

Routing HTTP Traffic to Backend Services

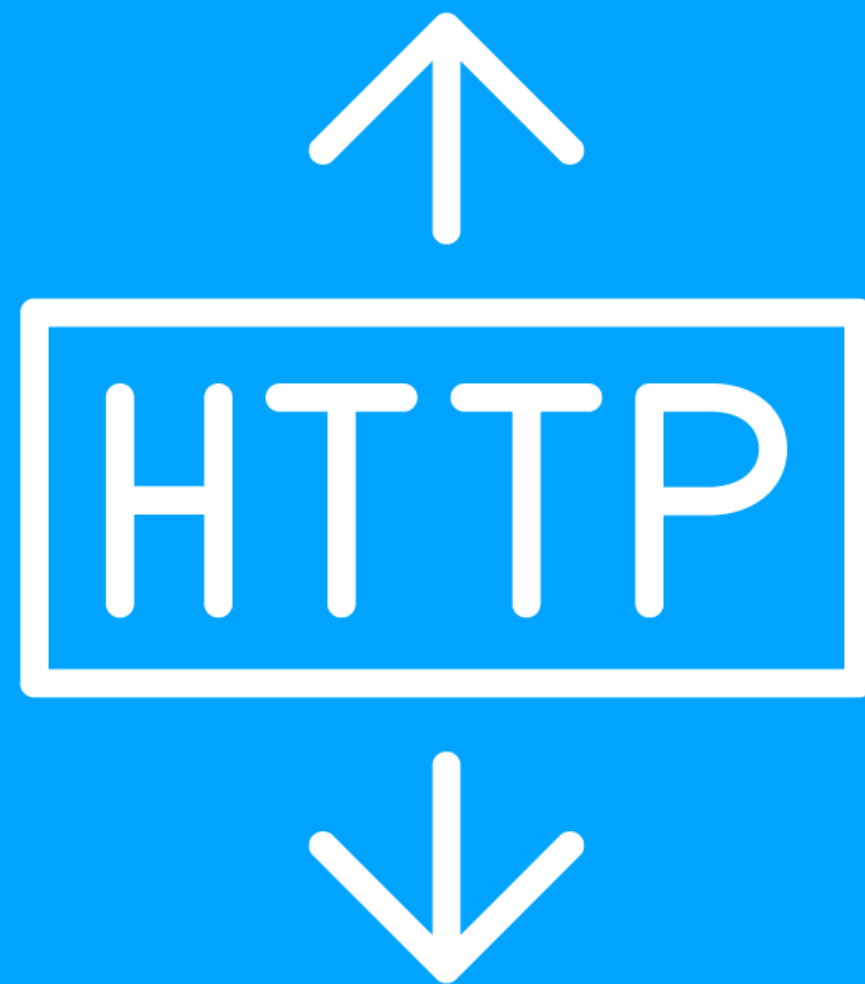


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HTTP Traffic Routing

Gateway API supports multiple protocols, but our focus is on routing HTTP traffic.

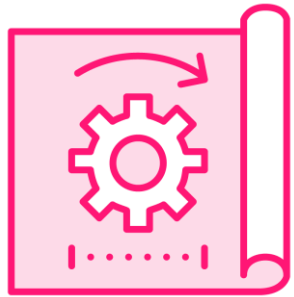


GatewayClass

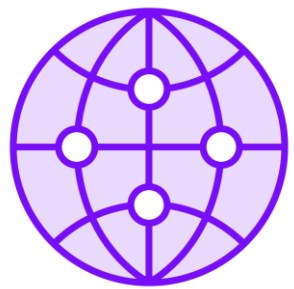
A resource that describes the common behavior of a set of gateways used for ingress purposes in Kubernetes.



