



#### **ROS Workshop**

Packages, Tools, and Libraries

January 12, 2023

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#### 1. Packages

- 2. Gazebo
- 3. RViz
- 4. Coordinate Frames
- 4.1 tf The Transform Library
- Popular Packages
- 5.1 Gmapping
- 5.2 Navigation Stack



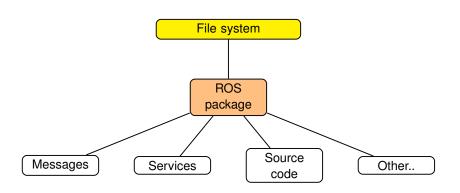


#### Inside a ROS package:



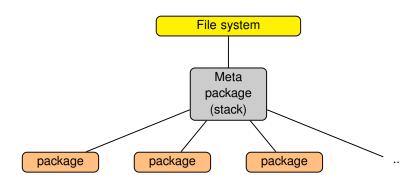
















How to install packages:

- From source (many packages available on GitHub).
- Using apt. Example:

sudo apt install ros-noetic-navigation





#### Demo

package, rosrun, launch files

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#### Gazebo

- Gazebo is a simulator that is bundled with ROS distributions.
- Gazebo includes a physics engine, 3D rendering (OpenGL), and support for simulating sensors and actuators.
- Simulation environment can be defined in a .world file.





# Example

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#### **RViz**

- RViz can be used to visualize several commonly used ROS messages
- Examples: laser scans, occupancy gird maps, point clouds, images, robot frames, etc..





### RViz

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#### **Coordinate Frames**

- A robotic system involves several coordinate frames that change over time.
- A common task in robotics, is to find the transformation between frames.
- Visualization of these frames is also very important.





#### **Coordinate Frames**

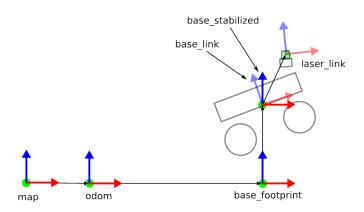
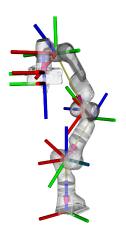


image source: http://wiki.ros.org/hector\_slam/Tutorials/SettingUpForYourRobot





#### **Coordinate Frames**



Source: https://ros-planning.github.io/moveit\_tutorials/doc/robot\_model\_and\_robot\_state/robot\_model\_and\_robot\_state\_tutorial.html





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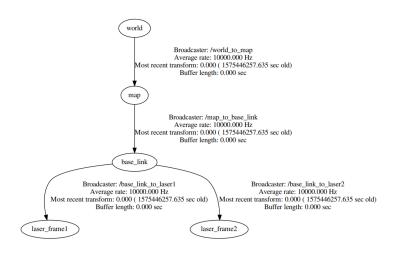
#### tf - The Transform Library

- The tf is a library for handling transformation between frames.
- The library stores the relationship between frames in a tree structure buffered in time.
- In ROS, it comes as a package called tf2.





#### tf - The Transform Library



Source: https://spl.hevs.io/spl-docs/tools/ros/tf2.html





#### tf - The Transform Library

- There is no central server. Each client listens to published transforms and maintains a copy of the tree.
- What a node can do:
  - Broadcast a transformation
  - Listens for all transformations
  - query for a transform at a chosen time instance
- Comes with a tool to quickly publish static transformations.





# Demo

#### **URDF**

- URDF = Unified Robotics Description Format
- XML format for representing a robot model





#### **URDF**





#### **URDF**

- URDF file can be loaded by robot\_state\_publisher
- It will publish link frames to tf





Example
URDF + Robot state publisher

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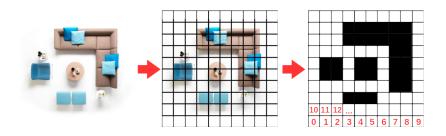
#### **Gmapping**

- Is a ROS wrapper for Gmapping C++ library.
- Implements a SLAM algorithm.
- odometry + laser scan → occupancy grid map





