RWRMTN: a tool for predicting disease-associated microRNAs based on a microRNA-target gene network

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Additional file 1

User Manual & Case studies

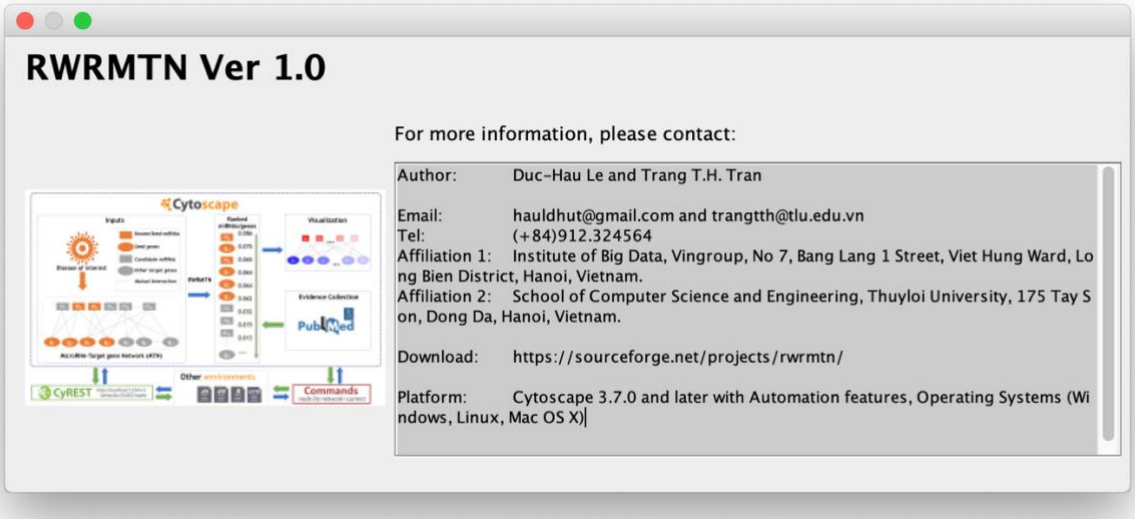


Table of Contents

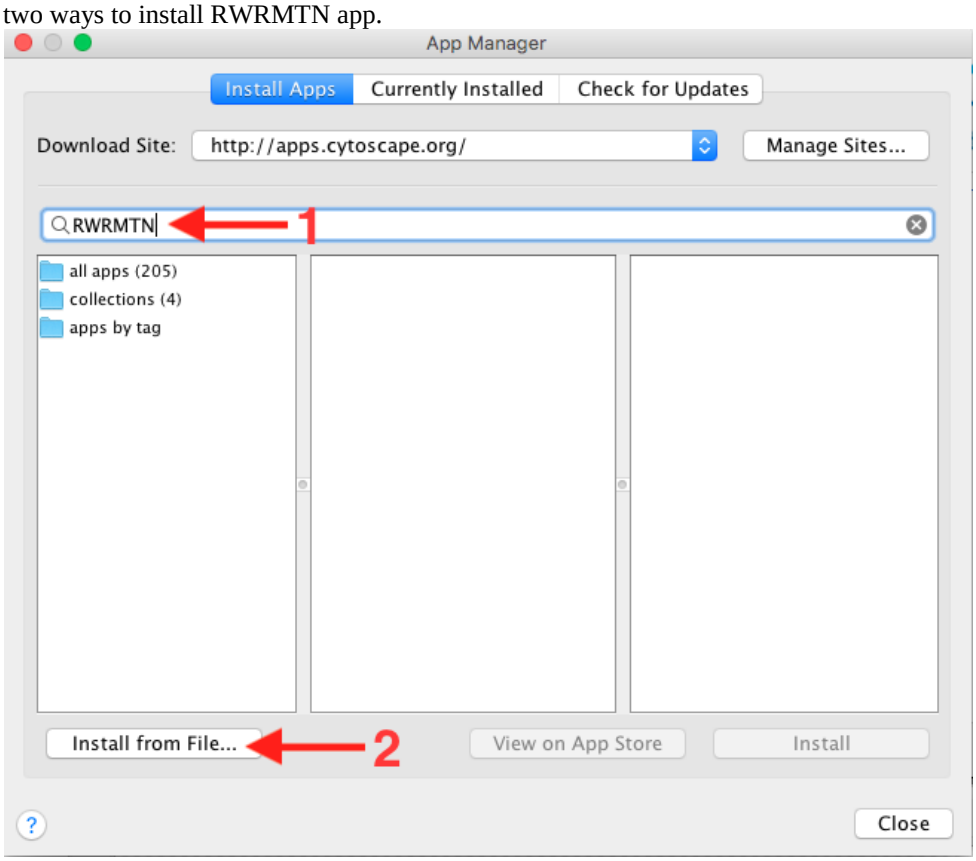
I. Setup

1. Install Cytoscape

- RWRMTN1.0 can only run on **Cytoscape 3.6 (or later)** platform, **which has Automation features**, therefore user should download this version at http://cytoscape.org/
- Cytoscape need JRE to run, therefore download JRE version 8.x or later from http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/index.html and install it.
- Install Cytoscape to the root folder (e.g., /Applications/Cytoscape_v3.6.0).

