UCL Mechanical Engineering 2020/2021

ENGF0004 Coursework 2

NCWT3

April 16, 2021

1 Question 1

1.1 a

For the line integral to be independent from the path of integration, the following conditions must be fulfilled:

$$I = \int_{A}^{B} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \, \mathrm{d}x + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \, \mathrm{d}y \right) \tag{1.1}$$

$$P(x, y) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \text{ and } Q(x, y) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$
 (1.2)

$$\frac{\partial P(x, y)}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q(x, y)}{\partial x} \tag{1.3}$$

Considering the integral:

$$I = \int_{A}^{B} \left[e^{-\alpha xy} \left(\frac{\alpha - 2}{x} \right) dx - \frac{1}{\alpha y} \left(e^{-\alpha xy} - 1 \right) dy \right]$$
 (1.4)

$$P(x, y) = e^{-\alpha xy} \left(\frac{\alpha - 2}{x}\right) \text{ and } Q(x, y) = -\frac{1}{\alpha y} \left(e^{-\alpha xy} - 1\right)$$
 (1.5)

$$\frac{\partial P(x,y)}{\partial y} = -\alpha x \left(\frac{\alpha - 2}{x}\right) e^{-\alpha xy} = \left(2\alpha - \alpha^2\right) e^{-\alpha xy} \tag{1.6}$$

$$\frac{\partial Q(x,y)}{\partial x} = -\frac{1}{\alpha y} (-\alpha y) e^{-\alpha xy} = e^{-\alpha xy}$$
(1.7)

$$\therefore 2\alpha e^{-\alpha xy} - \alpha^2 e^{-\alpha xy} = e^{-\alpha xy} \tag{1.8}$$

$$e^{-\alpha xy} \left(\alpha^2 - 2\alpha + 1\right) = 0 \tag{1.9}$$

$$e^{-\alpha xy} = 0 \to \text{no solutions}$$
 (1.10)

$$\left(\alpha - 1\right)^2 = 0\tag{1.11}$$

$$\alpha = 1 \tag{1.12}$$

1.2 b

Calculating the line integral of 1.13 from O(0, 0) to A(1, e - 1) along $y = e^x - 1$:

$$I = \int_{0}^{A} \left(ye^{-2x} \right) (\mathrm{d}x + \mathrm{d}y) \tag{1.13}$$

$$y = e^x - 1 \tag{1.14}$$

$$dy = e^x dx (1.15)$$

$$I = \int_0^1 \left((e^x - 1) \left(e^{-2x} \right) + (e^x - 1) \left(e^{-2x} \right) (e^x) \right) dx \tag{1.16}$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(e^{-x} - e^{-x} - e^{-2x} + 1 \right) dx \tag{1.17}$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(1 - e^{-2x} \right) dx \tag{1.18}$$

$$= \left[x + \frac{e^{-2x}}{2} \right]_0^1 \tag{1.19}$$

$$=1+\frac{e^{-2}}{2}-0-\frac{1}{2} \tag{1.20}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{-2} + 1 \right) \tag{1.21}$$

1.3 c

1.3.1 i

$$\underline{F}(x, y, z) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{y}{x^2} \\ \frac{x}{y^2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.22}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \underline{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \frac{y}{x^2} \\ \frac{x}{y^2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.23}$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{y}{x^2} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{x}{y^2} \right) \tag{1.24}$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{x^3} - \frac{2x}{y^3} \tag{1.25}$$

$$=-2\left(\frac{y}{x^3} + \frac{x}{y^3}\right) \tag{1.26}$$

1.3.2 ii

$$I = \int_{1}^{2} \int_{1}^{2} \left(-2\left(\frac{y}{x^{3}} + \frac{x}{y^{3}}\right) \right) dx dy$$
 (1.27)

