$\mathbf{C}_{0}$	ontents		9 Stri	_	3
1	2D Coometry	0	9.1	Aho Corasick	
1	2D Geometry	2	9.2	Hashing	
	1.1 Primitives	2	9.3	KMP	
	1.2 Circle Intersection	2	9.4	Suffix Array	3
	1.3 Line-Circle Intersection	2	Probl	em Tags	
	1.4 Line Intersection	2	01 A		
	1.5 Segment Intersection	2	02 B		
	1.6 Parabola-Line Intersection	2	03 C		
	1.7 Circle Generation	2	04 D		
	1.8 Polygon Centroid	2	05 E		
	1.9 Point In Polygon	2	06 F		
	1.10 Convex Hull	2	07 G		
	1.11 Full Line Segment Intersection	2	08 H		
	1.12 Voronoi	2	09 I		
			10 J		
<b>2</b>	3D Geometry	<b>2</b>	11 K		
	2.1 Primitives	2	12 L		
	2.2 Convex Hull	2	13 M		
3	Combinatorics	2			
J	3.1 Basics	2	Time	Meeting Description	Check
	5.1 Dasies	2	030	All Problems Read. Write Tags.	
4	Data Structures	<b>2</b>	060	Ace Decided. Choose Coder.	
-	4.1 Palindromic Tree	2	120	Decide & Order Solveable Problems	
	4.2 Treap	2	150	Status Check	
	4.3 Sparse Array	2	180	Status Check	
	4.4 Skip Lists	2	210	Status Check	
	THE DRIP LIBOR	_	240	Status Check	
5	Game Theory	<b>2</b>	270	Status Check	
	5.1 Nim Game	2			
	5.2 Grundy Numbers	2			
	v				
6	Graph Theory	<b>2</b>			
	6.1 Articulation Points & Bridges	2			
	6.2 SCC	2			
	6.3 2-SAT	2			
	6.4 Edmonds-Karp Max Flow	2			
	6.5 Dinic's Max Flow	2			
	6.6 Euler Cycles	2			
	6.7 Maximum Matching	2			
	6.8 HL Decomposition	2			
_	N. I. W.				
7	Number Theory	2			
	7.1 Extended GCD	2			
	7.2 Sieve of Eratosthenes	2			
	7.3 Chinese Remainder	2			
	7.4 Modular Inverse	2			
	7.5 Discerete Logarithm	2			
	7.6 Gaussian Elimination	2			
	7.7 Fast Fourier-Transform	2			
	7.8 Tortoise & Hare	2			
8	Search	2			
		2			
	8.1 Binary Search	$\frac{2}{2}$			
	O A TELLIALV DEALCH	/.			

### 1 2D Geometry

#### 1.1 Primitives

```
typedef complex<double> point;
struct circle {
   point c; double r;
   circle(point c, double r):c(c),r(r){}
   circle()(}
};

double cross(const point &a, const point &b) {
   return imag(conj(a)*b);
}

double dot(const point &a, const point &b) {
   return real(conj(a)*b);
}
```

- 1.2 Circle Intersection
- 1.3 Line-Circle Intersection
- 1.4 Line Intersection
- 1.5 Segment Intersection
- 1.6 Parabola-Line Intersection
- 1.7 Circle Generation
- 1.8 Polygon Centroid

```
1 for(int i = 1; i < n-1; i++) {
2  pt ai = pts[i] - pts[i-1],
3  ib = pts[i+1] - pts[i];
4  area += (conj(ai)*ib).imag();
5 }</pre>
```