2. Install RWRMTN app

There are two ways to install RWRMTN app.

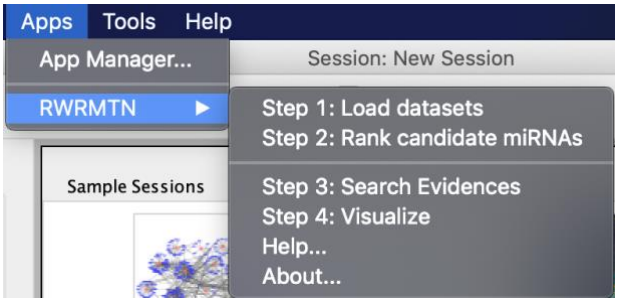


- *Method 1: Automatically install from Cytoscape Appstore:* Select menu **App → AppManager** in Cytoscape. Then type RWRMTN in search box to install directly from Appstore of Cytoscape.
- *Method 2: Manual install*:
  - Download RWRMTN_v1.0.jar file from https://sourceforge.net/projects/rwrmtn/
  - Then, install it by going to **Apps→ App Manager**…. After that, choose **Install from file…**, then browse the downloaded RWRMTN_v1.0.jar file.

Note that: RWRMTN_v1.0 can work on Windows, Ubuntu and Mac OS. The following manual was prepared when running RWRMTN on Mac OS.

II. Overview of RWRMTN

After installing, RWRMTN will be automatically loaded in the App menu of Cytoscape



The main tasks (Rank candidate miRNAs, Evidence Search and Visualization) of RWRMTN are completed after four steps:

- **Step 1**: Load data sets (miRNA-target gene interactions and known disease-miRNA associations)
- **Step 2**: Rank candidate miRNAs (including 4 sub-steps)
    - 1. Select a disease of interest
    - 2. Input candidate miRNAs to rank
    - 3. Parameters setting (for advanced users)
    - 4. Rank
- **Step 3**: Search Evidences
- **Step 4**: Visualize

