

# Top 10 algorithms in Interview Questions

In this post "Top 10 coding problems of important topics with their solutions " are written. If you are preparing for a coding interview, going through these problems is a must.

## Topics :

1. Graph
2. Linked List
3. Dynamic Programming
4. Sorting And Searching
5. Tree / Binary Search Tree
6. Number Theory
7. BIT Manipulation
8. String / Array

## Graph

1. [Breadth First Search \(BFS\)](#)
2. [Depth First Search \(DFS\)](#)
3. [Shortest Path from source to all vertices \\*\\*Dijkstra\\*\\*](#)
4. [Shortest Path from every vertex to every other vertex \\*\\*Floyd Warshall\\*\\*](#)
5. [To detect cycle in a Graph \\*\\*Union Find\\*\\*](#)
6. [Minimum Spanning tree \\*\\*Prim\\*\\*](#)
7. [Minimum Spanning tree \\*\\*Kruskal\\*\\*](#)
8. [Topological Sort](#)
9. [Boggle \(Find all possible words in a board of characters\)](#)
10. [Bridges in a Graph](#)

## Linked List

1. [Insertion of a node in Linked List \(On the basis of some constraints\)](#)
2. [Delete a given node in Linked List \(under given constraints\)](#)
3. [Compare two strings represented as linked lists](#)
4. [Add Two Numbers Represented By Linked Lists](#)
5. [Merge A Linked List Into Another Linked List At Alternate Positions](#)
6. [Reverse A List In Groups Of Given Size](#)
7. [Union And Intersection Of 2 Linked Lists](#)
8. [Detect And Remove Loop In A Linked List](#)
9. [Merge Sort For Linked Lists](#)
10. [Select A Random Node from A Singly Linked List](#)

## Dynamic Programming

1. [Longest Common Subsequence](#)
2. [Longest Increasing Subsequence](#)
3. [Edit Distance](#)
4. [Minimum Partition](#)
5. [Ways to Cover a Distance](#)
6. [Longest Path In Matrix](#)
7. [Subset Sum Problem](#)
8. [Optimal Strategy for a Game](#)
9. [0-1 Knapsack Problem](#)
10. [Boolean Parenthesization Problem](#)

## Sorting And Searching

1. [Binary Search](#)
2. [Search an element in a sorted and rotated array](#)
3. [Bubble Sort](#)
4. [Insertion Sort](#)

5. [Merge Sort](#)
6. [Heap Sort \(Binary Heap\)](#)
7. [Quick Sort](#)
8. [Interpolation Search](#)
9. [Find Kth Smallest/Largest Element In Unsorted Array](#)
10. [Given a sorted array and a number x, find the pair in array whose sum is closest to x](#)

## Tree / Binary Search Tree

1. [Find Minimum Depth of a Binary Tree](#)
2. [Maximum Path Sum in a Binary Tree](#)
3. [Check if a given array can represent Preorder Traversal of Binary Search Tree](#)
4. [Check whether a binary tree is a full binary tree or not](#)
5. [Bottom View Binary Tree](#)
6. [Print Nodes in Top View of Binary Tree](#)
7. [Remove nodes on root to leaf paths of length  \$< K\$](#)
8. [Lowest Common Ancestor in a Binary Search Tree](#)
9. [Check if a binary tree is subtree of another binary tree](#)
10. [Reverse alternate levels of a perfect binary tree](#)

## Number Theory

1. [Modular Exponentiation](#)
2. [Modular multiplicative inverse](#)
3. [Primality Test | Set 2 \(Fermat Method\)](#)
4. [Euler's Totient Function](#)
5. [Sieve of Eratosthenes](#)
6. [Convex Hull](#)
7. [Basic and Extended Euclidean algorithms](#)
8. [Segmented Sieve](#)
9. [Chinese remainder theorem](#)
10. [Lucas Theorem](#)

## BIT Manipulation

1. [Maximum Subarray XOR](#)
2. [Magic Number](#)
3. [Sum of bit differences among all pairs](#)
4. [Swap All Odds And Even Bits](#)
5. [Find the element that appears once](#)
6. [Binary representation of a given number](#)
7. [Count total set bits in all numbers from 1 to n](#)
8. [Rotate bits of a number](#)
9. [Count number of bits to be flipped to convert A to B](#)
10. [Find Next Sparse Number](#)

## String / Array

1. [Reverse an array without affecting special characters](#)
2. [All Possible Palindromic Partitions](#)
3. [Count triplets with sum smaller than a given value](#)
4. [Convert array into Zig-Zag fashion](#)
5. [Generate all possible sorted arrays from alternate elements of two given sorted arrays](#)
6. [Pythagorean Triplet in an array](#)
7. [Length of the largest subarray with contiguous elements](#)
8. [Find the smallest positive integer value that cannot be represented as sum of any subset of a given array](#)
9. [Smallest subarray with sum greater than a given value](#)
10. [Stock Buy Sell to Maximize Profit](#)

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