

Object-Oriented Language and Theory

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Lab 06: Aggregation and Inheritance

* Objectives:

In this lab, you will practice with:

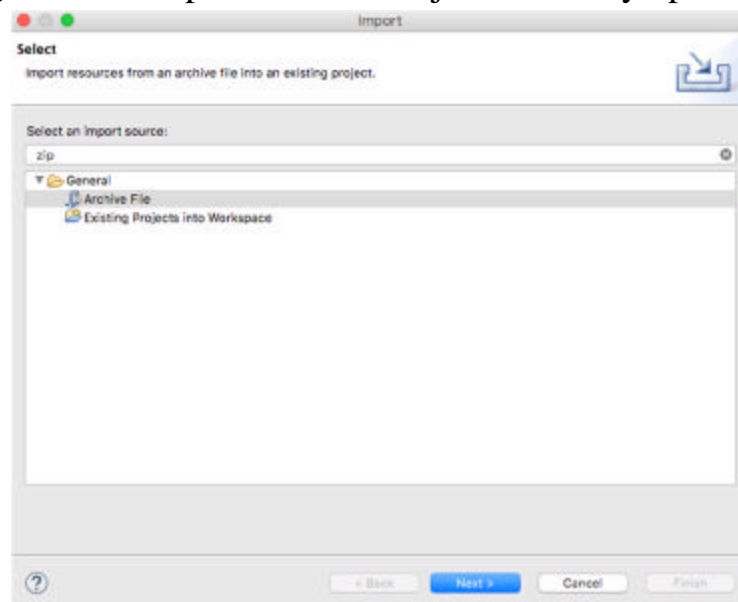
- JAVA Inheritance mechanism
- Use the Collections framework (specifically, **ArrayList**)
- Refactoring your JAVA code

In this exercise you extend the AIMS system that you created in the previous exercises to allow the ordering of books. You will create a **Book** class which stores the title, category, cost and an **ArrayList** of authors. Since the **Book** and **DigitalVideoDisc** classes share some common fields and methods, the classes are refactored, and a common superclass **Media** is created. The **Order** class is updated to accept any type of media object (either books or DVDs)

1. Import the existing project into the workspace of Eclipse

- Open Eclipse

- Open File -> Import. Type zip to find Archive File if you have exported as a zip file before. You may choose Existing Projects into Workspace if you want to open an existing project in your computer. Ignore this step if the AimsProject is already opened in the workspace.



- Click Next and Browse to a zip file or a project to open

Once the project is imported, you should see the classes you created in the previous lab, namely, **Aims**, **Order**, **DigitalVideoDisc**.

2. Creating the Book class

- In the Package Explorer view, right-click the project and select New -> Class. Adhere to the following specifications:

- Package: **hust.soict.ictglobal.aims.media**
- Name: **Book**
- Access modifier: **public**
- Superclass: **java.lang.Object**
- **public static void main(String[] args):** **do not check**
- Constructors from Superclass: **Check**
- All other boxes: **Do not check**

Add fields to the Book class

- To store the information about a **Book**, the class requires four fields: **String** fields **title** and **category**, a **float** field **cost** and an **ArrayList** of **authors**. You will want to make these fields private, with public accessor methods for all but the authors field

```
public class Book {  
  
    private String title;  
    private String category;  
    private float cost;  
    private List<String> authors = new ArrayList<String>();  
  
    public Book() {  
        // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub  
    }  
}
```

- Instead of typing the accessor methods for these fields, you may use the **Generate Getter and Setter** option in the **Outline** view pop-up menu

```

public String getTitle() {
    return title;
}

public void setTitle(String title) {
    this.title = title;
}

public String getCategory() {
    return category;
}

public void setCategory(String category) {
    this.category = category;
}

public float getCost() {
    return cost;
}

public void setCost(float cost) {
    this.cost = cost;
}

public List<String> getAuthors() {
    return authors;
}

public void setAuthors(List<String> authors) {
    this.authors = authors;
}

```

- Next, create **addAuthor(String authorName)** and **removeAuthor(String authorName)** for the **Book** class
 - The **addAuthor(...)** method should ensure that the author is not already in the **ArrayList** before adding
 - The **removeAuthor(...)** method should ensure that the author is present in the **ArrayList** before removing
 - Reference to some useful methods of the **ArrayList** class

3. Creating the Media class

At this point, the **DigitalVideoDisc** and the **Book** classes have some fields in common namely title, category and cost. Here is a good opportunity to create a common superclass between the two, to eliminate the duplication of code. This process is known as refactoring. You will create a class called **Media** which contains these three fields and their associated get and set methods.

