# Deep Learning Assignment 5

# **Deep Convolutional GAN (DCGAN)**

Deadline: 12th May 2024, 11:59 pm

#### **Submission Guidelines:**

#### Submission:

Submit all of your codes and results in a single zip file with the name FirstName RollNumber 05.zip.

- Submit a single zip file containing.
  - (a) codes (b) report (c) Jupyter Notebook (d) Readme.txt
- There should be a Report.pdf detailing your experience and highlighting any
  interesting results. Kindly don't explain your code in the report, just explain the
  results. Your report should include your comments on the results of all the steps,
  with images, for example, what happened when you changed the learning rate,
  etc.
- Readme.txt should explain how to run your code, preferably it should accept the command line arguments e.g dataset path used for training the model.
- The assignment is accepted in both .py and Jupyter notebooks. You can use Google Collab or Kaggle for GPU.
- In the root directory, there should be **1** python/notebook file, a report, and a folder containing saved models.
- The root directory should be named FirstName\_RollNumber\_05
- Your main code file should be named rollNumber\_05.py
- Follow all the naming conventions.
- For each convention, there is a 3% penalty if you don't follow it.
- Email the instructor or TA if there are any questions. You cannot look at others' code or use others' code, however, you can discuss it with each other. Plagiarism will lead to a straight zero with additional consequences as well.
- 10% (of obtained marks) deduction per day for a late submission.
- The submissions will only be accepted till Wednesday (15th of May).
- DON'T RESUBMIT THE DATASETS PROVIDED IN YOUR SUBMISSION.
- Report without code/experiment will be rewarded zero
- Use the provided dataset for this assignment.

Due Date: 12/05/2024

**Note:** For this assignment (and for others in general) you are not allowed to **search online for any kind of implementation.** Do not share code or look at the other's code. You should not have any implementation related to the assignment, other than your own.

In case of any confusion please reach out to the TAs (email them or visit them during their office hours).

#### **Objectives:**

- Understand how GAN works.
- Understand what discriminator and Generator.
- Understand how to implement the training loop for GAN.
- Understand how to implement a multilabel Classifier.

### What is a GAN? (source https://lilianweng.github.io/posts/2017-08-20-gan/)

In 2014, <u>Goodfellow et al</u>. presented a method for training generative models called Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs for short).

#### GAN consists of two models:

A discriminator D estimates the probability of a given sample coming from the real dataset. It works as a critic and is optimized to tell the fake samples from the real ones.

A generator G outputs synthetic samples given a noise variable input (brings in potential output diversity). It is trained to capture the real data distribution so that its generative samples can be as real as possible, or in other words, can trick the discriminator to offer a high probability.

These two models compete against each other during the training process: generator G is trying hard to trick the discriminator, while the discriminator model D is trying hard not to be cheated. This interesting zero-sum game between two models motivates both to improve their functionalities.

$$\min_{G} \max_{D} \mathbb{E}_{x \sim q_{\text{data}}(\boldsymbol{x})}[\log D(\boldsymbol{x})] + \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{z} \sim p(\boldsymbol{z})}[\log(1 - D(G(\boldsymbol{z})))],$$

**Equation 1: Loss Equation** 

where  $Z \sim p(z)$  are the random noise samples, G(z) are the generated images using the neural network generator G, and D is the output of the discriminator, specifying the probability of an input being real.

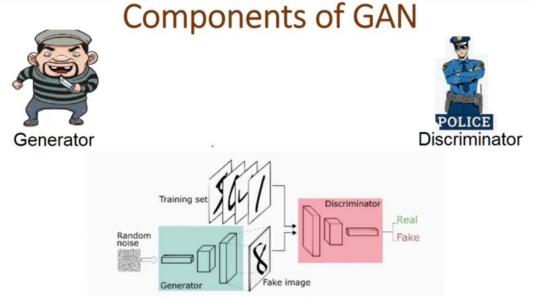


Figure 1: Basic structure of GAN architecture.

#### Introduction

In this assignment, you will implement and train GANs from scratch. We will implement a specific type of GAN designed to process images, called a Deep Convolutional GAN (DCGAN).

A DCGAN is simply a GAN that uses a convolutional neural network as the discriminator, and a network composed of transposed convolutions as the generator. To implement the DCGAN, we need to specify three things:

- 1) the generator,
- 2) the discriminator, and
- 3) the training procedure.