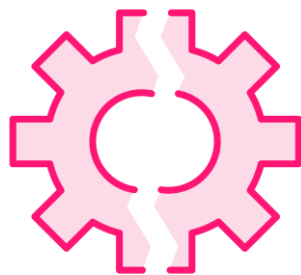
Characteristics of the GatewayClass



Provides a representation of a gateway controller running in the cluster



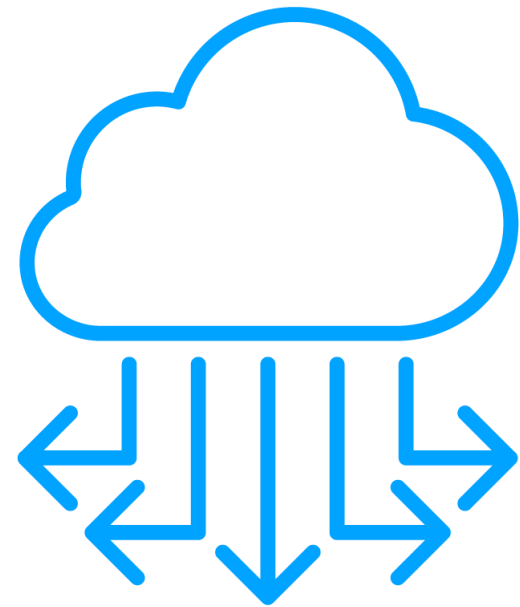
Object instances of GatewayClass resources are scoped to the cluster



Decouples those who define application traffic routes from the implementation

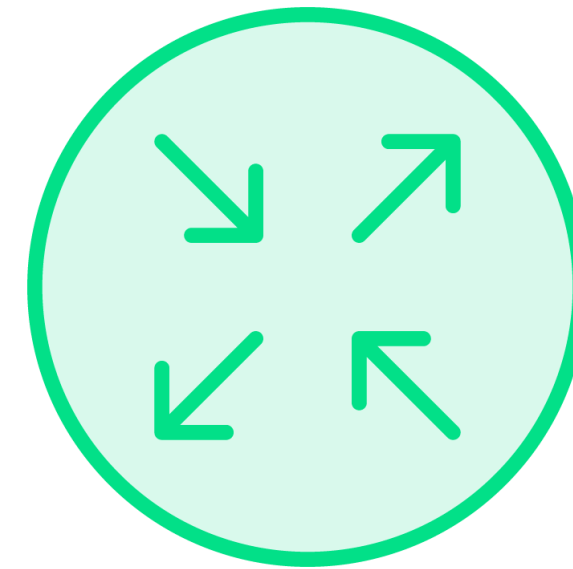


Gateway Controller Types



Public Cloud

Provisions cloud resources that enable HTTP routing to backend services



Proxies

Configures proxy software to facilitate HTTP routing to backend services



Defining a GatewayClass

The 'controllerName' is a required field.

gatewayclass.yaml

```
---
apiVersion: gateway.networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: GatewayClass
metadata:
  name: envoy-gateway-dev
spec:
  controllerName: gateway.envoyproxy.io/gw-controller
```

```
$ kubectl get gatewayclasses
```

NAME	CONTROLLER	ACCEPTED	AGE
envoy-gateway-dev	gateway.envoyproxy.io/gw-controller	True	9s