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \left[-2\left(\frac{y}{-2x^{2}} + \frac{x^{2}}{2y^{3}}\right) \right]_{1}^{2} dy \tag{1.28}$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \left[-2\left(-\frac{y}{8} + \frac{2}{y^{3}} + \frac{y}{2} - \frac{1}{2y^{3}} \right) \right] dy \tag{1.29}$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \left(-\frac{3y}{4} - \frac{3}{y^{3}} \right) \mathrm{d}y \tag{1.30}$$

$$= \left[-\frac{3y^2}{8} + \frac{3}{2y^2} \right]_1^2 \tag{1.31}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{8} - \frac{3}{2} \tag{1.32}$$

$$I = -\frac{9}{4} \tag{1.33}$$

1.4 d

1.4.1 i

$$I = \int (\sin x \cos y \, dy + \cos x \sin y \, dy)$$
 (1.34)

$$y = 0 dy = 0 (1.35)$$

$$I_{AB} = \int_{x=0}^{\pi} (\sin x) \, dx = [-\cos x]_0^{\pi} = 2$$

$$x = \pi \qquad dx = 0$$
(1.36)

$$x = \pi \qquad dx = 0 \tag{1.37}$$

$$I_{BC} = \int_{y=0}^{\pi} (-\sin y) \, \mathrm{d}y = [\cos y]_0^{\pi} = -2$$
 (1.38)

$$\therefore I = I_{AB} + I_{BC} = 2 - 2 = 0 \tag{1.39}$$

1.4.2 ii

$$I = \int (\sin x \cos y \, dy + \cos x \sin y \, dy) \tag{1.40}$$

$$y = x dy = dx (1.41)$$

$$I_{AC} = \int_0^{\pi} (\sin x \cos x + \sin x \cos x) dx \tag{1.42}$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \left(\sin\left(2x\right) \right) \mathrm{d}x \tag{1.43}$$

$$I_{AC} = \left[-\frac{1}{2}\cos(2x) \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$
 (1.44)

(1.45)

1.5 e

1.5.1 i

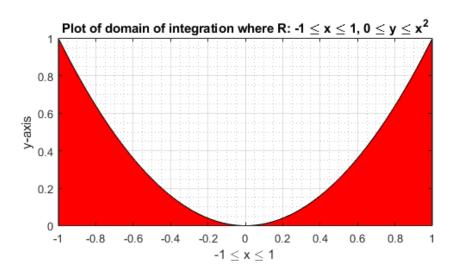


Figure 1: Domain of integration where $R: -1 \le x \le 1, \ 0 \le y \le x^2.$

```
1  clf
2  x = -1:0.001:1;
3  y=x.^2;
4  A=area(x,y);
5  set(A(1), 'FaceColor', 'red');
6  axis('image');
7  xlabel('-1 \leq x \leq 1')
8  ylabel('y-axis')
9  title('Plot of domain of integration where R: -1 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x^2')
10  grid on
11  grid minor
```

