

WebAssembly - II

Prerequisites / How to use it

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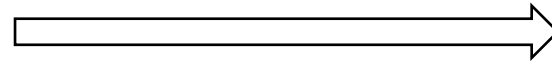
- How to load / compile / instantiate / run WASM code?
- Promise object
- Synchronous / Asynchronous?
- Future Works

How to load WASM code?

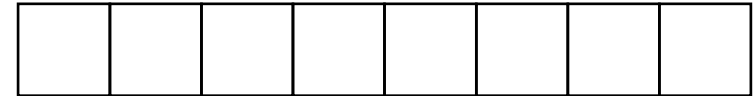
```
0061 736d  
0100 0000  
01ef 0337  
6001 7f01  
7f60 037f  
7f7f 017f  
6003 7f7f ...
```

WASM File

Fetch()



XMLHttpRequest()



JavaScript ArrayBuffer

How to load WASM code?

The `ArrayBuffer` object is used to represent a generic, fixed-length raw binary data buffer. You cannot directly manipulate the contents of an `ArrayBuffer`; instead, you create one of the `typed array objects` or a `DataView` object which represents the buffer in a specific format, and use that to read and write the contents of the buffer.

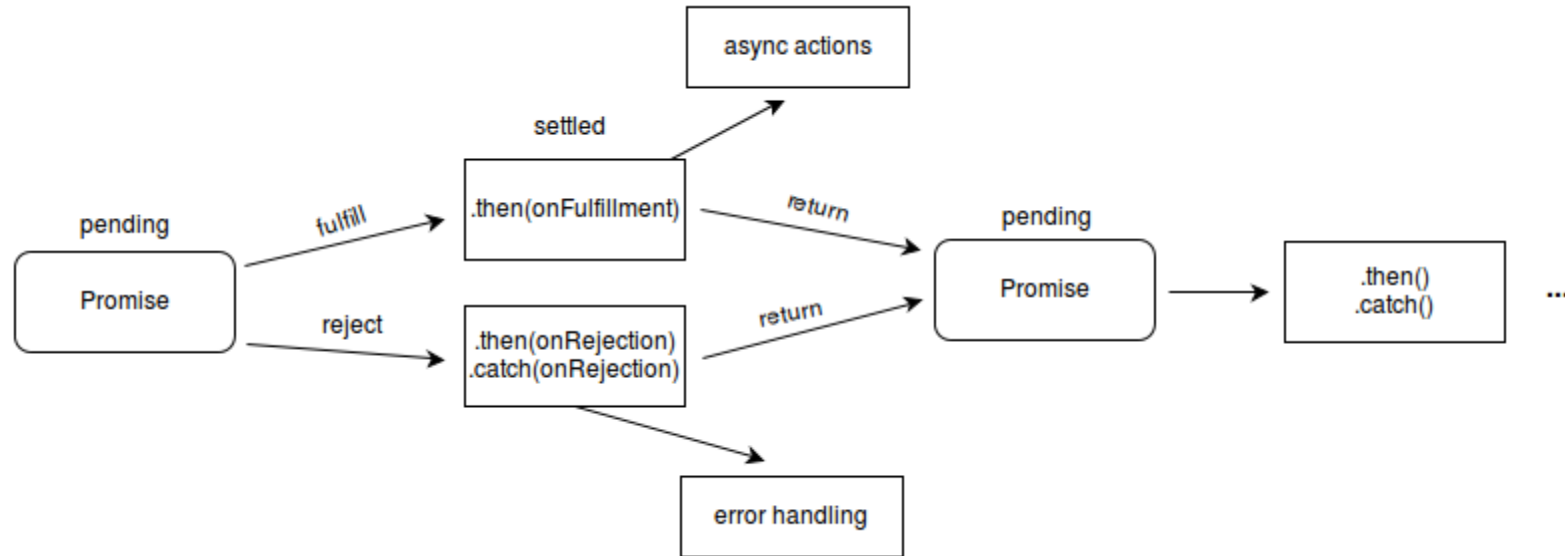
How to load WASM code?

```
function FetchCode(url)
{
    return fetch(url).then(response => response.arrayBuffer());
}

function XMLHttpRequestCode(url)
{
    request = new XMLHttpRequest();
    request.open("GET", url);
    request.responseType = "arraybuffer";
    request.send();

    request.onload = () => request.response;
}
```

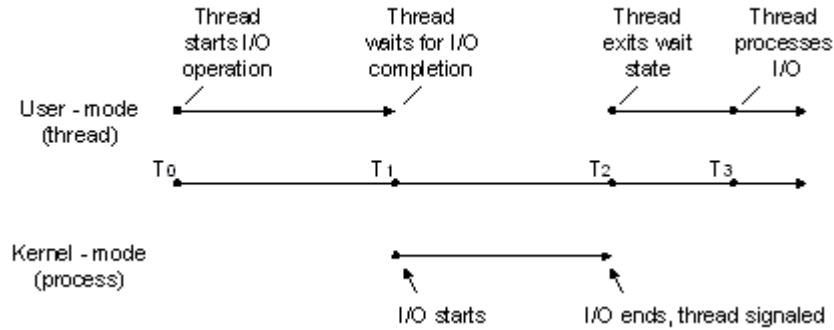
Promise object



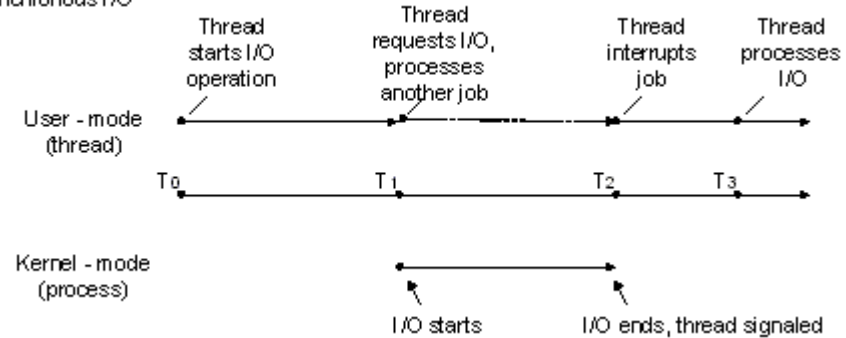
Essentially, a promise is a returned object to which you attach callbacks, instead of passing callbacks into a function.