We will develop each of these three components in the following subsections.

#### Discriminator

The discriminator in this DCGAN is a convolutional neural network that has the following architecture:

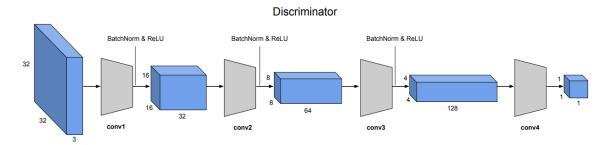


Figure 2: Architecture of Discriminator.

In each of the convolutional layers shown above, we downsample the spatial dimension of the input volume by a factor of 2. You need to implement the <code>Discriminator</code> class, shown below according to the provided architecture.

#### Generator

Now, we will implement the generator of the DCGAN, which consists of a sequence of upconv (transpose convolutional) layers (see torch.nn.ConvTranspose2d documentations <a href="here">here</a>) that progressively upsample the input noise sample to generate a fake image. You need to implement the Generator class using the following architecture:

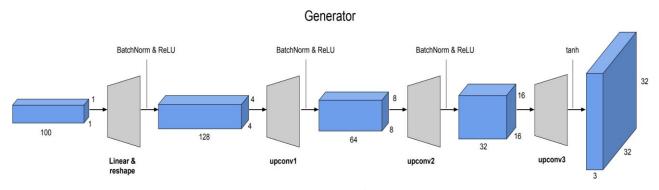


Figure 3: Generator Architecture

**Note**: Please zoom this image if you are unable to read the text on architecture

Your input will be a 100-dimensional random vector, and that will be followed by the linear layer. You need to set the parameters of linear such that when you reshape, we get 128x4x4.

**Note:** The original DCGAN generator uses the deconvolution function to expand the spatial dimension. <u>Odena et al.</u> later found the deconvolution creates checkerboard artifacts in the generated samples.

#### **Training Loop**

Next, you will implement the training loop for the DCGAN.

We train it in exactly the same way as a standard GAN. The pseudo-code for the training procedure is shown below. The actual implementation is simpler than it may seem from the pseudo-code: this will give you practice in translating math to code.

#### HINTS:

You can use the function binary cross entropy loss function (torch.nn.functional.binary\_cross\_entropy\_with\_logits )to compute these losses of Generator and Discriminator.

You will also need to compute labels corresponding to real or fake. You can assign 1 to real images label and 0 to generated images. Batch size can help you to create labels in the training loop.

**Note**: You can use a single optimizer to train both G and D but in this assignment, you will use a separate optimizer for both.

#### Algorithm 1 GAN Training Loop Pseudocode

- 1: procedure TRAINGAN
- 2: Draw m training examples  $\{x^{(1)}, \dots, x^{(m)}\}$  from the data distribution  $p_{data}$
- 3: Draw m noise samples  $\{z^{(1)},\ldots,z^{(m)}\}$  from the noise distribution  $p_z$
- 4: Generate fake images from the noise:  $G(z^{(i)})$  for  $i \in \{1, ..., m\}$
- 5: Compute the (least-squares) discriminator loss:

$$J^{(D)} = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left[ \left( D(x^{(i)}) - 1 \right)^{2} \right] + \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left[ \left( D(G(z^{(i)})) \right)^{2} \right]$$

- 6: Update the parameters of the discriminator
- 7: Draw m new noise samples  $\{z^{(1)},\ldots,z^{(m)}\}$  from the noise distribution  $p_z$
- 8: Generate fake images from the noise:  $G(z^{(i)})$  for  $i \in \{1, \ldots, m\}$
- 9: Compute the (least-squares) generator loss:

$$J^{(G)} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left[ \left( D(G(z^{(i)})) - 1 \right)^{2} \right]$$

10: Update the parameters of the generator

#### Task 2: Multi-task discriminator

In this task, you need to utilize the discriminator as an image classifier along with the fake/real discriminator. Specifically, you will add a classification head after 2<sup>nd</sup> last convolution layer of the original discriminator which will classify input image labels. This classification head consists of 2 fully connected layers. This is the <u>multilabel classifier</u>. You have n-outputs (no. of classes). READ THE TOPIC IN DETAIL AND MUST INCLUDE ACTIVATION FUNCTION TO OUTPUT LAYER.

The total loss of discriminator will be:

$$\int D_{\text{total}} = \int (D) + \int (C)$$

Where  $J^{(D)}$  is your original discriminator loss and  $J^{(C)}$  your new classification loss. Following is the architecture of new Discriminator.

