

## Calculus III (Math 241)

**Q1** Find the limit, if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{a) } \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,-1)} e^{-xy} \cos(x+y); & \text{b) } \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{5y^4 \cos^2 x}{x^4 + y^4}; \\ \text{c) } \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,0)} \frac{xy - y}{(x-1)^2 + y^2}; & \text{d) } \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3 - y^3}{x^2 + y^2}. \end{array}$$

**Q2** Using the  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  definition of the limit  $\lim_{\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \mathbf{x}_0} f(\mathbf{x})$  for functions  $f: D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ , and  $\mathbf{x}_0 \in D'$ , show that

$$\lim_{\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \mathbf{x}_0} f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{a} \wedge \lim_{\mathbf{x} \rightarrow \mathbf{x}_0} f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{b} \quad \text{implies} \quad \mathbf{a} = \mathbf{b}.$$