

1 View 1:UpcomingByHospital

1.1 Description

This view encapsulates a complex query that joins multiple tables and counts scheduled appointments per hospital and date. By using it, the application can query UpcomingByHospital directly without rewriting the joins and conditions each time

1.2 SQL Definition

```
CREATE VIEW UpcomingByHospital AS
SELECT h.Name, c.Date, COUNT(a.CAID)
FROM Appointment as a
JOIN ClinicalActivity c ON a.CAID = c.CAID
JOIN Department d ON c.DEP_ID = d.DEP_ID
JOIN Hospital h ON d.HID = h.HID
WHERE a.Status='Scheduled'
    AND c.Date BETWEEN CURRENT_DATE AND CURRENT_DATE + INTERVAL 14
    DAY
GROUP BY h.Name , c.Date ;
-- QUERY EXAMPLE FOR VIEW 1

SELECT *
FROM UpcomingByHospital
ORDER BY Name , Date;
```

1.3 Output Example

Name	Date	COUNT(a.CAID)

Figure 1: Output of the view query

2 View 2:DrugPricingSummary

2.1 Description

The view DrugPricingSummary encapsulates the complex joins of several tables to return the summary of medication per hospital .

2.2 SQL Definition

```
CREATE VIEW DrugPricingSummary AS
SELECT H.HID , H.Name AS HospitalName , M.MID , M.Name AS MedicationName
    ,
    MAX(S.UnitPrice) AS MaxUnitPrice ,
```

```

    min(S.UnitPrice) AS MinUnitPrice,
    AVG(S.UnitPrice) AS AvgUnitPrice,
    MAX(S.StockTimestamp) AS LastStockTimestamp
from stock S
join Hospital H on S.HID = H.HID
join Medication M on S.MID = M.MID
group by H.HID, H.Name, M.MID, M.Name;

-- QUERY EXAMPLE FOR VIEW 2
SELECT * FROM DrugPricingSummary ;

```

2.3 Output Example

⌚ 129 21:46:44 SELECT * FROM DrugPricingSummary : INSERT INTO Stock (HID, MID, StockTimestamp, UnitPrice... Error Code: 1644 Insert rejected: Qty cannot be negative

	HID	HospitalName	MID	MedicationName	MaxUnitPrice	MinUnitPrice	AvgUnitPrice	LastStockTimestamp
▶	1	Benguerir Central Hospital	1001	Amoxicillin	22.00	22.00	22.000000	2025-10-10 08:00:00
	1	Benguerir Central Hospital	1002	Ibuprofen	6.50	6.50	6.500000	2025-10-10 08:00:00
	2	Casablanca University Hospital	1003	Azithromycin	35.00	35.00	35.000000	2025-10-12 08:00:00
	3	Rabat Clinical Center	1004	Paracetamol	4.00	4.00	4.000000	2025-10-15 08:00:00
	4	Marrakech Regional Hospital	1005	Ceftriaxone	120.00	120.00	120.000000	2025-10-20 08:00:00

Figure 2: Output of the view query

3 View 3:StaffWorkloadThirty

3.1 Description

The StaffWorkloadThirty view simplifies application development by encapsulating the complex joins and 30-day date filtering into a single object. we are able now to retrieve the whole staff workload in the last thirty days using a SELECT * query. This ensures data consistency and avoids redundant logic when trying to retrieve this same data without the view.

3.2 SQL Definition

```

CREATE VIEW StaffWorkloadThirty AS
SELECT
    S.STAFF_ID,
    S.FullName,
    COUNT(A.CAID) AS TotalAppointments,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN A.Status = 'Scheduled' THEN 1 END) AS
        ScheduledCount,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN A.Status = 'Completed' THEN 1 END) AS
        CompletedCount,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN A.Status = 'Cancelled' THEN 1 END) AS
        CancelledCount
FROM
    Staff S
LEFT JOIN
    ClinicalActivity CA ON S.STAFF_ID = CA.STAFF_ID
LEFT JOIN

```

```

Appointment A
ON CA.CAID = A.CAID
AND CA.Date >= CURRENT_DATE() - INTERVAL 30 DAY
GROUP BY
S.STAFF_ID,
S.FullName;

-- QUERY EXAMPLE OF VIEW 3

SELECT * FROM StaffWorkloadThirty ;

```

3.3 Output Example

	STAFF_ID	FullName	TotalAppointments	ScheduledCount	CompletedCount	CancelledCount
▶	501	Dr. Amina Idrissi	0	0	0	0
	502	Dr. Mehdi Touil	0	0	0	0
	503	Nurse Firdawse Guerbouzi	0	0	0	0
	504	Technician Omar Lahlou	0	0	0	0
	505	Dr. Khaoula Messari	0	0	0	0

Figure 3: Output of the view query

4 View 4:PatientNextVisit

4.1 Description

The view PatientNextVisit returns for each patient the next scheduled visit . The view improves data retrieval by allowing the encapsulation of all the joins without redundancy .

