

















## r/linux

**Posts FAQ** Chat (IRC)



Posted by u/[deleted] 2 years ago

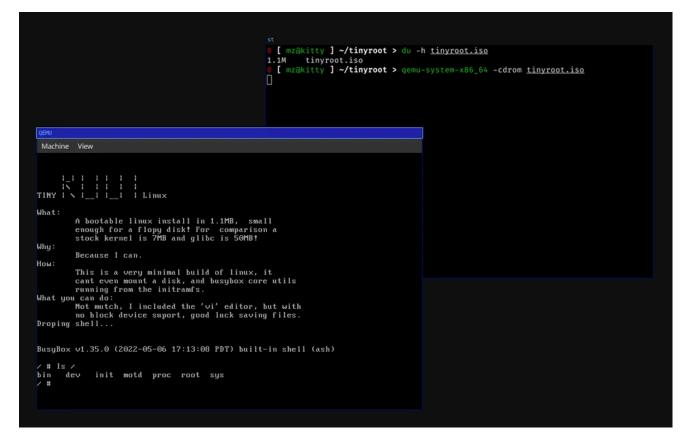


I see your gentoo, and present tinyROOT linux, a 1.1 MB linux 1.4k



"distro". [DETAILS AND ISO IN COMMENTS]

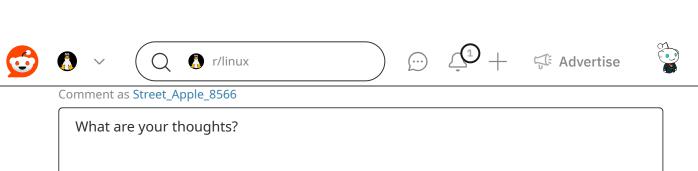
Software Release





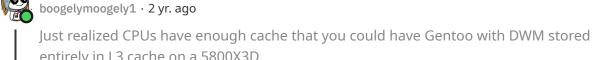
a new universe and sauce has arrived. WcDonald's is here and our power level is higher than ever

**Order Now** smart.link



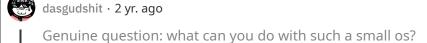




















Save money on embedded device hardware.

$$\bigcirc$$
 13  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share ...

















I want to see that.





boogelymoogely $1\cdot 2$  yr. ago

Same Imao





MassiveStomach · 2 yr. ago

But why? How many cache misses do you have with the OS? Wouldn't you want the running programs in cache. Or maybe I'm missing something.





vDeep · 2 yr. ago

Because you can





MassiveStomach · 2 yr. ago

It is wayyyyy less efficient to have an OS in cache though. Just because you have a nice house doesn't mean you need to drag it around. Give that room to the programs right? Or I really think I'm missing something.





hoeding · 2 yr. ago

It really depends if your work is done by systemcalls or in userspace. If you call into libc in a hot loop you're gonna want to end up with libc in the cache. If we are just talking about using the cache as a disk then yes, that is a bad idea.





MassiveStomach · 2 yr. ago

the hot parts of libc would already be in cache while running a program....that's what ....cache does.....

OP was talking about jamming a barebones linux kernel and keeping it in cache and i was just pointing out as someone who has been optimizing programs for close to 20 years is a bad idea as that's not what cache is for.

















Bodty\_Bumping · 2 yr. ago

Wouldn't you want the running programs in cache.

Caching is not so predictable, it would be very difficult to guarantee an entire program is being cached, with all the kernel context switching pulling in unrelated pages to the cache. The OS is constantly playing hot potato with all sorts of things that aren't important for the performance of what you actually want to run.

But if you can fit the entire OS and program into cache, you are guaranteed to have little to no main memory access once everything has been loaded at least once.



[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

- ISO Download: <a href="https://github.com/10maurycy10/tinyroot/blob/main/tinyroot.iso?">https://github.com/10maurycy10/tinyroot/blob/main/tinyroot.iso?</a> raw=true
- Assorted notes: <a href="https://github.com/10maurycy10/tinyroot">https://github.com/10maurycy10/tinyroot</a>





Mithrandir2k16 · 2 yr. ago

Oh, an iso link in the comments.. at that size you could've pasted it directly into the comments. Maybe base64 encoded?





agent-squirrel · 2 yr. ago

I tried, it's too big for a comment and pastebin doesn't support the size of the text unless you pay for it. It's also such a large amount of text it slows my browser to a crawl and the clipboard takes a solid 10 seconds to paste.





