451. b. subsequent means following in time or order; previous means going before in time or order

452. c. abrupt means occurring without warning, or sudden; anticipated means expected

453. a. to conserve means to keep safe or preserve, which is the opposite of to waste

454. a. to waive means to give up voluntarily; to retain means to keep

455. d. to erode means to wear away; to restore means to bring back to an original state

456. c. to recall means to remember, which is the opposite of to forget

457. b. dormant means temporarily inactive, which is the opposite of active

458. c. to procrastinate means to delay or put off, which is the opposite of to hurry

459. b. docile means easily taught; unruly means not easily managed or disciplined

460. a. impromptu means unplanned or unrehearsed; rehearsed means trained or practiced

461. d. to denigrate means to deny the importance of something, or to belittle; to uphold means to support or to elevate

462. b. a bent is a strong inclination or capacity; a disinclination is a slight aversion

463. c. one meaning of solvent is able to pay all debts; broke means penniless

464. a. disconsolate means cheerless or dejected, which is the opposite of joyful

465. c. brusque means blunt in manner or speech to the point of being ungracious; gracious means marked by charm and good taste

466. b. callow means unsophisticated; urbane means sophisticated

467. c. to countenance means to extend approval or sanction; to deny means to refuse to grant

468. d. cachet means prestige; ignominy means disgrace

469. c. to evince means to display clearly or reveal, which is the opposite of to hide

470. d. vainglorious means boastful, which is the opposite of modest

471. a. iniquitous means wicked; virtuous means morally excellent

472. b. obstreperous means stubbornly resistant to control or unruly; tame means docile or submissive

473. d. ebullient means lively or enthusiastic; glum means dreary or gloomy

474. c. halcyon means calm or peaceful; tempestuous means turbulent or stormy

475. c. imprimatur means sanction or approval, therefore disapproval is the most dissimilar

476. c. odium means hatred and condemnation; admiration means a feeling of delighted approval

477. b. mephitic means relating to a foul, noxious exhalation from the earth; a mephitic environment would be unhealthy, so healthy is its opposite

478. b. platitudinous means full of or characterized by banal, trite remarks; exhilarating means refreshing or exciting

479. a. facultative means optional; compulsory means mandatory, or not optional

480. c. persiﬂage means frivolous talk, therefore silence is the most dissimilar