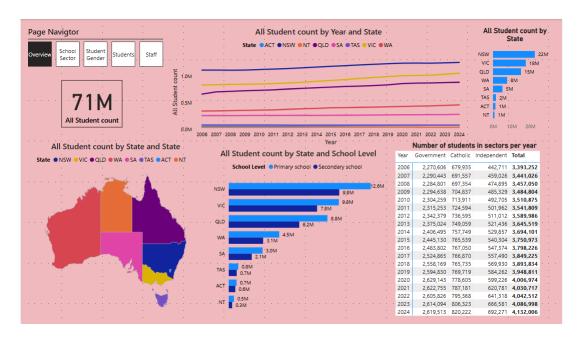
Executive summary of National Primary and Secondary School Data Analysis



1. Trends Over Time by State (2006-2024)

- All states show a steady upward trend in student count.
- NSW remains consistently the highest and growing.
- VIC and QLD show solid growth, narrowing the gap with NSW.
- NT, ACT, TAS remain flat consistent with smaller populations.

This suggests consistent national **growth in student population over ~2 decades**, and long-term stability in education demand.

Other Observations:

- **2010–2013**: Slower growth in all sectors possibly external factors (policy/economy)
- Post-2020: Clear growth across all sectors, despite potential pandemic impact

2. Steady Growth Over Time (2006–2024)

- Total student population grew from ~3.39M (2006) to ~4.13M (2024) ~22% increase
- Growth is visible across all three sectors:

○ Government: $2.27M \rightarrow 2.61M$

○ Catholic: $679K \rightarrow 820K$

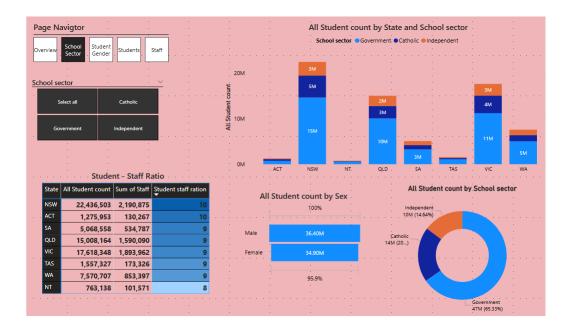
o Independent: 442K → 692K

3. NSW Leads in Student Enrollment

- New South Wales (NSW) has the highest student count at 22M, followed by:
 - Victoria (VIC) 18M
 - Queensland (QLD) 15M
- These 3 states make up the majority of Australia's school enrollment.

4. Primary vs Secondary School Distribution

- Across all states, primary school enrollment is higher than secondary.
- Example: NSW has ~12.6M primary vs ~9.8M secondary students.
- Implies a growing base of younger students that will flow into secondary soon.



5. Sector-wise Distribution

- Government sector dominates with 47M students (~65.33%)
- Catholic schools have 14M (~20%)
- Independent schools have 10M (~14.64%)
- Clear reliance on public schooling with minor but steady private sector presence.

6. Government Sector Dominates

- Consistently contributes ~70%+ of total students every year
- Grew from 2.27M (2006) to 2.62M (2024)

7. Catholic Sector Growth

- Increased from 679K to 820K between 2006–2024
- Share of total students has remained stable at ~19–20%

8. Independent Sector Gains Slight Share

- Increased from 442K to 692K (growth ~56%)
- Strongest percentage growth of the 3 sectors
- Now represents nearly 17% of total students (was ~13% in 2006)



9. Gender Distribution

Gender distribution is fairly balanced overall

Male Students: 36.40M

Female Students: 34.90M

10. School Level Breakdown by Gender

Primary School:

o Females: 19.8M

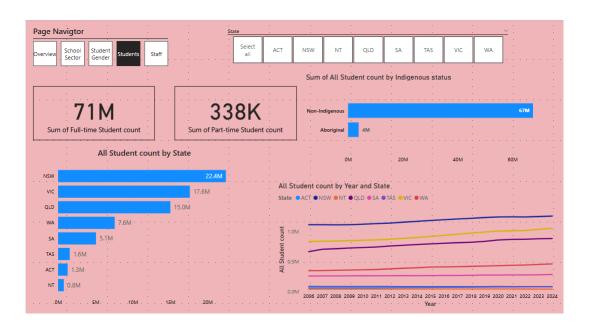
o Males: 20.3M

Secondary School:

o Females: 11.5M

o Males: 15.5M

• Insight: There's a wider gender gap in secondary school — with ~4M more male students than females.



11. Full-time vs Part-time Students

• Full-time students: 71M

Part-time students: 338K

Insight: The education system is overwhelmingly full-time focused (>99% of enrollments)

12. 2. Indigenous vs Non-Indigenous Students

Non-Indigenous: 67M

Aboriginal: 4M

Aboriginal students represent ~5.6% of the total student population



13. Staff-to-Student Landscape

Total Students: 71.3M

Total Staff: 7.5M

• Overall Student-Staff Ratio ≈ 9.5 students per staff

14. Staff by Job Function

Teaching Staff dominate: 5.2M (≈70%)

Admin & Clerical Staff: 1.8M

Other roles (Support, Maintenance): minor shares

15. Staff by Gender

Female staff: ~5.5M (73.6%)

Male staff: ~2M (26.4%)

• Insight: Education workforce is heavily female-dominated