Elasticsearch Documentation

Release 7.5.1

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Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. Its goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

For a more high level client library with more limited scope, have a look at elasticsearch-dsl - it is a more pythonic library sitting on top of elasticsearch-py.

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CHAPTER 1

Compatibility

The library is compatible with all Elasticsearch versions since 0.90.x but you have to use a matching major version:

For **Elasticsearch 7.0** and later, use the major version 7 (7 . x . y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 6.0** and later, use the major version 6 (6.x.y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 5.0** and later, use the major version 5 (5 . x . y) of the library.

For Elasticsearch 2.0 and later, use the major version 2 (2.x.y) of the library, and so on.

The recommended way to set your requirements in your setup.py or requirements.txt is:

```
# Elasticsearch 7.x
elasticsearch>=7.0.0,<8.0.0

# Elasticsearch 6.x
elasticsearch>=6.0.0,<7.0.0

# Elasticsearch 5.x
elasticsearch>=5.0.0,<6.0.0

# Elasticsearch 2.x
elasticsearch>=2.0.0,<3.0.0</pre>
```

If you have a need to have multiple versions installed at the same time older versions are also released as elasticsearch2, elasticsearch5 and elasticsearch6.

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Installation

Install the elasticsearch package with pip:

pip install elasticsearch

CHAPTER 3

Example Usage

```
from datetime import datetime
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()
doc = {
    'author': 'kimchy',
    'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime.now(),
res = es.index(index="test-index", id=1, body=doc)
print(res['result'])
res = es.get(index="test-index", id=1)
print(res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")
res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total']['value'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
   print("%(timestamp)s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["\_source"])
```

Features

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticsearch's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue as well as a more high level library (elasticsearch-dsl) on top of this one to provide a more convenient way of working with Elasticsearch.

4.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose between two http protocol implementations. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the <code>ConnectionPool</code> class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default nodes are randomized before being passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the *Elasticsearch* class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

4.2 Automatic Retries

If a connection to a node fails due to connection issues (raises <code>ConnectionError</code>) it is considered in faulty state. It will be placed on hold for <code>dead_timeout</code> seconds and the request will be retried on another node. If a connection fails multiple times in a row the timeout will get progressively larger to avoid hitting a node that's, by all indication, down. If no live connection is available, the connection that has the smallest timeout will be used.

By default retries are not triggered by a timeout (ConnectionTimeout), set retry_on_timeout to True to also retry on timeouts.

4.3 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See *Transport* parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

4.4 Thread safety

The client is thread safe and can be used in a multi threaded environment. Best practice is to create a single global instance of the client and use it throughout your application. If your application is long-running consider turning on *Sniffing* to make sure the client is up to date on the cluster location.

By default we allow urllib3 to open up to 10 connections to each node, if your application calls for more parallelism, use the maxsize parameter to raise the limit:

```
# allow up to 25 connections to each node
es = Elasticsearch(["host1", "host2"], maxsize=25)
```

Note: Since we use persistent connections throughout the client it means that the client doesn't tolerate fork very well. If your application calls for multiple processes make sure you create a fresh client after call to fork. Note that Python's multiprocessing module uses fork to create new processes on POSIX systems.

4.5 SSL and Authentication

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You can configure the client to use SSL for connecting to your elasticsearch cluster, including certificate verification and HTTP auth:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
# you can use RFC-1738 to specify the url
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```

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```
es = Elasticsearch(['https://user:secret@localhost:443'])
# ... or specify common parameters as kwargs
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    scheme="https",
   port=443,
# SSL client authentication using client_cert and client_key
from ssl import create_default_context
context = create_default_context(cafile="path/to/cert.pem")
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    scheme="https",
    port=443,
    ssl_context=context,
```

Warning: elasticsearch-py doesn't ship with default set of root certificates. To have working SSL certificate validation you need to either specify your own as cafile or capath or cadata or install certifi which will be picked up automatically.

See class Urllib3HttpConnection for detailed description of the options.

4.6 APIKey Authentication

You can configure the client to use Elasticsearch's API Key for connecting to your cluster. Please note this authentication method has been introduced with release of Elasticsearch 6.7.0.

from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch

```
# you can use the api key tuple es = Elasticsearch(
        ['node-1', 'node-2', 'node-3'], api_key=('id', 'api_key'),
)
# or you pass the base 64 encoded token es = Elasticsearch(
        ['node-1', 'node-2', 'node-3'], api_key='base64encoded tuple',
)
```

4.7 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log

level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. Because it is designed to be shared (for example to demonstrate an issue) it also just uses localhost: 9200 as the address instead of the actual address of the host. If the trace logger has not been configured already it is set to *propagate=False* so it needs to be activated separately.

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CHAPTER 5

Environment considerations

When using the client there are several limitations of your environment that could come into play.

When using an HTTP load balancer you cannot use the *Sniffing* functionality - the cluster would supply the client with IP addresses to directly connect to the cluster, circumventing the load balancer. Depending on your configuration this might be something you don't want or break completely.

In some environments (notably on Google App Engine) your HTTP requests might be restricted so that GET requests won't accept body. In that case use the send_get_body_as parameter of Transport to send all bodies via post:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(send_get_body_as='POST')
```

5.1 Compression

When using capacity-constrained networks (low throughput), it may be handy to enable compression. This is especially useful when doing bulk loads or inserting large documents. This will configure compression.

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(hosts, http_compress=True)
```

5.2 Running on AWS with IAM

If you want to use this client with IAM based authentication on AWS you can use the requests-aws4auth package:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
from requests_aws4auth import AWS4Auth

host = 'YOURHOST.us-east-1.es.amazonaws.com'
awsauth = AWS4Auth(YOUR_ACCESS_KEY, YOUR_SECRET_KEY, REGION, 'es')
```

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```
es = Elasticsearch(
   hosts=[{'host': host, 'port': 443}],
   http_auth=awsauth,
   use_ssl=True,
   verify_certs=True,
   connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection
)
print(es.info())
```

CHAPTER 6

Customization

6.1 Custom serializers

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

CHAPTER 7

Contents

7.1 API Documentation

All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

Note: for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from_instead of from and doc_type instead of type as parameter names.

7.1.1 Global options

Some parameters are added by the client itself and can be used in all API calls.

Ignore

An API call is considered successful (and will return a response) if elasticsearch returns a 2XX response. Otherwise an instance of *TransportError* (or a more specific subclass) will be raised. You can see other exception and error states in *Exceptions*. If you do not wish an exception to be raised you can always pass in an ignore parameter with either a single status code that should be ignored or a list of them:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()

# ignore 400 cause by IndexAlreadyExistsException when creating an index
es.indices.create(index='test-index', ignore=400)

# ignore 404 and 400
es.indices.delete(index='test-index', ignore=[400, 404])
```

Timeout

Global timeout can be set when constructing the client (see Connection's timeout parameter) or on a per-request basis using request_timeout (float value in seconds) as part of any API call, this value will get passed to the perform_request method of the connection class:

```
# only wait for 1 second, regardless of the client's default
es.cluster.health(wait_for_status='yellow', request_timeout=1)
```

Note: Some API calls also accept a timeout parameter that is passed to Elasticsearch server. This timeout is internal and doesn't guarantee that the request will end in the specified time.