1.5.2 ii

1.6 f

1.6.1 ii

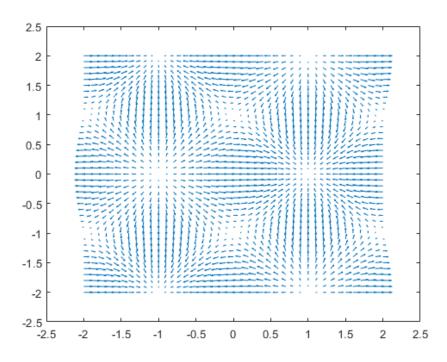


Figure 2:

```
 \begin{array}{lll} & \text{clc} \\ \text{2 clear} \\ \text{3 close all} \\ \\ \text{4 } \\ \text{5 syms x y} \\ \text{6 } \text{z} = \text{x*y*exp}(-\text{sqrt}(\text{x$^2 + \text{y$^2$}})); \\ \text{7 } \text{f} = (\sin{((\text{pi}/2)*\text{x})})*(\cos{((\text{pi}/2)*\text{y})}); \\ \text{8 } \text{g} = \text{gradient}(\text{f},[\text{x},\text{y}]); \\ \\ \text{9 } \\ \text{10 } [\text{X},\text{Y}] = \underset{\text{meshgrid}}{\text{meshgrid}}(-2\text{:}0.1\text{:}2\text{,}-2\text{:}0.1\text{:}2); \\ \\ \text{11 } \text{G1} = \text{subs}(\text{g}(1),[\text{x},\text{y}],\{\text{X},\text{Y}\}); \\ \\ \text{12 } \text{G2} = \text{subs}(\text{g}(2),[\text{x},\text{y}],\{\text{X},\text{Y}\}); \\ \\ \text{13 } \text{quiver}(\text{X},\text{Y},\text{G1},\text{G2}) \\ \end{array}
```

2 Question 2

2.1 a

In our series of equations, there are three unknown internal bar forces N_{12} , N_{23} , N_{13} , and three unknown reaction forces, R_{2x} , R_{2y} , R_{3y} . We also have two unknown angles, α and β , and the force F. Given that there are six unknowns that we would like to find and six equations with those variables,

the conditions are fulfilled to solve this using matrices. Our answer would be in terms of the variables α , β and F. Values may be assumed for these or we can calculate them, if we have the length of each member.

2.2 b

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\cos\alpha & \cos\beta & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin\alpha & -\sin\beta & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cos\alpha & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\alpha & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -\cos\beta & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sin\beta & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} N_{12} \\ N_{13} \\ N_{23} \\ R_{2x} \\ R_{2y} \\ R_{3y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ F \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2.1)$$

2.3 c

```
clc
   clear
   close all
3
   alpha = 0.927295;
   beta = 0.643501;
  F = 1000;
7
  A = [-\cos(alpha) \cos(beta) \ 0 \ 0 \ 0;
9
       -\sin(alpha) - \sin(beta) 0 0 0 0;
10
       cos(alpha) 0 1 1 0 0;
11
        sin(alpha) 0 0 0 1 0;
12
       0 - \cos(beta) - 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0;
13
       0 sin(beta) 0 0 0 1];
14
  B = [0; F; 0; 0; 0; 0];
15
16
   sol = A \setminus B;
```

This returned the following:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
N_{12} \\
N_{13} \\
N_{23} \\
R_{2x} \\
R_{2y} \\
R_{3y}
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
-800 \\
-600 \\
480 \\
0 \\
640 \\
360
\end{bmatrix}$$
(2.2)

2.4 d

```
clc
clear
close all
```

```
alpha = 0.927295;
5
  beta = 0.643501;
  F = 1000;
  A = [-\cos(alpha) \cos(beta) \ 0 \ 0 \ 0;
9
       -\sin(alpha) - \sin(beta) 0 0 0 0;
10
       cos(alpha) 0 1 1 0 0;
11
       sin (alpha) 0 0 0 1 0;
          -\cos(beta) -1 0 0 0;
13
       0 sin(beta) 0 0 0 1];
14
  B = [0; F; 0; 0; 0; 0];
15
16
   [L,U] = lu(A); %splits matrix A such that A = L*U, L is lower triangular,
17
       U is upper triangular
  y = L \setminus B;
   sol = U \setminus y;
```

This returned the following:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
N_{12} \\
N_{13} \\
N_{23} \\
R_{2x} \\
R_{2y} \\
R_{3y}
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
-800 \\
-600 \\
480 \\
0 \\
640 \\
360
\end{bmatrix}$$
(2.3)

