221. a. delirious means marked by frenzied excitement, or manic

222. b. inﬁrm means feeble from age, or weak

223. d. cautious means careful; reckless means lacking caution

224. b. a lure is used to attract animals into a trap, like a decoy

225. c. perilous means dangerous, therefore safe is the opposite

226. c. isolation means the state of being alone or withdrawn, or solitude

227. a. a lull is a temporary pause

228. d. to outﬁt means to supply or to furnish

229. b. punctual means on time; tardy means late

230. c. to delude means to mislead the judgment of someone, or to trick; to enlighten means to give knowledge to someone

231. b. to omit means to leave out, to fail to perform, or to neglect

232. d. resilient means capable of withstanding shock; ﬂimsy means lacking in physical strength or substance

233. a. mutiny means resistance to lawful authority, or rebellion

234. c. naive means unaffectedly simple, or unsophisticated

235. b. to entice means attract seductively, or to lure; to repulse means to cause aversion to, or to disgust

236. b. solemnity means formal or ceremonious observance, or seriousness; gravity means dignity of bearing, or seriousness

237. d. one meaning of liberal is giving freely, or generous; stingy means lacking generosity

238. c. to malign means to speak false or harmful things of, or to slander

239. d. impudent means contemptuously bold or cocky, or insolent

240. a. vacillate means to hesitate among choices, or to waver; decide means to choose

241. b. kinetic means relating to motion, or dynamic; static means at rest, or stationary

242. c. to lambaste means to attack verbally, or to censure

243. a. to kowtow means to show fawning deference; to snub means to treat with contempt

244. d. rudimentary means crude or primitive

245. c. pitched means intensely fought; one meaning of heated is marked by anger

246. b. tepid means lukewarm; scalding means boiling hot

247. b. largesse means liberal giving or generosity

248. a. insidious means harmful but enticing or seductive; repellant means arousing aversion or disgust

249. a. decorum means conduct required in social life, or etiquette

250. c. to succor means go to the aid of, or relieve; to injure means to harm

251. c. enjoin means to forbid or prohibit, therefore permit is the opposite

252. a. tumid means puffy or swollen

253. b. jejune means lacking in substance or interest; insipid means lacking in qualities to excite or interest

254. d. ecumenical means of or relating to the whole body of churches, or universal; parochial means of or relating to a parish, or limited in scope or range

255. a. a sinecure is a job for which little or no work is expected; a cakewalk is a one-sided competition

256. b. to castigate means to subject to severe punishment

257. d. reconnoiter means to gain information or to explore; disregard means to pay no attention to

258. a. obloquy means abusive language; tirade means harshly censorious language

259. c. recondite means hidden from sight or obscure; patent means readily visible or intelligible

260. b. querulous means habitually complaining, or fretful