Response Filtering

The filter_path parameter is used to reduce the response returned by elasticsearch. For example, to only return _id and _type, do:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._id', 'hits.hits._type'])
```

It also supports the * wildcard character to match any field or part of a field's name:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._*'])
```

7.1.2 Elasticsearch

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes cat, cluster, indices, ingest, nodes, snapshot and tasks that provide access to instances of CatClient, ClusterClient, IndicesClient, IngestClient, NodesClient, SnapshotClient and TasksClient respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

You can specify your own connection class which should be used by providing the connection_class parameter:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

If you want to turn on *Sniffing* you have several options (described in *Transport*):

```
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes running on 'esnode1' and
# 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
   ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
    # sniff before doing anything
   sniff_on_start=True,
    # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
   sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
    # and also every 60 seconds
```

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```
sniffer_timeout=60
)
```

Different hosts can have different parameters, use a dictionary per node to specify those:

If using SSL, there are several parameters that control how we deal with certificates (see <code>Urllib3HttpConnection</code> for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs'
)
```

If using SSL, but don't verify the certs, a warning message is showed optionally (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # no verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=False,
    # don't show warnings about ssl certs verification
    ssl_show_warn=False
)
```

SSL client authentication is supported (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs',
    # PEM formatted SSL client certificate
    client_cert='/path/to/clientcert.pem',
    # PEM formatted SSL client key
    client_key='/path/to/clientkey.pem'
)
```

Alternatively you can use RFC-1738 formatted URLs, as long as they are not in conflict with other options:

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

Parameters

- hosts list of nodes, or a single node, we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "localhost", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host[:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the Connection class defaults will be used.
- transport_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the *Transport* class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

bulk (**kwargs)

Allows to perform multiple index/update/delete operations in a single request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-bulk.html

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- index Default index for items which don't provide one
- doc_type Default document type for items which don't provide one
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or default list of fields to return, can be overridden on each sub- request
- _source_excludes Default list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- _source_includes Default list of fields to extract and return from the _source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- doc_type Default document type for items which don't provide one
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with

- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the bulk operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

clear_scroll(**kwargs)

Explicitly clears the search context for a scroll. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-request-body.html#_clear_scroll_api

Parameters

- **body** A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear if none was specified via the scroll_id parameter
- scroll_id A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear

count (**kwargs)

Returns number of documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-count.html

- **body** A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- doc_type A comma-separated list of types to restrict the results
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- min_score Include only documents with a specific _score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)

- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- **terminate_after** The maximum count for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early

create (**kwargs)

Creates a new document in the index. Returns a 409 response when a document with a same ID already exists in the index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-index .html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- body The document
- doc_type The type of the document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete(**kwargs)

Removes a document from the index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc type The type of the document
- **if_primary_term** only perform the delete operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if_seq_no only perform the delete operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified sequence number
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control

- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

delete_by_query(**kwargs)

Deletes documents matching the provided query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-delete-by-query.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- **conflicts** What to do when the delete by query hits version conflicts? Valid choices: abort, proceed Default: abort
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- **request_cache** Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting

- requests_per_second The throttle for this request in sub- requests per second. -1
 means no throttle.
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_size Size on the scroll request powering the delete by query
- **search_timeout** Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **size** Deprecated, please use *max_docs* instead
- slices The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Default: 1
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable.
 Default: 1m
- **version** Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the delete by query is complete. Default: True

delete_by_query_rethrottle(**kwargs)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Delete By Query operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete-by-query.html

Parameters

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

delete_script (**kwargs)

Deletes a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists(**kwargs)

Returns information about whether a document exists in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc_type The type of the document (use _all to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force

exists source(**kwargs)

Returns information about whether a document source exists in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc_type The type of the document; deprecated and optional starting with 7.0
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force

explain(**kwargs)

Returns information about why a specific matches (or doesn't match) a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-explain.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- **doc_type** The type of the document
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- source excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- **df** The default field for query string query (default: _all)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

field_caps (**kwargs)

Returns the information about the capabilities of fields among multiple indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-field-caps.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **fields** A comma-separated list of field names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_unmapped Indicates whether unmapped fields should be included in the response.

get (**kwargs)

Returns a document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID

- doc_type The type of the document (use _all to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force

get_script(**kwargs)

Returns a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_source(**kwargs)

Returns the source of a document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- id The document ID
- doc_type The type of the document; deprecated and optional starting with 7.0
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force

index (**kwargs)

Creates or updates a document in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-index_.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- body The document
- doc_type The type of the document
- id Document ID
- if_primary_term only perform the index operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if_seq_no only perform the index operation if the last operation that has changed the
 document has the specified sequence number
- op_type Explicit operation type. Defaults to index for requests with an explicit document ID, and to 'create' for requests without an explicit document ID Valid choices: index, create
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait_for
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

info(**kwargs)

Returns basic information about the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/index.html

mget (**kwargs)

Allows to get multiple documents in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-get.html

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index and type is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- doc_type The type of the document
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- source includes A list of fields to extract and return from the source field

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

msearch (**kwargs)

Allows to execute several search operations in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-multi-search.html

Parameters

- body The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests each sub search executes concurrently per node. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests Default: 5
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on it's rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint. Default: 128
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

msearch_template(**kwargs)

Allows to execute several search template operations in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-multi-search.html

- body The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default

- max_concurrent_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

mtermvectors (**kwargs)

Returns multiple termvectors in one request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-multi-termvectors.html

- **body** Define ids, documents, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- index The index in which the document resides.
- doc_type The type of the document.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- ids A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **positions** Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs". Default: True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- realtime Specifies if requests are real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- **routing** Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- **term_statistics** Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version_type Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force

ping(**kwargs)

Returns whether the cluster is running. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/index.html

put_script(**kwargs)

Creates or updates a script. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

Parameters

- id Script ID
- body The document
- context Script context
- context Context name to compile script against
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

rank eval(**kwargs)

Allows to evaluate the quality of ranked search results over a set of typical search queries https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-rank-eval.html

Parameters

- **body** The ranking evaluation search definition, including search requests, document ratings and ranking metric definition.
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

reindex (**kwargs)

Allows to copy documents from one index to another, optionally filtering the source documents by a query, changing the destination index settings, or fetching the documents from a remote cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-reindex.html

- body The search definition using the Query DSL and the prototype for the index request.
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- scroll Control how long to keep the search context alive Default: 5m
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Default: 1
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable.
 Default: 1m

- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the reindex operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the reindex is complete. Default: True

reindex rethrottle(**kwargs)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Reindex operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-reindex.html

Parameters

- task_id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

render_search_template(**kwargs)

Allows to use the Mustache language to pre-render a search definition. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html#_validating_templates

Parameters

- body The search definition template and its params
- id The id of the stored search template

scripts painless execute(**kwargs)

Allows an arbitrary script to be executed and a result to be returned https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/painless/master/painless-execute-api.html

Parameters body – The script to execute

scroll(**kwargs)

Allows to retrieve a large numbers of results from a single search request. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-request-body.html#request-body-search-scroll

Parameters

- **body** The scroll ID if not passed by URL or query parameter.
- scroll id The scroll ID
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_id The scroll ID for scrolled search

search(**kwargs)

Returns results matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-search.html

- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices

- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- allow_partial_search_results Indicate if an error should be returned if there is a partial search failure or timeout Default: True
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- batched_reduce_size The number of shard results that should be reduced at once on the coordinating node. This value should be used as a protection mechanism to reduce the memory overhead per search request if the potential number of shards in the request can be large. Default: 512
- ccs_minimize_roundtrips Indicates whether network round- trips should be minimized as part of cross-cluster search requests execution Default: true
- **default_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **docvalue_fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return as the docvalue representation of a field for each hit
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_concurrent_shard_requests The number of concurrent shard requests per node this search executes concurrently. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests Default: 5
- pre_filter_shard_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on it's rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint. Default: 128

- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **seq_no_primary_term** Specify whether to return sequence number and primary term of the last modification of each hit
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- stored_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return as part of a hit
- **suggest_field** Specify which field to use for suggestions
- **suggest_mode** Specify suggest mode Valid choices: missing, popular, always Default: missing
- **suggest_size** How many suggestions to return in response
- suggest_text The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- track_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- track_total_hits Indicate if the number of documents that match the query should be tracked
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

search_shards(**kwargs)

Returns information about the indices and shards that a search request would be executed against. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-shards.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)

- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value

search_template(**kwargs)

Allows to use the Mustache language to pre-render a search definition. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

Parameters

- **body** The search definition template and its params
- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **ignore_throttled** Whether specified concrete, expanded or aliased indices should be ignored when throttled
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- profile Specify whether to profile the query execution
- rest_total_hits_as_int Indicates whether hits.total should be rendered as an integer or an object in the rest search response
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scrol1 Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, query_and_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch, dfs_query_and_fetch
- **typed_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

termvectors (**kwargs)

Returns information and statistics about terms in the fields of a particular document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- body Define parameters and or supply a document to get termvectors for. See documentation.
- doc_type The type of the document.
- id The id of the document, when not specified a doc param should be supplied.
- **field_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Default: True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return.
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Default: True
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Default: True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned. Default: True
- preference Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- realtime Specifies if request is real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value.
- term_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned.
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version_type** Specific version type Valid choices: internal, external_gte, force

update (**kwargs)

Updates a document with a script or partial document. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update.html

- index The name of the index
- id Document ID
- body The request definition requires either *script* or partial *doc*
- doc_type The type of the document
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- _source_excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned _source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **if_primary_term** only perform the update operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified primary term
- if_seq_no only perform the update operation if the last operation that has changed the document has the specified sequence number
- lang The script language (default: painless)
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes. Valid choices: true, false, wait for

- retry_on_conflict Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

update_by_query(**kwargs)

Performs an update on every document in the index without changing the source, for example to pick up a mapping change. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-update-by-query. html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- _source True or false to return the _source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- source excludes A list of fields to exclude from the returned source field
- _source_includes A list of fields to extract and return from the _source field
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the update by query hits version conflicts? Valid choices: abort, proceed Default: abort
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **from** Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max_docs Maximum number of documents to process (default: all documents)
- pipeline Ingest pipeline to set on index requests made by this action. (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)

- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- **refresh** Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- request_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle.
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll_size Size on the scroll request powering the update by query
- search_timeout Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search_type** Search operation type Valid choices: query_then_fetch, dfs_query_then_fetch
- **size** Deprecated, please use *max_docs* instead
- slices The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks. Default: 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable. Default: 1m
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- **version_type** Should the document increment the version number (internal) on hit or not (reindex)
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait_for_completion Should the request should block until the update by query operation is complete. Default: True

update_by_query_rethrottle(**kwargs)

Changes the number of requests per second for a particular Update By Query operation. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update-by-query.html

- task_id The task id to rethrottle
- requests_per_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

7.1.3 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient (client)

analyze (**kwargs)

Performs the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-analyze.html

Parameters

- **body** Define analyzer/tokenizer parameters and the text on which the analysis should be performed
- index The name of the index to scope the operation
- index The name of the index to scope the operation

clear_cache (**kwargs)

Clears all or specific caches for one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-clearcache.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- fielddata Clear field data
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the *fielddata* parameter (default: all)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- query Clear query caches
- request Clear request cache

clone (**kwargs)

Clones an index https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-clone-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to clone
- target The name of the target index to clone into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the cloned index before the operation returns.

close(**kwargs)

Closes an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-open-close.html

- index A comma separated list of indices to close
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

create(**kwargs)

Creates an index with optional settings and mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-create-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- include_type_name Whether a type should be expected in the body of the mappings.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

delete(**kwargs)

Deletes an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-delete-index. html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use _all or * string to delete all indices
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

delete_alias(**kwargs)

Deletes an alias. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcards); use _all for all indices
- name A comma-separated list of aliases to delete (supports wildcards); use _all to delete all aliases for the specified indices.
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

delete_template(**kwargs)

Deletes an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

exists(**kwargs)

Returns information about whether a particular index exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-exists.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices.
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists_alias(**kwargs)

Returns information about whether a particular alias exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: all
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

exists template(**kwargs)

Returns information about whether a particular index template exists. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

exists_type(**kwargs)

Returns information about whether a particular document type exists. (DEPRECATED) https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-types-exists.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all to check the types across all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

flush(**kwargs)

Performs the flush operation on one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-flush.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **force** Whether a flush should be forced even if it is not necessarily needed ie. if no changes will be committed to the index. This is useful if transaction log IDs should be incremented even if no uncommitted changes are present. (This setting can be considered as internal)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- wait_if_ongoing If set to true the flush operation will block until the flush can be executed if another flush operation is already executing. The default is true. If set to false the flush will be skipped iff if another flush operation is already running.

flush synced(**kwargs)

Performs a synced flush operation on one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-synced-flush-api.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string for all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

forcemerge(**kwargs)

Performs the force merge operation on one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-forcemerge.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- max_num_segments The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- only_expunge_deletes Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents

freeze(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/frozen.html

- index The name of the index to freeze
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: closed
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **timeout** Explicit operation timeout

• wait_for_active_shards - Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

get (**kwargs)

Returns information about one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-index.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow_no_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open) Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices.
- include_type_name Whether to add the type name to the response (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_alias(**kwargs)

Returns an alias. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: all
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_field_mapping(**kwargs)

Returns mapping for one or more fields. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-field-mapping.html

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields
- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)

- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_defaults Whether the default mapping values should be returned as well
- include_type_name Whether a type should be returned in the body of the mappings.
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

get_mapping(**kwargs)

Returns mappings for one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-mapping.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_type_name Whether to add the type name to the response (default: false)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

get_settings(**kwargs)

Returns settings for one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-get-settings.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the settings that should be included
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: ['open', 'closed']
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices.
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

• master_timeout - Specify timeout for connection to master

get_template(**kwargs)

Returns an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- flat settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- include_type_name Whether a type should be returned in the body of the mappings.
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

get_upgrade (**kwargs)

The _upgrade API is no longer useful and will be removed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-upgrade.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

open (**kwargs)

Opens an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-open-close.html

Parameters

- index A comma separated list of indices to open
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: closed
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

put_alias(**kwargs)

Creates or updates an alias. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- name The name of the alias to be created or updated
- body The settings for the alias, such as routing or filter
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timestamp for the document

put_mapping(**kwargs)

Updates the index mappings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-put-mapping.html

Parameters

- body The mapping definition
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the mapping should be added to (supports wildcards); use *_all* or omit to add the mapping on all indices.
- doc_type The name of the document type
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include_type_name Whether a type should be expected in the body of the mappings.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

put_settings(**kwargs)

