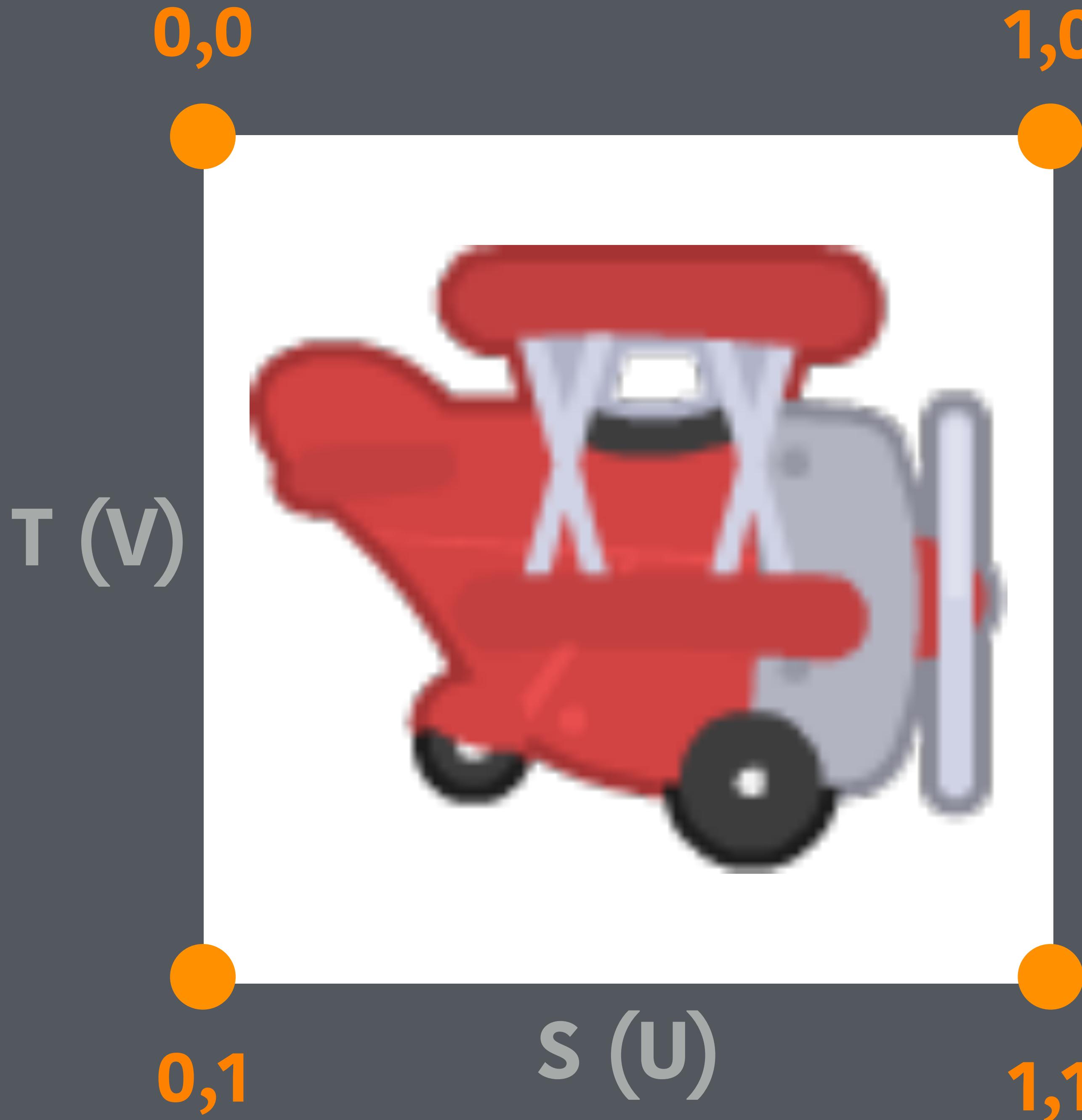


# Graphics Foundations



Part 3

# Texture coordinates

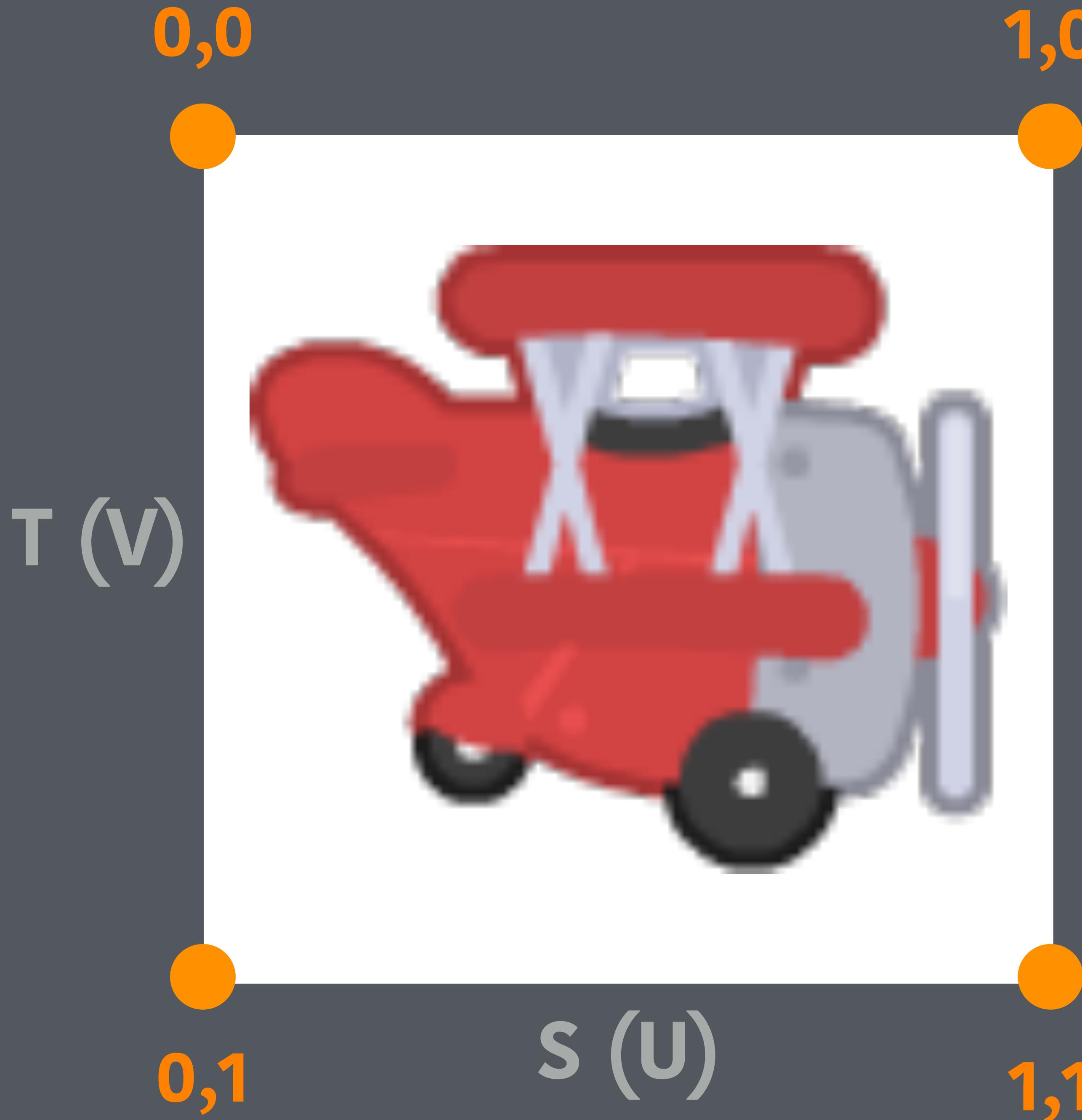


Texture coordinates  
are defined in 0-1  
units called **UV**  
coordinates, not  
pixels!

