40. Four points on the graph of a polynomial P are shown in the table  . If P is a polynomial of degree 3, then P(x) could equal (A) (x – 5)(x – 2)(x + 1) (B) (x – 5)(x + 2)(x + 1) (C) (x + 5)(x – 2)(x – 1) (D) (x + 5)(x + 2)(x – 1) (E) (x + 5)(x + 2)(x + 1)