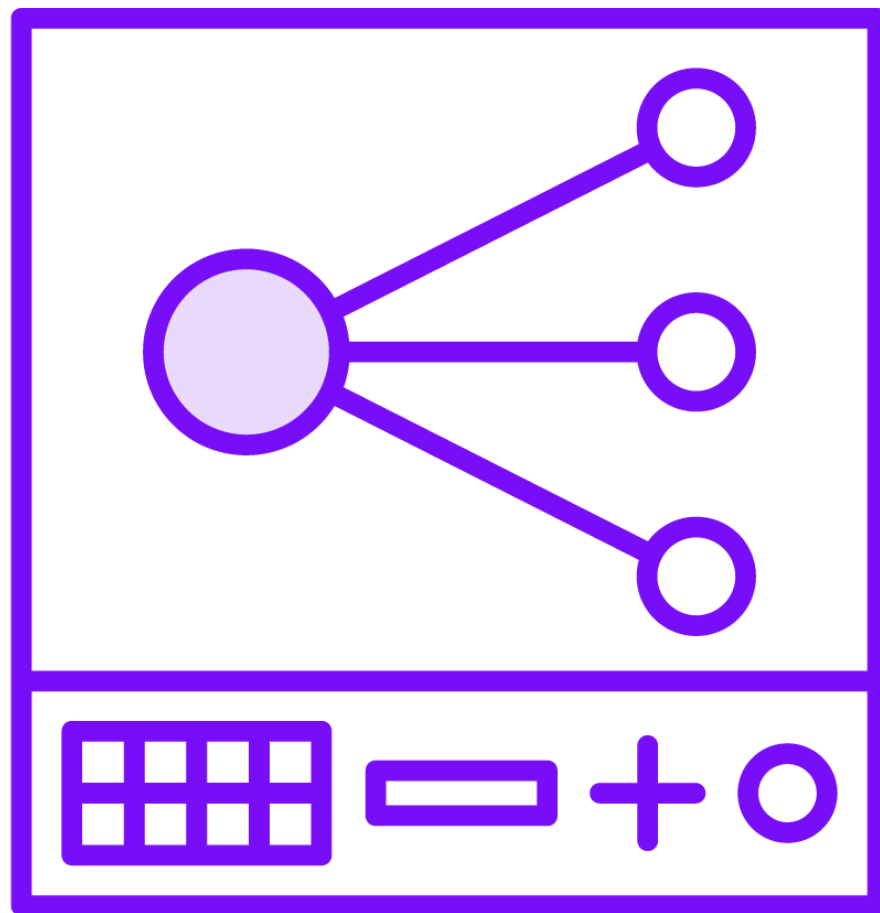


Gateway

A Gateway describes how traffic can be translated to backend services within the cluster.