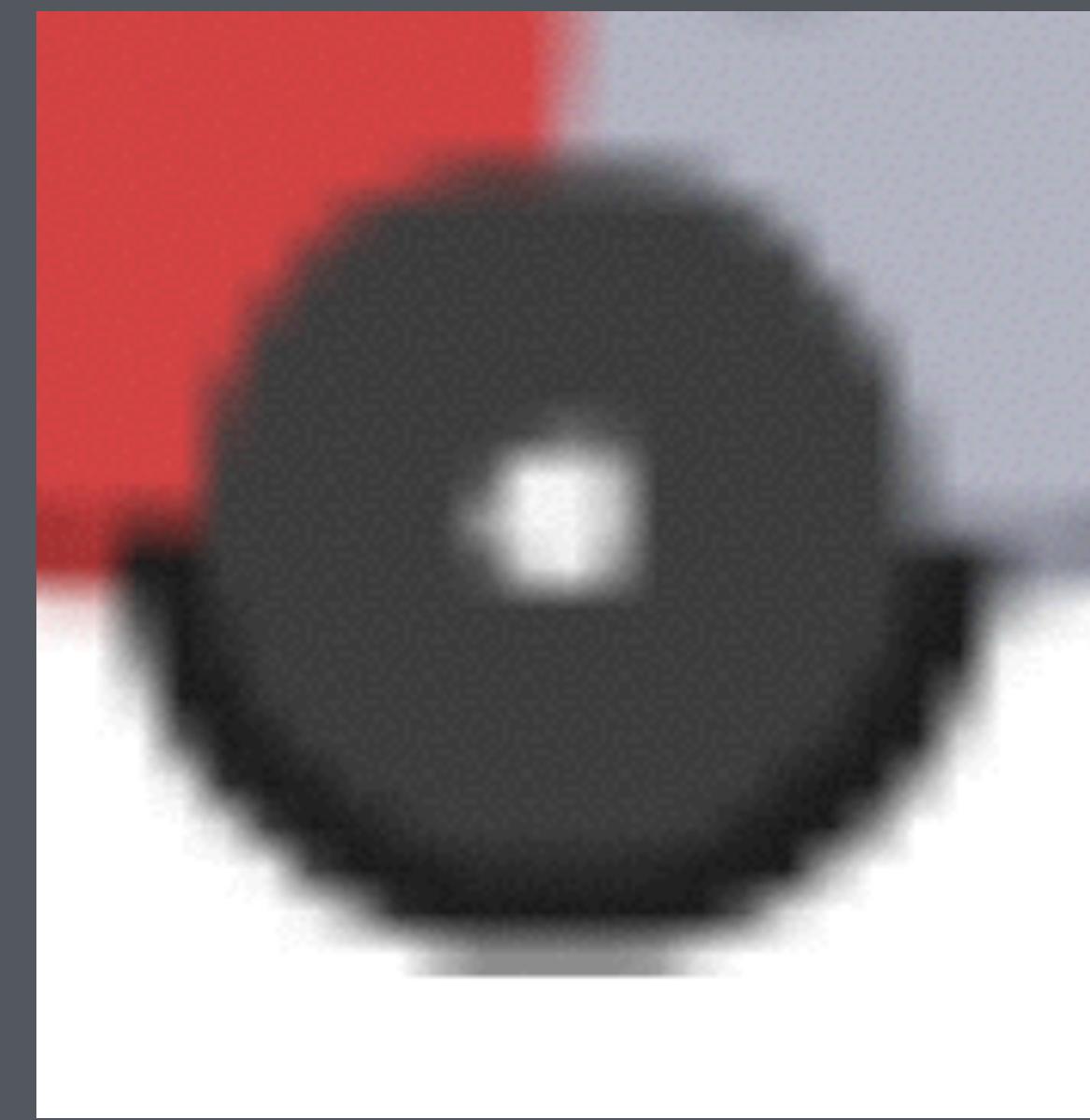
```
void glVertexAttribPointer (GLint index, GLint  
size, GLenum type, GLboolean normalized, GLsizei  
stride, const GLvoid *pointer);
```

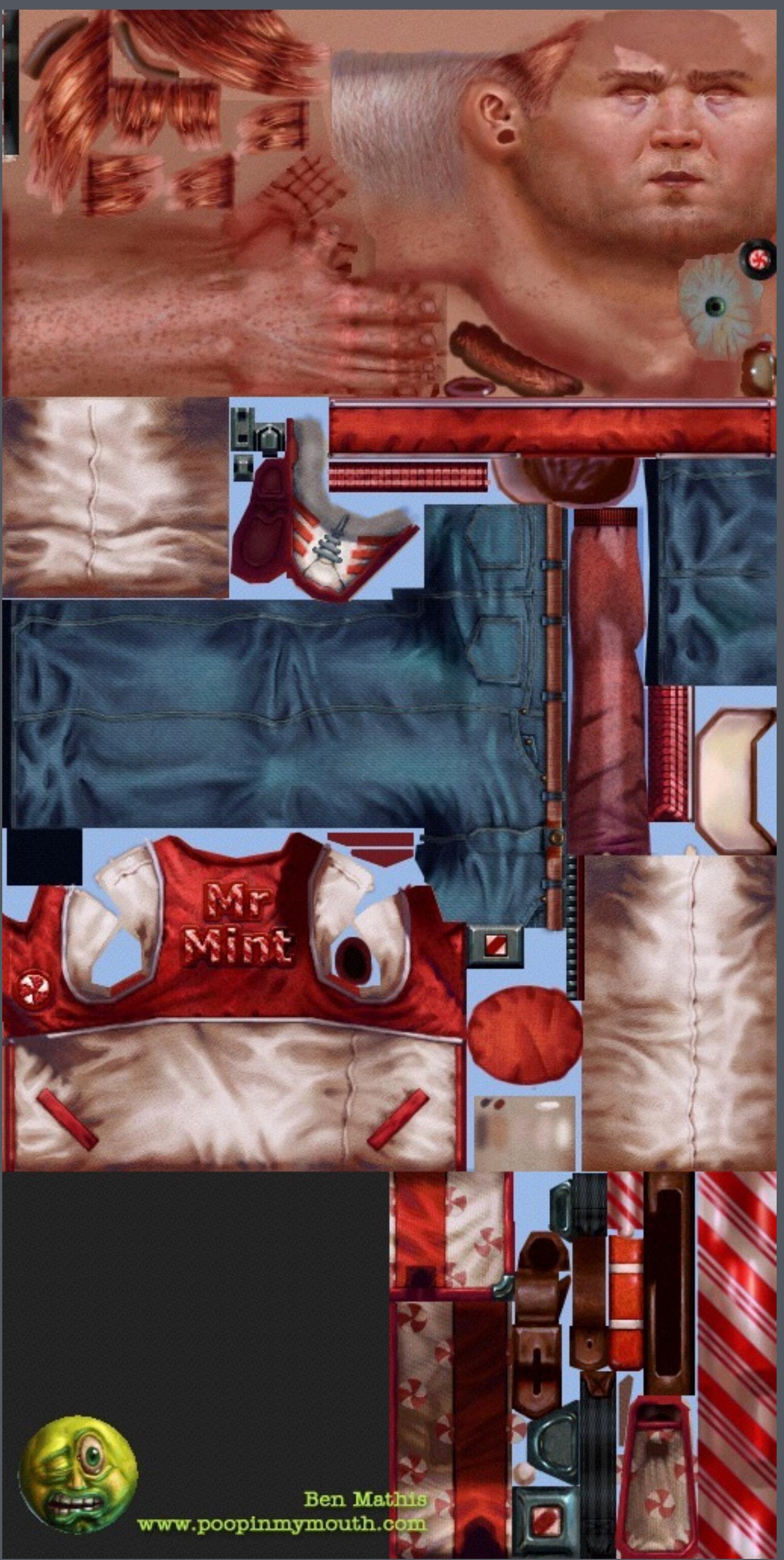
Defines an array of **vertex data**.

