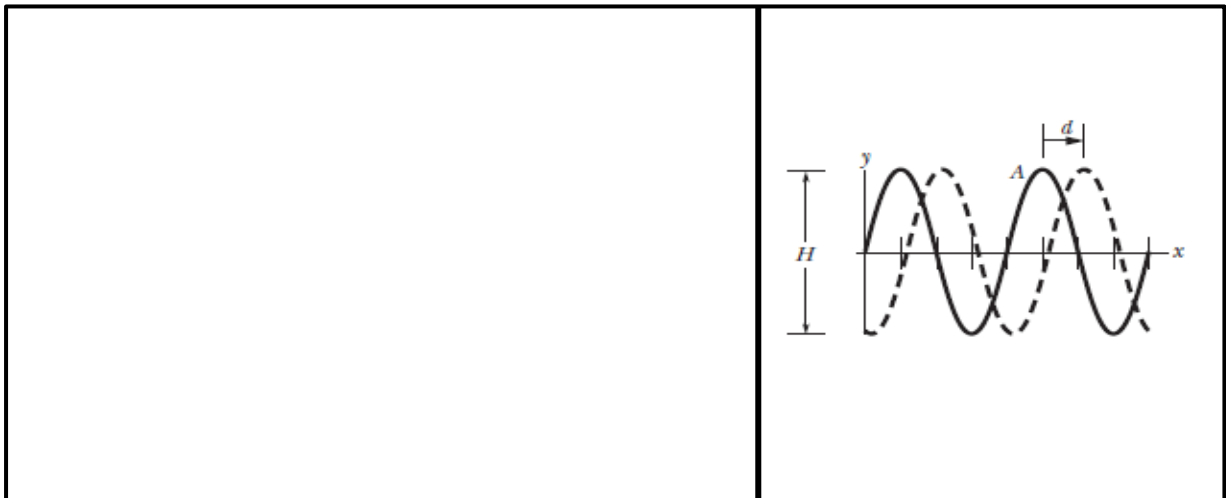


**Chapter: WAVE MOTION (EE117)**

**Worksheet# 05 (Sec: \_\_\_\_ )**

1. A wave has an angular frequency of 110 rad/s and a wavelength of 1.80 m.  
Calculate (a) the angular wave number and (b) the speed of the wave.

2. A sinusoidal wave moving along a string is shown twice in Fig. below, as crest A travels in the positive direction of an  $x$  axis by distance  $d = 6.0$  cm in 4.0 ms. The tick marks along the axis are separated by 10 cm; height  $H = 6.00$  mm.  
If the wave equation is of the form  $y(x, t) = A \sin(kx \pm \omega t)$ ,  
What are (a)  $A$  (b)  $k$ , (c)  $v$ , (d)  $\omega$  and (e) the correct choice of sign in front of  $\omega$ ?



3. A particular wave is given by  $y = (0.200\text{m}) \sin [(0.500\text{m}^{-1})x - (8.20\text{rad/s})t]$   
Find: (i)  $A$  (ii)  $k$  (iii)  $\lambda$  (iv)  $\omega$  (v) frequency (vi)  $y$  at  $x=10.0\text{m}$  and  $t=0.5\text{s}$  (vii)  $v$

4. A sinusoidal wave train is described by the equation  $y = (0.25\text{m}) \sin(0.30x - 40t)$  where  $x$  and  $y$  are in meters and  $t$  is in seconds. Determine the (a) Amplitude (b) Angular frequency (c) angular wave number (d) wavelength (e) wave speed (f) direction of motion.

5. (a) A sinusoidal wave on a string is described by the equation  $y = (0.51\text{cm}) \sin(kx - \omega t)$  where  $k = 3.10 \text{ rad/cm}$  and  $\omega = 9.30 \text{ rad/s}$ . how far does a wave crest move in 10 sec? does it move in the positive or negative  $x$  direction?
- (b) a wave is described by  $y = (2.00\text{cm}) \sin(kx - \omega t)$  where  $k = 2.11 \text{ rad/m}$  and  $\omega = 3.62 \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $x$  is in meters and time  $t$  is in seconds. Determine the amplitude, wavelength, frequency and speed of the wave?