2.5 e

Matlab App Developer was utilised to create a user friendly interface for inputting the Force F, the lengths of each member (as shown in the diagram) and the coefficient matrix (where any mathematical expression can be inputted). The GUI displays the angles α and β as well as a table of values for each of the internal bar and reaction forces. The code is shown below.

```
classdef q2eApp_exported < matlab.apps.AppBase
1
2
      % Properties that correspond to app components
3
       properties (Access = public)
4
           UIFigure
                              matlab.ui.Figure
5
           ForceNLabel
                              matlab.ui.control.Label
6
           Force
                              matlab.ui.control.NumericEditField
           L12mLabel
                              matlab.ui.control.Label
8
           L12
                              matlab.ui.control.NumericEditField
9
           L23mLabel
                              matlab.ui.control.Label
10
           L23
                              matlab.ui.control.NumericEditField
11
           L13mLabel
                              matlab.ui.control.Label
12
           L13
                              matlab.ui.control.NumericEditField
13
           UITable
                              matlab.ui.control.Table
14
           FindForcesButton
                              matlab.ui.control.Button
15
           betaGaugeLabel
                              matlab.ui.control.Label
16
           betaGauge
                              matlab.ui.control.NinetyDegreeGauge
17
           alphaGaugeLabel
                              matlab.ui.control.Label
18
```

```
alphaGauge
                               matlab.ui.control.NinetyDegreeGauge
19
           ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel matlab.ui.control.Label
20
           UITable2
                               matlab.ui.control.Table
21
           Label
                               matlab.ui.control.Label
22
       end
23
24
       % Callbacks that handle component events
25
       methods (Access = private)
26
           % Code that executes after component creation
28
           function startupFcn(app)
29
               %initialise table
30
                ATable = ["-\cos(alpha)" "\cos(beta)" "0" "0" "0" "0"]
31
                    "-sin(alpha)" "-sin(beta)" "0" "0" "0" "0";
32
                    "cos(alpha)" "0" "1" "1" "0" "0";
33
                    "sin(alpha)" "0" "0" "0" "1" "0";
                    "0" "-cos(beta)" "-1" "0" "0" "0":
35
                    "0" "sin(beta)" "0" "0" "0" "1"];
36
               %display table and assign table properties
37
                set (app.UITable2, 'Visible', 'on');
38
                set(app.UITable2, 'Data', ATable, 'ColumnFormat',{'char'});
                set (app. UITable2, 'ColumnEditable', true (1,6))
40
           end
41
42
           % Button pushed function: FindForcesButton
43
           function FindForcesButtonPushed(app, event)
               %calculate alpha and beta
45
                alpha = acos((app.L12.Value^2 + app.L23.Value^2 - app.L13.
46
                   Value^2 /(2*app.L12.Value*app.L23.Value));
                beta = acos((app.L13.Value^2 + app.L23.Value^2 - app.L12.
47
                   Value^2 /(2*app.L13.Value*app.L23.Value));
48
               %conversion for display gauges
                app.alphaGauge.Value = rad2deg(alpha);
50
                app.betaGauge.Value = rad2deg(beta);
51
52
               %matrix maths
53
               A = get (app. UITable2, 'Data');
               %convert user inputs into expressions and evaluate
                c = size(A);
56
                c = c(1) * c(2);
57
                for i = 1:c
58
                    A(i) = eval(A(i));
59
                end
60
               A = str2double(A);
               B = [0; app.Force.Value; 0; 0; 0; 0];
62
