Professional Diploma in Commercial Web Design

Lesson 27a

Object - TV

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Objective

- Understand object in real life example
- Create TV object

What is object

- You can turn-on/ turn-off a TV
- If Sony is a TV, then you can turn-on/turn-off a Sony.
- TV is an object, turn-on/turn-off is a function.
- Everything you say is a TV, you can turn-on/turn-off.

Why do we need object

- We want to reuse functions, also want to reuse variables.
- Everything is stored in "class"
- You do not need to know how it works inside, but you need to know what to input and what is the output
- Free memory

Concept

- Class The blueprints for an object and the actual code that defines the properties and methods
- Object running instances of a class that contain all the internal data and state information needed for your application to function
- \$object=new Class();
- tvo1.php

Create an object and instance

- class Classname{} define object
- \$object_var=new Classname(); create object

Method

- Function in an object is called method.
- Methods can be created more than one
- tvo2.php

Method

- Add a new turnOff method in TV class
- Turn off \$sony
- tvo3.php

Classwork

- Add a new volumeUp and volumeDown method in TV class
- echo "volume up
";
- tvo4.php

Property

- Variable in an object is called property
- Properties can be declared with var \$var;
- Set variable to the class by \$this->var = value;
- tvo5.php

Constructor

- Initialization in a class is called constructor. It is defined by creating a method that named function _ _constructor(){}
- We need to know the size before we make a TV.
- tvo6.php

Constructor

- How to add 2 variables to constructor?
- We also need to know the brand name.
- tvo7.php

Classwork

- Now Philips ask you to create a new TV for 32".
- Test getName, turnOn, turnOff, volumeUp, volumeDown, getPlug methods
- Tell me the size of Philips.
- tvo8.php

Classwork

- Your boss want to add a new "color" property for each TV.
- Before you create a new TV, you need to tell me what is the TV color.
- Sony is "black" and Philips is "silver".
- Show us each TV color
- tvog.php

Inheritance

- Inheritance is based around the concept of parent classes and child classes
- When you create a child class, it inherits all the properties and methods of the parent. The child class can then include additional properties and methods, thereby extending the functionality of the parent class.
- Dragonball example
- EG. LCD is a kind of TV. LCD can do everything TV can do.

Inheritance

- class ChildClass extends ParentClass {
- }
- \$samsung=new LCD();
- tv11.php

Over parent

- Child class can have new methods which parent class does not have.
- EG. New iPhone has new function that more than old iPhone.
- tv12.php

Classwork

- Add dolbyOff method
- \$samsung->dolbyOff();
- tv13.php

Parent method

- You may use methods from Parent class
- parent::turnOff()
- tv14.php

Static method

- Static means the method or variable is accessible through the class definition and not just through objects
- public static function insurance(){}
- TV::insurance();
- tv15.php

Static method

- Different class can has some static method name but different function
- LCD::insurance();
- tv16.php

Public, Private, Protected

- Class properties must be defined as
 - Public
 - Private
 - Protected

public

- By default, all class members are public. If properties declared using var, the property will be defined as public.
- You can change public variable at anytime.
- public *plug="UK";
- \$sony->plug="CN";
- tv17.php

private

- Access is limited to the declaring class only. No external access whatsoever is allowed.
- It is a good practice to protect from outsider giving invalid value. Always check input value before setting the new value.
- \$sony->voltage=110; (Error)
- tv18.php

protected

- To access a parent method or property from a child class
- Like the private keyword, protected methods and properties are available only to the class that created them.
- tv2o.php

protected

- But unlike private, protected methods and properties are visible from a parent class.
- SetMethod from child
- tv21.php

Concept 2

- Polymorphism allows a class to be defined as being a member of more than one category of classes (EG. a car is "a thing with engine" and also "a thing with wheels")
- Interfaces a way of specifying that an object is capable of doing something without actually defining how it is to be done (EG. a dog and a human are "things that walk" but they are different)
- Encapsulation the ability of an object to protect access to its internal data

Example

- Search 農曆 php
- https://gist.github.com/eagleon/1702129
- cal.php

Example

- Search php pdf
- http://www.fpdf.org/
- pdf.php

QUESTIONS