ForceBlade · 2 yr. ago · edited 2 yr. ago

1.1mbps it text as base64 way more than the 10000char limit here





JuhaJGam3R · 2 yr. ago

Yeah, the limit is 10 kB and this surpasses it hundred-fold.



















ForceBlade · 2 yr. ago

Not sure why I didn't apply that thought process before commenting but yes easily surpassed.



OkCarpenter5773 · 2 yr. ago

there is a way... zip it untill its less than 9kb, and then post b64 here 😏

**↑** 8 **√ □** Reply Share …

LulzCop · 2 yr. ago

Posting the URL is in a sense excellent compression

 $[deleted] \cdot 2$  yr. ago

Cant, most of the data is already compressed.

↑ 7 ↓ Reply Share ···

augugusto · 2 yr. ago

Hot about encoding to emoji?

 $\bigcirc$  6  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share ...

Johannes\_K\_Rexx · 2 yr. ago

What we need here is a Borg compression algorithm.

**? ? ? ? Reply Share ···** 

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

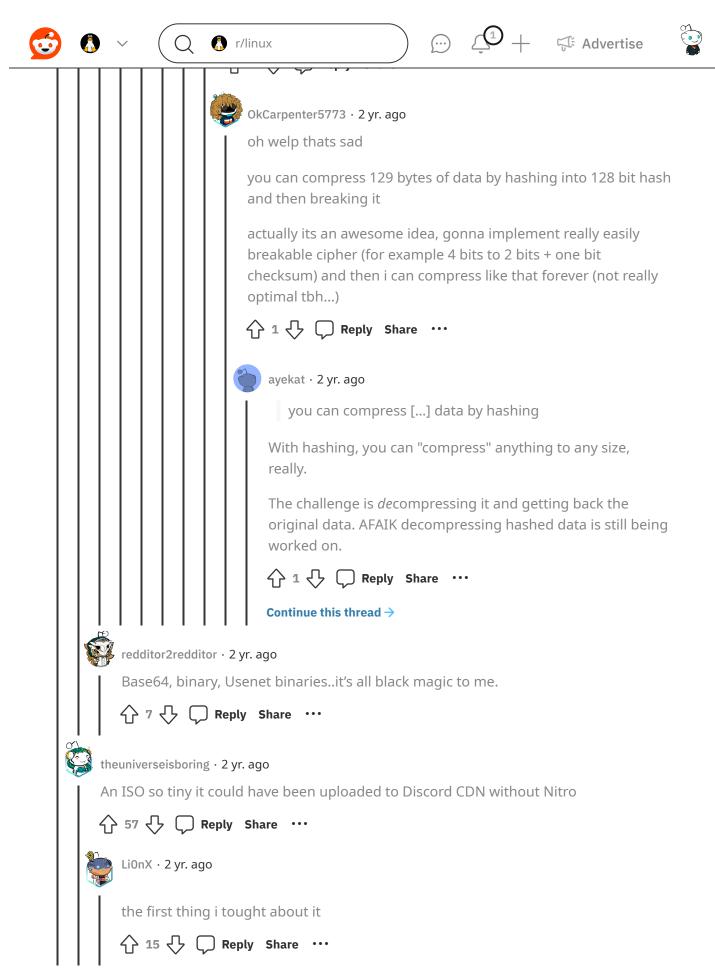
Zipping zip files doesn't do much



🎒 OkCarpenter5773 ⋅ 2 yr. ago

really? is there a way of infinite compression?

🔓 -3 🞝 💭 Reply Share …





















brimston3- · 2 yr. ago

Chat~Governance~Reddit.773093021b1c5d7b904d.js on this webpage is bigger than that iso.





Kikiyoshima  $\cdot$  2 yr. ago

But the true question is, can I add a program to run at boot on it and distribute it all via PXE?





zokier · 2 yr. ago

fyi, you can skip the separate initramfs build step and bake it directly into the kernel image as described here: <a href="https://docs.kernel.org/filesystems/ramfs-rootfs-initramfs.html#populating-initramfs">https://docs.kernel.org/filesystems/ramfs-rootfs-initramfs</a>





darkguy2008 · 2 yr. ago

Wow this is super interesting... But, why? I mean, what can you do with it or what do you see possible to be done with it?