Updates the index settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-update-settings.html

- body The index settings to be updated
- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **preserve_existing** Whether to update existing settings. If set to *true* existing settings on an index remain unchanged, the default is *false*

• timeout – Explicit operation timeout

put_template(**kwargs)

Creates or updates an index template. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-templates.html

Parameters

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- include_type_name Whether a type should be returned in the body of the mappings.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **order** The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

recovery (**kwargs)

Returns information about ongoing index shard recoveries. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-recovery.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- active_only Display only those recoveries that are currently on-going
- detailed Whether to display detailed information about shard recovery

refresh (**kwargs)

Performs the refresh operation in one or more indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-refresh.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

reload_search_analyzers(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-reload-analyzers.html

Parameters

• index – A comma-separated list of index names to reload analyzers for

- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

rollover(**kwargs)

Updates an alias to point to a new index when the existing index is considered to be too large or too old. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-rollover-index.html

Parameters

- alias The name of the alias to rollover
- body The conditions that needs to be met for executing rollover
- new_index The name of the rollover index
- dry_run If set to true the rollover action will only be validated but not actually performed even if a condition matches. The default is false
- include_type_name Whether a type should be included in the body of the mappings.
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the newly created rollover index before the operation returns.

segments (**kwargs)

Provides low-level information about segments in a Lucene index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-segments.html

Parameters

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **verbose** Includes detailed memory usage by Lucene.

shard_stores(**kwargs)

Provides store information for shard copies of indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-shards-stores.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)

- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **status** A comma-separated list of statuses used to filter on shards to get store information for Valid choices: green, yellow, red, all

shrink(**kwargs)

Allow to shrink an existing index into a new index with fewer primary shards. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-shrink-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to shrink
- target The name of the target index to shrink into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- copy_settings whether or not to copy settings from the source index (defaults to false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the shrunken index before the operation returns.

split (**kwargs)

Allows you to split an existing index into a new index with more primary shards. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-split-index.html

Parameters

- index The name of the source index to split
- target The name of the target index to split into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)
- **copy_settings** whether or not to copy settings from the source index (defaults to false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the shrunken index before the operation returns.

stats (**kwargs)

Provides statistics on operations happening in an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-stats.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use _all or empty string to perform the
 operation on all indices
- metric Limit the information returned the specific metrics. Valid choices: _all, completion, docs, fielddata, query_cache, flush, get, indexing, merge, request_cache, refresh, search, segments, store, warmer, suggest

- completion_fields A comma-separated list of fields for fielddata and suggest index metric (supports wildcards)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **fielddata_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **forbid_closed_indices** If set to false stats will also collected from closed indices if explicitly specified or if expand_wildcards expands to closed indices Default: True
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- include_segment_file_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested)
- include_unloaded_segments If set to true segment stats will include stats for segments that are not currently loaded into memory
- level Return stats aggregated at cluster, index or shard level Valid choices: cluster, indices, shards Default: indices
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

unfreeze(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/frozen.html

Parameters

- index The name of the index to unfreeze
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: closed
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Sets the number of active shards to wait for before the
 operation returns.

update_aliases (**kwargs)

Updates index aliases. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-aliases.html

Parameters

- **body** The definition of *actions* to perform
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Request timeout

upgrade (**kwargs)

The _upgrade API is no longer useful and will be removed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/indices-upgrade.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- only_ancient_segments If true, only ancient (an older Lucene major release) segments will be upgraded
- wait_for_completion Specify whether the request should block until the all segments are upgraded (default: false)

validate_query (**kwargs)

Allows a user to validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/search-validate.html

- body The query definition specified with the Query DSL
- index A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use _all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- all_shards Execute validation on all shards instead of one random shard per index
- **allow_no_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- default_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR) Valid choices: AND, OR Default: OR
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open
- explain Return detailed information about the error
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- rewrite Provide a more detailed explanation showing the actual Lucene query that will be executed.

7.1.4 Ingest

class elasticsearch.client.IngestClient (client)

delete_pipeline (**kwargs)

Deletes a pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/delete-pipeline-api.

Parameters

- id Pipeline ID
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get_pipeline(**kwargs)

Returns a pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/get-pipeline-api.html

Parameters

- id Comma separated list of pipeline ids. Wildcards supported
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

processor_grok (**kwargs)

Returns a list of the built-in patterns. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/grok-processor.html#grok-processor-rest-get

put_pipeline(**kwargs)

Creates or updates a pipeline. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/put-pipeline-api.html

Parameters

- id Pipeline ID
- body The ingest definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

simulate(**kwargs)

Allows to simulate a pipeline with example documents. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/simulate-pipeline-api.html

Parameters

- body The simulate definition
- id Pipeline ID
- verbose Verbose mode. Display data output for each processor in executed pipeline

7.1.5 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient(client)

allocation_explain(**kwargs)

Provides explanations for shard allocations in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-allocation-explain.html

- **body** The index, shard, and primary flag to explain. Empty means 'explain the first unassigned shard'
- include_disk_info Return information about disk usage and shard sizes (default: false)
- include_yes_decisions Return 'YES' decisions in explanation (default: false)

get_settings(**kwargs)

Returns cluster settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-update-settings.html

Parameters

- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- include_defaults Whether to return all default clusters setting.
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

health(**kwargs)

Returns basic information about the health of the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-health.html

Parameters

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: all
- **level** Specify the level of detail for returned information Valid choices: cluster, indices, shards Default: cluster
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_active_shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active
- wait_for_events Wait until all currently queued events with the given priority are processed Valid choices: immediate, urgent, high, normal, low, languid
- wait_for_no_initializing_shards Whether to wait until there are no initializing shards in the cluster
- wait_for_no_relocating_shards Whether to wait until there are no relocating shards in the cluster
- wait_for_nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait_for_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state Valid choices: green, yellow, red

pending_tasks(**kwargs)

Returns a list of any cluster-level changes (e.g. create index, update mapping, allocate or fail shard) which have not yet been executed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-pending.html

- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

put_settings(**kwargs)

Updates the cluster settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-update-settings.html

Parameters

- **body** The settings to be updated. Can be either *transient* or *persistent* (survives cluster restart).
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

remote info(**kwargs)

Returns the information about configured remote clusters. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-remote-info.html

reroute(**kwargs)

Allows to manually change the allocation of individual shards in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-reroute.html

Parameters

- body The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)
- dry_run Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state
- explain Return an explanation of why the commands can or cannot be executed
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Defaults to all but metadata Valid choices: _all, blocks, metadata, nodes, routing_table, master_node, version
- retry_failed Retries allocation of shards that are blocked due to too many subsequent allocation failures
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

state(**kwargs)

Returns a comprehensive information about the state of the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-state.html

- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics Valid choices: _all, blocks, metadata, nodes, routing_table, routing_nodes, master_node, version
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow_no_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes _all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both. Valid choices: open, closed, none, all Default: open

- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- wait_for_metadata_version Wait for the metadata version to be equal or greater than the specified metadata version
- wait_for_timeout The maximum time to wait for wait_for_metadata_version before timing out

stats (**kwargs)

Returns high-level overview of cluster statistics. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-stats.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- flat_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.6 Nodes

class elasticsearch.client.NodesClient(client)

hot_threads (**kwargs)