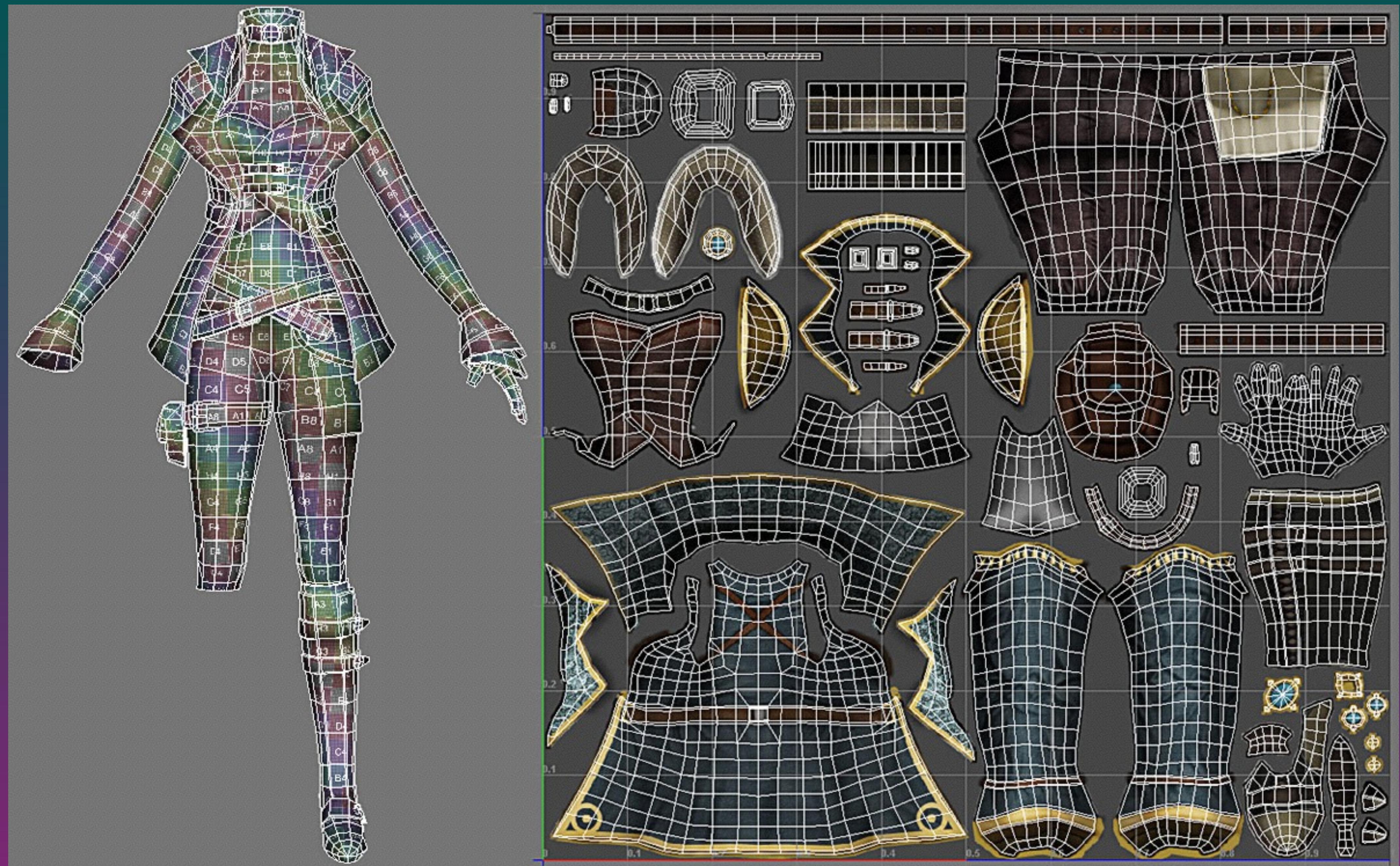
```
float texCoords[] = {0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f};  
  
glVertexAttribPointer(program.texCoordAttribute, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, texCoords);
```



Texture coordinates  
are defined in 0-1  
units called **UV**  
coordinates, not  
pixels!





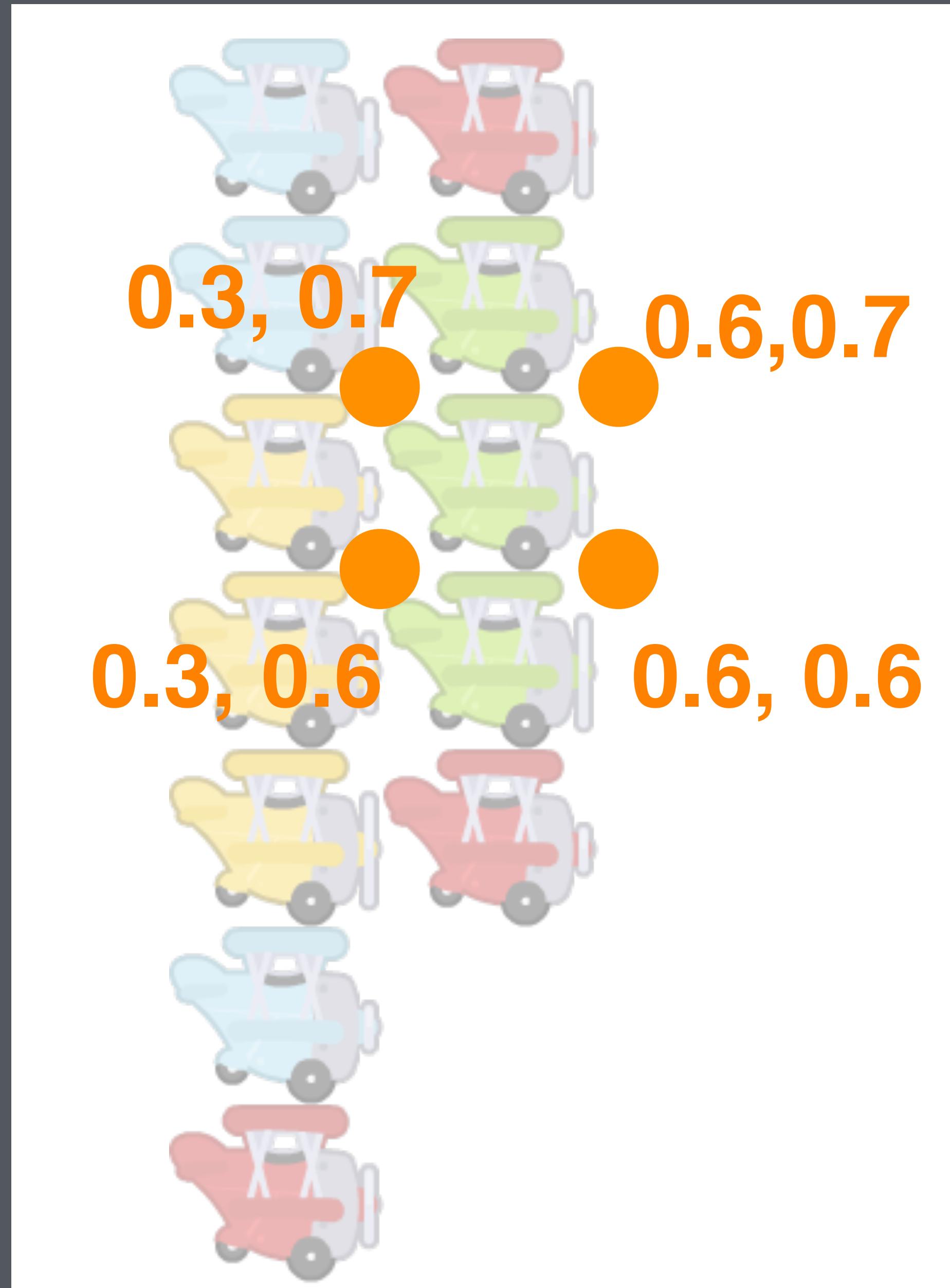


# Using **texture coordinates** in 2D graphics.

Texture atlases.