4.2 SQL Definition

```

CREATE VIEW PatientNextVisit AS
SELECT p.IID ,
p.FullName ,
MIN(c.date) as NextAppointment ,
d.Name as DepartmentName ,
h.Name as HospitalName ,
h.City as HospitalCity
FROM Patient as p
JOIN ClinicalActivity c on c.IID = p.IID
JOIN Appointment a on a.CAID = c.CAID
JOIN Department as d on d.DEP_ID = c.DEP_ID
JOIN Hospital as h on h.HID = d.HID
Where a.status = 'Scheduled'
AND c.date > CURRENT_DATE ;
GROUP BY
p.IID ,
p.FullName ,
d.Name ,

```

```

h.Name ,
h.City;

```

4.3 Output Example

	IID	FullName	NextAppointment	DepartmentName	HospitalName	HospitalCity
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Figure 4: Output of the view query

5 Trigger 1: Reject double booking for a staff member

5.1 Trigger Definition

```

DELIMITER ||
CREATE TRIGGER RejectDoubleAppInsert
BEFORE INSERT on Appointment
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE count_app INT ;
    SELECT Count(*)
    INTO count_app
    FROM Appointment as a
    JOIN ClinicalActivity as c on c.CAID = a.CAID
    WHERE c.STAFF_ID = ( SELECT STAFF_ID FROM ClinicalActivity WHERE
        CAID = NEW.CAID)
        AND c.Time = ( SELECT Time FROM ClinicalActivity WHERE CAID =
        NEW.CAID)
        AND c.Date = ( SELECT Date FROM ClinicalActivity WHERE CAID =
        NEW.CAID) ;
    IF count_app > 0 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'The time and date slot chosen are
                           already taken';
    END IF ;
END ||

DELIMITER ||
CREATE TRIGGER RejectDoubleAppUpdate
BEFORE UPDATE on Appointment
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE count_app INT ;
    SELECT Count(*)
    INTO count_app
    FROM Appointment as a
    JOIN ClinicalActivity as c on c.CAID = a.CAID
    WHERE c.STAFF_ID = ( SELECT STAFF_ID FROM ClinicalActivity WHERE
        CAID = NEW.CAID)

```

```

        AND c.Time = ( SELECT Time FROM ClinicalActivity WHERE CAID =
    NEW.CAID)
        AND c.Date = ( SELECT Date FROM ClinicalActivity WHERE CAID =
    NEW.CAID) ;
IF count_app > 0 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'The time and date slot chosen are
    already taken';
END IF ;

END ||

-- QUERY EXAMPLE FOR TRIGGER 1
UPDATE Appointment
SET CAID = 1001
WHERE CAID = 1001;

INSERT INTO ClinicalActivity (CAID, IID, STAFF_ID, DEP_ID, Date, Time)
VALUES (2001, 2, 501, 10, '2025-10-10', '10:00:00');
INSERT INTO Appointment (CAID, Reason)
VALUES (2001, 'Duplicate booking test');

```

5.2 Trigger Output

✖ 223 22:43:38 UPDATE Appointment SET CAID = 1001 WHERE CAID = 1001	Error Code: 1644. The time and date slot chosen are already taken	0
✖ 225 22:44:58 INSERT INTO Appointment (CAID, Reason) VALUES (2001, 'Duplic...')	Error Code: 1644. The time and date slot chosen are already taken	

Figure 5: Error message returned by the trigger

6 Trigger 2: Recompute Expense Total when prescription lines change.

6.1 Trigger Definition

6.1.1 missingPrice Trigger

```

DELIMITER ||
CREATE TRIGGER missingprice
BEFORE INSERT ON Includes
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE v_HID INT;
    DECLARE v_UnitPrice DECIMAL(10, 2);

    SELECT H.HID
    INTO v_HID
    FROM Prescription P
    JOIN ClinicalActivity CA ON P.CAID = CA.CAID
    JOIN Department D ON CA.DEP_ID = D.DEP_ID

