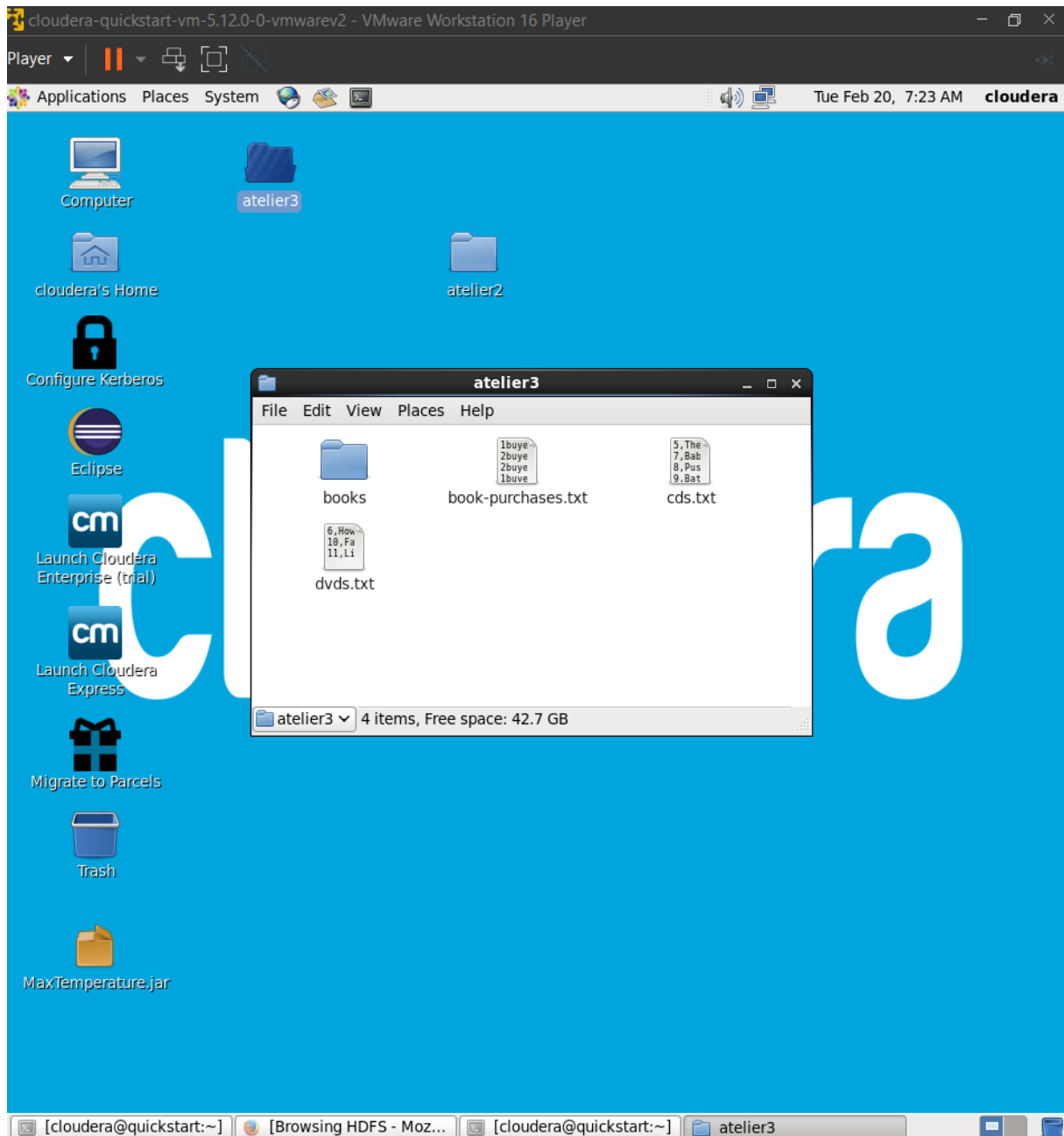


Rendu Hive

Réalisé par : Smida Molka
4ème ERP-BI9

Exercice 1

- 1) On a créé le dossier books contenant le fichier text books.txt et ensuite nous avons créé la table livres



```
hive> create table livres (id int, title string, publishdate string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by ','
> stored as textfile;
OK
```

