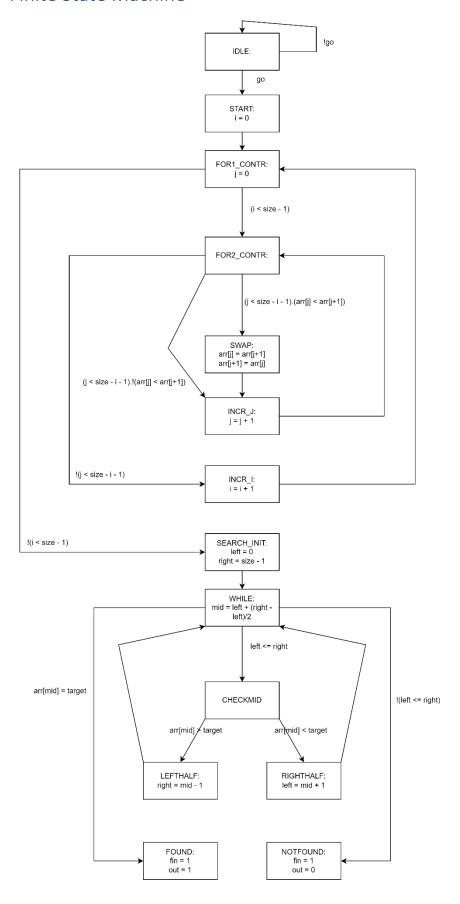
# GTU Department of Computer Engineering CSE 433 – Spring 2023 Homework #2 Report

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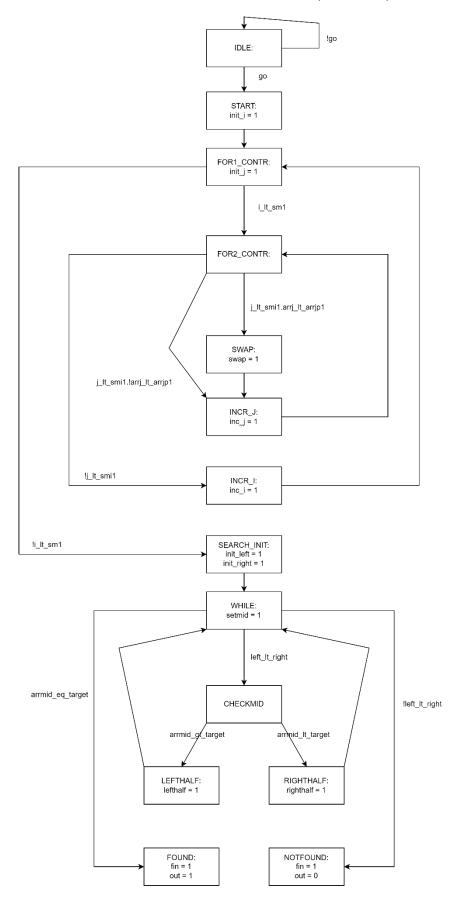
```
int sortsearch(int arr[], int size, int target) {
    int i, j, temp, go;
    while(!go);
    i = 0;
    while ( i < size - 1) {
        j = 0;
        while(j < size - i - 1) {
            if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
                temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                arr[j + 1] = temp;
            j++;
        i++;
    int left = 0;
    int right = size - 1;
    while (left <= right) {</pre>
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
        if (arr[mid] == target) {
            return 1;
        if (arr[mid] < target) {</pre>
            left = mid + 1;
        else {
            right = mid - 1;
    return 0;
```

→ Bubblesort algorithm is used for sorting.

## Finite State Machine



# Finite State Machine with Control Input-Outputs



### Verilog Design and Assumptions

- → In verilog design, the circuit takes the array as 32 different 32bit inputs. Giving the input as 2D memory was not possible.
- "declaring module ports or function arguments with unpacked array types requires SystemVerilog extensions"
- → The datapath component, however, takes the entire array as a single concatenated 1024bit input and parses it into 32 diverse 32bit registers. It was possible to make the main component take the array as 1024bit input but it would make the testing harder
- → It is assumed that the user knows the array can be at most 32 elements long and gives valid inputs.

#### Test Results

In testbench, there is an array of 16 elements as input. Firstly, a number that is present in the array is searched. After the result is found, the machine is reset and an element that is not present in the array is searched.

The array:

124, 1915, 225, 826, 1326, 705, 418, 1638, 454, 596, 1059, 959, 1559, 2259, 559, 1259;

First searched number: 418

Second searched number: 200

#### Searching 418

#### Sorting Result:

+	124	124																				
	225	225																				
+	418	826			)) 7	)5		))(4	18													$\equiv$
+	454	1326 () 7	705		XXX	418		))(7	05		X 454											
+	559	705 ()()	418			826			() 454		)( )( 5	96								))( 5	59	$\equiv$
+	596	418	1326			X 454			()()) 596		)) 7	05							()( 559	))( 5	96	
+	705	1638	))( 454			))( )( 59	6		() 826								X	559	)) 705			
+	826	454	))))) 596	5		XXXX	1059		))) 9	59						X 559	X	826				$\equiv$
	959	596	XXX	059		XX	959		))( 1	059				)( 55	9	959						
+	1059	1059	L XX	959			1326					))( 55	9	)) 10	59							
+	1259	959	<b>:</b>	() 1559						3 559			1259									
+	1326	1559		1638			))( 5	59		)) )) 12	9	X	1326									$\equiv$
+	1559	1915		)) 5	9		XXX	1259		() 15	i9											
+	1638	\$59		ואכאנ	1259		X	1638														
+	1915	1259			1915																	$\equiv$
+	2259	2259																				
taethanch/e/dat/u arr16	VVVVVV																			-		

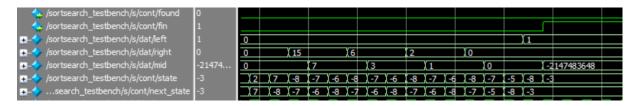
#### **Searching Process:**

/sortsearch_testbench/s/cont/found	1								11	
/sortsearch_testbench/s/cont/fin	1								Ħ	
/sortsearch_testbench/s/dat/left	3	0					2	(3		
/sortsearch_testbench/s/dat/right	2	0	15	(6	(2					
/sortsearch_testbench/s/dat/mid	-21474	0	(7		3	1	(2	X	-214	7483646

Left and right are endpoints and the mid is the current middle index. Last value of mid is 2 and 418 is on arr[2]. The number is found in 3 iterations. Finish and found outputs are set to 1.

#### Searching 200

The array is sorted in the same manner.



After searching in 4 iterations, the number is not found. Finish is set to 1 and found stays as 0.