A single texture that  
contains **multiple**  
**sprites** arranged in  
a single image.



0.2, 0.4  
0.2, 0.3  
0.5, 0.4  
0.5, 0.3



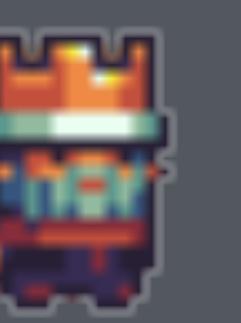






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P Q R S T U V W X Y Z [ \ ] ^ \_  
' a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o  
p q r s t u v w x y z { | } ~ □  
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# Evenly spaced sprite sheets







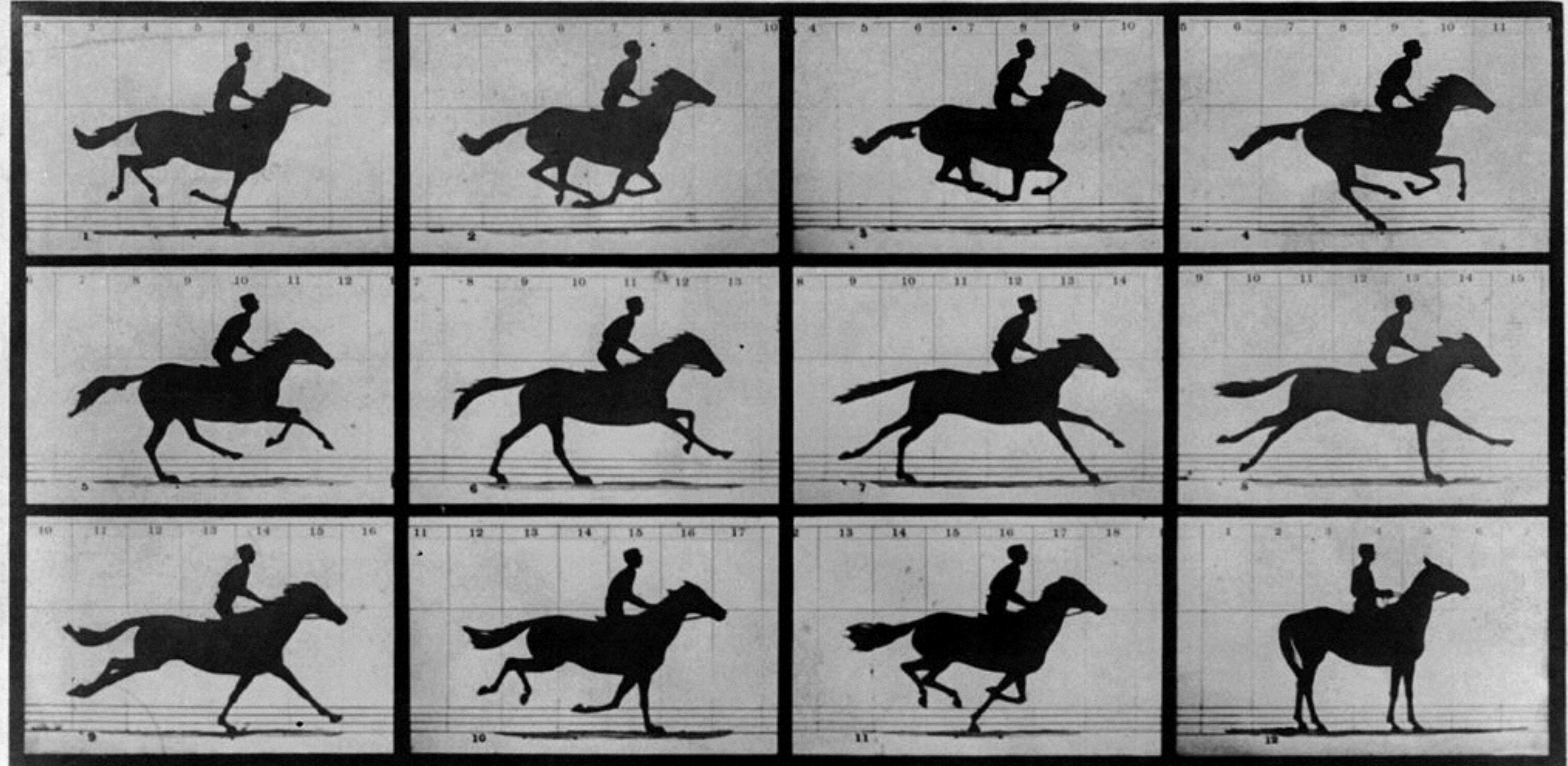


```
int index = 10;
int spriteCountX = 8;
int spriteCountY = 4;
float u = (float)((int)index) % spriteCountX / (float) spriteCountX;
float v = (float)((int)index) / spriteCountX / (float) spriteCountY;
float spriteWidth = 1.0/(float)spriteCountX;
float spriteHeight = 1.0/(float)spriteCountY;

GLfloat spriteUVs[] = { u, v,
                        u, v+spriteHeight,
                        u+spriteWidth, v+spriteHeight,
                        u+spriteWidth, v
};
```

```
void DrawSpriteSheetSprite(int index, int spriteCountX, int spriteCountY) {  
  
    float u = (float)((int)index) % spriteCountX / (float) spriteCountX;  
    float v = (float)((int)index) / spriteCountX / (float) spriteCountY;  
    float spriteWidth = 1.0/(float)spriteCountX;  
    float spriteHeight = 1.0/(float)spriteCountY;  
  
    GLfloat texCoords[] = {  
        u, v+spriteHeight,  
        u+spriteWidth, v,  
        u, v,  
        u+spriteWidth, v,  
        u, v+spriteHeight,  
        u+spriteWidth, v+spriteHeight  
    };  
  
    float vertices[] = {-0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,  
-0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f};  
  
    // our regular sprite drawing  
}
```

# Sprite animation



Copyright, 1878, by MUYBRIDGE.