Consequences of Gateway Object Creation

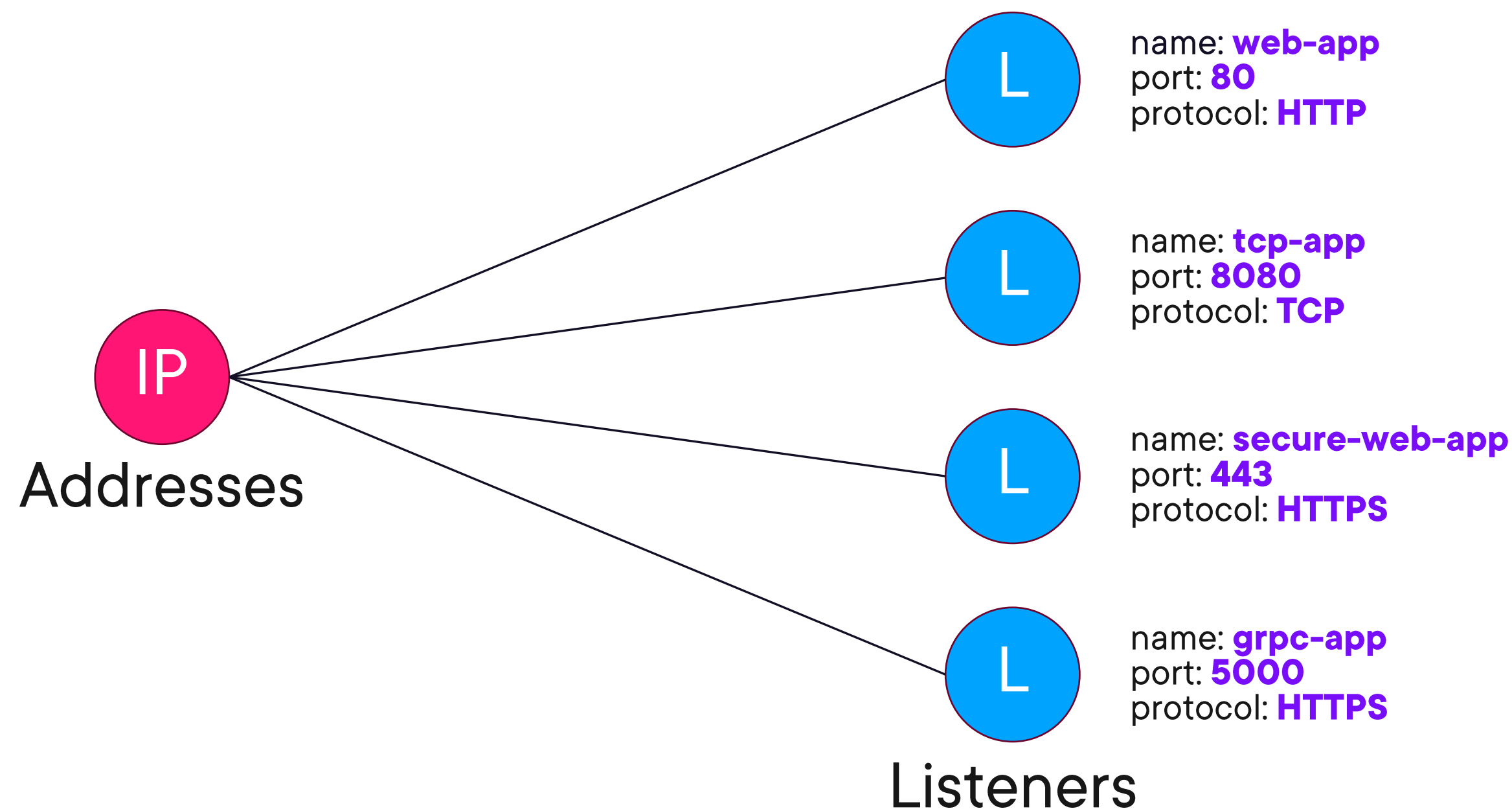


What happens when Gateway objects are created?

- Gateway 'managed' by GatewayClass
- Triggers configuration of infrastructure
- Actions performed by gateway controller