Returns information about hot threads on each node in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-hot-threads.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use _local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- doc_type The type to sample (default: cpu) Valid choices: cpu, wait, block
- **ignore_idle_threads** Don't show threads that are in known- idle places, such as waiting on a socket select or pulling from an empty task queue (default: true)
- interval The interval for the second sampling of threads
- **snapshots** Number of samples of thread stacktrace (default: 10)
- **threads** Specify the number of threads to provide information for (default: 3)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

info(**kwargs)

Returns information about nodes in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-info.html

- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric A comma-separated list of metrics you wish returned. Leave empty to return all. Valid choices: settings, os, process, jvm, thread_pool, transport, http, plugins, ingest
- **flat_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

reload_secure_settings(**kwargs)

Reloads secure settings. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/secure-settings. html#reloadable-secure-settings

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs to span the reload/reinit call. Should stay empty because reloading usually involves all cluster nodes.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

stats (**kwargs)

Returns statistical information about nodes in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-stats.html

Parameters

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- **metric** Limit the information returned to the specified metrics Valid choices: _all, breaker, fs, http, indices, jvm, os, process, thread_pool, transport, discovery
- index_metric Limit the information returned for *indices* metric to the specific index metrics. Isn't used if *indices* (or *all*) metric isn't specified. Valid choices: _all, completion, docs, fielddata, query_cache, flush, get, indexing, merge, request_cache, refresh, search, segments, store, warmer, suggest
- **completion_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- fielddata_fields A comma-separated list of fields for fielddata index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- include_segment_file_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested)
- **level** Return indices stats aggregated at index, node or shard level Valid choices: indices, node, shards Default: node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

usage(**kwargs)

Returns low-level information about REST actions usage on nodes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-usage.html

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics Valid choices: _all, rest_actions
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.7 Cat

class elasticsearch.client.CatClient(client)

aliases(**kwargs)

Shows information about currently configured aliases to indices including filter and routing infos. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-alias.html

Parameters

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

allocation(**kwargs)

Provides a snapshot of how many shards are allocated to each data node and how much disk space they are using. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-allocation.html

- node_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

count (**kwargs)

Provides quick access to the document count of the entire cluster, or individual indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-count.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

fielddata(**kwargs)

Shows how much heap memory is currently being used by fielddata on every data node in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-fielddata.html

Parameters

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return the fielddata size
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- fields A comma-separated list of fields to return in the output
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

health(**kwargs)

Returns a concise representation of the cluster health. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-health.html

Parameters

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- ts Set to false to disable timestamping Default: True
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

help(**kwargs)

Returns help for the Cat APIs. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat.html

Parameters

• help – Return help information

• **s** – Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

indices (**kwargs)

Returns information about indices: number of primaries and replicas, document counts, disk size, ... https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-indices.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, m, g
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- health A health status ("green", "yellow", or "red" to filter only indices matching the specified health status Valid choices: green, yellow, red
- help Return help information
- include_unloaded_segments If set to true segment stats will include stats for segments that are not currently loaded into memory
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- pri Set to true to return stats only for primary shards
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

master(**kwargs)

Returns information about the master node. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-master.html

Parameters

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

nodeattrs (**kwargs)

Returns information about custom node attributes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-nodeattrs.html

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display

- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

nodes (**kwargs)

Returns basic statistics about performance of cluster nodes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-nodes.html

Parameters

- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- full_id Return the full node ID instead of the shortened version (default: false)
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

pending_tasks(**kwargs)

Returns a concise representation of the cluster pending tasks. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-pending-tasks.html

Parameters

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

plugins (**kwargs)

Returns information about installed plugins across nodes node. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-plugins.html

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- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

recovery (**kwargs)

Returns information about index shard recoveries, both on-going completed. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-recovery.html

Parameters

- index Comma-separated list or wildcard expression of index names to limit the returned information
- active_only If true, the response only includes ongoing shard recoveries
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- detailed If true, the response includes detailed information about shard recoveries
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- index Comma-separated list or wildcard expression of index names to limit the returned information
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

repositories(**kwargs)

Returns information about snapshot repositories registered in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-repositories.html

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

segments (**kwargs)

Provides low-level information about the segments in the shards of an index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-segments.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

shards (**kwargs)

Provides a detailed view of shard allocation on nodes. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-shards.html

Parameters

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **bytes** The unit in which to display byte values Valid choices: b, k, kb, m, mb, g, gb, t, tb, p, pb
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

snapshots (**kwargs)

Returns all snapshots in a specific repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-snapshots.html

- repository Name of repository from which to fetch the snapshot information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- ignore_unavailable Set to true to ignore unavailable snapshots
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

tasks (**kwargs)

Returns information about the tasks currently executing on one or more nodes in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

Parameters

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **detailed** Return detailed task information (default: false)
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **node_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task Return tasks with specified parent task id. Set to -1 to return all.
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- time The unit in which to display time values Valid choices: d (Days), h (Hours), m (Minutes), s (Seconds), ms (Milliseconds), micros (Microseconds), nanos (Nanoseconds)
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers

templates (**kwargs)

Returns information about existing templates. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-templates.html

Parameters

- name A pattern that returned template names must match
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

thread pool (**kwargs)

Returns cluster-wide thread pool statistics per node. By default the active, queue and rejected statistics are returned for all thread pools. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cat-thread-pool.html

- thread_pool_patterns A comma-separated list of regular- expressions to filter the thread pools in the output
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- size The multiplier in which to display values Valid choices: , k, m, g, t, p
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers

7.1.8 Snapshot

class elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient(client)

cleanup_repository(**kwargs)

Removes stale data from repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

create(**kwargs)

Creates a snapshot in a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body The snapshot definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning

create_repository(**kwargs)

Creates a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots. html

- repository A repository name
- body The repository definition
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **verify** Whether to verify the repository after creation

delete(**kwargs)

Deletes a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

delete_repository(**kwargs)

Deletes a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

get (**kwargs)

Returns information about a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a SnapshotMissingException is thrown
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **verbose** Whether to show verbose snapshot info or only show the basic info found in the repository index blob

get_repository(**kwargs)

Returns information about a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

restore(**kwargs)

Restores a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots. html

Parameters

• repository - A repository name

- snapshot A snapshot name
- body Details of what to restore
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait_for_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning

status (**kwargs)

Returns information about the status of a snapshot. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a SnapshotMissingException is thrown
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

verify_repository(**kwargs)

Verifies a repository. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-snapshots.html

Parameters

- repository A repository name
- master_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

7.1.9 Tasks

class elasticsearch.client.TasksClient(client)

cancel (**kwargs)

Cancels a task, if it can be cancelled through an API. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

Parameters

- task_id Cancel the task with specified task id (node_id:task_number)
- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be cancelled. Leave empty to cancel all.
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Cancel tasks with specified parent task id (node_id:task_number). Set to -1 to cancel all.

get (**kwargs)

Returns information about a task. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

- task_id Return the task with specified id (node_id:task_number)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

list(**kwargs)

Returns a list of tasks. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/tasks.html

Parameters

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **detailed** Return detailed task information (default: false)
- group_by Group tasks by nodes or parent/child relationships Valid choices: nodes, parents, none Default: nodes
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent_task_id Return tasks with specified parent task id (node_id:task_number). Set to -1 to return all.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait_for_completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

7.2 X-Pack APIs

X-Pack is an Elastic Stack extension that bundles security, alerting, monitoring, reporting, and graph capabilities into one easy-to-install package. While the X-Pack components are designed to work together seamlessly, you can easily enable or disable the features you want to use.