MORSE'S Gallery, 417 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

## THE HORSE IN MOTION.

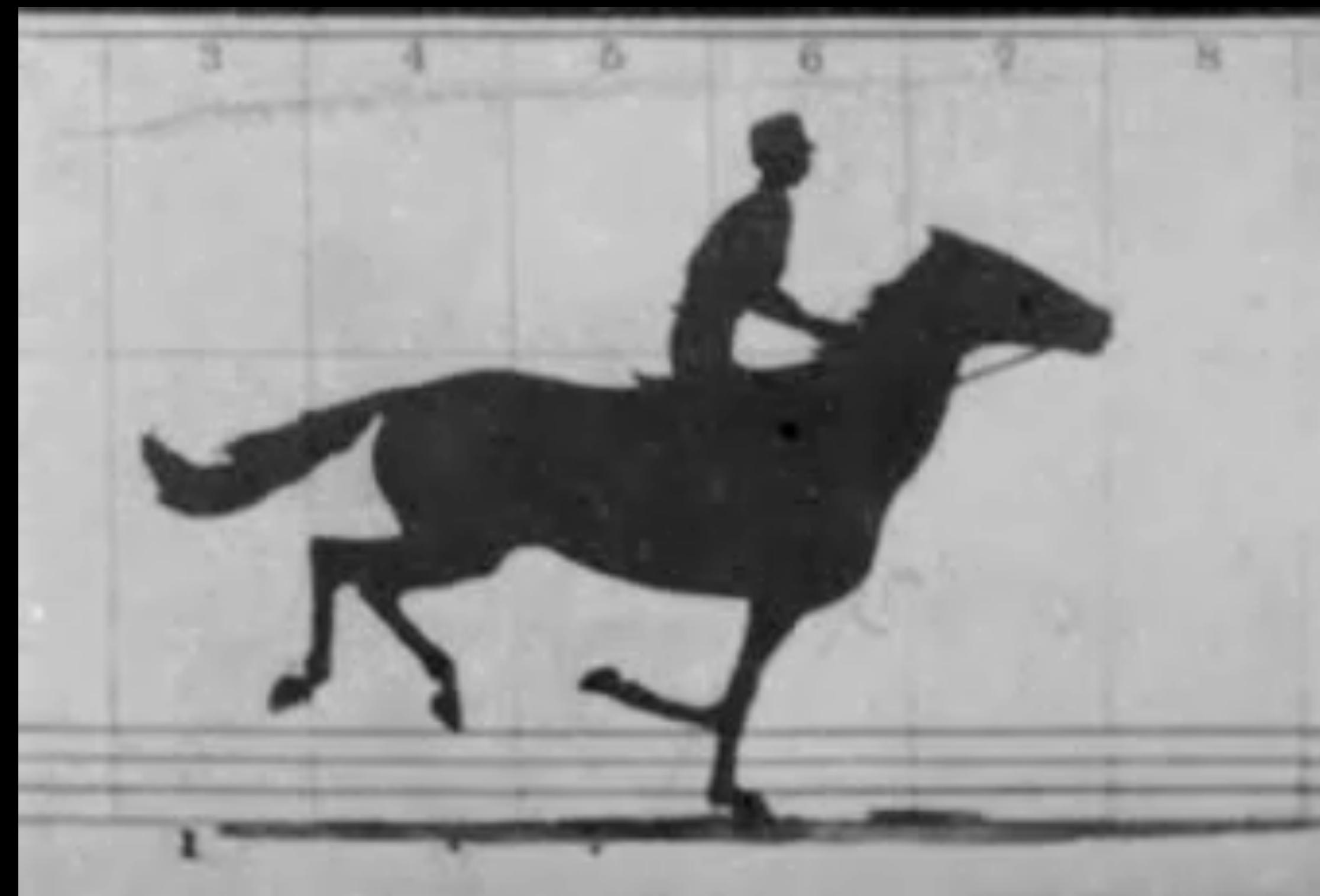
Illustrated by

MUYBRIDGE.

AUTOMATIC ELECTRO-PHOTOGRAPHIC

"SALLIE GARDNER," owned by LELAND STANFORD; running at a 1.40 gait over the Palo Alto track, 19th June, 1878.

The negatives of these photographs were made at intervals of twenty-seven inches of distance, and about the twenty-fifth part of a second of time; they illustrate consecutive positions assumed in each twenty-seven inches of progress during a single stride of the mare. The vertical lines were twenty-seven inches apart; the horizontal lines represent elevations of four inches each. The exposure of each negative was less than the two-thousandth part of a second.





1. Define **indices** of an animation (e.g. 0-6)
2. Keep a **timer**
3. Go to next frame when timer hits desired value.
4. If at the last frame, **go to first frame** (if looped animation).

```
const int runAnimation[] = {9, 10, 11, 12, 13};  
const int numFrames = 5;  
float animationElapsed = 0.0f;  
float framesPerSecond = 30.0f;  
int currentIndex = 0;
```

In our **loop**:

```
animationElapsed += elapsed;  
  
if(animationElapsed > 1.0/framesPerSecond) {  
    currentIndex++;  
    animationElapsed = 0.0;  
  
    if(currentIndex > numFrames-1) {  
        currentIndex = 0;  
    }  
}  
  
DrawSpriteSheetSprite(runAnimation[currentIndex], 8, 4);
```

Monospaced font rendering.

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □  
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □  
! " # \$ % & ' ( ) \* + , - . /  
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 : ; < = > ?  
@ A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O  
P Q R S T U V W X Y Z [ \ ] ^ \_  
' a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o  
p q r s t u v w x y z { | } ~ □  
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□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	□	
!	"	#	\$	%	&	'	(	)	*	+	,	-	.	/						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?					
@	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O					
P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	[	\	]	^						
`	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	ó					
p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	{	}			~	□				
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‘	‘	‘	“	“	•	—	—	~	™	š	>	æ	□	ž	ÿ					
‘	i	¢	£	¤	¥	¡	§	“	©	ª	«	¬	-	®	-					
°	±	²	³	’	µ	¶	·	·	¹	º	»	¼	½	¾	¿					
À	Á	Ã	Ä	Å	Æ	Ç	É	É	Ê	Ë	Ì	Í	Î	Ï						
Ð	Ñ	Ò	Ó	Ô	Õ	Ö	×	Ø	Ù	Ú	Û	Ü	Ý	Þ	ß					
à	á	ã	ä	å	æ	ç	è	é	ê	ë	ì	í	î	ï						
ð	ñ	ò	ó	ô	õ	ö	÷	ø	ù	ú	û	ü	ý	þ	ÿ					

To render a string, we must look at it character by character and draw 2 triangles for each letter using the appropriate UV coordinates.

H e l l o

```

string test = "This is a string!";
cout << (int)test[3] << endl; // prints 115, which is 's'

```

Dec	Hx	Oct	Char	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr
0	0	000	<b>NUL</b> (null)	32	20	040	&#32;	<b>Space</b>	64	40	100	&#64;	<b>Ø</b>	96	60	140	&#96;	<b>~</b>
1	1	001	<b>SOH</b> (start of heading)	33	21	041	&#33;	<b>!</b>	65	41	101	&#65;	<b>A</b>	97	61	141	&#97;	<b>a</b>
2	2	002	<b>STX</b> (start of text)	34	22	042	&#34;	<b>"</b>	66	42	102	&#66;	<b>B</b>	98	62	142	&#98;	<b>b</b>
3	3	003	<b>ETX</b> (end of text)	35	23	043	&#35;	<b>#</b>	67	43	103	&#67;	<b>C</b>	99	63	143	&#99;	<b>c</b>
4	4	004	<b>EOT</b> (end of transmission)	36	24	044	&#36;	<b>\$</b>	68	44	104	&#68;	<b>D</b>	100	64	144	&#100;	<b>d</b>
5	5	005	<b>ENQ</b> (enquiry)	37	25	045	&#37;	<b>%</b>	69	45	105	&#69;	<b>E</b>	101	65	145	&#101;	<b>e</b>
6	6	006	<b>ACK</b> (acknowledge)	38	26	046	&#38;	<b>&amp;</b>	70	46	106	&#70;	<b>F</b>	102	66	146	&#102;	<b>f</b>
7	7	007	<b>BEL</b> (bell)	39	27	047	&#39;	<b>'</b>	71	47	107	&#71;	<b>G</b>	103	67	147	&#103;	<b>g</b>
8	8	010	<b>BS</b> (backspace)	40	28	050	&#40;	<b>(</b>	72	48	110	&#72;	<b>H</b>	104	68	150	&#104;	<b>h</b>
9	9	011	<b>TAB</b> (horizontal tab)	41	29	051	&#41;	<b>)</b>	73	49	111	&#73;	<b>I</b>	105	69	151	&#105;	<b>i</b>
10	A	012	<b>LF</b> (NL line feed, new line)	42	2A	052	&#42;	<b>*</b>	74	4A	112	&#74;	<b>J</b>	106	6A	152	&#106;	<b>j</b>
11	B	013	<b>VT</b> (vertical tab)	43	2B	053	&#43;	<b>+</b>	75	4B	113	&#75;	<b>K</b>	107	6B	153	&#107;	<b>k</b>
12	C	014	<b>FF</b> (NP form feed, new page)	44	2C	054	&#44;	<b>,</b>	76	4C	114	&#76;	<b>L</b>	108	6C	154	&#108;	<b>l</b>
13	D	015	<b>CR</b> (carriage return)	45	2D	055	&#45;	<b>-</b>	77	4D	115	&#77;	<b>M</b>	109	6D	155	&#109;	<b>m</b>
14	E	016	<b>SO</b> (shift out)	46	2E	056	&#46;	<b>.</b>	78	4E	116	&#78;	<b>N</b>	110	6E	156	&#110;	<b>n</b>
15	F	017	<b>SI</b> (shift in)	47	2F	057	&#47;	<b>/</b>	79	4F	117	&#79;	<b>O</b>	111	6F	157	&#111;	<b>o</b>
16	10	020	<b>DLE</b> (data link escape)	48	30	060	&#48;	<b>Ø</b>	80	50	120	&#80;	<b>P</b>	112	70	160	&#112;	<b>p</b>
17	11	021	<b>DC1</b> (device control 1)	49	31	061	&#49;	<b>1</b>	81	51	121	&#81;	<b>Q</b>	113	71	161	&#113;	<b>q</b>
18	12	022	<b>DC2</b> (device control 2)	50	32	062	&#50;	<b>2</b>	82	52	122	&#82;	<b>R</b>	114	72	162	&#114;	<b>r</b>
19	13	023	<b>DC3</b> (device control 3)	51	33	063	&#51;	<b>3</b>	83	53	123	&#83;	<b>S</b>	115	73	163	&#115;	<b>s</b>
20	14	024	<b>DC4</b> (device control 4)	52	34	064	&#52;	<b>4</b>	84	54	124	&#84;	<b>T</b>	116	74	164	&#116;	<b>t</b>
21	15	025	<b>NAK</b> (negative acknowledge)	53	35	065	&#53;	<b>5</b>	85	55	125	&#85;	<b>U</b>	117	75	165	&#117;	<b>u</b>
22	16	026	<b>SYN</b> (synchronous idle)	54	36	066	&#54;	<b>6</b>	86	56	126	&#86;	<b>V</b>	118	76	166	&#118;	<b>v</b>
23	17	027	<b>ETB</b> (end of trans. block)	55	37	067	&#55;	<b>7</b>	87	57	127	&#87;	<b>W</b>	119	77	167	&#119;	<b>w</b>
24	18	030	<b>CAN</b> (cancel)	56	38	070	&#56;	<b>8</b>	88	58	130	&#88;	<b>X</b>	120	78	170	&#120;	<b>x</b>
25	19	031	<b>EM</b> (end of medium)	57	39	071	&#57;	<b>9</b>	89	59	131	&#89;	<b>Y</b>	121	79	171	&#121;	<b>y</b>
26	1A	032	<b>SUB</b> (substitute)	58	3A	072	&#58;	<b>:</b>	90	5A	132	&#90;	<b>Z</b>	122	7A	172	&#122;	<b>z</b>
27	1B	033	<b>ESC</b> (escape)	59	3B	073	&#59;	<b>:</b>	91	5B	133	&#91;	<b>[</b>	123	7B	173	&#123;	<b>{</b>
28	1C	034	<b>FS</b> (file separator)	60	3C	074	&#60;	<b>&lt;</b>	92	5C	134	&#92;	<b>\</b>	124	7C	174	&#124;	<b> </b>
29	1D	035	<b>GS</b> (group separator)	61	3D	075	&#61;	<b>=</b>	93	5D	135	&#93;	<b>]</b>	125	7D	175	&#125;	<b>}</b>
30	1E	036	<b>RS</b> (record separator)	62	3E	076	&#62;	<b>&gt;</b>	94	5E	136	&#94;	<b>^</b>	126	7E	176	&#126;	<b>~</b>
31	1F	037	<b>US</b> (unit separator)	63	3F	077	&#63;	<b>?</b>	95	5F	137	&#95;	<b>_</b>	127	7F	177	&#127;	<b>DEL</b>

```
void DrawText(int fontTexture, std::string text, float size, float spacing) {
    float texture_size = 1.0/16.0f;
    std::vector<float> vertexData;
    std::vector<float> texCoordData;

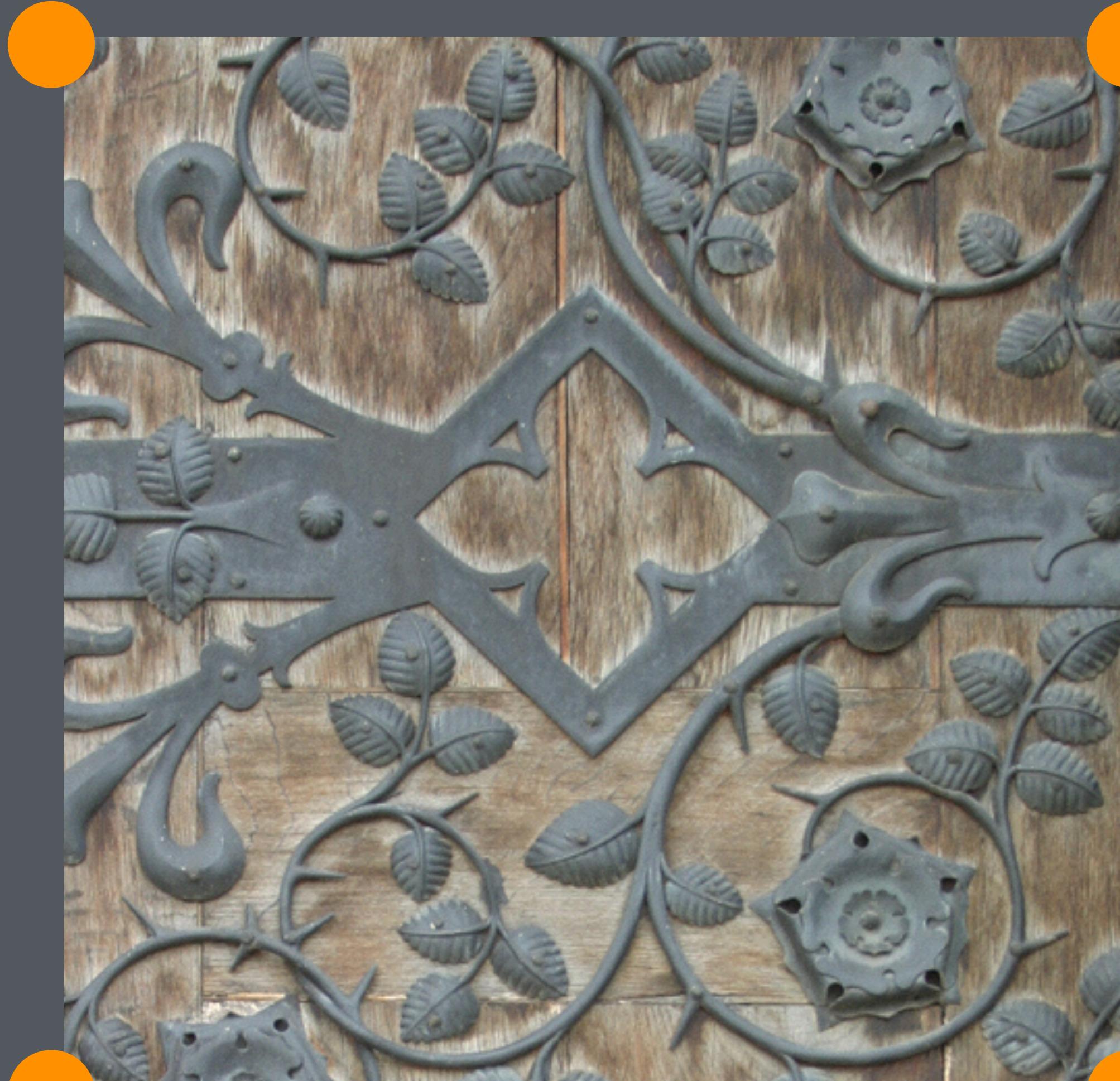
    for(int i=0; i < text.size(); i++) {
        float texture_x = (float)((int)text[i]) % 16) / 16.0f;
        float texture_y = (float)((int)text[i]) / 16) / 16.0f;
        vertexData.insert(vertexData.end(), {
            ((size+spacing) * i) + (-0.5f * size), 0.5f * size,
            ((size+spacing) * i) + (-0.5f * size), -0.5f * size,
            ((size+spacing) * i) + (0.5f * size), 0.5f * size,
            ((size+spacing) * i) + (0.5f * size), -0.5f * size,
            ((size+spacing) * i) + (0.5f * size), 0.5f * size,
            ((size+spacing) * i) + (-0.5f * size), -0.5f * size,
        });
        texCoordData.insert(texCoordData.end(), {
            texture_x, texture_y,
            texture_x, texture_y + texture_size,
            texture_x + texture_size, texture_y,
            texture_x + texture_size, texture_y + texture_size,
            texture_x + texture_size, texture_y,
            texture_x, texture_y + texture_size,
        });
    }
    glUseProgram(program->programID);

    glVertexAttribPointer(program->positionAttribute, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, vertexData.data());
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(program->positionAttribute);
    glVertexAttribPointer(program->texCoordAttribute, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, texCoordData.data());
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(program->texCoordAttribute);
    glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, fontTexture);
    glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, text.size() * 6);

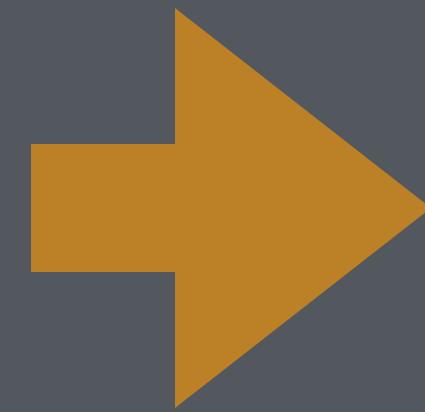
    glDisableVertexAttribArray(program->positionAttribute);
    glDisableVertexAttribArray(program->texCoordAttribute);
}
```

