

High-Dimensional Semi-Quantum Cryptography

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Objectives

Can we have unconditional security with limited Quantum resource?

- Restrict one parties capability.
- Bridge the gap between Classical and Quantum Realm
- Use less expensive Quantum hardwares
- Fallback option for fully fledged QKD

Motivation

- Perfect security is impossible with all-classical capabilities but possible with quantum resources.
- High-dimensional QKD offers better protection.
- Using HD-resources in SQKD provides advantages.

What is Quantum Key Distribution?

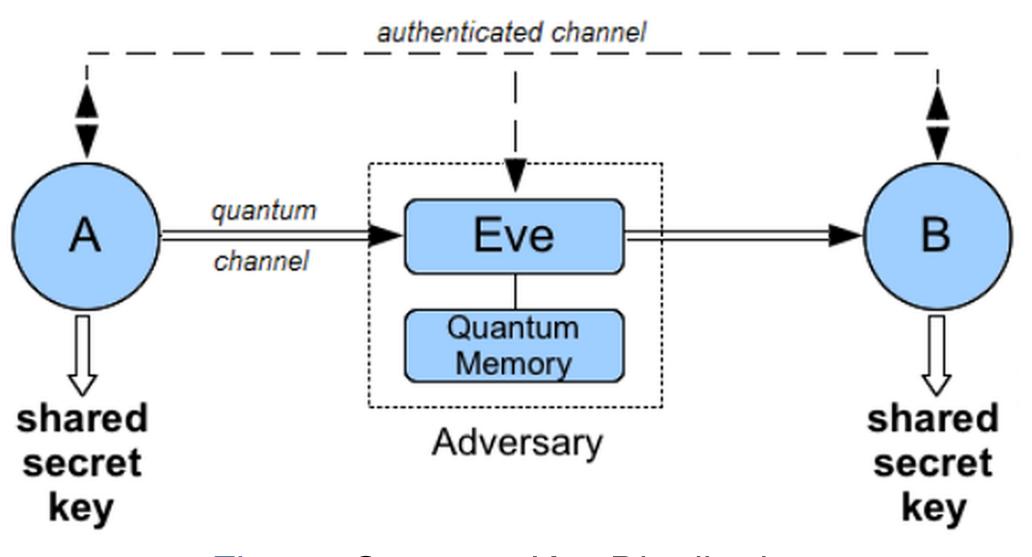


Figure: Quantum Key Distribution

- Alice (A) sends her friend Bob (B) information via Qubits through Quantum channel.
- Adversary Eve (E) can attack the channel in various ways.
- A and B communicates classically to produce a shared key.
- The key is secure as long as E does not know 'too much' about it.

What is High-Dimensional SQKD

- High-Dimensional qudits instead of traditional qubits.
- More information transmitted in each iteration.
- Robust against quantum cloning.
- Better noise resistance.