Binding Listeners to Addresses



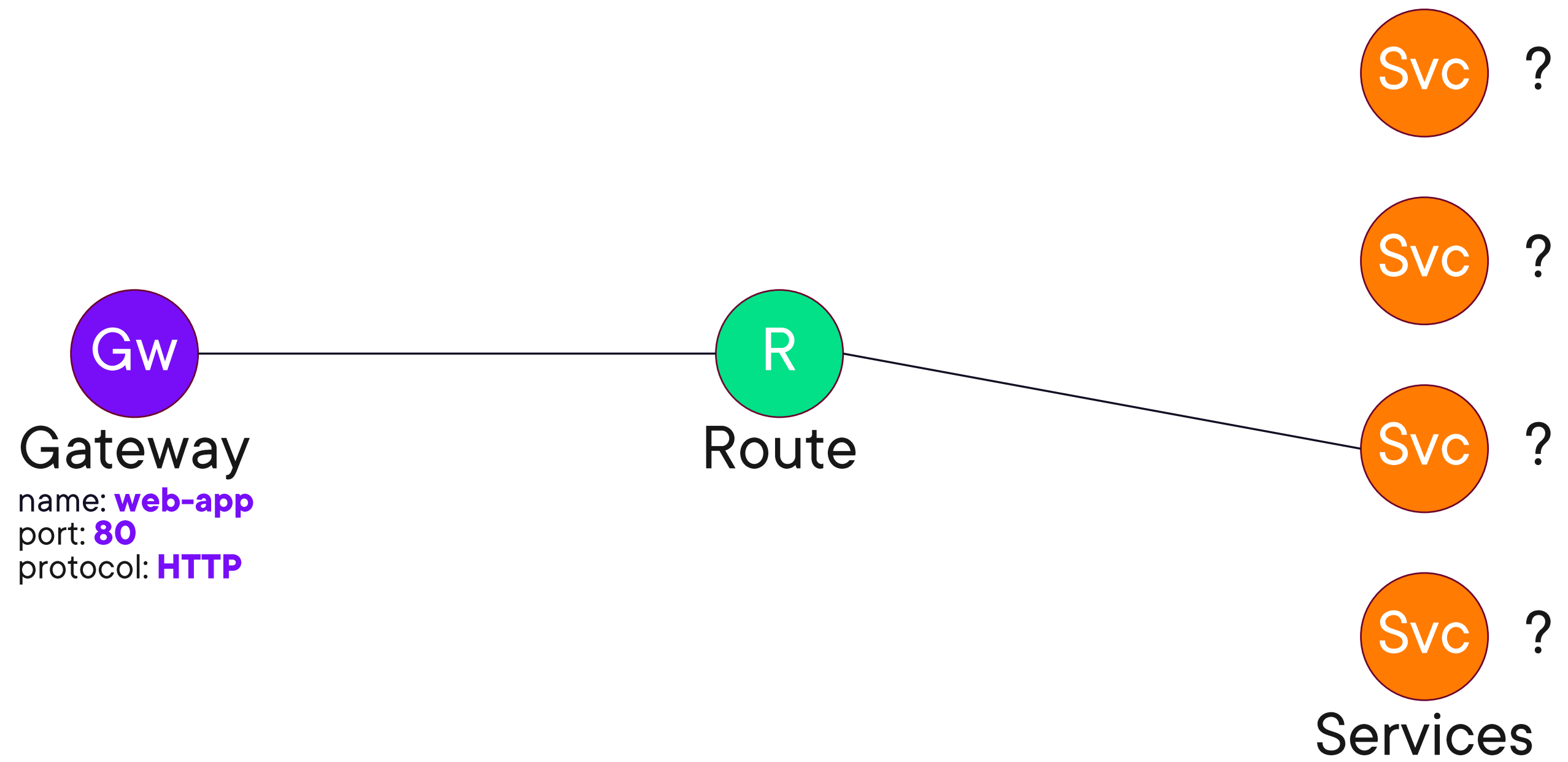
Gateway Object

gateway.yaml

```
apiVersion: gateway.networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Gateway
metadata:
  name: web-app-dev-gw
spec:
  gatewayClassName: envoy-gateway-dev
  listeners:
    - protocol: HTTP
      port: 80
      name: http
      hostname: dev.mycorp.com
```



Routes



HTTPRoute

An HTTPRoute is a Gateway API type for specifying routing behavior of HTTP requests from a Gateway listener to an API object, i.e. Service.



```
---  
apiVersion: gateway.networking.k8s.io/v1  
kind: HTTPRoute  
metadata:  
  name: web-app  
spec:  
  
<snip>
```

Defining an HTTPRoute



Referencing Gateways

An HTTPRoute can reference one or more Gateway parents.

httproute.yaml

```
---
apiVersion: gateway.networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: HTTPRoute
metadata:
  name: web-app
spec:
  parentRefs:
    - name: web-app-dev-gw
      group: gateway.networking.k8s.io
      kind: Gateway
```