                sol = A \setminus B;
63
                for i = 1: length(B)
64
                    if sol(i) < 0.01 && sol(i) > -0.01
65
                        sol(i) = 0;
66
                    end
67
                end
68
                namesForces = ["L12";"L13";"L23";"R2x";"R2y";"R3y"];
69
```

```
vars = [namesForces sol];
70
71
                %output to table
72
                 set(app.UITable, 'Visible', 'on');
                 set(app.UITable, 'Data', vars, 'ColumnFormat',{ 'numeric'});
74
75
            end
76
        end
77
       % Component initialization
79
        methods (Access = private)
80
81
            % Create UIFigure and components
82
            function createComponents (app)
83
84
                % Create UIFigure and hide until all components are created
                 app. UIFigure = uifigure ('Visible', 'off');
86
                 app. UIFigure. Position = [100 \ 100 \ 762 \ 598];
87
                 app. UIFigure. Name = 'MATLAB App';
88
89
                % Create ForceNLabel
                 app. ForceNLabel = uilabel(app. UIFigure);
91
                 app.ForceNLabel.HorizontalAlignment = 'right';
92
                 app. ForceNLabel. Position = [32 \ 403 \ 56 \ 22];
93
                 app. ForceNLabel. Text = 'Force (N)';
94
95
                % Create Force
                 app. Force = uieditfield (app. UIFigure, 'numeric');
97
                 app. Force. Position = [103 \ 403 \ 100 \ 22];
98
99
                % Create L12mLabel
100
                 app.L12mLabel = uilabel(app.UIFigure);
101
                 app.L12mLabel.HorizontalAlignment = 'right';
                 app.L12mLabel.Position = [41 370 47 22];
103
                 app.L12mLabel.Text = 'L12 (m)';
104
105
                % Create L12
106
                 app.L12 = uieditfield (app.UIFigure, 'numeric');
107
                 app.L12.Position = [103 \ 370 \ 100 \ 22];
109
                % Create L23mLabel
110
                 app. L23mLabel = uilabel (app. UIFigure);
111
                 app. L23mLabel. HorizontalAlignment = 'right';
112
                 app.L23mLabel.Position = [41 349 47 22];
113
                 app. L23mLabel. Text = 'L23 (m)';
115
                % Create L23
116
                 app.L23 = uieditfield (app.UIFigure, 'numeric');
117
                 app. L23. Position = [103 \ 349 \ 100 \ 22];
118
119
                % Create L13mLabel
120
                 app.L13mLabel = uilabel(app.UIFigure);
121
                 app.L13mLabel.HorizontalAlignment = 'right';
122
```

```
app.L13mLabel.Position = [41 328 47 22];
123
                 app.L13mLabel.Text = 'L13 (m)';
124
125
                 % Create L13
126
                 app.L13 = uieditfield (app.UIFigure, 'numeric');
127
                 app.L13. Position = [103 \ 328 \ 100 \ 22];
128
129
                 % Create UITable
130
                 app. UITable = uitable (app. UIFigure);
131
                 app. UITable. ColumnName = { 'Force'; 'Value (N)'};
132
                 app.UITable.RowName = \{\};
133
                 app. UITable. Position = [272 \ 59 \ 479 \ 185];
134
135
                 % Create FindForcesButton
136
                 app. FindForcesButton = uibutton(app. UIFigure, 'push');
137
                 app. FindForcesButton. ButtonPushedFcn = createCallbackFcn (app,
138
                      @FindForcesButtonPushed, true);
                 app. FindForcesButton. Position = [103 292 100 22];
139
                 app. FindForcesButton. Text = 'Find Forces';
140
141
                 % Create betaGaugeLabel
142
                 app.betaGaugeLabel = uilabel(app.UIFigure);
143
                 app.betaGaugeLabel.HorizontalAlignment = 'center';
144
                 app.betaGaugeLabel.Position = [186 117 29 22];
145
                 app.betaGaugeLabel.Text = 'beta';
146
147
                 % Create betaGauge
148