GradCAM/HeatMap Visualziation:

- In previous assignment, you have implement TSNE function to show distribution of data after training of Encoder of UNet model.
- In this assignment, you have to show the heatmap/GradCAM by taking the output of last convolution layer. Read more about it in the article. Link.

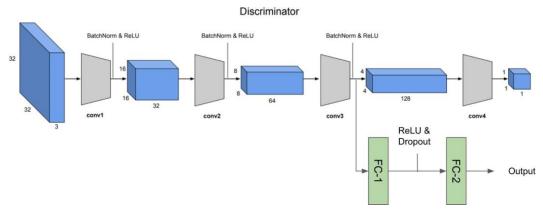


Figure 4: Image classifier using Discriminator.

#### **Dataset Details**

Malaria cells detection is the dataset prepared in intelligent machines lab (IMAL) and research paper of this dataset is published at <a href="CVPR 2022">CVPR 2022</a> [1]. This dataset is related to the detection of malaria cells. This dataset contained the images in HCM and LCM, and annotation contains the bounding box information of the defected cells. You can use HCM images to as your training set. For the classification you have to read the labels from the annotation files. There are almost 4 classes, Ring, Trophozoite, Schizont, and Gametocyte. You have to assign labels and use these as your ground truth for the classification model. In the GAN part you only need images to train a GAN. A sample diagram of the dataset is depicted in <a href="Figure 5">Figure 5</a>.

You can download the dataset from here:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1EMMonAMhHN4V09HSUtAzR59FPBSNJflr/view?usp=sharin

g

This dataset is divided into training validation and testing folders. HCM will be used in your case for training the model. Initial code for reading the annotation files are mentioned in the Malaria Detection paper (GitHub link).

Note: We will ask you to implement another module later and for that, you will need class labels.

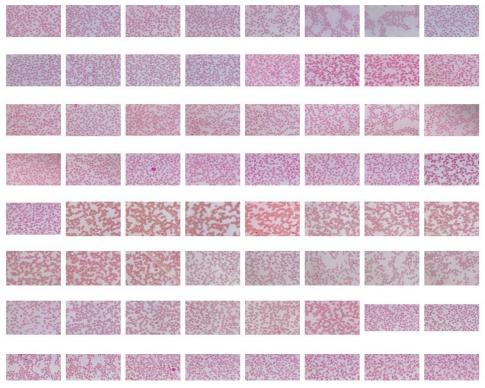


Figure 5: Dataset Example

# **Functions to be Implement:**

- 1. DataLoader Class
- 2. Model Architecture Class of both tasks.
- 3. Train function of all the models.
- 4. Test function must be added in the notebook/script.
  - a. The test function parameters would be:
    - i. Model Architecture: This will be your model architecture.
    - ii. Weights: Model weights path
    - iii. Test Image path: This is the image path/Image array you want to test on the model. (in case of GAN it will take random noise vector)
  - b. Make another file and write shift your test code there and test a sample. You will be asked to run a sample on the test file during evaluation.
- 5. Save and load model functions.
- 6. Graphs of training and validation.
  - a. In the case of GAN, you have to plot the graphs of loss.
  - b. In the case of Multi-Label Classifier, you have to plot the loss, and accuracy plots.
    - i. You have to show correct and wrong predicted samples by classifier in the report.
    - ii. Also have implement the GradCAM/Heatmap visualization of the discriminator/classifier last convolution output layer.

## **Summary:**

- 1. Prepare data loader.
- 2. Implement Discriminator and Generator classes.
- 3. Define Loss functions and optimizers.
- 4. Implement training loop.
- 5. Save and load model.
- 6. GradCAM visualization.

#### Report

- o Plot the losses (generator and discriminator) separately over training iterations.
- o Visualize and save generated images every epoch (No screenshots)
- Try over different batch sizes, epochs, and optimizers and report results with loses plot.
- o Plot and save images of weights of discriminator and generator (No screenshots)
- Loss and Accuracy Curves for classification head-on validation and training dataset.
- o Plot examples of images generated after using the new discriminator.
- Discuss the behavior of the discriminator after adding the classification head?
   Does the new head affect the generator?
- o GradCAM results from the discriminator.

**Note**: Deliverables will be updated in case there are additional tasks in the assignment.

**Good Luck**