

E-commerce Admin API

GitHub Repository: <https://github.com/hashaam-011/Backend-Development>

A FastAPI-based backend API for e-commerce management, providing detailed insights into sales, revenue, and inventory status, as well as allowing new product registration.

Features

- **Sales Management**
 - Retrieve, filter, and analyze sales data
 - Analyze revenue (daily, weekly, monthly, annual)
 - Compare revenue across periods and categories
 - Get sales data by date range, product, and category
 - **Inventory Management**
 - View current inventory status
 - Low stock alerts
 - Update inventory levels
 - Track inventory changes over time
 - **Product Management**
 - Register new products
 - View, update, and delete products
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Technical Stack

- Python 3.8+
 - FastAPI
 - PostgreSQL (or MySQL, with minor changes)
 - SQLAlchemy
 - Pydantic
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Setup Instructions

1. Clone the repository

```
git clone https://github.com/hashaam-011/Backend-Development.git
cd ecommerce-admin-api
```

2. Create and activate a virtual environment

```
python -m venv venv
# Windows
.\venv\Scripts\activate
# Linux/Mac
source venv/bin/activate
```

3. Install dependencies

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

4. Configure environment variables

- Create a `.env` file in the root directory:

```
DB_HOST=localhost
DB_PORT=5432
DB_NAME=ecommerce
DB_USER=postgres
DB_PASS=your_password
```

5. Initialize the database

```
python init_db.py
```

6. Populate demo data

```
python populate_demo_data.py
```

7. Run the application

```
uvicorn app.main:app --reload
```

API Endpoints

Base URL: `http://localhost:8000/api/v1`

Products

- `GET /products/` — List all products

- `POST /products/` — Create new product
- `GET /products/{id}` — Get product details
- `PUT /products/{id}` — Update product
- `DELETE /products/{id}` — Delete product

Sales

- `POST /sales/` — Record new sale
- `GET /sales/range` — Get sales by date range
- `GET /sales/revenue` — Get revenue analysis (daily, weekly, monthly, annual)
- `GET /sales/product/{product_id}` — Get sales for a specific product

Inventory

- `GET /inventory/` — List all inventory items
- `PUT /inventory/{product_id}` — Update inventory level
- `GET /inventory/low-stock` — Get low stock alerts

Database Documentation

Database Schema Overview

This project uses a normalized relational database schema to support e-commerce admin operations. The main tables and their purposes are:

1. Categories

- **Purpose:** Stores product categories (e.g., Electronics, Home Appliances).
- **Fields:**
 - `id` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for each category.
 - `name` (String): Name of the category.

2. Products

- **Purpose:** Stores all products available for sale.
- **Fields:**
 - `id` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for each product.
 - `name` (String): Product name.
 - `category_id` (Foreign Key): References `categories.id` to associate a product with a category.
 - `price` (Float): Product price.
 - `created_at` (DateTime): Timestamp when the product was added.

3. Sales

- **Purpose:** Records each sale transaction.
- **Fields:**
 - `id` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for each sale.
 - `product_id` (Foreign Key): References `products.id` to indicate which product was sold.

- `quantity` (Integer): Number of units sold.
- `total_price` (Float): Total price for the sale.
- `sale_date` (DateTime): Timestamp of the sale.

4. Inventory

- **Purpose:** Tracks current stock levels for each product.
- **Fields:**
 - `id` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for each inventory record.
 - `product_id` (Foreign Key): References `products.id` to indicate which product's inventory is being tracked.
 - `stock_level` (Integer): Current stock level.
 - `updated_at` (DateTime): Timestamp of the last inventory update.

Relationships

- `products.category_id` → `categories.id` Each product belongs to a category.
- `sales.product_id` → `products.id` Each sale is linked to a specific product.
- `inventory.product_id` → `products.id` Each inventory record is linked to a specific product.

Indexing & Normalization

- All primary keys and foreign keys are indexed for optimized query performance.
- The schema is normalized to avoid redundancy and maintain data consistency.

Demo Data

To populate the database with sample data for Amazon and Walmart products, run:

```
python populate_demo_data.py
```

Testing

- Use Swagger UI at <http://localhost:8000/docs> for interactive API testing.
 - Or use Postman with the provided endpoints.
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