- 1.9 Point In Polygon
- 1.10 Convex Hull
- 1.11 Full Line Segment Intersection
- 1.12 Voronoi
- 2 3D Geometry
- 2.1 Primitives
- 2.2 Convex Hull
- 3 Combinatorics
- 3.1 Basics

```
1 // catalan numbers
2 long long C(int n) {
2 return (C(n-1)*2*n*(2*n-1))/(n*(n+1));
4 return NCR(2*n, n) - NCR(2*n, n+1);
     return NCR(2*n, n)/(n+1);
6
   // derangements
9 long long D(int n) {
    return n*D(n-1) + pow(-1, n);
10
11
     return (n-1) * (D(n-1) + D(n-2));
12
13
   // iterate over all the subsets with no more than m
                                                                      10
        elements
                                                                      11
  for (int i = 0; i < (1<<n); i=Integer.bitCount(i) < m ? i</pre>
                                                                      12
        +1 : (i | (i-1))+1)
   // iterate over all the subsets
17
  for (int i=0; i < (1<<n); i++)</pre>
       // iterate over all the subsets of the i-th subset
19
       for(int i2 = i; i2 > 0; i2 = (i2-1) & i)
           // generate the subset induced by i2
```

- 4 Data Structures
- 4.1 Palindromic Tree
- 4.2 Treap
- 4.3 Sparse Array
- 4.4 Skip Lists
- 5 Game Theory
- 5.1 Nim Game
- 5.2 Grundy Numbers
- 6 Graph Theory

```
6.1 Articulation Points & Bridges
```

- 6.2 SCC
- 6.3 2-SAT
- 6.4 Edmonds-Karp Max Flow
- 6.5 Dinic's Max Flow
- 6.6 Euler Cycles
- 6.7 Maximum Matching
- 6.8 HL Decomposition

# 7 Number Theory

- 7.1 Extended GCD
- 7.2 Sieve of Eratosthenes
- 7.3 Chinese Remainder
- 7.4 Modular Inverse
- 7.5 Discerete Logarithm
- 7.6 Gaussian Elimination
- 7.7 Fast Fourier-Transform

```
1 double* GaussianElimination(int N, double **mat) {
     int i, j, k, l; double t;
     for (i = 0; i < N - 1; i++) {
       1 = i;
 5
        for (j = i + 1; j < N; j++)</pre>
 6
        if (fabs(mat[j][i]) > fabs(mat[l][i]))
            1 = j;
 8
        // partial pivot
9
       for (k = i; k <= N; k++)
swap(mat[i][k], mat[l][k]);</pre>
10
11
        for (j = i + 1; j < N; j++)
12
         for (k = N; k >= i; k--)
13
            mat[j][k] -= (mat[i][k] * mat[j][i]) / mat[i][i];
14
15
16
     double *res = new double[N];
17
     for (j = N - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
  for (t = 0.0, k = j + 1; k < N; k++)
18
19
       t += mat[j][k] * res[k];
20
       res[j] = (mat[j][N] - t) / mat[j][j]; // the answer is
21
              here
22
23
     return res:
24
```

# 7.8 Tortoise & Hare

```
// mu = start of cycle, lambda = cycle length
ii floyd(int x0) {
   int tortoise = f(x0), hare = f(f(x0));

   while(tortoise != hare)
   tortoise = f(tortoise), hare = f(f(hare));
   int mu = 0; hare = x0;

   while(tortoise != hare)
   tortoise = f(tortoise), hare = f(hare), mu++;
   int lambda = 1; hare = f(tortoise);

   while(tortoise != hare)
   hare = f(hare), lambda++;
   return ii(mu, lambda);
}
```

#### 8 Search

- 8.1 Binary Search
- 8.2 Ternary Search

```
1 long double min() {
       long double lo = -1e6, hi = 1e6, res = 3e6;
2
       while(fabs(lo-hi) > EPS) {
3
           long double left = (hi-lo)/3 + lo, right = (2*(hi-lo)/3 + lo)
4
                10))/3 + 10;
           long double resL = F(left), resR = F(right);
5
6
           if(resL < resR)</pre>
               hi = right;
7
               lo = left;
9
           res = min(res, min(resL, resR));
10
11
12
```

- 9 Strings
- 9.1 Aho Corasick
- 9.2 Hashing
- 9.3 KMP
- 9.4 Suffix Array