Synchronous / Asynchronous

Synchronous I/O



Asynchronous I/O



How to compile WASM code?

WebAssembly.compile()

Syntax

```
Promise<WebAssembly.Module> WebAssembly.compile(bufferSource);
```


How to instantiate WASM code?

WebAssembly.instantiate()

Syntax

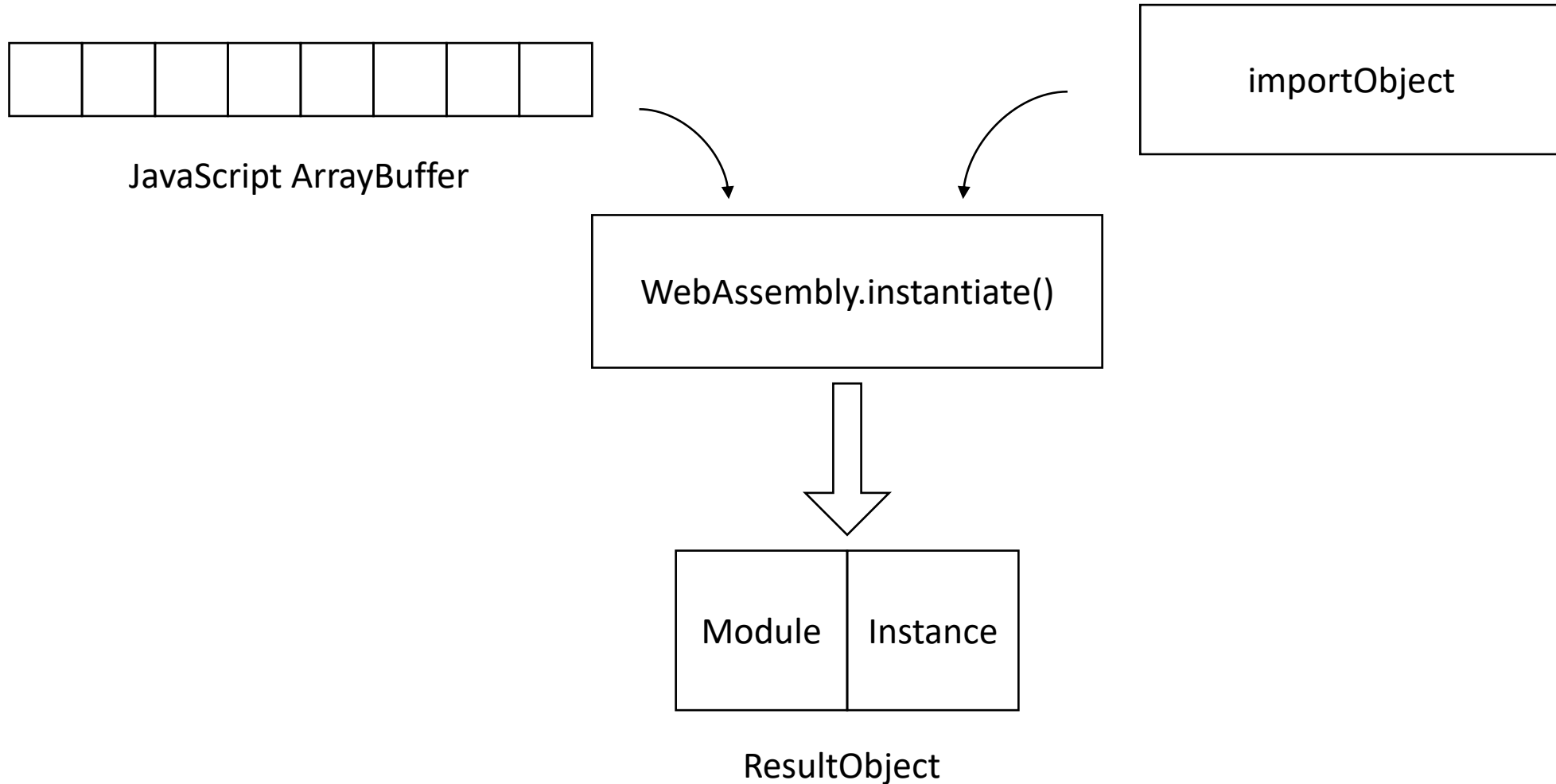
Primary overload — taking wasm binary code

```
Promise<ResultObject> WebAssembly.instantiate(bufferSource,  
importObject);
```

Secondary overload — taking a module object instance

```
Promise<WebAssembly.Instance> WebAssembly.instantiate(module,  
importObject);
```

How to instantiate WASM code?



How to run WASM code?

```
<script>
  var importObject = {
    imports: {
      imported_func: arg => console.log(arg)
    }
  };

  FetchCode("simple.wasm").then(
    bytes => Instantiate(bytes, importObject)).then(
    results => results.instance).then(
    instance => instance.exports.exported_func());
</script>
```

Future Work

- Import / Export
- Import Object
- S-expression