LAB NO 10

Fall 2024

CSE-304L Computer Organization and Architecture Lab

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MULTIPLEXER

TASK 01:

Write a Verilog code for 2x1 Mux using Dataflow Level modeling.

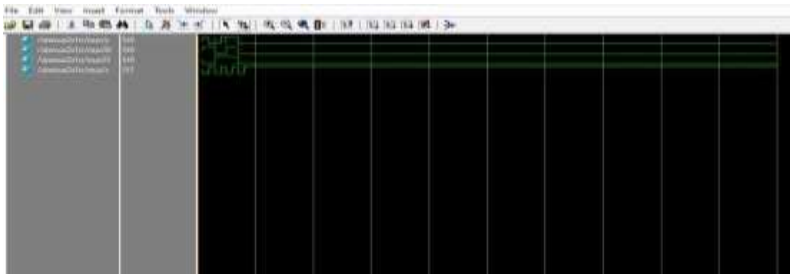
```
module mux_2to1(a,b,sel,f);
output f;
input a,b,sel;
and g1(f1,a,nsel);
and g2(f2,b,sel);
or g3(f,f1,f2);
not g4(nsel,sel);
endmodule
```

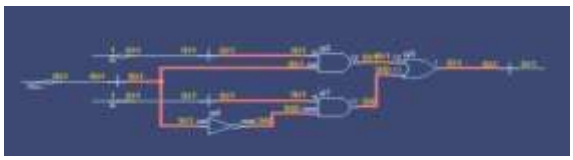
```
module stimN();
reg A,B,SEL;
wire F;
mux_2to1 M(A,B,SEL,F);
initial
begin
$display("A B SEL F");
A=0; B=0;
SEL=0;
#1 $display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
#5 A=0; B=0;
SEL=1;
$display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
#10 A=0; B=1;
SEL=0;
$display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
#15 A=1; B=0;
SEL=0;
$display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
#20 A=1; B=0;
SEL=1;
$display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
#25 A=1; B=1;
SEL=0;
$display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
A=1; B=1;
SEL=1;
$display("%b %b %b %b",A,B,SEL,F);
end
endmodule
```

Output:

```
vsim work.stimN
# vsim work.stimN
# Loading work.stimN
# Loading work.mux_2to1
run -all
# A B SEL F
# 0 0 0 0
# 0 0 1 0
# 0 1 0 0
# 0 1 1 0
# 1 0 0 1
# 1 0 1 1
# 1 1 0 1
# 1 1 1 1

VSIM 10>
```





Task 02:

Write a Verilog code for 4x1 Mux using Dataflow Level modeling.

```
1 module mux_4to1(a, b, c, d, sel, f);
2     input a, b, c, d;
3     input [1:0] sel;
4     output f;
5
6     wire nsel1, nsel0;
7     wire t1, t2, t3, t4;
8
9     not g1(nsel1, sel[1]);
10    not g2(nsel0, sel[0]);
11
12    and g3(t1, nsel1, nsel0, a);
13    and g4(t2, nsel1, sel[0], b);
14    and g5(t3, sel[1], nsel0, c);
15    and g6(t4, sel[1], sel[0], d);
16
17    or g7(f, t1, t2, t3, t4);
18 endmodule
```

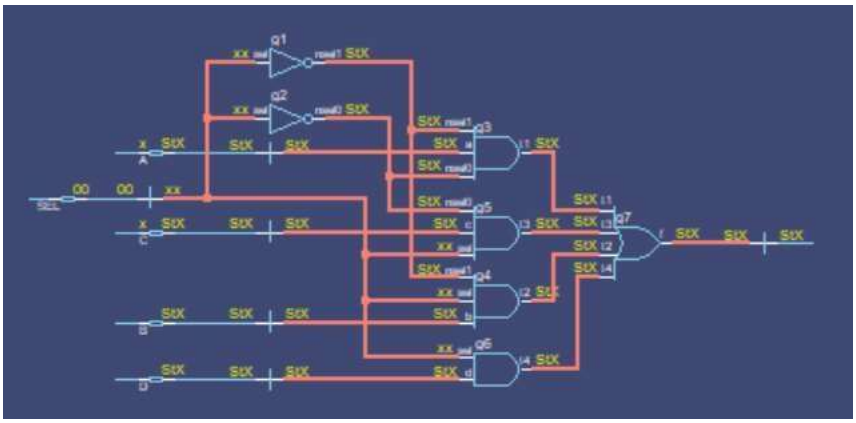
Output:

Table:

```
run -all
#A B C D SEL[1] SEL[0] F
#0 0 0 0 0 0 0
#0 0 0 1 0 1 0
#0 1 0 0 1 0 0
#0 1 1 0 1 1 0
#1 0 0 0 0 0 1
#1 0 1 0 0 1 0
#1 1 0 0 0 1 0
#1 1 1 1 1 1 1

VSIM 7>
```

Logical diagram:



Task3:

Write a Verilog code for 8x1 Mux using Dataflow Level modeling.

```
ln #                                                    C:/Modeltech_5.7l/examples/test8x1.v
 1 module stimT();
 2     reg [7:0] A;            // 8-bit data input
 3     reg [2:0] SEL;          // 3-bit select input
 4     wire F;                 // Output of the MUX
 5
 6     mux_8to1 M(A, SEL, F);  // Instantiate the 8x1 MUX
 7
 8     initial begin
 9         $display("A[7:0] SEL[2] SEL[1] SEL[0] F");
10
11         // Test case 1: Select d[0]
12         A = 8'b00000001; SEL = 3'b000; #1
13         $display("%b  %b     %b     %b     %b", A, SEL[2], SEL[1], SEL[0], F);
14
15         // Test case 2: Select d[1]
16         A = 8'b00000010; SEL = 3'b001; #5
17         $display("%b  %b     %b     %b     %b", A, SEL[2], SEL[1], SEL[0], F);
18
19         // Test case 3: Select d[2]
20         A = 8'b00000100; SEL = 3'b010; #10
21         $display("%b  %b     %b     %b     %b", A, SEL[2], SEL[1], SEL[0], F);
22
23         // Test case 4: Select d[3]
24         A = 8'b00001000; SEL = 3'b011; #15
25         $display("%b  %b     %b     %b     %b", A, SEL[2], SEL[1], SEL[0], F);
26
27         // Test case 5: Select d[4]
28         A = 8'b00010000; SEL = 3'b100; #20
29         $display("%b  %b     %b     %b     %b", A, SEL[2], SEL[1], SEL[0], F);
30
31         // Test case 6: Select d[5]
32         A = 8'b00100000; SEL = 3'b101; #25
33         $display("%b  %b     %b     %b     %b", A, SEL[2], SEL[1], SEL[0], F);
34
```

```
ln #
 1 module mux_8to1 (
 2     input [7:0] A,          // 8 inputs
 3     input [2:0] SEL,        // 3-bit select line
 4     output F                // Output of the MUX
 5 );
 6     assign F = (SEL == 3'b000) ? A[0] :
 7                (SEL == 3'b001) ? A[1] :
 8                (SEL == 3'b010) ? A[2] :
 9                (SEL == 3'b011) ? A[3] :
10                (SEL == 3'b100) ? A[4] :
11                (SEL == 3'b101) ? A[5] :
12                (SEL == 3'b110) ? A[6] :
13                (SEL == 3'b111) ? A[7] : 1'b0;
14 endmodule
15
```

Output:

Table:

```
run -all
# A[7:0] SEL[2] SEL[1] SEL[0] F
# 00000001  0   0   0   1
# 00000010  0   0   1   1
# 00000100  0   1   0   1
# 00001000  0   1   1   1
# 00010000  1   0   0   1
# 00100000  1   0   1   1
# 01000000  1   1   0   1
# 10000000  1   1   1   1

VSIM 8>
```