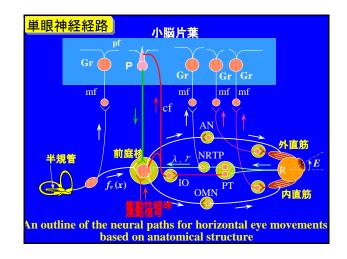
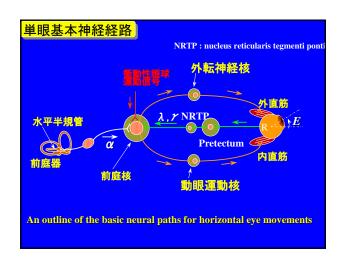
眼球運動モデルの構築法 (単眼)

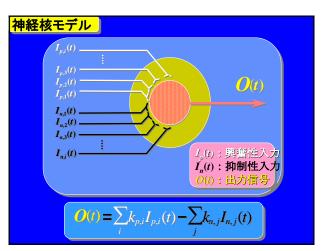
眼球運動の種類

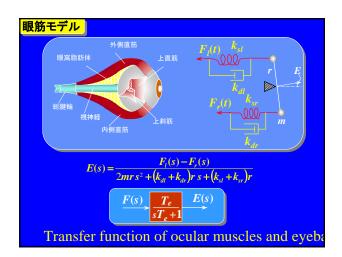
- 1. 衝動性眼球運動
- 2. 滑動性眼球運動
- 3. 視機性眼球運動(視機性反射)
- 4. 前庭動眼反射
- 5. 輻輳性眼球運動(よせ運動)

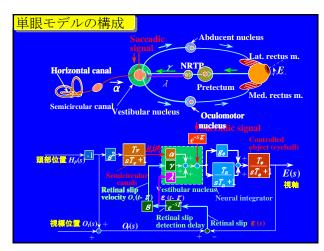
前庭信号と視覚信号のハイブリッド制御 ♪単眼モデルで説明 ♪動特性と周波数特性について

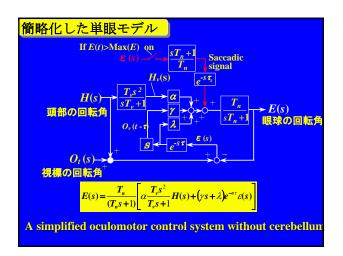


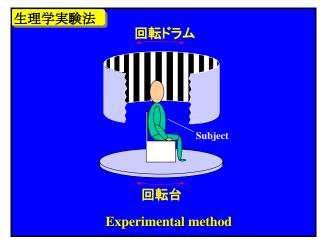


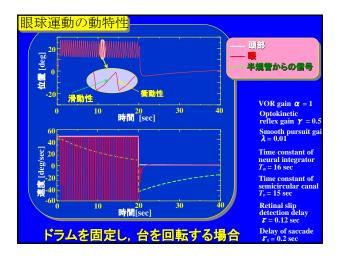


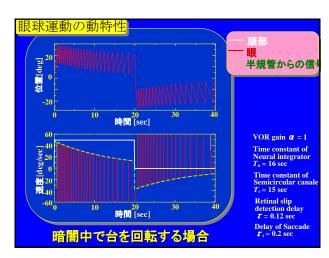


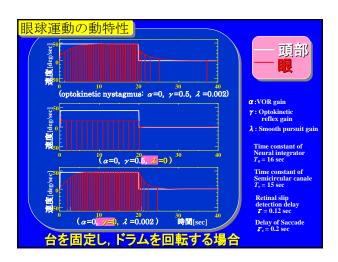


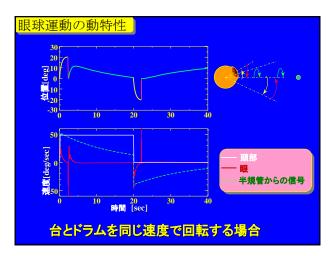


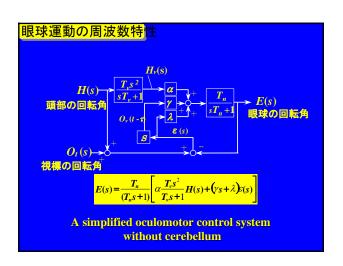


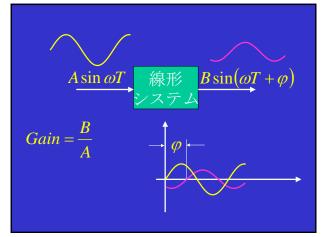


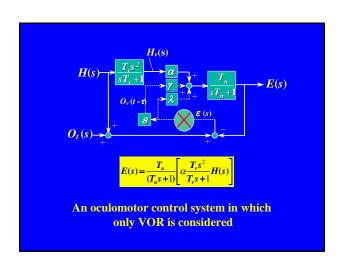


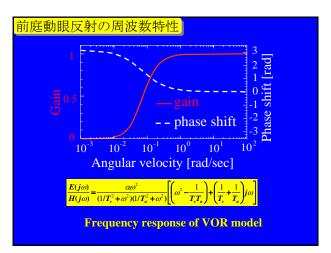


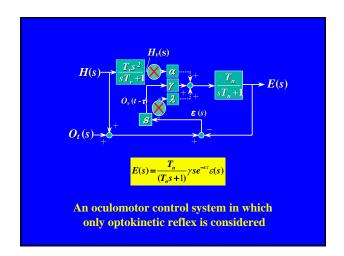


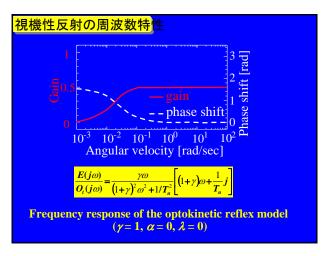


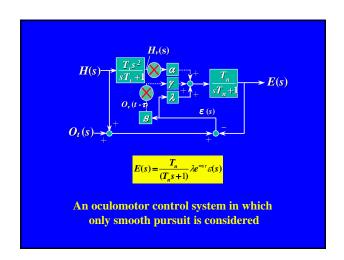


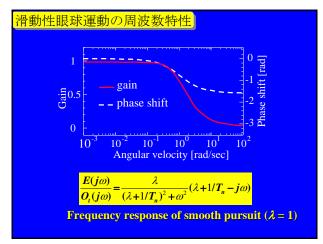


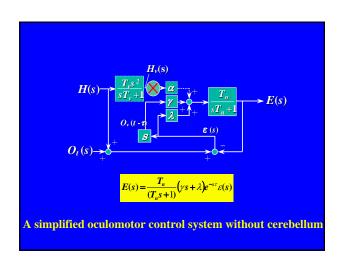


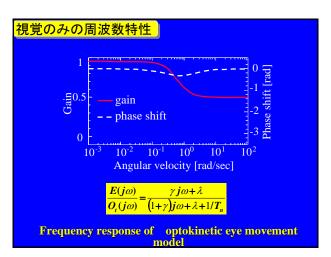


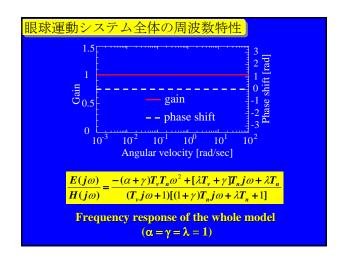












結論

- 1. 前庭動眼反射と視機性眼球運動は一つの 制御システムで有機的に統合されている.
- 2. 高周波数領域では前庭信号, 低周波数 領域では視覚信号が制御の主役である.