                 app.betaGauge = uigauge(app.UIFigure, 'ninetydegree');
149
                 app. betaGauge. Limits = [0 \ 90];
150
                 app. betaGauge. Position = [154 \ 154 \ 90 \ 90];
151
152
                 % Create alphaGaugeLabel
153
                 app.alphaGaugeLabel = uilabel(app.UIFigure);
                 app.alphaGaugeLabel.HorizontalAlignment = 'center';
155
                 app.alphaGaugeLabel.Position = [62 117 35 22];
156
                 app.alphaGaugeLabel.Text = 'alpha';
157
158
                 % Create alphaGauge
159
                 app.alphaGauge = uigauge(app.UIFigure, 'ninetydegree');
160
                 app. alphaGauge. Limits = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 90 \end{bmatrix};
161
                 app.alphaGauge.Orientation = 'northeast';
162
                 app.alphaGauge.ScaleDirection = 'counterclockwise';
163
                 app. alphaGauge. Position = \begin{bmatrix} 34 & 154 & 90 & 90 \end{bmatrix};
164
165
                 % Create ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel
166
                 app. ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel = uilabel(app. UIFigure);
167
                 app. ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel. HorizontalAlignment =
168
                     right';
                 app. ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel. FontSize = 20;
169
                 app. ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel. FontWeight = 'bold';
170
                 app. ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel. Position = [441 534 306]
171
                     56];
```

```
app. ProgrammetocalculateforcesLabel. Text = 'Programme to
172
                    calculate forces';
173
                % Create UITable2
                 app. UITable2 = uitable (app. UIFigure);
175
                 app. UITable2. ColumnName = \{ L12'; L13'; L23'; R2x'; R2x'; R2y'; 
176
                     'R3y'};
                 app.UITable2.RowName = \{\};
177
                 app. UITable2. ColumnEditable = true;
178
                 app. UITable 2. Position = [272 \ 264 \ 479 \ 193];
179
180
                % Create Label
181
                 app. Label = uilabel (app. UIFigure);
182
                 app. Label. Horizontal Alignment = 'right';
183
                 app. Label. Position = [202 \ 479 \ 545 \ 56];
184
                 app. Label. Text = {'Please input the force F, the lengths of
185
                    the members L12, L23 and L13.'; 'The programme will then
                    calculate the values of alpha and beta and display them to
                     you.'; 'If you would like to change the coeffcient matrix
                    , look to the table on the right and adjust as you like.';
                     'Click "Find Forces" to calculate the values of the
                    internal bar forces and the reaction forces.'};
186
                % Show the figure after all components are created
187
                 app. UIFigure. Visible = 'on';
188
            end
189
        end
190
191
       % App creation and deletion
192
        methods (Access = public)
193
194
            % Construct app
195
            function app = q2eApp_exported
197
                % Create UIFigure and components
198
                 createComponents (app)
199
200
                % Register the app with App Designer
201
                 registerApp (app, app. UIFigure)
202
203
                % Execute the startup function
204
                 runStartupFcn (app, @startupFcn)
205
206
                 if nargout == 0
207
                     clear app
                 end
209
            end
210
211
            % Code that executes before app deletion
212
            function delete (app)
214
                % Delete UIFigure when app is deleted
215
                 delete (app. UIFigure)
216
```



