

## Solutions

1. We compute the line integral

$$\int_C (y+z) dx + (x+z) dy + (x+y) dz,$$

where  $C$  consists of two line segments.

**First segment:**  $(0, 0, 0) \rightarrow (1, 0, 1)$ . Let  $x = t$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $z = t$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ . Then  $dx = dz = dt$  and  $dy = 0$ . Hence

$$\int_{C_1} (y+z) dx + (x+z) dy + (x+y) dz = \int_0^1 2t dt = 1.$$

**Second segment:**  $(1, 0, 1) \rightarrow (0, 1, 2)$ . Let  $x = t$ ,  $y = 1-t$ ,  $z = 2-t$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ . Then  $dx = dt$  and  $dy = dz = -dt$ . Hence

$$\int_{C_2} (y+z) dx + (x+z) dy + (x+y) dz = \int_1^0 (-2t) dt = 1.$$

Combining  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , we obtain

$$\int_C (y+z) dx + (x+z) dy + (x+y) dz = 1 + 1 = 2.$$

2. We compute the line integral

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^1 \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}(t)) \cdot \mathbf{r}'(t) dt.$$

From  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^3, t^2 \rangle$ , we have

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 3t^2, 2t \rangle.$$

Also,

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}(t)) = \langle t^3(t^2)^2, -(t^3)^2 \rangle = \langle t^7, -t^6 \rangle.$$

Thus,

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}(t)) \cdot \mathbf{r}'(t) = t^7(3t^2) + (-t^6)(2t) = 3t^9 - 2t^7.$$

Therefore,

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^1 (3t^9 - 2t^7) dt = \left[ \frac{3}{10}t^{10} - \frac{1}{4}t^8 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{20}.$$