#### **Occupancy Grids**

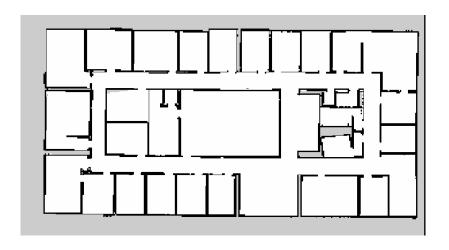


map data = [0, 0, 0, 0, ... , 0, 100 ,100 ,100 ,0 ,0 , ... ]





#### **Occupancy Grids**







#### **Gmapping**

sudo apt install ros-noetic-gmapping





## Gmapping

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#### **Navigation Stack**

- A collection of packages for mobile robot navigation (2D)
- map + odometry + laser scan + goal → velocity commands



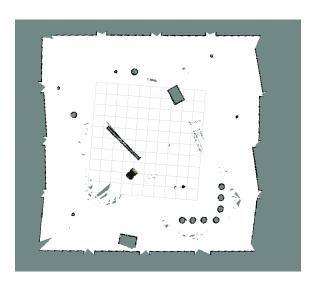


#### **Navigation Stack**

- Costmap
- Global planner
- Local planner

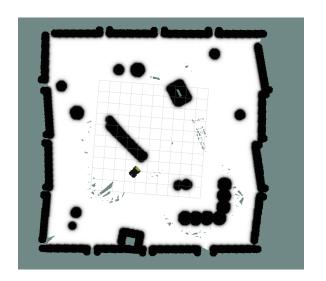






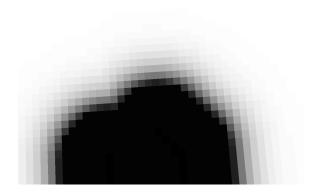






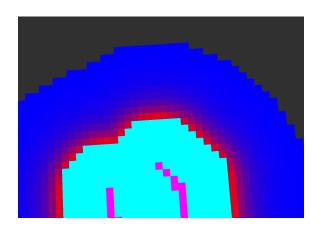






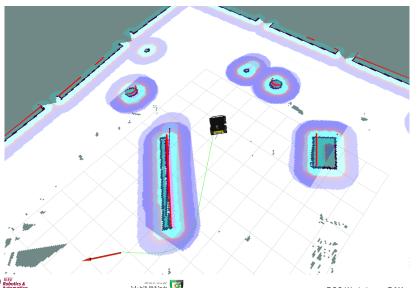












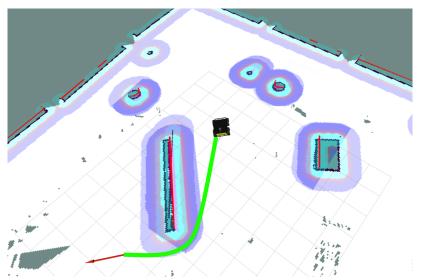
#### **Global Planner**

- Uses the global costmap
- Search algorithm to find a safe path in the global costmap





### **Global Planner**

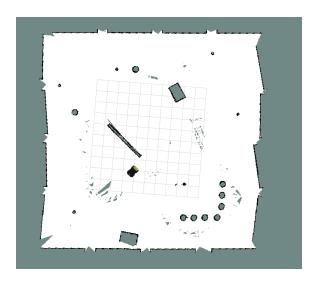




- Generates velocity commands to make the robot follow the global plan
- It uses a local costmap
- A local path is generated based on the global plan

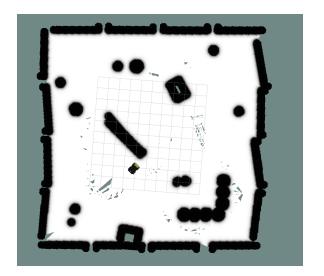






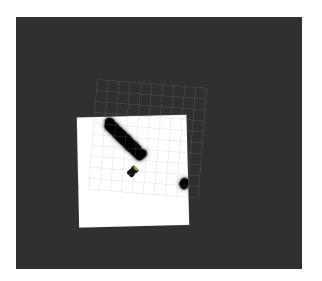
















# Demo

Thank you Questions..?