- 2) Nous avons ensuite importé les données à partir du fichier /atelier3/books/books.txt qui sont stockés localement dans la table livres

```
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/books/books.txt'
> overwrite into table livres;
Loading data to table test.livres
Table test.livres stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=130, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 0.531 seconds
```

- 3) Affichage des enregistrements dont l'id est égale à 2

```
Time taken: 0.531 seconds
hive> select * from livres where id=2;
OK
2      HBase: The Definitive Guide      2011/09
Time taken: 0.194 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```

- 4) Nous avons créé une table externe ventee sous '/user/cloudera/atelier3' :

```
hive> create external table ventee (id int, buyer string , purchaseDate string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by '\t'
> stored as textfile
> location '/user/cloudera/atelier3';
OK
Time taken: 0.112 seconds
```

- 5)-Nous avons affiché 5 lignes de la table ventee

```
hive> select * from ventee
> limit 5;
OK
1      buyer1  2012/01/20
2      buyer2  2010/02/15
2      buyer1  2012/03/01
1      buyer3  2009/06/09
3      buyer4  2012/01/15
Time taken: 0.067 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
```

- 6)-Nous avons créé la table vente_livre :

```
hive> create table vente_livre( id int , title string , buyer string ,purchaseDate string);
OK
Time taken: 0.076 seconds
```

- 7)- Nous avons fait une jointure entre les table livre et vente sauf que ça nous a affiché une erreur car chaque requête SQL est considérée comme étant un Job MapReduce , et au niveau des jointures on utilise le Job du MapReduce et le MapSide pour éviter la traduction et le gaspillage de mémoire on a défini le hive.auto.convert.join à une valeur false pour qu'il désactive la traduction et pour qu'on puisse effectuer la jointure des deux tables

```

hive> insert overwrite table livre_vente select b.int , b.title , p.buyer , p.purchaseDate
> from livres b JOIN ventee p ON (b.id=p.id);
FAILED: SemanticException [Error 10001]: Line 1:23 Table not found 'livre_vente'
hive> SET hive.auto.convert.join=false;
hive> insert overwrite table livre_vente select b.int , b.title , p.buyer , p.purchaseDate
> SET hive.auto.convert.join=false;
FAILED: ParseException line 2:4 missing EOF at 'hive' near 'SET'
hive> insert overwrite table livre_vente select b.int , b.title , p.buyer , p.purchaseDate
> from livres b JOIN ventee p ON (b.id=p.id);
FAILED: SemanticException [Error 10001]: Line 1:23 Table not found 'livre_vente'
hive> insert overwrite table vente_livre select b.int , b.title , p.buyer , p.purchaseDate
> from livres b JOIN ventee p ON (b.id=p.id);
FAILED: SemanticException Line 0:-1 Invalid column reference 'int'
hive> insert overwrite table vente_livre select b.id , b.title , p.buyer , p.purchaseDate
> from livres b JOIN ventee p ON (b.id=p.id);
Query ID = cloudera_20240220073131_5e8cce63-630c-435f-91c4-ee4cef8c7d56
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
  set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
  set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1708433344543_0002, Tracking URL = http://quickstart.cloudera:8088/proxy/application_1708433344543_0002/
Kill Command = /usr/lib/hadoop/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1708433344543_0002
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 2; number of reducers: 1
2024-02-20 07:31:29,751 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2024-02-20 07:31:55,652 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 5.66 sec
2024-02-20 07:32:07,909 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 7.69 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 7 seconds 690 msec
Ended Job = job_1708433344543_0002
Loading data to table test.vente_livre
Table test.vente_livre stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=13, totalSize=571, rawDataSize=558]
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 2 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 7.69 sec HDFS Read: 13738 HDFS Write: 644 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 690 msec
OK
Time taken: 57.886 seconds

```

8)- L'affichage des 10 enregistrements de la table vente_livre se fait par :

Select * from vente_livre limit 10 ;

9)-(Dû aux erreurs que j'ai commise précédemment j'ai eu l'affichage des tables « érronés que j'ai crée)

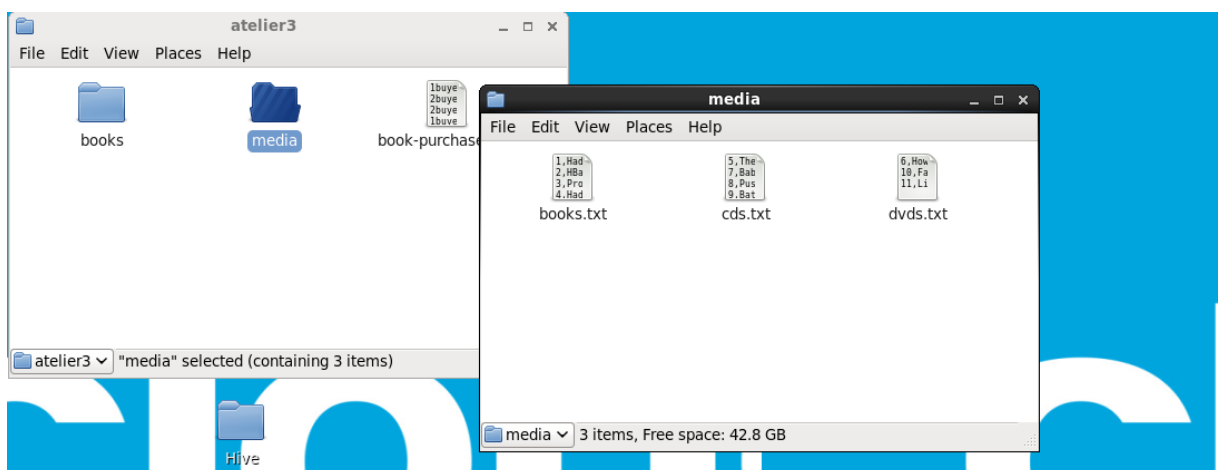
```

hive> drop table ventee
> ;
OK
Time taken: 0.776 seconds
hive> drop table livres;
OK
Time taken: 0.151 seconds
hive> show tables
> ;
OK
postpartition
vente
vente_livre
vente_livres
ventes
Time taken: 0.019 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
hive> drop table vente_livre;
OK
Time taken: 0.193 seconds
hive> show tables;
OK
postpartition
vente
vente_livres
ventes
Time taken: 0.018 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
hive> drop table vente_livres;
OK
Time taken: 0.189 seconds
hive> show tables;
OK
postpartition
vente
ventes

```

Exercice2 :

Dans un premier temps nous avons créer le dossier media où sont contenus les fichiers text comme c'est indiqué au niveau de l'énoncé :



On a lancé la commande hive puis on a utilisé notre base de données créer précédemment qui est le test ensuite nous avons crée une table books et nous l'avons « Load » au niveau de notre base de données local et on a répété les mêmes

étapes pour les tables cds, dvds

```
hive> create table book(id int, title string, releaseDate string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by ','
> stored as textfile;
FAILED: Execution Error, return code 1 from org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.exec.DDLTask. AlreadyExistsException(message:Table book already exists)
hive> create table books(id int, title string, releaseDate string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by ','
> stored as textfile;
```

```
OK
Time taken: 0.162 seconds
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/books.txt'
> overwrite into table book;
Loading data to table test.book
Table test.book stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=130, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.812 seconds
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/books.txt'
> overwrite into table books;
Loading data to table test.books
Table test.books stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=130, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.049 seconds
```

Pour la table cds :

```
hive> create table cds(id int, title string, releaseDate string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by ','
> stored as textfile;
OK
Time taken: 0.178 seconds
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/cds.txt'
> overwrite into table cds;
Loading data to table test.cds
Table test.cds stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=85, rawDataSize=0]
OK
```

Pour la table dvds :

```
hive> create table dvds(id int, title string, releaseDate string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by ','
> stored as textfile;
OK
Time taken: 0.21 seconds
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/dvds.txt'
> overwrite into table dvds;
Loading data to table test.dvds
Table test.dvds stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=123, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 0.966 seconds
```

Ensuite nous avons créer la table partitionnée qui est la table média :

```
hive> create table media (id int, title string, releaseDate string)
> partitioned by (type string)
> row format delimited
> fields terminated by ','
> stored as textfile;
OK
Time taken: 0.219 seconds
```

On a chargé la partition du cd :