```

```

JOIN Hospital H ON D.HID = H.HID
WHERE P.PID = NEW.PID;

SELECT S.UnitPrice
INTO v_UnitPrice
FROM Stock S
JOIN Medication M ON S.MID = M.MID
JOIN Hospital H ON S.HID = H.HID
WHERE S.MID = NEW.MID
AND S.HID = v_HID
ORDER BY S.StockTimestamp DESC
LIMIT 1;

IF v_UnitPrice IS NULL THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'No valid Stock UnitPrice found for this
        medication at the hospital location.';
END IF;

END ||

-- missingprice test

INSERT INTO Includes(PID, MID, Dosage, Duration)
VALUES (8001, 1004, '1 tab OD', '3 days');

```

① 401 12:27:37 INSERT INTO Includes(PID, MID, Dosage, Duration) VALUES (8001, 1004, '1 tab OD', '3 da... Error Code: 1644. No valid Stock UnitPrice found for this medication at the hospital location.

Figure 6: Error message returned by the trigger

6.1.2 Insert Trigger

```

DELIMITER ||
CREATE TRIGGER Tinsert
AFTER INSERT ON Includes
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE v_HID INT;
    DECLARE v_Caid INT;
    DECLARE v_newTotal DECIMAL(10,2);

    SELECT H.HID, CA.CAID
    INTO v_HID, v_Caid
    FROM Prescription P
    JOIN ClinicalActivity CA ON P.CAID = CA.CAID
    JOIN Department D ON CA.DEP_ID = D.DEP_ID
    JOIN Hospital H ON D.HID = H.HID
    WHERE P.PID = NEW.PID;

    SELECT COALESCE(SUM(S.UnitPrice),0)
    INTO v_newTotal
    FROM Includes I
    JOIN Stock S ON I.MID = S.MID

```

```

WHERE I.PID = NEW.PID
AND S.HID = v_HID
AND S.StockTimestamp = (
    SELECT MAX(StockTimestamp)
    FROM Stock
    WHERE MID = I.MID AND HID = v_HID
);

UPDATE Expense
SET Total = v_newTotal
WHERE CAID = v_CAIID;
END ||

-- INSERT TEST

SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE CAID = 1001;

INSERT INTO Stock(HID,MID,StockTimestamp,UnitPrice,Qty)
VALUES (1,1003,'2025-11-27 09:20:00',35.00,50);

INSERT INTO Includes(PID,MID,Dosage,Duration) VALUES
(8001,1003,'1 tab OD','3 days');

SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE CAID = 1001;

```

	ExpID	InsID	CAID	Total
▶	9001	100	1001	250.00
◀	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Figure 7: Initial output

	ExpID	InsID	CAID	Total
▶	9001	100	1001	63.50
◀	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Figure 8: Error message returned by the trigger

6.1.3 TUpdate Trigger

```
CREATE TRIGGER TUpdate AFTER UPDATE ON Includes
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE v_HID INT;
    DECLARE v_Caid INT;
    DECLARE v_newTotal DECIMAL(10,2);

    SELECT H.HID, CA.CAID INTO v_HID, v_Caid
    FROM Prescription P
    JOIN ClinicalActivity CA ON P.CAID = CA.CAID
    JOIN Department D ON CA.DEP_ID = D.DEP_ID
    JOIN Hospital H ON D.HID = H.HID
    WHERE P.PID = NEW.PID
    LIMIT 1;

    SELECT COALESCE(SUM(S.UnitPrice),0)
    INTO v_newTotal
    FROM Includes I
    JOIN Stock S ON I.MID = S.MID
    WHERE I.PID = NEW.PID
        AND S.HID = v_HID
        AND S.StockTimestamp = (
            SELECT MAX(StockTimestamp)
            FROM Stock
            WHERE MID = I.MID AND HID = v_HID
        );
    UPDATE Expense SET Total = v_newTotal WHERE CAID = v_Caid;
END ||

-- UPDATE Test
SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE CAID = 1001;

UPDATE Includes
SET MID = 1004
WHERE PID = 8001 AND MID = 1001;

SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE CAID = 1001;
```

	ExpID	InsID	CAID	Total
▶	9001	100	1001	41.50
●	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL

Figure 9: Error message returned by the trigger

6.1.4 TDelete Trigger

```

CREATE TRIGGER TDelete AFTER DELETE ON Includes
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE v_HID INT;
    DECLARE v_Caid INT;
    DECLARE v_newTotal DECIMAL(10,2);

    SELECT H.HID, CA.CAID INTO v_HID, v_Caid
    FROM Prescription P
    JOIN ClinicalActivity CA ON P.CAID = CA.CAID
    JOIN Department D ON CA.DEP_ID = D.DEP_ID
    JOIN Hospital H ON D.HID = H.HID
    WHERE P.PID = OLD.PID
    LIMIT 1;

    SELECT COALESCE(SUM(S.UnitPrice), 0) INTO v_newTotal
    FROM Includes I
    JOIN Stock S ON I.MID = S.MID AND S.HID = v_HID
    WHERE I.PID = OLD.PID
    AND S.HID = v_HID
    AND S.StockTimestamp = (
        SELECT MAX(StockTimestamp)
        FROM Stock
        WHERE MID = I.MID AND HID = v_HID
    );
    UPDATE Expense SET Total = v_newTotal WHERE CAID = v_Caid;
END ||

-- DELETE Test

DELETE FROM Includes
WHERE PID = 8001 AND MID = 1003;

SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE CAID = 1001;

```

	ExpID	InsID	CAID	Total
▶	9001	100	1001	6.50
✖	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL

Figure 10: Error message returned by the trigger

7 Trigger 3: Prevent negative or inconsistent stock.

7.1 Trigger Definition

```

DELIMITER ||
CREATE TRIGGER Stock_Insert_Check
BEFORE INSERT ON Stock
FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF NEW.Qty < 0 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Insert_rejected: Qty cannot be negative';
END IF;

IF NEW.UnitPrice <= 0 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Insert_rejected: UnitPrice must be greater than 0';
END IF;

IF NEW.ReorderLevel < 0 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Insert_rejected: ReorderLevel cannot be negative';
END IF;
END ||

DELIMITER ||

CREATE TRIGGER Stock_Update_Check
BEFORE UPDATE ON Stock
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN

IF NEW.Qty < 0 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Update_rejected: Stock quantity cannot be negative';
END IF;

IF NEW.UnitPrice <= 0 THEN
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
    SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Update_rejected: UnitPrice must be greater than 0';
END IF;

```

```

        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Update rejected: UnitPrice must be greater than 0';
    END IF;
    IF NEW.ReorderLevel < 0 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Update rejected: ReorderLevel must be >= 0';
    END IF;
END ||

-- QUERY EXAMPLE FOR TRIGGER 3

INSERT INTO Stock (HID, MID, StockTimestamp, UnitPrice, Qty,
ReorderLevel)
VALUES (3, 1002, NOW(), 7.00, -10, 15);

INSERT INTO Stock (HID, MID, StockTimestamp, UnitPrice, Qty,
ReorderLevel)
VALUES (4, 1003, NOW(), 0, 50, 10);

UPDATE Stock SET Qty = -5 WHERE HID = 1 AND MID = 1001;

```

7.2 Trigger Output

129 21:46:44	SELECT * FROM DrugPricingSummary ; INSERT INTO Stock (HID, MID, StockTimestamp, UnitPrice... Error Code: 1644 Insert rejected: Qty cannot be negative
137 21:52:12	INSERT INTO Stock (HID, MID, StockTimestamp, UnitPrice, Qty, ReorderLevel) VALUES (4, 1003, ... Error Code: 1644. Insert rejected: UnitPrice must be greater than 0
144 21:55:07	UPDATE Stock SET Qty = -5 WHERE HID = 1 AND MID = 1001 Error Code: 1644. Update rejected : Stock quantity cannot be negative

Figure 11: Error message returned by the trigger

8 Trigger 4: Protect referential integrity on patient delete.

8.1 Trigger Definition

```

DELIMITER ||
CREATE TRIGGER PatientDeleteIntegrity
BEFORE DELETE ON Patient
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF (SELECT COUNT(*)
        FROM ClinicalActivity as c
        WHERE c.IID = OLD.IID) > 0 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Cannot delete Patient: dependent activities still exists';
    END IF;
END ||

```

```
-- QUERY EXAMPLE FOR TRIGGER 4
DELETE FROM Patient
WHERE IID = 1;
```

8.2 Trigger Output

151 22:09:12 DELETE FROM Patient WHERE IID = 1 Error Code: 1644. Cannot delete Patient : dependent activities still exists

Figure 12: Error message returned by the trigger