Xemulated · 2 yr. ago

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Linux on a Floppy

I'd love to see Linux on an L4 ROM Cache. If you burn your Clib to ROM that's really close to the CPU, it will speed everything up. It will take 9.3M Transistors for this Distro to boot off the CPU though.



[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

L4 ROM? Linux could easily live inside the L3 cache for some of the new Epyc/Ryzen CPUs.

















Mathisbuilder75 · 2 yr. ago

Would an OS inside the CPU be super fast?







Elistic-E · 2 yr. ago

I don't really know hardware or OSes at that level but I think the answer would be along the lines of a few trains of thought, mostly:

- 1.) yes
- 2.) that cpu memory is used and needed for work, so while yes there's a cost of having far less cpu memory to do operations on. I'd wager it's akin and next level to somehow loading your OS into a ramdisk and booting that
- 3.) bottlenecks are elsewhere so the positive impact may not be felt eq speed of getting data into the cpu from memory/disk. I'd imagine a good little chunk of the kernel may already make it fairly consistently into cpu cache as is, too.

In short I'd wager your OS at its core may be wicked fast but the moment it does "work" it'd probably be near impossible to tell it apart from another OS - if it was pinned to cache (theoretically, somehow) and the cache wasn't large it may be slower.



↑ 50 ↓ Reply Share ···

TLUL · 2 yr. ago

Isn't loading the OS from a ramdisk pretty much what livecds do? There's a boot param in the Arch iso to preload everything so you can take the disk out after.

12 Reply Share ···

OmegaMetor · 2 yr. ago

You can have them load into RAM but they typically won't by default

介 3 小 C Reply Share …

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

I think you could probably rig the S-RAM cache controller to not put the part of the OS that would normally go into an S-RAM L3 into a ROM L3 along with common algorithms and never put that stuff in L3 S-RAM.

















doubleEdged · 2 yr. ago

As for the cache size limitations, I'm curious how it'd work with the 5800X3D. That's 64MB of bonus L3 stacked on top of the die, big enough for a basic installation with block device mounting. I still can't think of a valid usecase though lol

1 C Reply Share ...

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

That 64MB of L3 S-RAM could be 384MB of ROM, even if you still had 32MB of S-RAM and split the transistors to S-RAM in half, that's 192MB of **ROM** 

ImprovedPersonality · 2 yr. ago

It kind of is already? Modern CPUs have several megabytes of cache. That's more than enough to put all the frequently used OS functions into cache. I expect most of your frequently used syscalls to be cached most of the time.

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago · edited 2 yr. ago

A problem with cache design is the more you have, the slower it is (well, with L1, L2 and less so with L3) The more transistors your cache uses, the more latency there is, that's why L1 Cache doesn't go above 128KB, using Rocket Lake as an example, it's 32KB of instruction L1 and 48KB of Data L1 per core, the more transistors you add, the less it acts as fast as L1 cache. 80 Kilobytes per core L1, there's 8 bits per byte and there's 1,024 bytes per kilobyte (base 2 maths) and there's 6 transistors per bit, that's 4M Transistors per core just for L1. The thing about ROM vs S-RAM is ROM is 1 transistor per bit, so in the space you put 1KB of S-RAM, you can have 6KB of ROM

So what if a CPU was optimized to have those syscalls in ROM? If it's accessed so commonly, you're wasting valuable transistor space by putting it in S-RAM when you can just put it in ROM. CPUs aren't usually designed with that level of frugality, it's mostly ASICs that do stuff like this, that's why Bitcoin ASICs have a high hash rate, simple redundant functions close to the CPU.

















[deleted] · 2 yr. ago · edited 2 yr. ago

Now imagine we could replace Minix with a small linux installation...

Or has this already been done?

brimston3- · 2 yr. ago

I don't think this can be done. The management engine payload has to be signed with intel's key or it won't write or load. There might be an exploit nobody knows about, but intel has been pretty quick to patch security issues in ring -2.

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

You can turn off Management engine

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

On some machines.

keastes · 2 yr. ago

Hap\_enable anyone?

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Oh, right, that makes sense.

♠ 1 ♣ ♠ Reply Share …

postmodest · 2 yr. ago

The IME's existence is the most delicious irony of the history of Linux (and GNU).

Imagine HURD in ROM....

 $\bigcirc$  1  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share  $\cdots$ 















ESP32 microcontrollers do it.



PAPPP · 2 yr. ago

I was playing with <u>floppinux</u> about a year ago (and fixing it to actually work on 486 and 586 class hardware, because that's the sort of thing I spend time on). It's modern Linux parts (5.x kernels, modern musl, etc.) that still fits on a floppy.

Since these things usually work essentially by loading an init[rd|ramfs] into RAM then booting that, they should just naturally get cached on modern machines.



AcidicAndHostile · 2 yr. ago

**TomsRtBt** 

Used to time my dialup download for that 1.4MB floppy install. Was usually about a minute.



[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

And Tom's included LUA as a scripting language.



kulonos · 2 yr. ago

1. tomsrtbt is

"The most GNU/Linux on one floppy disk" for:

rescue recovery panic & emergencies

tools to keep in your shirt pockets

whenever you can't use a hard drive

Tomsrtbt stands for:

"Tom's floppy which has a root filesystem and is also bootable."

2) Design goals















keep it self contained, bulld under itsel

try to make it behave like a normal system rescue and recovery functions get priority

## 3) Contents

What you have is... AHA152X AHA1542 AIC7XXX BUSLOGIC DAC960 DEC\_ELCP(TULIP) EATA EEXPRESS/PRO/PRO100 EL2 EL3 EXT2 EXT3 FAT FD IDE-CD/DISK/TAPE IMM INITRD ISO9660 JOLIET LOOP MATH\_EMULATION MINIX MSDOS NCR53C8XX NE2000 NFS NTFS PARPORT PCINE2K PCNET32 PLIP PPA RTL8139 SD SERIAL/\_CONSOLE SLIP SMC\_ULTRA SR ST VFAT VID\_SELECT VORTEX WD80x3 .exrc 3c589\_cs agetty ash badblocks basename boot.b buildit.s busybox bz2bzImage bzip2 cardmgr cardmgr.pid cat chain.b chattr chgrp chmod chown chroot clear clone.s cmp common config cp cpio cs cut date dd dd-lfs debugfs ddate df dhcpcd-- dirname dmesg domainname ds du dumpe2fs e2fsck echo egrep elvis ex false fdflush fdformat fdisk filesize find findsuper fmt fstab grep group gunzip gzip halt head hexdump hexedit host.conf hostname hosts httpd i82365 ifconfig ile init inittab insmod install.s issue kernel key.lst kill killall killall5 ld ld-linux length less libc libcom\_err libe2p libext2fs libtermcap libuuid lilo lilo.conf ln loadkmap login ls lsattr lsmod lua luasocket man map md5sum miterm mkdir mkdosfs mke2fs mkfifo mkfs.minix mknod mkswap more more.help mount mt mtab mv nc necho network networks nmclan\_cs nslookup passwd pax pcmcia\_core pcnet\_cs pidof ping poweroff printf profile protocols ps pwd rc.0 rc.S rc.custom rc.custom.qz rc.pcmcia reboot rescuept reset resolv.conf rm rmdir rmmod route rsh rshd script sed serial serial\_cs services setserial settings.s sh shared slattach sleep sln sort split stab strings swapoff swapon sync tail tar tcic tee telnet telnetd termcap test tomshexd tomsrtbt.FAQ touch traceroute true tune2fs umount undeb-- unpack.s unrpm-- update utmp vi vi.help view watch wc wget which xargs xirc2ps\_cs yecho yes zcat

jhaluska · 2 yr. ago

So smol he had to drop extra letters to make it fit.

Fr0gm4n · 2 yr. ago

Not to be confused with <u>Tiny Core</u>, which is the distro that grew from the death of Damn Small Linux in 2008.

















Tiny Core is neat and all but I liked using Damn Small Linux better. Just used it for basic stuff- but definitely enjoyed my time with it. Tiny Core... needs a dark mode. All that white and bright detail is a literal eyesore for me



Mars2k21 · 2 yr. ago

1.1 MB? Going into my downloads folder asap thanks



Comment deleted by user · 2 yr. ago

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Terry A. Davis would be proud. Although it lacks a HolyC compiler and an elephant with blue eyes



chipredacted  $\cdot$  2 yr. ago

For now

Killing\_Spark · 2 yr. ago

Does this have networking and NFS support, and if no how much would it blow up the size?



navneetmuffin · 2 yr. ago

This is some madlad work.



BQE2473 · 2 yr. ago

Just like Tiny OS.















Penny\_is\_a\_Bitch · 2 yr. ago

but can it run Crysis?

 $\bigcirc$  25  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share  $\cdots$ 

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

no.

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Just stream your game on other computer and output it (through some ffmpeg black magic fuckery) in ASCII characters :)

coltstrgj · 2 yr. ago

But then it wouldn't be 1.1 Mb.

 $\bigcirc$  10  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share  $\cdots$ 

ForceBlade · 2 yr. ago

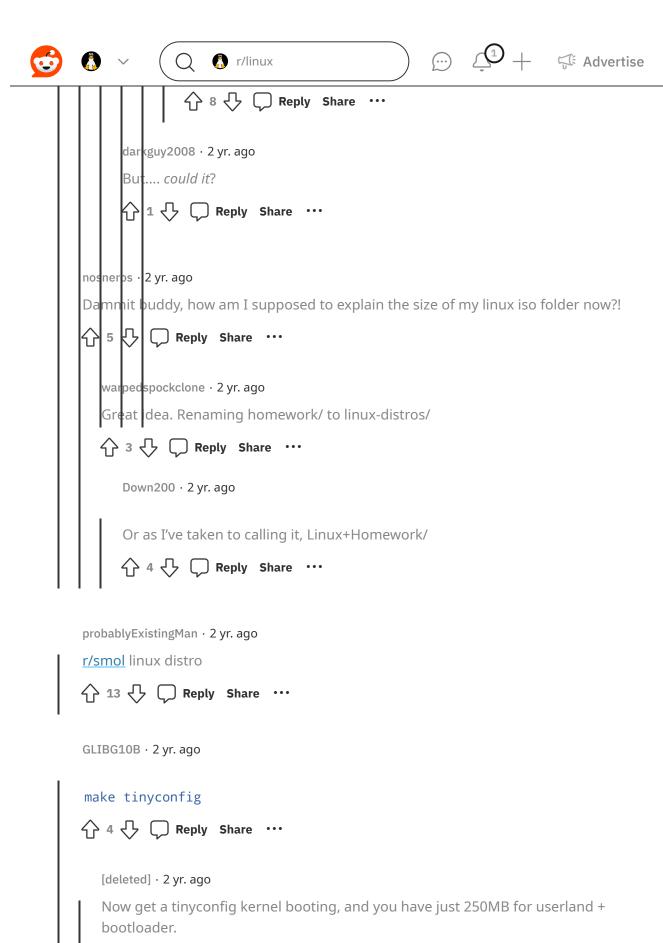
We'll have to settle for  $\sim$  5 for some sort of netcat and enough for static networking - the remote can run the ffmpeg capture>ascii stream with a predefined col and line length for the destination

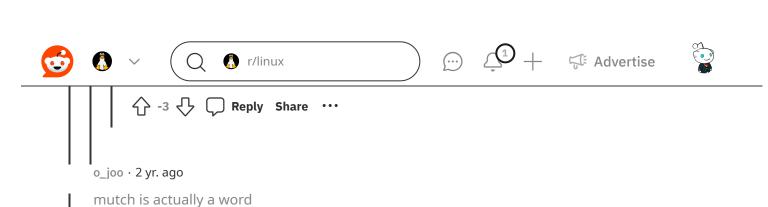
brimston3- · 2 yr. ago

You can get automatic network config/dhcp and so forth for 1-3kb by enabling the correct applets in busybox. Just make sure you only pick the nic driver you need to bake in.

But to get streaming video support, you would have to really strip the heck out of ffmpeg to get it under 200kb or whatever the remaining size budget is. You also won't have a real graphics driver, probably only VESA framebuffer driver, so no hw acceleration.

If you just want to do netcat + libcaca, I bet that will work now inside 1MB, since you don't need x11 for that. (You don't even need the libcaca part on



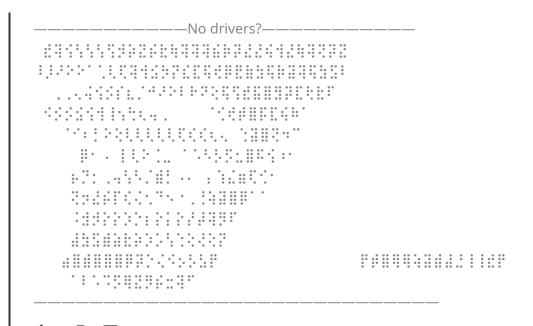


x00future · 2 yr. ago

Downloaded. I have several usb sticks that I use as live linux machines that run pretty slow. Bet this one won't....

**? ? ? ? Reply Share ···** 

TheAwesome98\_Real · 2 yr. ago



[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

I added newlines

\_\_\_\_\_No drivers?\_\_\_\_\_

















••••••

Reply Share

Samsagax · 2 yr. ago

1.1!? Bloated AF!

↑ 4 ♣ ☐ Reply Share ···

NotGivinMyNam2AMachn · 2 yr. ago

Spent a number of years running Freesco as my home router, it was brilliant. Running off a floppy as the core, that you could copy to HDD with the FDD as a backup. I sort of miss it a bit.

Yachisaorick · 2 yr. ago

Could your "distro" run from usb? I was running antiX to install Gentoo, and no longer reinstall it. Lmao it's lighter than even web assembly

















bartholomewjohnson · 2 yr. ago

You could fit this directly in CPU cache.

 $\bigcirc$  2  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share ...

Exponential\_Rhythm · 2 yr. ago

Wow, I've written Source Engine scripts bigger than that.

 $\bigcirc$  2  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share ...

Xanza · 2 yr. ago

A little impractical, but pretty cool nonetheless.

 $\bigcirc$  3  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share ...

Down200 · 2 yr. ago

Says an Arch user?

Shamin\_Yihab · 2 yr. ago

Says an Arch user?

 $\bigcirc$  4  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share  $\cdots$ 

TDplay · 2 yr. ago

Says an Arch user?

adamkex · 2 yr. ago

Surely one can install Gentoo once that's installed though!

















earthman34 · 2 yr. ago

Wait, it's 1Mb and there's a window manager?

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

no, the 1MB image is running in qemu.

13 C Reply Share ···

darkguy2008 · 2 yr. ago

Ohh, what is your WM then? looks cool

1 C Reply Share ···

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

sway

darkguy2008 · 2 yr. ago

Really? But you have cascading windows, I've never used sway but it's marketed as a replacement for i3 which is a tiling WM (and I hate them), did you change it through a setting or something?

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Yup, you can change it. (Default can be change in the config, you can also switch modes with mod-shift-space)

↑1 ♣ ☐ Reply Share ···

darkguy2008 · 2 yr. ago

This is great, thanks for sharing as well! I haven't used Wayland because of the lack of a good WM like Openbox, and if Sway works like that then it might be my cup of tea. Plus, I can also test your tinyROOT



Thanks!

















brimston3- · 2 yr. ago

Back in the 2.4-2.6 linux days, we could do this. It's probably possible now with a lot more work.

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago No

 $\bigcirc$  1  $\bigcirc$  Reply Share  $\cdots$ 

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

See Kolibri OS for that

earthman34 · 2 yr. ago

Had me going for a second.

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Look at KolibriOS, it's 0.3 mb smaller and has a desktop environment

台1号 Reply Share ···

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

DS\_1900 · 2 yr. ago

TheEbolaDoc · 2 yr. ago

once you download my divine intellect 2MB distribution ... \o/ xD

1 C Reply Share ···

[deleted] · 2 yr. ago

Aren't you a clever one, good job.

















Thadeu\_de\_Paula · 2 yr. ago

It is really good projects like this. Even it was only as a conceptual. I think it is effective not only by who use it but also to point out at the bigger distros and show how things can be very very useful and still small and running on old hardware.

Believe or not, it is of much inspiration to the deal on harsh times with creaivity 💙



Gaffclant · 2 yr. ago

This would have been nice to have like a month ago when I was looking for a really small ISO lol

1 C Reply Share

derklempner · 2 yr. ago

Does nobody remember **QNX**?



SacredMilk\_OG · 2 yr. ago

Cool:)



ioncehackedmyschool · 2 yr. ago

This is fucking beautiful