

# COMPUTER TERMINOLOGY

## STRING

In [computer programming](#), a **string** is traditionally a [sequence](#) of [characters](#), either as a [literal constant](#) or as some kind of variable. The latter may allow its elements to be mutated and/or the length changed, or it may be fixed (after creation). A string is generally understood as a [data type](#) and is often implemented as an [array](#) of [bytes](#) (or [words](#)) that stores a sequence of elements, typically characters, using some [character encoding](#). A string may also denote more general [arrays](#) or other sequence (or [list](#)) data types and structures.

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/String\\_\(computer\\_science\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/String_(computer_science))

