

PDF Vector image test

Contents

PDF Vector image test	1
Some heading or another	1
Another heading	1

Some heading or another

Another heading

This is the same as the test_vectorpdf test, except with a table of contents.

This tests reading PDFs using the vectorpdf extension ("-e vectorpdf"). This extension relies on [pdfwr](#).

Here is page 6 from the demo manual:

2.9 Block Quotes

Block quotes consist of indented body elements:

My theory by A. Elk. Brackets Mrs. brackets. This theory goes as follows and begins now. All nonredundants are thin at one end, much much thicker in the middle and then thin again at the far end. That is my theory. It is mine, and belongs to me and I own it, and what it is too.
Anne Elk (Mrs)

2.10 Doctest Blocks

>>> print "Python-specific usage examples: begun with '>>>'"
Python-specific usage examples: begun with '>>>'
>>> print "(cut and pasted from interactive Python session)"
(cut and pasted from interactive Python session)

2.11 Tables

Here's a grid table followed by a simple table:

Header row, column 1 (header rows optional)	Header 2	Header 3	Header 4
body row 1, column 1	column 2	column 3	column 4
body row 2	Cells may span columns.		
body row 3	Cells may span rows.	• Table cells	
body row 4		• contain	
body row 5	Cells may also be empty:-->		

Inputs		Output
A.	B	A or B
False	False	False
True	False	True
False	True	True
True	True	True

2.12 Footnotes

2.13 Citations

Here's a reference to the above, [CT2000], and a [nonexistent], citation.

2.14 Targets

This paragraph is pointed to by the explicit "example" target. A reference can be found under Inline Markup, above. Inline [hyperlink](#) targets are also possible.
Section headers are implicit targets, referred to by name. See [Targets](#), which is a subsection of [Body Elements](#).

Here is a portion of that same page:

	Header 2	Header 3	Header 4
	column 2	column 3	column 4
	Cells may span columns.		
	Cells may span rows.	• Table cells	
		• contain	
		• body elements.	

Here is a diagram:

