

Managing Linux Services



Andrew Mallett

LINUX AUTHOR AND TRAINER

@theurbanpenguin www.theurbanpenguin.com



Overview



Linux services and process management

systemd

- systemctl
- timedatectl
- localectl
- hostnamectl

Services

- chrony - systemd-timesync
- cron - timer units

Process Management

- ps, pgrep, pkill
- nice, renice
- top



PID 1 = Systemd

Boot loader

Kernel

Systemd



Using Systemctl to Manage Services

systemctl

```
# systemctl status chronyd  
# systemctl enable --now chronyd  
# systemctl disable --now chronyd  
# systemctl cat chronyd  
# systemctl edit chronyd --full
```

systemd-analyze

Analyze Boot Time

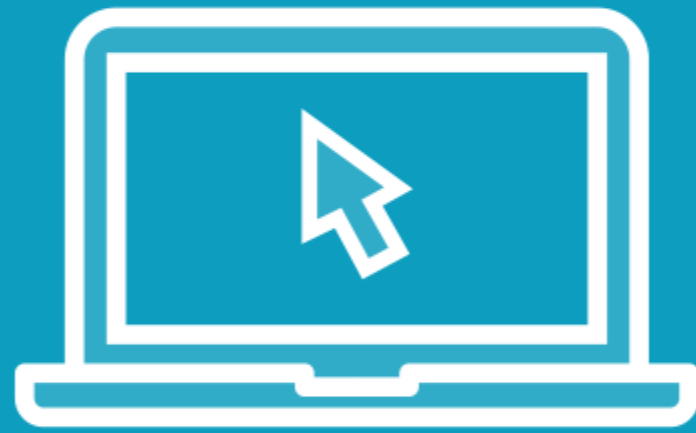
```
# systemd-analyze
```

```
# systemd-analyzed blame
```

Systemd Eco-system

```
# hostnamectl set-hostname  
# timedatectl set-timezone 'Europe/London'  
# localectl set-locale LANG=en_GB.utf8
```

Demo

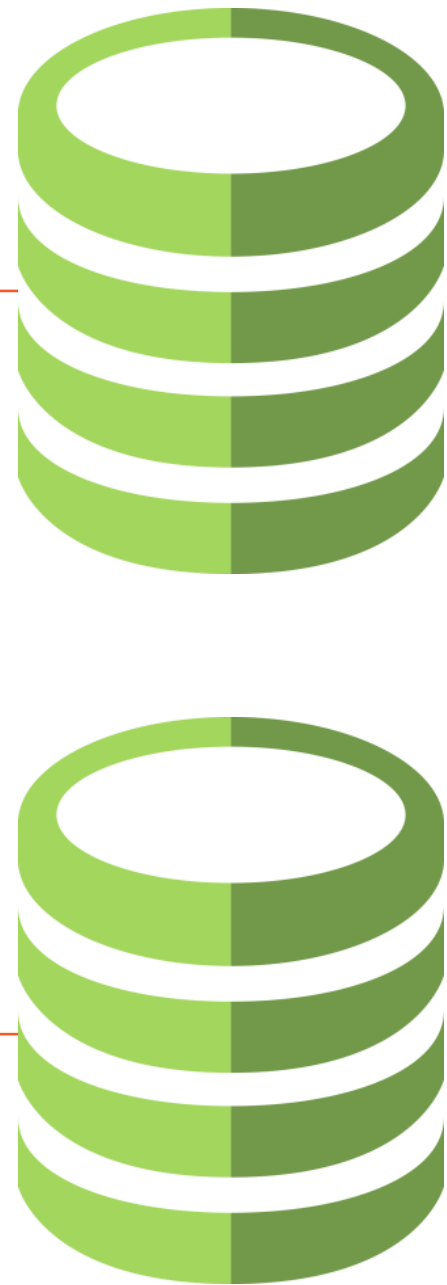


Working on the Alma Linux 8.5

- We discover the systemd-ecosystem



The Problem with.....



The loop devices we have used do not persist

Creating a `service unit` we can script the device creation system start-up

Running both `losetup` and `partprobe`



losetup.service

[Unit]

Description=Setup Loop Device

DefaultDependencies=no

Before=local-fs.target

After=systemd-udev.service

[Service]

Type=oneshot

ExecStart=/sbin/losetup /dev/loop1 /root/disk1

ExecStart=/sbin/partprobe /dev/loop1

RemainAfterExit=no

[Install]

WantedBy=local-fs.target

Demo



Working on the Alma Linux 8.5

Creating Systemd Service Units

- Block device files
- Partitioning
- Service unit





Time Services

Keeping the servers time accurate is maintained by the NTP protocol and a time client. This maybe the **chronyd** service or **systemd-timesyncd**



Chronyd / Systemd-timesyncd

Chronyd

Server and Client

More complex

Systemd-timesyncd

Client only

Simple configuration



Demo



Working with Alma Linux 8

- Configure time synchronization
- Timedatectl
- Chronyd
- Systemd-timesyncd





Task Scheduling

Traditionally Unix and Linux has used **crond** as the task scheduler. We also have the **atd** and **systemd** timer units



Task Scheduling

crond

**Jobs at regular
intervals**

atd

**Once off, or
irregular tasks**

timer units

**No need to
additional service**



Demo



Working on Alma Linux

- We start by looking at managing **cron** jobs



Demo



Working on Alma Linux

- We now look at the **atd**



Demo



Working on Alma Linux

- New and with more reporting, **systemd timer units** can replace many cron job





Process Management

- ps
- pgrep
- pkill
- top
- nice
- renice



Demo



Working on Linux Processes

- /proc
- ps, pgrep, pkill



Demo



Working with top:

- consolidates output
- ps
- uptime
- free



Demo



Process Priority:

- adjusting the allocated CPU time
- nice value -20 to +19
- nice
- renice



Summary



Managing Linux Services

- systemctl, timedatectl, localectl
- Creating service units
- Timer units

Common Services

- cron, at
- chrony

Process Management

- top
- ps, pstree, pgrep and pkill
- nice and renice



Managing the Linux Boot Process