7.2.1 Info

X-Pack info provides general info about the installed X-Pack.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.XPackClient(client)

info(**kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/info-api.html

Parameters categories – Comma-separated list of info categories. Can be any of: build, license, features

usage(**kwargs)

Retrieveinformationaboutxpackfeaturesusage

Parameters master_timeout - Specify timeout for watch write operation

7.2.2 Graph Explore

X-Pack Graph Explore enables you to extract and summarize information about the documents and terms in your Elasticsearch index.

7.2.3 Licensing API

Licensing API can be used to manage your licences.

7.2.4 Machine Learning APIs

Machine Learning can be useful for discovering new patterns about your data. For a more detailed explanation about X-Pack's machine learning please refer to the official documentation.

7.2.5 Security APIs

Security API can be used to help secure your Elasticsearch cluster. Integrating with LDAP and Active Directory.

7.2.6 Watcher APIs

Watcher API can be used to notify you when certain pre-defined thresholds have happened.

7.2.7 Migration APIs

Migration API helps simplify upgrading X-Pack indices from one version to another.

7.3 Exceptions

class elasticsearch. ImproperlyConfigured

Exception raised when the config passed to the client is inconsistent or invalid.

class elasticsearch.ElasticsearchException

Base class for all exceptions raised by this package's operations (doesn't apply to ImproperlyConfigured).

class elasticsearch.SerializationError(ElasticsearchException)

Data passed in failed to serialize properly in the Serializer being used.

class elasticsearch.TransportError(ElasticsearchException)

Exception raised when ES returns a non-OK (>=400) HTTP status code. Or when an actual connection error happens; in that case the status_code will be set to 'N/A'.

error

A string error message.

info

Dict of returned error info from ES, where available, underlying exception when not.

status_code

The HTTP status code of the response that precipitated the error or 'N/A' if not applicable.

class elasticsearch.ConnectionError (TransportError)

Error raised when there was an exception while talking to ES. Original exception from the underlying Connection implementation is available as .info.

class elasticsearch.ConnectionTimeout (ConnectionError)

A network timeout. Doesn't cause a node retry by default.

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```
class elasticsearch.SSLError(ConnectionError)
    Error raised when encountering SSL errors.

class elasticsearch.NotFoundError(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 404 status code.

class elasticsearch.ConflictError(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 409 status code.

class elasticsearch.RequestError(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 400 status code.

class elasticsearch.AuthenticationException(TransportError)
    Exception representing a 401 status code.
class elasticsearch.AuthenticationException(TransportError)

class elasticsearch.AuthenticationException(TransportError)
```

7.4 Connection Layer API

Exception representing a 403 status code.

All of the classes responsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the *Elasticsearch* class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed on to *Transport*, *ConnectionPool* and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the <code>ConnectionSelector</code> class you can just pass in the <code>selector_class</code> parameter.

Note: ConnectionPool and related options (like selector_class) will only be used if more than one connection is defined. Either directly or via the *Sniffing* mechanism.

7.4.1 Transport

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform_request* method.

Parameters

- hosts list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a connection_class instance
- connection_class subclass of Connection to use
- connection_pool_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host_info_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /_cluster/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as hosts parameter)
- **sniff_on_start** flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluster at startup time

- sniffer timeout number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff_on_connection_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **sniff_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly. Not used during initial sniffing (if sniff on start is on) when the connection still isn't initialized.
- serializer serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- **default_mimetype** when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application' json'
- max_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- retry_on_status set of HTTP status codes on which we should retry on a different node. defaults to (502, 503, 504)
- retry_on_timeout should timeout trigger a retry on different node? (default False)
- **send_get_body_as** for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection_class* when creating and instance unless over-ridden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

add_connection (host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

Parameters host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

close()

Explicitly closes connections

get_connection()

Retrieve a Connection instance from the ConnectionPool instance.

mark_dead (connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection - instance of Connection that failed

perform request (method, url, headers=None, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to max_retries times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

Parameters

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- headers dictionary of headers, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class

- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serialized using serializer and passed to the connection

set_connections (hosts)

Instantiate all the connections and create new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

Parameters hosts – same as __init__

sniff_hosts (initial=False)

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the nodes_to_host_callback.

Parameters initial - flag indicating if this is during startup (sniff_on_start), ignore the sniff_timeout if True

7.4.2 Connection Pool

```
{\bf class} \ {\bf elasticsearch.ConnectionPool} \ (connections, \\ tor\_class=RoundRobinSelector, \\ randomize\_hosts=True, \\ **kwargs)
```

Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the Transport class that drives all the actions within ConnectionPool.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default_timeout* * 2 ** (*fail_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been previously marked as dead and succeeds will be marked as live (its fail count will be deleted).

Parameters

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures
- timeout_cutoff number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- **selector_class** *ConnectionSelector* subclass to use if more than one connection is live
- randomize_hosts shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

close()

Explicitly closes connections

get_connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the *ConnectionSelector* instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

```
mark dead(connection, now=None)
```

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

Parameters connection – the failed instance

```
mark live(connection)
```

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection – the connection to redeem

```
resurrect (force=False)
```

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to the live pool. Any resurrected connection is also returned.

Parameters force – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections). If force is specified resurrect always returns a connection.

7.4.3 Connection Selector

```
class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector(opts)
```

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to *Transport* as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host_info_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in it's zones.

Parameters opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

```
select (connections)
```

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

7.4.4 Urllib3HttpConnection (default connection_class)

If you have complex SSL logic for connecting to Elasticsearch using an *SSLContext* object might be more helpful. You can create one natively using the python SSL library with the *create_default_context* (https://docs.python.org/3/library/ssl.html#ssl.create_default_context) method.

To create an SSLContext object you only need to use one of cafile, capath or cadata:

```
>>> from ssl import create_default_context
>>> context = create_default_context(cafile=None, capath=None, cadata=None)
```

- cafile is the path to your CA File
- capath is the directory of a collection of CA's
- cadata is either an ASCII string of one or more PEM-encoded certificates or a bytes-like object of DER-encoded certificates.

Please note that the use of SSLContext is only available for Urllib3.

```
class elasticsearch.Urllib3HttpConnection (host='localhost', port=9200, http_auth=None, use_ssl=False, verify_certs=None, ssl_show_warn=True, ca_certs=None, client_cert=None, client_cert=None, ssl_version=None, ssl_assert_hostname=None, ssl_assert_fingerprint=None, max-size=10, headers=None, ssl_context=None, http_compress=False, cloud_id=None, api_key=None, **kwargs)
```

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

Parameters

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- **port** port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- verify_certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
 if using client_key
- client_key path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl_assert_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- **ssl_assert_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convient way to connect to cloud instances.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple. Other host connection params will be ignored.

close()

Explicitly closes connection

7.5 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of *Elasticsearch* as *connection_class*. Note that the *RequestsHttpConnection* requires requests to be installed.

For example to use the requests-based connection just import it and use it:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection)
```

The default connection class is based on urllib3 which is more performant and lightweight than the optional requests-based class. Only use RequestsHttpConnection if you have need of any of requests advanced features like custom auth plugins etc.