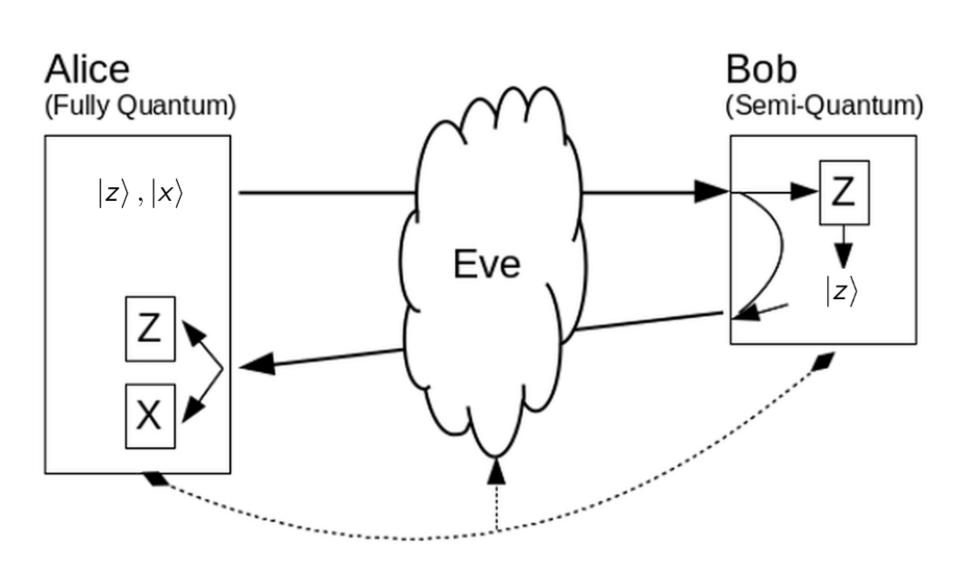


Figure: HD-SQKD

Reduction

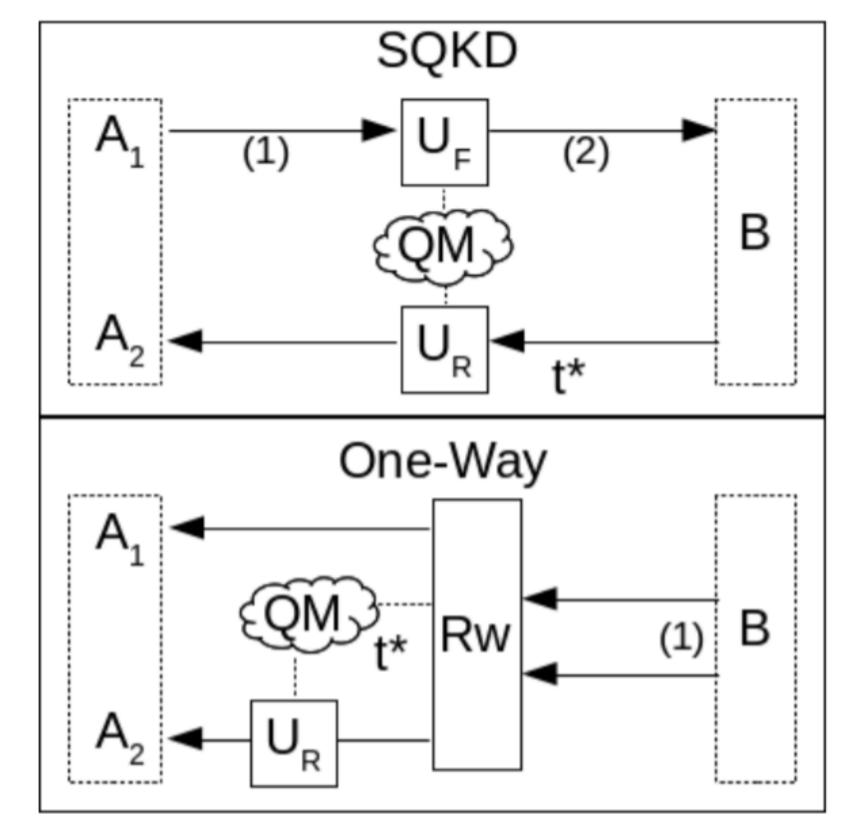


Figure: Convert two-way attack to one-way

Important Result

High-dimensional SQKD offers the best key-rate so far. Proof technique developed here is applicable to other protocols.

Simplified Protocol

HD-SQKD OW-SQKD

- 1. A prepares $|z\rangle$ or $|x\rangle$, 1. Bob prepares and sends two states depending on sends to Bob his choice of whether MR
- 2. Eve attacks the forward 2. Eve attacks only once channel

or Meas

or reflects

4. Eve attacks the reverse

channel Alice measures returning qubits.

Bob measures/resends 3. Alice measures in two basis

Evaluation

- Noise tolerance: How much disturbance in the channel can the protocol withstand.
- How does it compare to a famous fully quantum HD-QKD protocol.

