

Question 1 (ca. 12 marks)

Decide whether the following statements are true or false, and justify your answers.

- a) The function $f(x, y) = \frac{\sin(x) \cos(y)}{1 + x^2 + y^2}$, $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ attains a global maximum and a global minimum.
- b) The function $g(x, y) = xy(x^2 + 2y^2 - 3)$, $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ has at least 9 critical points.
- c) Suppose you start at the point $(1, 0)$ and move 0.5 units in the (x, y) -plane following (and continuously adjusting) the direction of steepest ascent of $h(x, y) = \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2}$. Afterwards you are closer to the y -axis than before.
- d) If C^2 -functions $f(u, v)$ and $g(x, y)$ are related by $g(x, y) = f(ax + by, cx + dy)$ ($a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$, $ad - bc \neq 0$) then $g_{xx}g_{yy} - g_{xy}^2 = (ad - bc)(f_{uu}f_{vv} - f_{uv}^2)$.
- e) The line integral of $(\sin y + y \sin x) dx + (x \cos y - \cos x) dy$ along the quarter circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$ (in the mathematically positive direction) is zero.
- f) If P, Q are C^2 -functions on \mathbb{R}^2 such that both $P dx + Q dy$ and $Q dx - P dy$ are exact, then P and Q solve Laplace's equation $\Delta u = u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$.

Question 2 (ca. 9 marks)

Let $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by

$$f(x, y) = x^4 - 3x^2y + x^2 + 2y^2 - y.$$

- a) Which symmetry property does f have? What can you conclude from this about the graph of f and the contours of f ?
- b) Determine the gradient $\nabla f(x, y)$ and the Hesse matrix $\mathbf{H}_f(x, y)$.
- c) Determine all critical points of f and their types.
Hint: There are exactly 3 critical points.
- d) Does f have a global extremum?

Question 3 (ca. 9 marks)

Consider the surface S in \mathbb{R}^3 with equation

$$xz - y^2 + 2y + 2 = 0.$$

- a) Show that S is smooth.
- b) Using the method of Lagrange multipliers, determine the point(s) on S that minimize(s) the distance from the origin $(0, 0, 0)$, and the corresponding distance d . (It need not be proved that at least one such point exists.)
- c) Determine an equation for the tangent plane to S in the point $(2, -2, 3)$.
- d) The surface S is a (central) quadric. Determine its center and type.

Question 4 (ca. 6 marks)

Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^1 \frac{t^{1010} + t - 2}{\ln t} dt.$$

Hint: Consider $F(x) = \int_0^1 \frac{t^x + t - 2}{\ln t} dt$, $x \in (-1, \infty)$. Show first that F is well-defined and can be differentiated under the integral sign.

Question 5 (ca. 6 marks)

- a) Let K be the solid in \mathbb{R}^3 consisting of all points (x, y, z) satisfying

$$x \geq 0, \quad y \geq 0, \quad x + y \leq 2, \quad 0 \leq z \leq 1 + x^2 + 2y.$$

Find the volume of K .

- b) Let P be the surface in \mathbb{R}^3 consisting of all points (x, y, z) satisfying

$$z = x^2 + y^2 \leq 1.$$

Find the area of P .