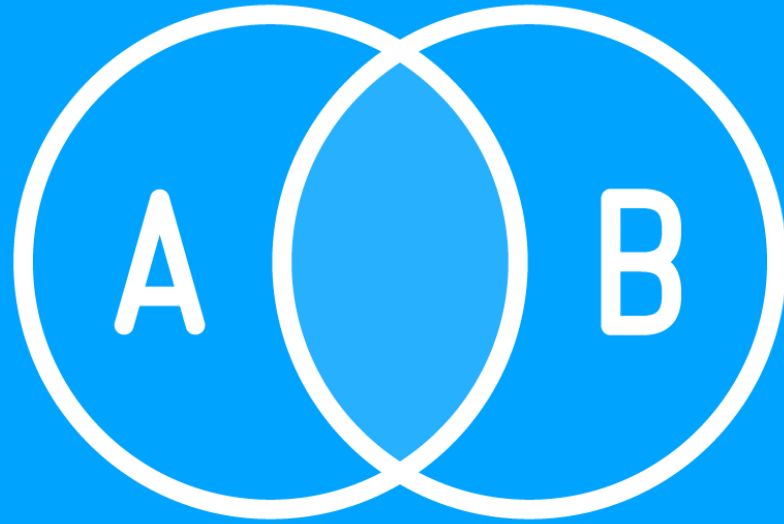
Virtual Hosts

HTTPRoutes can specify hostnames which must match HTTP host header.

httproute.yaml

```
---
apiVersion: gateway.networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: HTTPRoute
metadata:
  name: web-app
spec:
  parentRefs:
    - name: web-app-dev-gw
  hostnames:
    - dev.mycorp.com
```





Hostname Intersection

A request can be routed if there is an intersection between the hostnames in the Gateway Listener and HTTPRoute.



Hostnames

Example #1

Listener	HTTPRoute	
dev.mycorp.com	-	✓
	dev.mycorp.com	✓
	*.mycorp.com	✓
	qa.mycorp.com	✗
	mycorp.com	✗

Example #2

Listener	HTTPRoute	
*.mycorp.com	-	✓
	dev.mycorp.com	✓
	*.mycorp.com	✓
	qa.mycorp.com	✓
	mycorp.com	✗

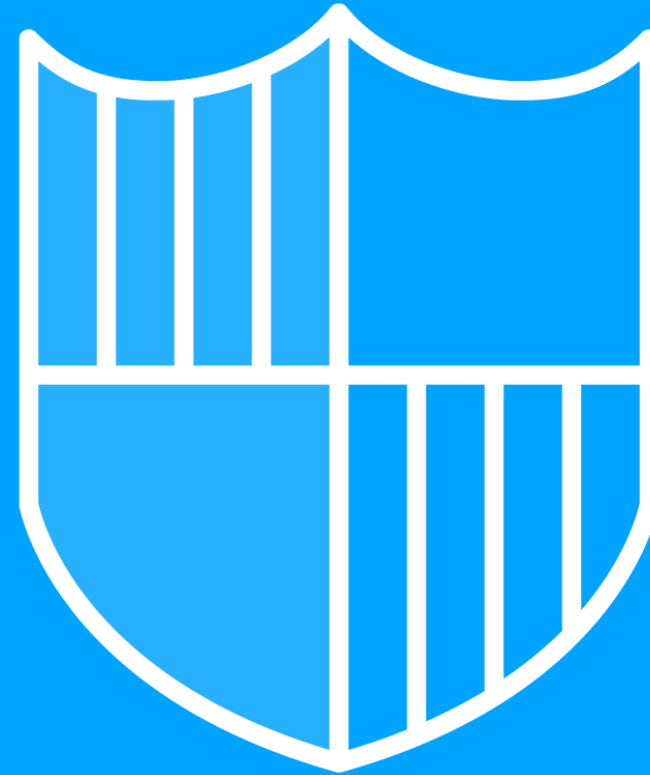


Rules

httproute.yaml

```
---
apiVersion: gateway.networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: HTTPRoute
metadata:
  name: web-app
spec:
  parentRefs:
    - name: web-app-dev-gw
  hostnames:
    - dev.mycorp.com
  rules:
    - backendRefs:
        - name: web-app-svc
          port: 80
```





Trust

Trust is established with HTTPRoute and Gateway objects co-habiting the same namespace.



Demo



Consuming a Kubernetes Application Using the Gateway API

- Use cluster with Envoy Gateway installed
- A simple application already deployed
- Inspect and apply Gateway API object definitions
- Test access to the app in a web browser



Up Next:

Migrating from the Ingress API to the Gateway API