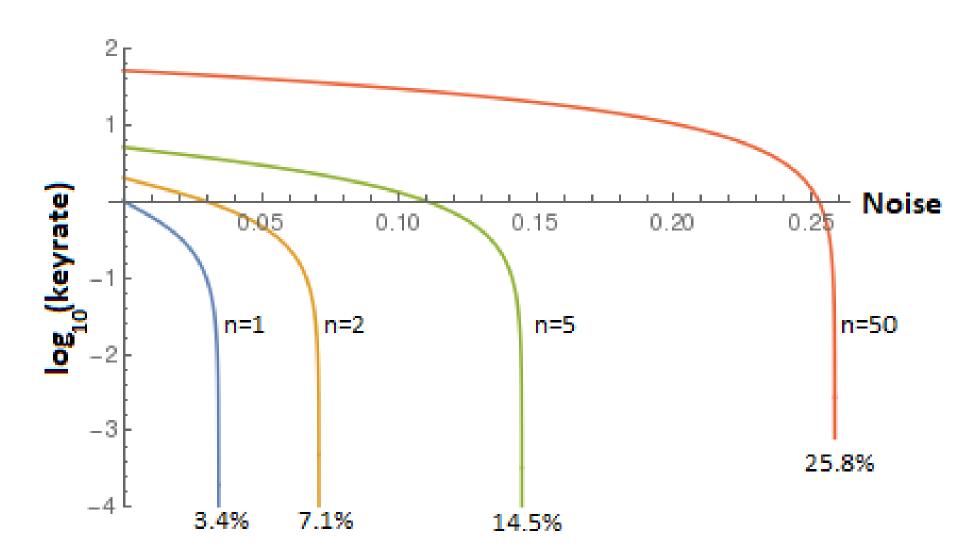


Figure: Noise Tolerance in different dimensions

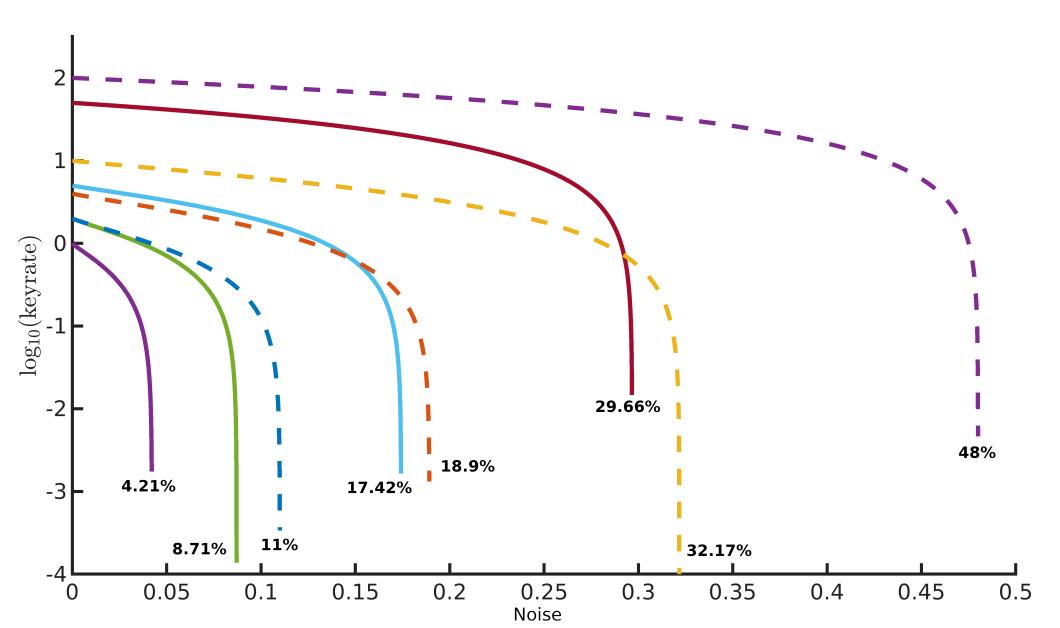


Figure: Noise vs Key rate: HD-SQKD vs HD-BB84

Conclusion

- We have proposed a new HD-SQKD protocol.
- Performed an information theoratic-security analysis.
- Showed how to reduce a two-way protocol to one way.
- Proved that Qudits can indeed benefit SQKD model.
- Applying this proof technique to other protocols would be quite interesting.

References

[1] Michel Boyer, Dan Kenigsberg, and Tal Mor. Quantum key distribution with classical bob. In 2007 First International Conference on Quantum, Nano, and Micro Technologies (ICQNM'07), pages 10–10. IEEE, 2007.

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