# Texture wrap modes.

0,0



1,0



1,1



0,1

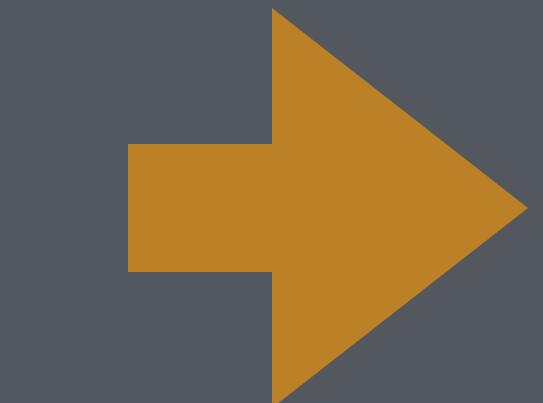
0,2



0,0



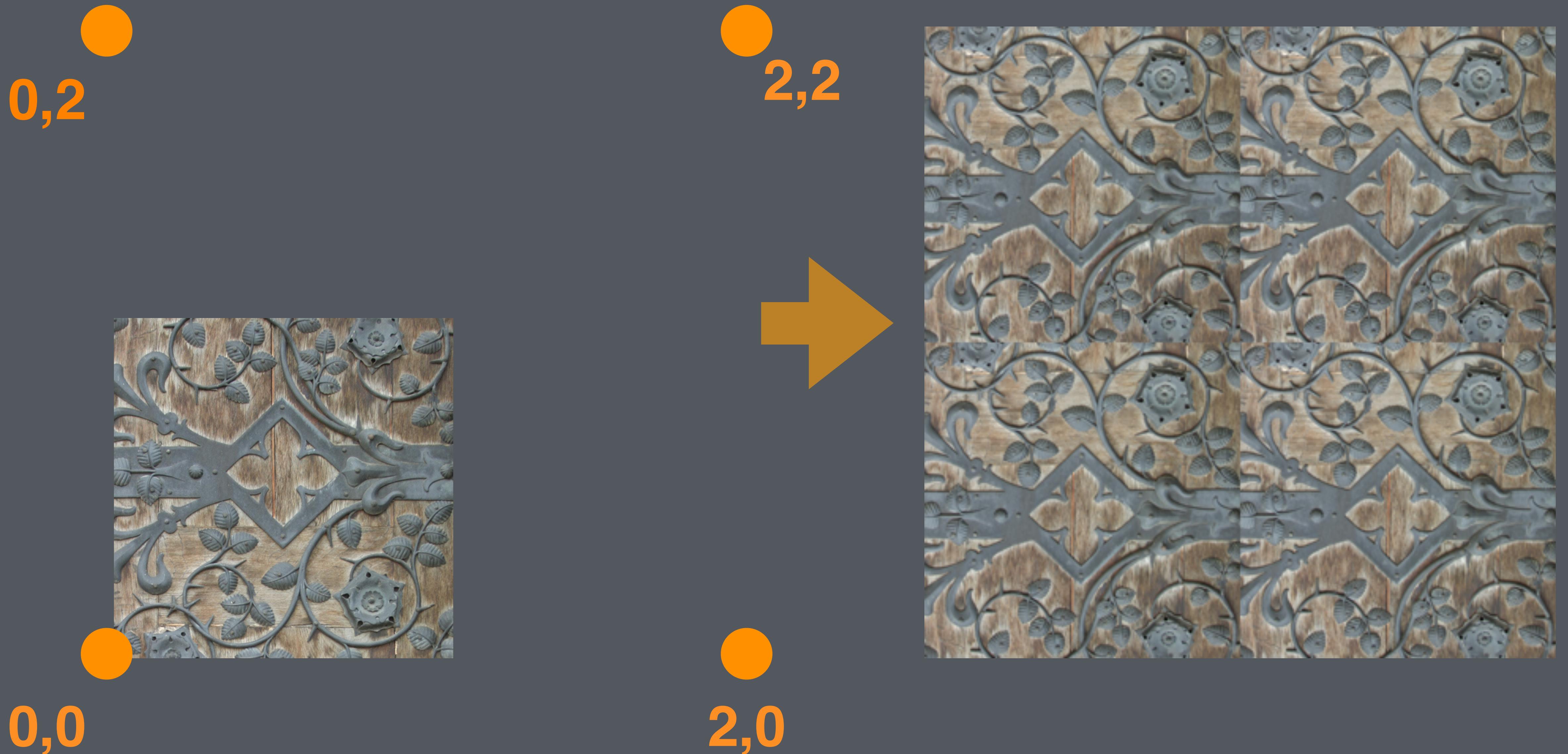
2,0



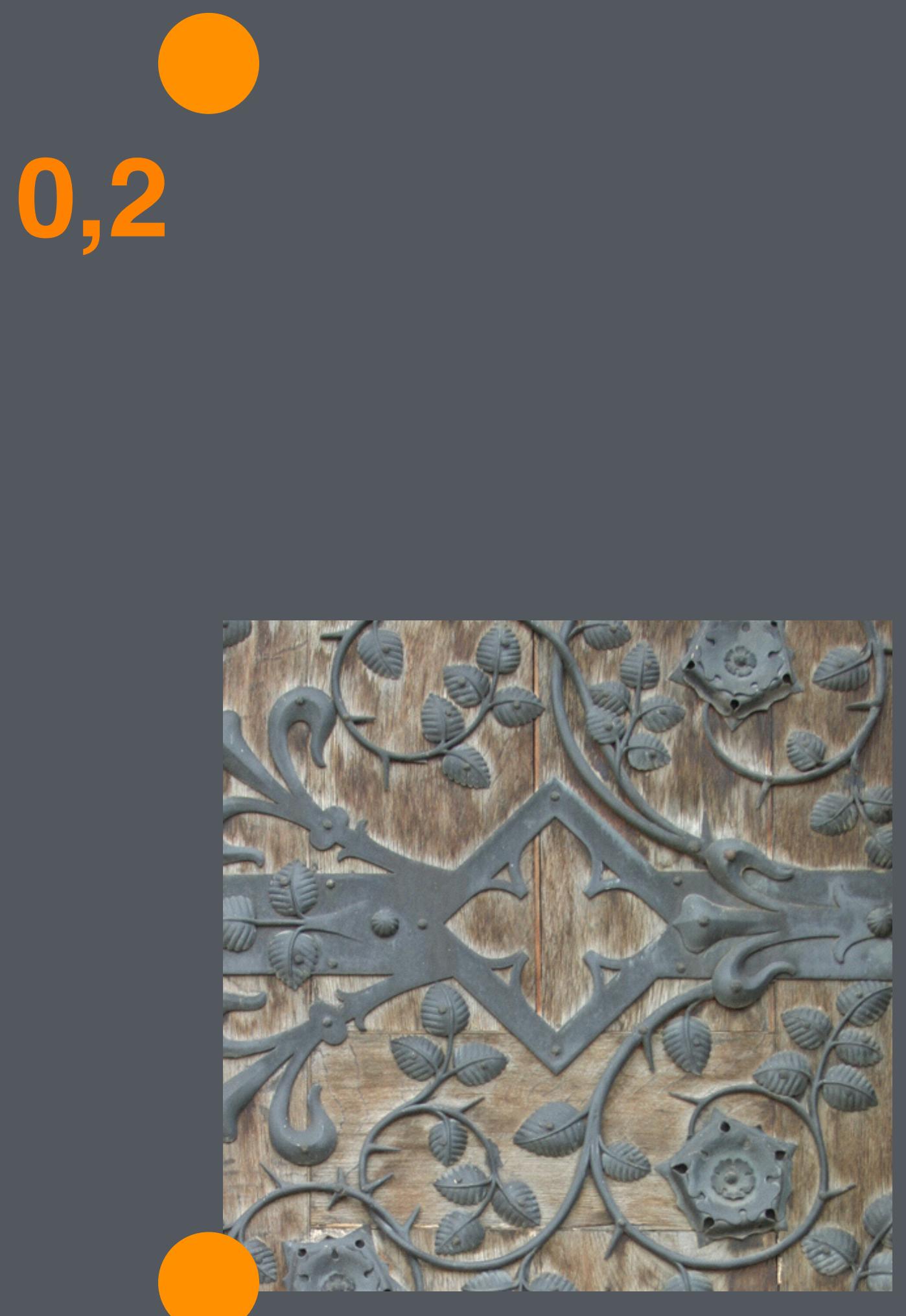
2,2



# Repeat



# Clamp



0,2



2,2



0,0

2,0



```
void glTexParameteri (GLenum target, GLenum pname,  
GLint param);
```

Sets a texture parameter of the specified texture target.

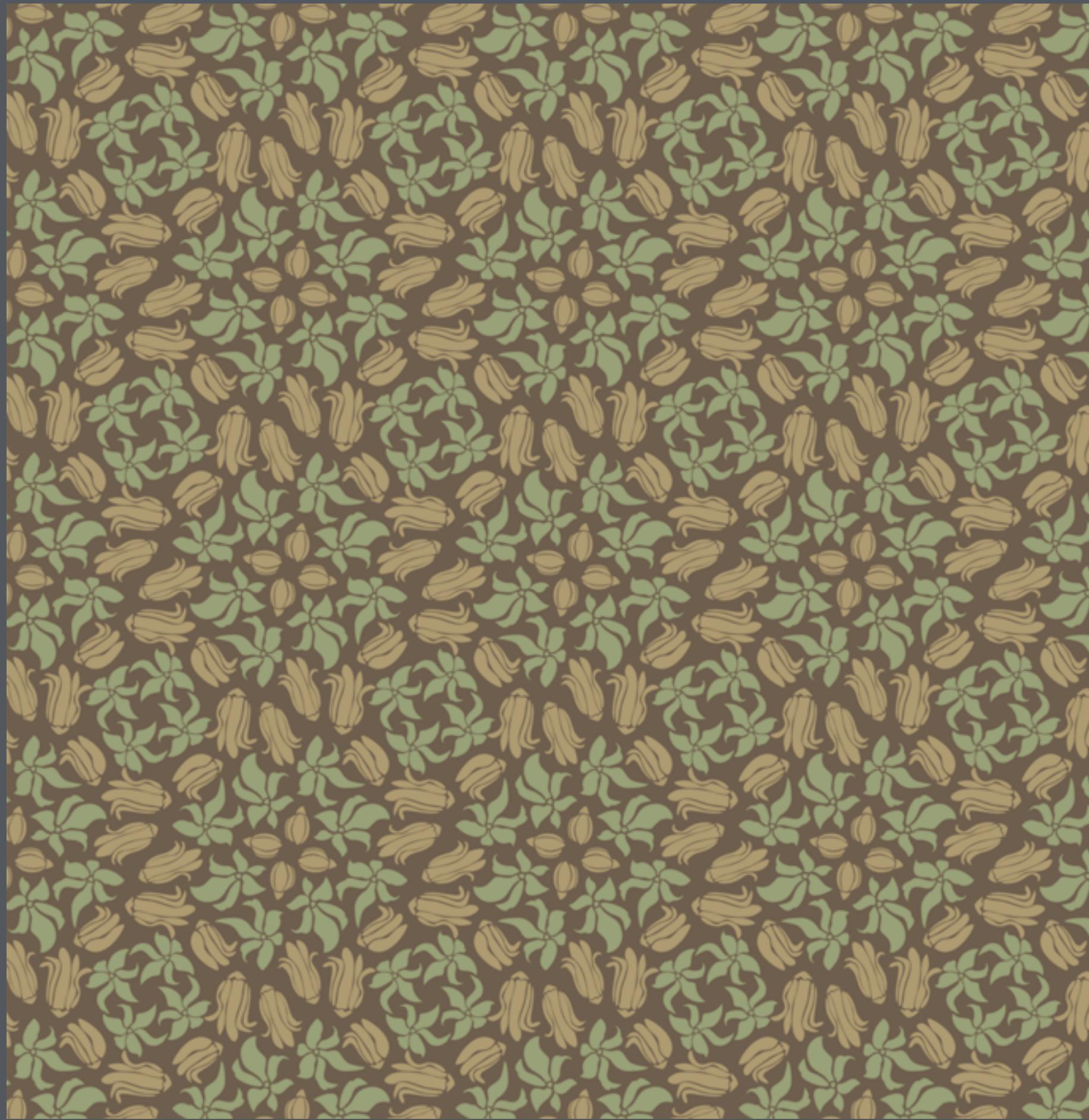
## CLAMPING

```
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_S, GL_CLAMP);  
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_T, GL_CLAMP);
```

## REPEATING

```
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_S, GL_REPEAT);  
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_T, GL_REPEAT);
```

# Use GL\_REPEAT for tiling textures



Use GL\_CLAMP for non-tiled images with alpha.