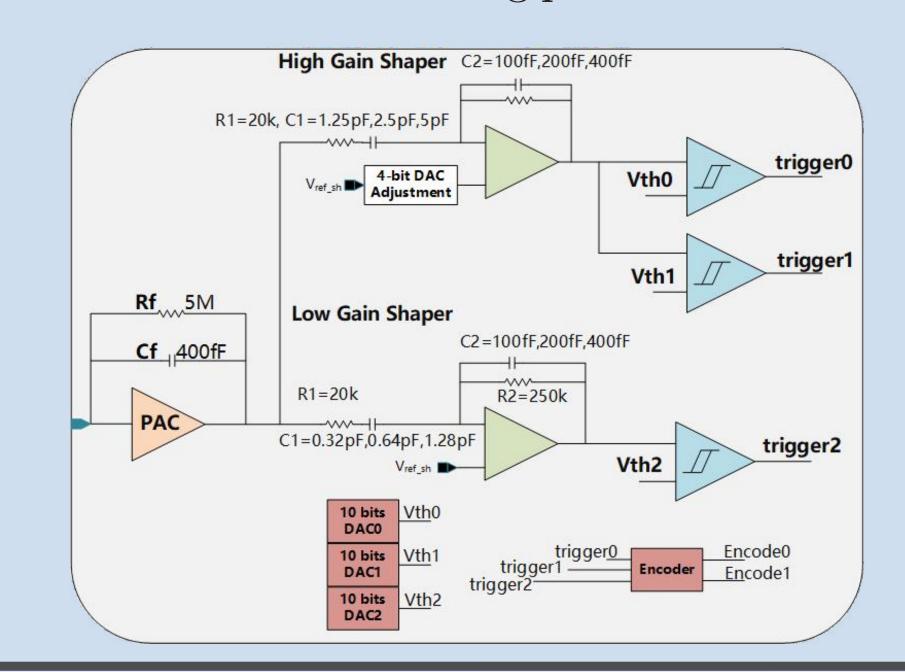
- The goal of this research is to provide a feasible readout scheme for CEPC DHCAl.
- As the active detector element of sampling calorimeter has finely segmented readout pads of $1 \times 1cm^2$, it's a real challenge to access huge mount data from calorimeter.
- In our research, a double layer GEM using self-stretching technique has been used. It consists of 3mm drift gap, 1mm transfer gap and 1mm induction gap and the effective area is $30 \times 30 cm^2$ with $1 \times 1 cm^2$ readout pads.
- The chip choosen to readout is a tri-thresholds ASIC called MICROROC (MICRO-mesh gaseous structure Read-Out Chip)

MICROROC ASIC

MICROROC is a 64-channel Semi-Digital readout chip, developed at IN2P3 by OMEGA/LAL. The package of MICROROC chip is TQFP which means the thickness is about 1.4mm. Each channel of the MICROROC chip has:

- A very low noise charge preamplifier, able to handle a dynamic range from 1 fC to 500fC
- Two different adjustable shaper. A high gain shaper for small signal and a low gain shaper for large signal
- Three comparators for tri-thresholds readout
- A random access memory used as a digital buffer

The structure of the analog part is shown below:

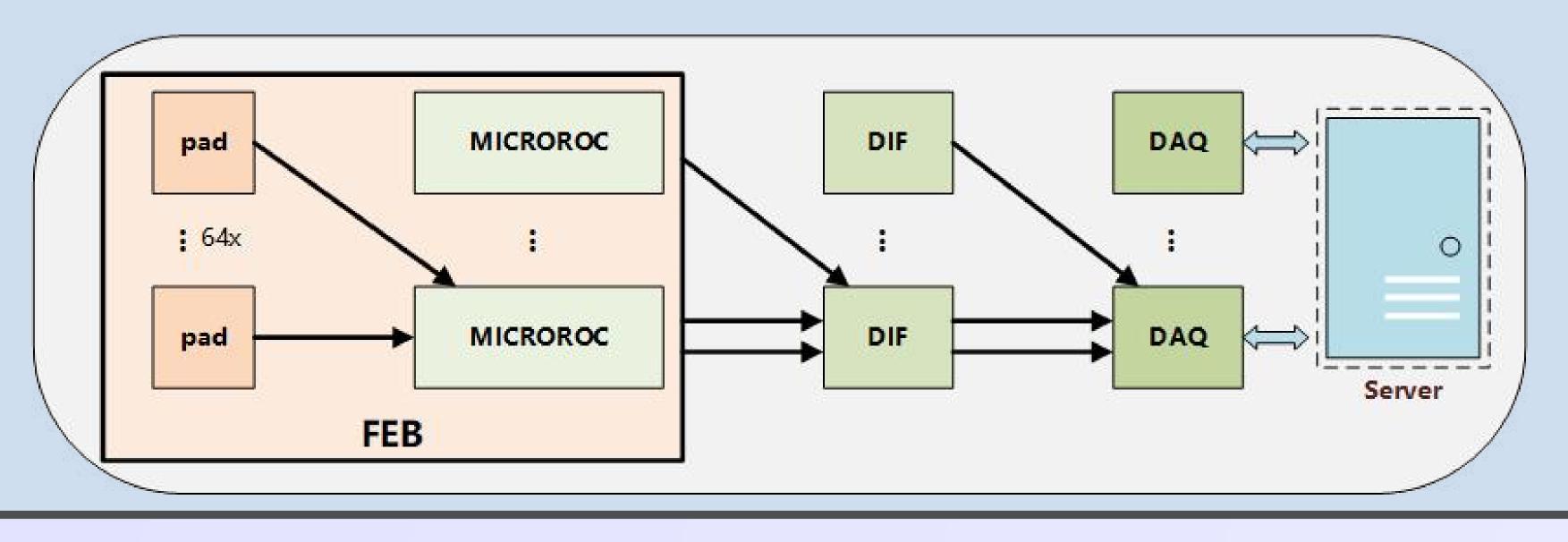


Readout System Structure

The readout system is developed on SRS(Scalable Readout System), which means users can reuse the same system just changing the front-end board. The whole system includes flowing parts:

- FEB(Front-End Board):Combination of detector and readout ASIC
- DIF(Detector InterFace):Control the ASIC and read back data
- DAQ:Distribute clock and command. Gather data from DIF

The system structure of the hole system is shown below

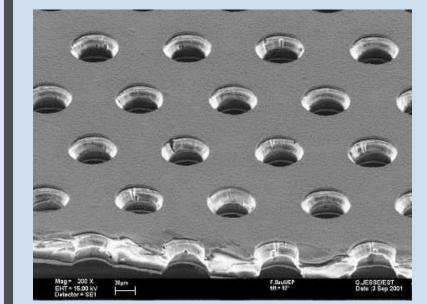


Phase I Design and Test

A "Phase I" design is completed to verify the readout structure and test the performance of MICRO-ROC. The front-end ASIC is separated from the detector plane. The system shown below contains the GEM detector, FEB and DIF.



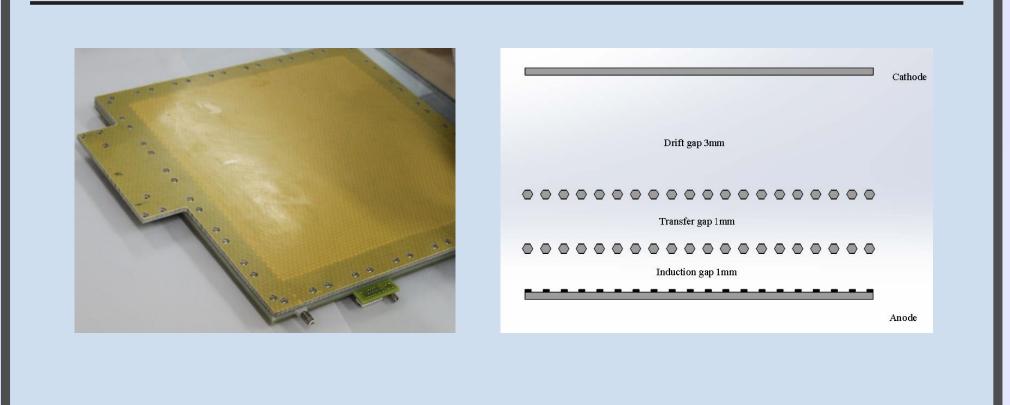
GEM Detector



- 1. Cu:t = $5\mu m$
- 2. Kapton: $T = 50 \mu m$
- 3. Diameter: $d = 60 \mu m$
- 4. $D = 80 \mu m$
- 5. pitch: $140\mu m$

Self-stretching technique (from CERN)

- 1. Assembling process is easy and fast
- 2. No dead area inside the active area
- 3. Uniform gas flow
- Detachable



Next Step

Conclusion

Total Conclusion

- d
- C
- b
- a
- d
- a

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