```
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/cds.txt'
> overwrite into table media
> partition (type='CD');
Loading data to table test.media partition (type=CD)
Partition test.media{type=CD} stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=85, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.793 seconds
```

Ensuite celle du dvd :

```
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/dvds.txt'
> overwrite into table media
> partition (type='DVD');
Loading data to table test.media partition (type=DVD)
Partition test.media{type=DVD} stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=123, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.132 seconds
```

Et finalement celle des books :

```
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/books.txt'
> overwrite into table media
> partition (type='BOOK');
Loading data to table test.media partition (type=BOOK)
Partition test.media{type=BOOK} stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=130, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.16 seconds
```

1)-Pour afficher les enregistrements de type cd :

```
hive> select * from media where type='CD';
OK
5      The 2nd Law      2012/07 CD
7      Babel      2012/08 CD
8      Push And Shove  2012/09 CD
9      Battle Born    2012/09 CD
Time taken: 1.927 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
```

2)-Pour afficher les enregistrements de type dvd :

```
hive> select * from media where type='DVD';
OK
6      How I Met Your Mother: The Complete Seventh Season      2012/10 DVD
10     Family Guy Season 10      2011/08 DVD
11     Lie To Me Season 1      2009/01 DVD
Time taken: 0.319 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
```

3)-Et pour afficher les enregistrements de type livres «Books » :

```
hive> select * from media where type='BOOK';
OK
1      Hadoop: The Definitive Guide      2012/06 BOOK
2      HBase: The Definitive Guide      2011/09 BOOK
3      Programming Pig 2011/10 BOOK
4      Hadoop in Action      2010/12 BOOK
Time taken: 0.254 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
```

4)-Finalement pour afficher les partitions de la table media :

```
hive> show partitions media;
OK
type=BOOK
type=CD
type=DVD
Time taken: 0.206 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive> █
```

5)-Au niveau d'un autre terminal :

```
cloudera@quickstart:~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls  
Found 4 items  
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera cloudera 0 2024-02-20 07:08 atelier3  
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera cloudera 0 2024-02-13 14:23 joboutput  
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera cloudera 0 2024-02-13 14:20 myinput  
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera cloudera 0 2024-02-20 05:52 repertoire  
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```

6)-Pour supprimer la table media :

```
hive> drop table media;  
OK  
Time taken: 1.17 seconds  
hive>
```

En ci-joint, vous trouverez une capture de toute l'exécution

```
cloudera-quickstart-vm-5.12.0-0-vmware2 - VMware Workstation 16 Player  
Player  
Applications Places System  
cloudera@quickstart:~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hive  
Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j.p  
roperties  
WARNING: Hive CLI is deprecated and migration to Beeline is recommended.  
hive> use test;  
OK  
Time taken: 0.956 seconds  
hive> create table book(id int, title string, releaseDate string)  
> row format delimited  
> fields terminated by ','  
> stored as textfile;  
FAILED: Execution Error, return code 1 from org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.exec.DDLTa  
sk. AlreadyExistsException(message:Table book already exists)  
hive> create table books(id int, title string, releaseDate string)  
> row format delimited  
> fields terminated by ','  
> stored as textfile;  
OK  
Time taken: 0.162 seconds  
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/books.txt'  
> overwrite into table book;  
Loading data to table test.book  
Table test.book stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=130, rawDataSize=0]  
OK  
Time taken: 1.012 seconds  
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/books.txt'  
> overwrite into table books;  
Loading data to table test.books  
Table test.books stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=130, rawDataSize=0]  
OK  
Time taken: 1.049 seconds  
hive> create table cds(id int, title string, releaseDate string)  
> row format delimited  
> fields terminated by ','  
> stored as textfile;  
OK  
Time taken: 0.178 seconds  
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/atelier3/media/cds.txt'  
> overwrite into table cds;  
Loading data to table test.cds  
Table test.cds stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=85, rawDataSize=0]  
OK  
Time taken: 0.888 seconds  
hive> create table dvds(id int, title string, releaseDate string)  
> row format delimited  
> fields terminated by ','  
> stored as textfile;  
OK  
Current workspace: "Workspace 1"  
[Cloudera Live: Welco... atelier3] cloudera@quickstart:~  
12°C Ciel couvert  
Rechercher  
20:39 20/02/2024
```

