

0.1 Momentum equation

$$\sum F_{sys} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{CV} \underline{V} \rho dV + \int_{CS} \rho \underline{V} (\underline{V} \cdot \underline{n}) dA \quad (1)$$

0.1.1 Vane example:

A horizontal jet of water exits a nozzle with a uniform speed of $V_1 = 3.048 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, strikes a vane and is turned through an angle θ . Determine the anchoring force needed to hold the vane stationary if gravity and viscus effects are negligible.

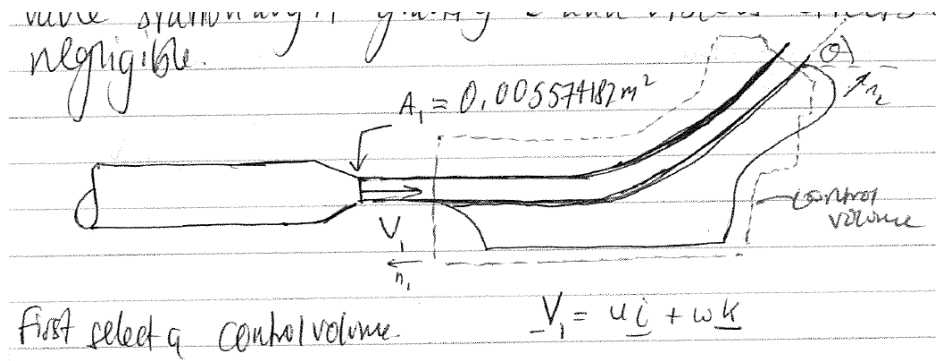


Figure 1: Water flow through vane system.

The only portions of the control surface across which fluid flows are section 1 (the entrance) and section 2 (the exit). Hence, the momentum equation becomes in the x and z components.

$$\sum F_x = \int_{inlet} u \rho (\underline{V} \cdot \underline{n}) dA + \int_{outlet} u \rho (\underline{V} \cdot \underline{n}) dA \quad (2)$$

$$\sum F_x = u_1 \rho (-V_1) A_1 + u_2 \rho (V_2) A_2 \quad (3)$$

$$\sum F_x = u_2 \rho A_2 V_2 - u_1 \rho A_1 V_1 \quad (4)$$

In the z direction:

$$\sum F_z = \int_{inlet} w \rho (\underline{V} \cdot \underline{n}) dA + \int_{outlet} w \rho (\underline{V} \cdot \underline{n}) dA \quad (5)$$

$$\sum F_z = w_2 \rho A_2 V_2 - w_1 \rho A_1 V_1 \quad (6)$$

We know that at inlet V_1 there is no vertical component, hence $w_1 = 0$ and $u_1 = V_1$. At the outlet:

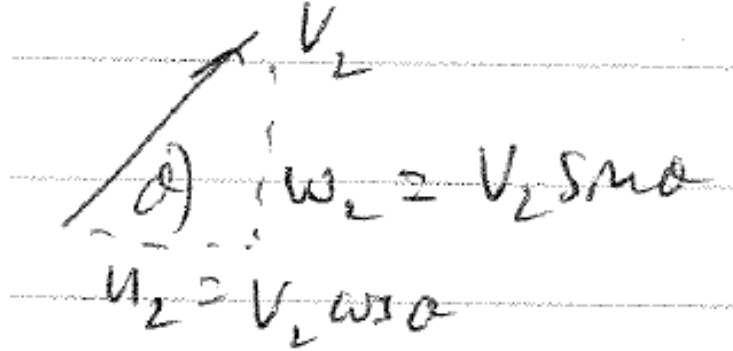


Figure 2: Velocity components at outlet.

Also lets find V_1 and V_2 . From Bernoulli's equation (neglecting g , assuming incompressible and that $P_1 = P_2 = P_{atm}$), $V_1 = V_2$.

$$\therefore \sum F_z = V_2 \sin \theta \rho A_2 V_2 = V_1^2 A_2 \sin \theta \rho \quad (7)$$

$$\sum F_x = V_2 \cos \theta \rho A_2 V_2 - V_1 \rho A_1 V_1 \quad (8)$$

$$\sum F_x = V_1^2 A_2 \cos \theta \rho - V_1^2 \rho A_1 \quad (9)$$

$$\sum F_x = V_1^2 (A_2 \cos \theta \rho - \rho A_1) \quad (10)$$

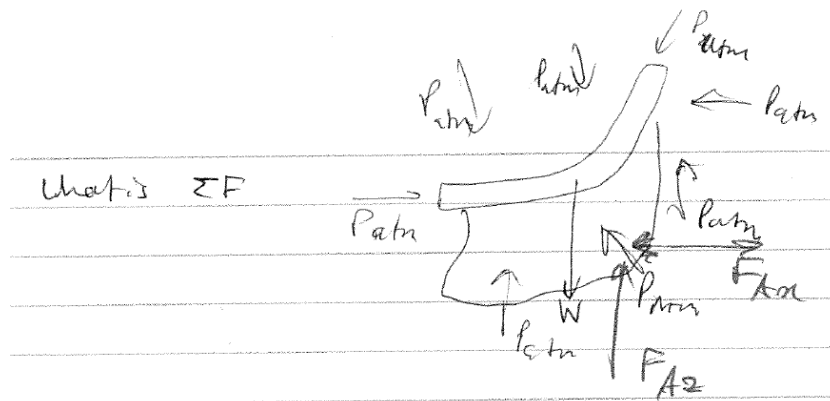


Figure 3: Forces acting on system.

Neglect w and the net force due to $P_{atm} = 0$

$$\therefore \sum F_x = F_{Ax} \quad (11)$$

$$\sum F_z = F_{Az} \quad (12)$$

$$F_{Ax} = V_1^2 A_2 \sin \theta \rho \quad (13)$$

$$F_{Az} = V_1^2 (A_z \cos \theta \rho - \rho A_1) \quad (14)$$

Also remember that,

$$\dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_2 \quad (15)$$

$$V_1 A_1 = V_2 A_2 \text{ (incompressiblity)} \quad (16)$$

$$V_1 = V_2 \therefore A_1 = A_2 \quad (17)$$

$$\therefore F_{Ax} = V_1^2 A_1 \sin \theta \rho \quad (18)$$

$$F_{Az} = \rho V_1^2 (A_1 \cos \theta - A_1) = \rho V_1^2 A_1 (\cos \theta - 1) \quad (19)$$

Plug in data to find F_{Ax} and F_{Az} .