Name: _

Student ID: _____

Group A

For each of the following problems, find the correct answer (tick as appropriate!). No justifications are required. Each problem has exactly one correct solution, which is worth 1 mark. Incorrect solutions (including no answer, multiple answers, or unreadable answers) will be assigned 0 marks; there are no penalties.

1. The tangent to $f(t) = (t^5, t^3, t)$ in the point (1, 1, 1) meets the plane x - y + z = 0 in

 $\left[(0, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}) \right] \left((-\frac{2}{3}, 0, \frac{2}{3}) \right] \left((\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 0) \right] \left((\frac{2}{3}, 0, -\frac{2}{3}) \right)$ no point.

2. The arc length of the curve $g(t) = (t \sin(18t), t \cos(18t), 4t^{3/2}), t \in [0, 3]$ is

36

148

3. For a C¹-curve $\mathbf{u}: I \to \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \{\mathbf{0}\}$ and $t \in I$, the derivative $(d/dt) |\mathbf{u}(t)|^3$ is equal to

 $3|\mathbf{u}(t)|^2\mathbf{u}'(t)$ $3|\mathbf{u}(t)|^2$ $3|\mathbf{u}(t)|\mathbf{u}(t)\cdot\mathbf{u}'(t)$ $\frac{3}{2}|\mathbf{u}(t)|$ $3\mathbf{u}(t)\cdot\mathbf{u}'(t)$

4. The range of a parametric space curve $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^3$ with nonzero curvature and $f''(t) = \mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \{\mathbf{0}\}$ (i.e., a nonzero constant vector) is

a line

an ellipse

a parabola a hyperbola non-planar

5. The volume of the pyramid ("tetrahedron") with vertices (2,0,-1), (3,-1,0), (0,a,-1), (0,3,1)is equal to 1 for

 $\begin{vmatrix} a = -3 & a = -2 & a = -1 & a = 0 \end{vmatrix} a = 1$

6. The inverse matrix of $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ is

 $\left[\left(\begin{array}{ccc} -5 & 6 \\ 6 & -7 \end{array} \right) \quad \left[\left(\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & -6 \\ -6 & 7 \end{array} \right) \quad \left[\left(\begin{array}{ccc} -7 & -6 \\ -6 & -5 \end{array} \right) \quad \left[\left(\begin{array}{ccc} -7 & 6 \\ 6 & -5 \end{array} \right) \quad \left[\left(\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & -6 \\ -6 & 5 \end{array} \right) \right]$

7. The matrix $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ describes a reflection whose axis in polar coordinates is given by

 $\theta = 22.5^{\circ}$ $\theta = 45^{\circ}$ $\theta = 72^{\circ}$

 $\theta = 90^{\circ}$

8. The maximum rank of $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 5}$ with entries ± 1 and exactly two entries equal to -1 is

5

 $\begin{array}{rclcrcr}
 x_1 & + & x_2 & + & x_3 & = & b \\
 x_1 & & - & x_3 & = & -1 \\
 3x_1 & - & 2x_2 & - & 7x_3 & = & 1
\end{array}$ has a solution if 9. The linear system

 $b = -3 \qquad \qquad \boxed{b = 3}$

b = 1

10. The distance from the point (1,-1,1) to the line $x_1-x_2=2x_2-x_3=1$ is

 $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{14}$

 $\left]\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{11}$ $\sqrt{5}$

 $\frac{7}{2}$