7.5.1 Connection

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform_request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

Parameters

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)

7.5.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

```
class elasticsearch.connection.Urllib3HttpConnection(host='localhost',
```

```
port=9200, http_auth=None,
use ssl=False,
ify_certs=None,
ssl show warn=True,
ca_certs=None,
client_cert=None,
client_key=None,
ssl_version=None,
ssl_assert_hostname=None,
ssl_assert_fingerprint=None,
maxsize=10,
                       head-
ers=None, ssl context=None,
http_compress=False,
cloud id=None,
api key=None, **kwargs)
```

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

Parameters

• host – hostname of the node (default: localhost)

- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ssl_show_warn** show warning when verify certs is disabled
- **ca_certs** optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
 if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL_* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl_assert_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- **ssl_assert_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http_compress Use gzip compression
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convient way to connect to cloud instances.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple. Other host connection params will be ignored.

7.5.3 RequestsHttpConnection

class elasticsearch.connection.RequestsHttpConnection(host='localhost', port=9200,

http_auth=None,
use_ssl=False, verify_certs=True,
ssl_show_warn=True,
ca_certs=None,
client_cert=None,
client_key=None, headers=None, cloud_id=None,
api_key=None, **kwargs)

Connection using the requests library.

Parameters

- http_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple. Any value will be passed into requests as *auth*.
- use_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*

- **verify_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- ssl_show_warn show warning when verify certs is disabled
- ca_certs optional path to CA bundle. By default standard requests' bundle will be used.
- client_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client_key
- **client_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client_cert will contain only the cert)
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- cloud_id The Cloud ID from ElasticCloud. Convient way to connect to cloud instances.
- api_key optional API Key authentication as either base64 encoded string or a tuple.
 Other host connection params will be ignored.

7.6 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

7.6.1 Bulk helpers

There are several helpers for the bulk API since its requirement for specific formatting and other considerations can make it cumbersome if used directly.

All bulk helpers accept an instance of Elasticsearch class and an iterable actions (any iterable, can also be a generator, which is ideal in most cases since it will allow you to index large datasets without the need of loading them into memory).

The items in the action iterable should be the documents we wish to index in several formats. The most common one is the same as returned by <code>search()</code>, for example:

```
{
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    '_routing': 5,
    'pipeline': 'my-ingest-pipeline',
    '_source': {
        "title": "Hello World!",
        "body": "..."
    }
}
```

Alternatively, if _source is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data:

```
"__id": 42,
    "__routing": 5,
    "title": "Hello World!",
    "body": "..."
}
```

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The bulk () api accepts index, create, delete, and update actions. Use the _op_type field to specify an action (_op_type defaults to index):

```
{
    '_op_type': 'delete',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
}
```

Example:

Lets say we have an iterable of data. Lets say a list of words called mywords and we want to index those words into individual documents where the structure of the document is like { "word": "<myword>"}.

For a more complete and complex example please take a look at https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch-py/blob/master/example/load.py#L76-L130

The parallel_bulk() api is a wrapper around the bulk() api to provide threading. parallel_bulk() returns a generator which must be consumed to produce results.

To see the results use:

```
for success, info in parallel_bulk(...):
   if not success:
      print('A document failed:', info)
```

If you don't care about the results, you can use deque from collections:

```
from collections import deque
deque(parallel_bulk(...), maxlen=0)
```

Note: When reading raw json strings from a file, you can also pass them in directly (without decoding to dicts first). In that case, however, you lose the ability to specify anything (index, type, even id) on a per-record basis, all documents will just be sent to elasticsearch to be indexed as-is.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, raise_on_error=True, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, raise_on_exception=True, max_retries=0, initial_backoff=2, max_backoff=600, yield_ok=True, *args, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk () which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

If you specify max_retries it will also retry any documents that were rejected with a 429 status code. To do this it will wait (by calling time.sleep which will block) for initial_backoff seconds and then, every subsequent rejection for the same chunk, for double the time every time up to max_backoff seconds.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max_chunk_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- max_retries maximum number of times a document will be retried when 429 is received, set to 0 (default) for no retries on 429
- initial_backoff number of seconds we should wait before the first retry. Any subsequent retries will be powers of initial_backoff * 2**retry_number
- max_backoff maximum number of seconds a retry will wait
- yield_ok if set to False will skip successful documents in the output

```
elasticsearch.helpers.parallel_bulk (client, actions, thread_count=4, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, queue_size=4, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, *args, **kwargs)
```

Parallel version of the bulk helper run in multiple threads at once.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **thread_count** size of the threadpool to use for the bulk requests
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max_chunk_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise_on_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.

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- raise_on_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand_action_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- **queue_size** size of the task queue between the main thread (producing chunks to send) and the processing threads.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.bulk (client, actions, stats only=False, *args, **kwargs)
```

Helper for the <code>bulk()</code> api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if <code>stats_only</code> is set to <code>True</code>. Note that by default we raise a <code>BulkIndexError</code> when we encounter an error so options like <code>stats_only</code> only apply when <code>raise_on_error</code> is set to <code>False</code>.

When errors are being collected original document data is included in the error dictionary which can lead to an extra high memory usage. If you need to process a lot of data and want to ignore/collect errors please consider using the <code>streaming_bulk()</code> helper which will just return the errors and not store them in memory.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **stats_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to <code>streaming_bulk()</code> which is used to execute the operation, see <code>streaming_bulk()</code> for more accepted parameters.

7.6.2 Scan

```
elasticsearch.helpers.scan (client, query=None, scroll='5m', raise_on_error=True, preserve_order=False, size=1000, request_timeout=None, clear_scroll=True, scroll_kwargs=None, **kwargs)
```

Simple abstraction on top of the *scroll* () api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

By default scan does not return results in any pre-determined order. To have a standard order in the returned documents (either by score or explicit sort definition) when scrolling, use preserve_order=True. This may be an expensive operation and will negate the performance benefits of using scan.

Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- raise_on_error raises an exception (ScanError) if an error is encountered (some shards fail to execute). By default we raise.
- **preserve_order** don't set the search_type to scan this will cause the scroll to paginate with preserving the order. Note that this can be an extremely expensive operation and can easily lead to unpredictable results, use with caution.
- **size** size (per shard) of the batch send at each iteration.

- request timeout explicit timeout for each call to scan
- **clear_scroll** explicitly calls delete on the scroll id via the clear scroll API at the end of the method on completion or error, defaults to true.
- scroll_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scroll()

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call:

```
scan(es,
    query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
    index="orders-*",
    doc_type="books"
)
```

7.6.3 Reindex

Reindex all documents from one index that satisfy a given query to another, potentially (if *target_client* is specified) on a different cluster. If you don't specify the query you will reindex all the documents.

Since 2.3 a reindex () api is available as part of elasticsearch itself. It is recommended to use the api instead of this helper wherever possible. The helper is here mostly for backwards compatibility and for situations where more flexibility is needed.

Note: This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

Parameters

- **client** instance of *Elasticsearch* to use (for read if *target_client* is specified as well)
- source_index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- query body for the search () api
- target_client optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scan_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scan ()
- bulk_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to bulk ()

7.7 Changelog

7.7.1 7.5.1 (2020-01-19)

• 7.5.0 tag was not released so retagging

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7.7.2 7.5.0

- · All API is now auto generated
- deprecated the .xpack namespace
- Update client to support ES 7.5 APIs

7.7.3 7.1.0 (2019-11-14)

- Fix sniffing with http.publish_host
- Fix request_timeout for indices APIs
- Allow access to x-pack features without xpack namespace
- · Fix mark dead

7.7.4 7.0.5 (2019-10-01)

• Fix verify_certs=False

7.7.5 7.0.4 (2019-08-22)

• Fix wheel distribution

7.7.6 7.0.3 (2019-08-21)

- remove sleep in retries
- pass scroll_id through body in scroll
- add user-agent

7.7.7 7.0.2 (2019-05-29)

- Add connection parameter for Elastic Cloud cloud_id.
- ML client uses client object for _bulk_body requests

7.7.8 7.0.1 (2019-05-19)

- Use black to format the code.
- Update the test matrix to only use current pythons and 7.x ES
- · Blocking pool must fit thread_count
- Update client to support missing ES 7 API's and query params.

7.7.9 7.0.0 (2019-04-11)

- Removed deprecated option update_all_types.
- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify_cert=False) raises a warning, this can be not showed with ssl_show_warn=False
- Add support for 7.x api's in Elasticsearch both xpack and oss flavors

7.7.10 6.3.0 (2018-06-20)

- · Add an exponential wait on delays
- · Fix issues with dependencies
- Adding X-pack Docs
- Adding forecast to x-pack ML client

7.7.11 6.2.0 (2018-03-20)

- cleanup for SSL Context
- · Add X-Pack clients to -py
- · Adding Gzip support for capacity constrained networks
- _routing in bulk action has been deprecated in ES. Introduces a breaking change if you use routing as a field in your documents.

7.7.12 6.1.1 (2018-01-05)

- Updates to SSLContext logic to make it easier to use and have saner defaults.
- · Doc updates

7.7.13 6.1.0 (2018-01-05)

• bad release

7.7.14 6.0.0 (2017-11-14)

• compatibility with Elasticsearch 6.0.0

7.7.15 5.5.0 (2017-11-10)

- streaming_bulk helper now supports retries with incremental backoff
- scan helper properly checks for successful shards instead of just checking failed
- compatible release with elasticsearch 5.6.4
- fix handling of UTF-8 surrogates

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7.7.16 5.4.0 (2017-05-18)

• bulk helpers now extract pipeline parameter from the action dictionary.

7.7.17 5.3.0 (2017-03-30)

Compatibility with elasticsearch 5.3

7.7.18 5.2.0 (2017-02-12)

The client now automatically sends Content-Type http header set to application/json. If you are explicitly passing in other encoding than json you need to set the header manually.

7.7.19 5.1.0 (2017-01-11)

· Fixed sniffing

7.7.20 5.0.1 (2016-11-02)

Fixed performance regression in scan helper

7.7.21 5.0.0 (2016-10-19)

Version compatible with elasticsearch 5.0

- when using SSL certificate validation is now on by default. Install certifi or supply root certificate bundle.
- elasticsearch.trace logger now also logs failed requests, signature of internal logging method log_request_fail has changed, all custom connection classes need to be updated
- added headers arg to connections to support custom http headers
- passing in a keyword parameter with None as value will cause that param to be ignored

7.7.22 2.4.0 (2016-08-17)

- ping now ignores all TransportError exceptions and just returns False
- expose scroll_id on ScanError
- increase default size for scan helper to 1000

Internal:

• changed Transport.perform_request to just return the body, not status as well.

7.7.23 2.3.0 (2016-02-29)

- added client_key argument to configure client certificates
- debug logging now includes response body even for failed requests

7.7.24 2.2.0 (2016-01-05)

Due to change in json encoding the client will no longer mask issues with encoding - if you work with non-ascii data in python 2 you must use the unicode type or have proper encoding set in your environment.

- adding additional options for ssh ssl_assert_hostname and ssl_assert_fingerprint to the default connection class
- fix sniffing

7.7.25 2.1.0 (2015-10-19)

• move multiprocessing import inside parallel bulk for Google App Engine

7.7.26 2.0.0 (2015-10-14)

• Elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility release

7.7.27 1.8.0 (2015-10-14)

- removed thrift and memcached connections, if you wish to continue using those, extract the classes and use them separately.
- added a new, parallel version of the bulk helper using thread pools
- In helpers, removed bulk_index as an alias for bulk. Use bulk instead.

7.7.28 1.7.0 (2015-09-21)

- elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility
- thrift now deprecated, to be removed in future version
- make sure urllib3 always uses keep-alive

7.7.29 1.6.0 (2015-06-10)

- Add indices.flush_synced API
- helpers.reindex now supports reindexing parent/child documents

7.7.30 1.5.0 (2015-05-18)

- Add support for query_cache parameter when searching
- helpers have been made more secure by changing defaults to raise an exception on errors
- removed deprecated options replication and the deprecated benchmark api.
- Added AddonClient class to allow for extending the client from outside

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7.7.31 1.4.0 (2015-02-11)

- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify_cert=False) raises a warning
- reindex accepts a query parameter
- enable reindex helper to accept any kwargs for underlying bulk and scan calls
- when doing an initial sniff (via sniff_on_start) ignore special sniff timeout
- option to treat TransportError as normal failure in bulk helpers
- fixed an issue with sniffing when only a single host was passed in

7.7.32 1.3.0 (2014-12-31)

- Timeout now doesn't trigger a retry by default (can be overriden by setting retry_on_timeout=True)
- Introduced new parameter retry_on_status (defaulting to (503, 504,)) controls which http status code should lead to a retry.
- Implemented url parsing according to RFC-1738
- Added support for proper SSL certificate handling
- · Required parameters are now checked for non-empty values
- ConnectionPool now checks if any connections were defined
- DummyConnectionPool introduced when no load balancing is needed (only one connection defined)
- · Fixed a race condition in ConnectionPool

7.7.33 1.2.0 (2014-08-03)

Compatibility with newest (1.3) Elasticsearch APIs.

- Filter out master-only nodes when sniffing
- · Improved docs and error messages

7.7.34 1.1.1 (2014-07-04)

Bugfix release fixing escaping issues with request_timeout.

7.7.35 1.1.0 (2014-07-02)

Compatibility with newest Elasticsearch APIs.

- Test helpers ElasticsearchTestCase and get_test_client for use in your tests
- Python 3.2 compatibility
- Use simple json if installed instead of stdlib json library
- Introducing a global request_timeout parameter for per-call timeout
- · Bug fixes

7.7.36 1.0.0 (2014-02-11)

Elasticsearch 1.0 compatibility. See 0.4.X releases (and 0.4 branch) for code compatible with 0.90 elasticsearch.

- major breaking change compatible with 1.0 elasticsearch releases only!
- Add an option to change the timeout used for sniff requests (sniff_timeout).
- empty responses from the server are now returned as empty strings instead of None
- get_alias now has name as another optional parameter due to issue #4539 in es repo. Note that the order of params have changed so if you are not using keyword arguments this is a breaking change.

7.7.37 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added helpers.streaming_bulk to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming_bulk are no longer limited to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly
- changed perform_request on Connection classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend JSONSerializer need to specify a mimetype class attribute.
- · minor bug fixes

7.7.38 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

7.7.39 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- ignore param accepted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk_index

7.7.40 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

Initial release.

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CHAPTER 8

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