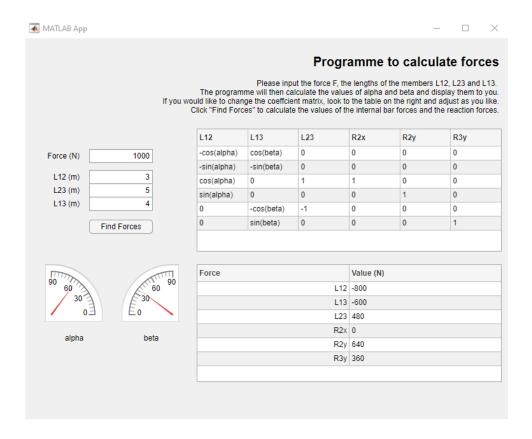


Figure 3: Screenshot from Matlab App, showcasing GUI, input and output parameters.

2.6 f

Code was written to generate a table of data:

```
clc
   clear
   close all
  %forces
  F = [1000 \ 3000 \ 4500];
5
  %lengths of members
  L12 = [6 \ 8 \ 5];
  L23 = [10 \ 12 \ 8];
9
  L13 = [9 \ 7 \ 4];
10
11
  %initalise matrix
   sol = zeros(9,10);
13
  %initalise counter
15
   counter = 0;
16
17
  %nested loops, iterates between F and then between A1, A2, A3 and stores
      in sol matrix
```

```
for i = 1:3
19
       for j = 1:3
20
           %calculate alpha and beta
21
           alpha = acos((L12(j)^2 + L23(j)^2 - L13(j)^2)/(2*L12(j)*L23(j)));
           beta = acos((L13(j)^2 + L23(j)^2 - L12(j)^2)/(2*L13(j)*L23(j)));
23
24
           %calculate A and B matrices
25
           A = [-\cos(alpha) \cos(beta) \ 0 \ 0 \ 0;
26
                -\sin(alpha) - \sin(beta) 0 0 0 0;
                cos(alpha) 0 1 1 0 0;
28
                sin (alpha) 0 0 0 1 0;
29
                0 - \cos(beta) - 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0;
30
                0 \sin(beta) 0 0 0 1;
31
           B = [0; F(i); 0; 0; 0; 0];
32
33
           %generate result
           temp = (A \backslash B) ';
35
36
           %increment counter
37
           counter = counter + 1;
38
           %store result
40
           sol(counter, 5:10) = temp;
41
       end
42
  end
43
  %table formatting
45
   sol(:,1) = repelem(F',3,1);
46
   sol(:,2) = repmat(L12',3,1);
47
   sol(:,3) = repmat(L13',3,1);
48
   sol(:,4) = repmat(L23',3,1);
49
50
  %swap L13 and L23 columns
  v = sol(:, 7);
52
   sol(:, 7) = sol(:, 6);
53
   sol(:, 6) = v;
54
55
  %clean up values
56
   for i=1:numel(sol)
57
       if sol(i) < 0.01 & sol(i) > -0.01
58
            sol(i) = 0;
59
       end
60
  end
61
  %table generation
  T = array2table(sol);
  T. Properties . VariableNames = { 'Force', 'L12', 'L23', 'L13', 'N12', 'N13',
       'N23', 'R2x', 'R2y', 'R3y'};
```

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Force	L12	L23	L13	N12	N13	N23	R2x	R2y	R3y
1	1000	6	9	10	-815.7246	373.8738	-464.1192	0	725	275.0000
2	1000	8	7	12	-799.0757	661.7346	-861.7938	0	447.9167	552.0833
3	1000	5	4	8	-1.0504e+03	958.4751	-1.1153e+03	0	429.6875	570.3125
4	3000	6	9	10	-2.4472e+03	1.1216e+03	-1.3924e+03	0	2175	825.0000
5	3000	8	7	12	-2.3972e+03	1.9852e+03	-2.5854e+03	0	1.3438e+03	1.6562e+03
6	3000	5	4	8	-3.1512e+03	2.8754e+03	-3.3459e+03	0	1.2891e+03	1.7109e+03
7	4500	6	9	10	-3.6708e+03	1.6824e+03	-2.0885e+03	0	3.2625e+03	1.2375e+03
8	4500	8	7	12	-3.5958e+03	2.9778e+03	-3.8781e+03	0	2.0156e+03	2.4844e+03
9	4500	5	4	8	-4.7267e+03	4.3131e+03	-5.0189e+03	0	1.9336e+03	2.5664e+03

Table 1: Table of data generated from MATALB, showing forces in three configuration with three different loads.

Force	L12	L13	L23	N13	N23	N13	R2x	R2y	R3y
(N)	(m)			(N)					
1000	6	9	10	-815.7	373.9	-464.1	0	725.0	275.0
1000	8	7	12	-799.1	661.7	-861.8	0	447.9	552.1
1000	5	4	8	-1050.4	958.5	-1115.3	0	429.7	570.3
3000	6	9	10	-2447.2	1121.6	-1392.4	0	2175.0	825.0
3000	8	7	12	-2397.2	1985.2	-2585.4	0	1343.8	1656.3
3000	5	4	8	-3151.2	2875.4	-3346.0	0	1289.1	1710.9
4500	6	9	10	-3670.8	1682.4	-2088.5	0	3262.5	1237.5
4500	8	7	12	-3595.8	2977.8	-3878.1	0	2015.6	2484.4
4500	5	4	8	-4726.7	4313.1	-5018.9	0	1933.6	2566.4

Table 2: Table formatted as requested in question.