Create the Media class in the project

- In the **Package Explorer** view, right click to the project and select New -> Class. Adhere to the following specifications for the new class:

- Package: `hust.soict.ictglobal.aims.media`
 - Name: **Media**
 - Access Modifier: **public**
 - Superclass: `java.lang.Object`
 - Constructors from Superclass: Check
 - **public static void main (String[] args):** do not check
 - All other boxes: Do not check
- Add fields to the **Media** class
- To store the information common to the **DigitalVideoDisc** and the **Book** classes, the **Media** class requires three fields: **String title**, **String category** and **float cost**
 - You will want to make these fields private with public accessor methods (by using **Generate Getter and Setter** option in the **Outline** view pop-up menu)
- Remove fields and methods from **Book** and **DigitalVideoDisc** classes
- Open the Book.java in the editor
 - Locate the Outline view on the right-hand side
 - Select the fields title, category, cost and the methods getCategory(), getCost(), getTitle(), setTitle(), setCategory(), setCost()
 - Right click the selection and select Delete from the pop-up menu
 - Save your changes

The screenshot shows an IDE with two panels. The left panel displays the `Book.java` file with the following code:

```

1 import java.util.ArrayList;
2 import java.util.List;
3
4 public class Book {
5
6     private String title;
7     private String category;
8     private float cost;
9     private List<String> authors = new ArrayList<String>();
10
11     public Book() {
12         // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
13     }
14
15     public String getTitle() {
16         return title;
17     }
18
19     public void setTitle(String title) {
20         this.title = title;
21     }
22
23     public String getCategory() {
24         return category;
25     }
26
27     public void setCategory(String category) {
28         this.category = category;
29     }
30
31     public float getCost() {
32         return cost;
33     }
34

```

The right panel shows the Outline view for the `Book` class, listing the following members:

- title : String
- category : String
- cost : float
- authors : List<String>
- Book()
- getTitle() : String
- setTitle(String) : void
- getCategory() : String
- setCategory(String) : void
- getCost() : float
- setCost(float) : void
- getAuthors() : List<String>
- setAuthors(List<String>) : void

- Do the same for the **DigitalVideoDisc** class, move it to the package **hust.soict.ictglobal.aims.media**. Remove the package **hust.soict.ictglobal.aims.disc**.
- After doing that you will see a lot of errors because of the missing fields
- Extend the **Media** class for both **Book** and **DigitalVideoDisc**
 - **public class Book extends Media**
 - **public class DigitalVideoDisc extends Media**
- Save your changes.

4. Update the **Order** class to work with **Media**

You must now update the **Order** class to accept both **DigitalVideoDisc** and **Book**. Currently, the **Order** class has methods:

- **addDigitalVideoDisc()**
- **removeDigitalVideoDisc()**.

You could add two more methods to add and remove **Book**, but since **DigitalVideoDisc** and **Book** are both subclasses of type **Media**, you can simply change **Order** to maintain a collection of **Media** objects. So you can add either a **DigitalVideoDisc** or a **Book** using the same methods.

- Remove the **itemsOrdered** array, as well as its add and remove methods.
 - a. From the **Package Explorer** view, expand the project
 - b. Double-click **Order.java** to open it in the editor
 - c. In the **Outline** view, select the **itemsOrdered** array and the methods **addDigitalVideoDisc()** and **removeDigitalVideoDisc()** and hit the **Delete** key
 - d. Click **Yes** when prompted to confirm the deletion
- The **qtyOrdered** field is no longer needed since it was used to track the number of **DigitalVideoDiscs** in the **itemsOrdered** array, so remove it and its accessors: **getQtyOrdered()** and **setQtyOrdered()**.
- Add the **itemsOrdered** to the **Order** class
 - e. Recreate the **itemsOrdered** field, this time as a **ArrayList** instead of an array.
 - f. To create this field, type the following code in the **Order** class, in place of the **itemsOrdered** array declaration that you deleted:


```
private ArrayList<Media> itemsOrdered = new ArrayList<Media>();
```
- Note that you should import the **java.util.ArrayList** in the **Order** class
 - g. A quicker way to achieve the same affect is to use the Organize Imports feature within Eclipse

- h. Right-click anywhere in the editor for the Order class and select Source -> Organize Imports (Or Ctrl+Shift+O). This will insert the appropriate import statements in your code.
- i. Save your class
- Create **addMedia()** and **removeMedia()** to replace **addDigitalVideoDisc()** and **removeDigitalVideoDisc()**
- Update the **totalCost()** method

5. Constructors of whole classes and parent classes

- Draw a UML class diagram (using Astah UML – please request a free license for students) for the **AimsProject**? Attach the design image in the **design** sub-folder in the **resources** folder of the project (create new folders if necessary).
 - Which classes are aggregates of other classes? Checking all constructors of whole classes if they initialize for their parts?
 - Write constructors for parent and child classes. Remove redundant setter methods if any.
- For example:

In Media class (superclass)

```
Media(String title){
    this.title = title;
}
Media(String title, String category){
    this(title);
    this.category = category;
}
```

In Book class:

```
Book(String title){
    super(title);
}
Book(String title, String category){
    super(title, category);
    //...
}
Book(String title, String category, List<String> authors){
    super(title, category);
    this.authors = authors;
}
```

6. Create a complete console application in the **Aims** class

Open the Aims class. You will create a prompted menu as following:

```
public static void showMenu() {  
    System.out.println("Order Management Application: ");  
    System.out.println("-----");  
    System.out.println("1. Create new order");  
    System.out.println("2. Add item to the order");  
    System.out.println("3. Delete item by id");  
    System.out.println("4. Display the items list of order");  
    System.out.println("0. Exit");  
    System.out.println("-----");  
    System.out.println("Please choose a number: 0-1-2-3-4");  
}
```

You will modify classes **Media**, **Order** by adding more field **id**. Then create a complete application that allows to user to interact with through the above menu. Please use corresponding constructors to create objects.