These steps can be performed, and results of each step can be exposed

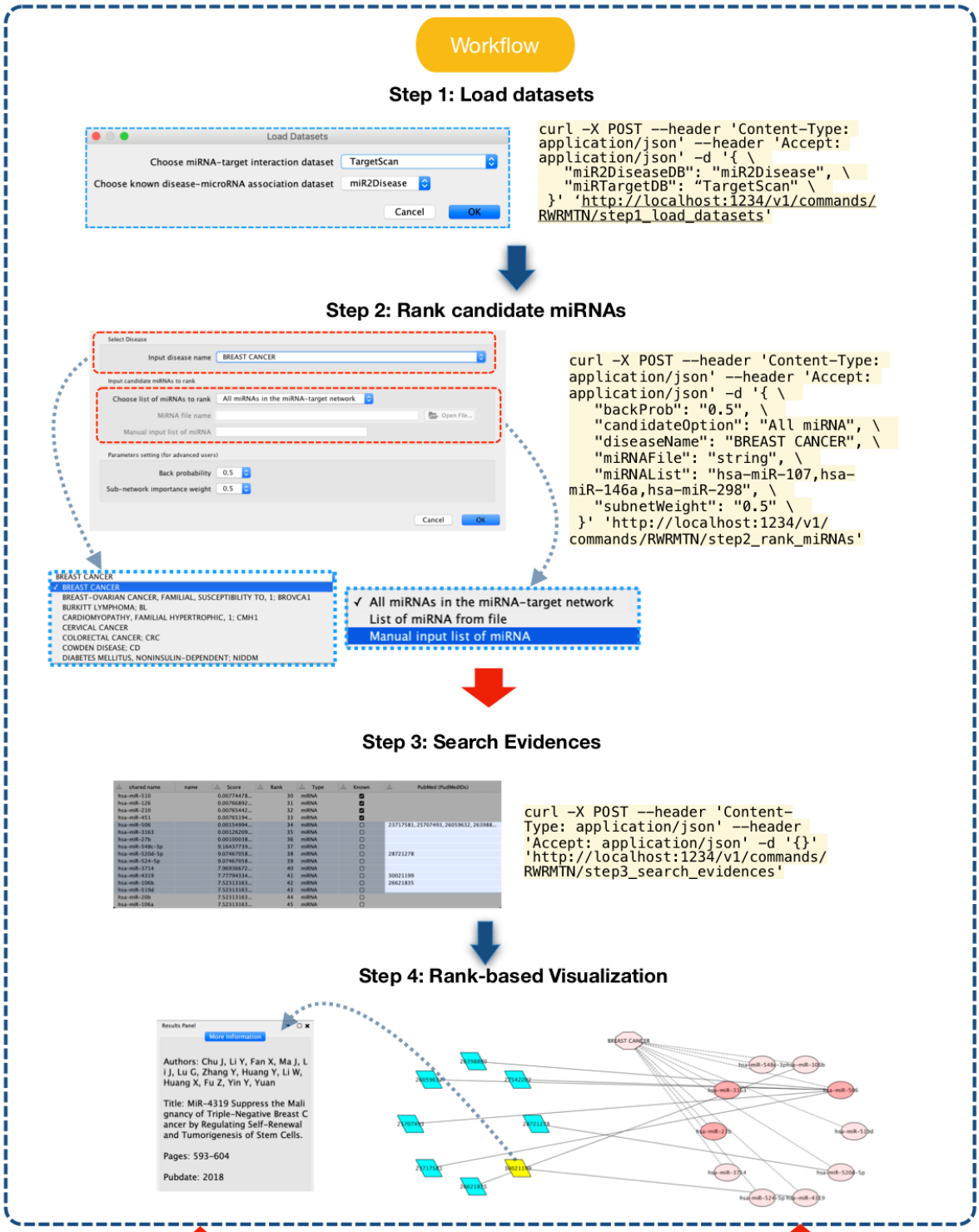
- Using Cytoscape menu

Beside the Cytoscape GUI, new upgraded automation feature of Cytoscape allows functions of Cytoscape and apps called via REST API. Therefore, we can call the functions of Cytoscape and apps in workflows in other environments such as R, Python, etc... Thus, RWRMTN functions can be used by

- CyREST Command API
- CyREST API

III. Case study: Prediction of breast cancer-associated miRNAs

In this section, we demonstrate the use of RWRMTN in predicting novel breast cancer-associated miRNAs by following workflow. The workflow can be done using Cytoscape menu or CyREST Command API. In addition, intermediate results can be exposed from other environments (e.g., R statistics) using CyREST API.



1. Run RWRMTN using Cytoscape menu and CyREST Command API

Step 1: Load datasets

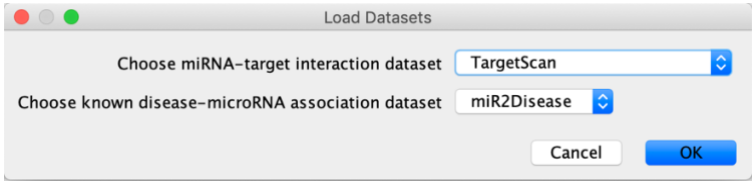
Load datasets for miRNA-target interaction network and known disease-miRNA associations:

- miRNA-target gene interaction dataset (*miRTargetDB*): choose built-in dataset **TargetScan or miRWalk** or your own dataset to build miRNA-target interaction network.
- Known disease-miRNA association dataset (*miR2DiseaseDB*): choose built-in dataset **miR2Disease** or **HMDD**.

Step 1 can be performed by two ways:

- **Cytoscape menu: Apps →RWRMTN→ Step 1: Load datasets**

Here, a miRNA-target interaction dataset TargetScan (Lewis, et al., 2003) and a known disease-miRNA association dataset miR2Disease (Jiang, et al., 2009) were used.

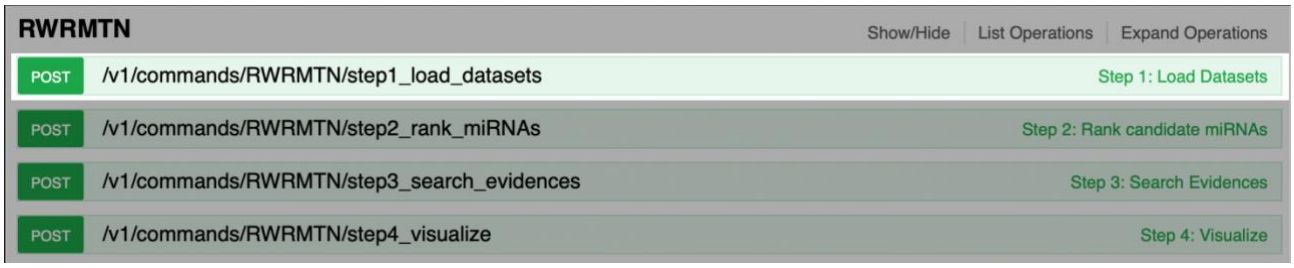


To build miRNA-target interaction network and load known disease-miRNA associations:

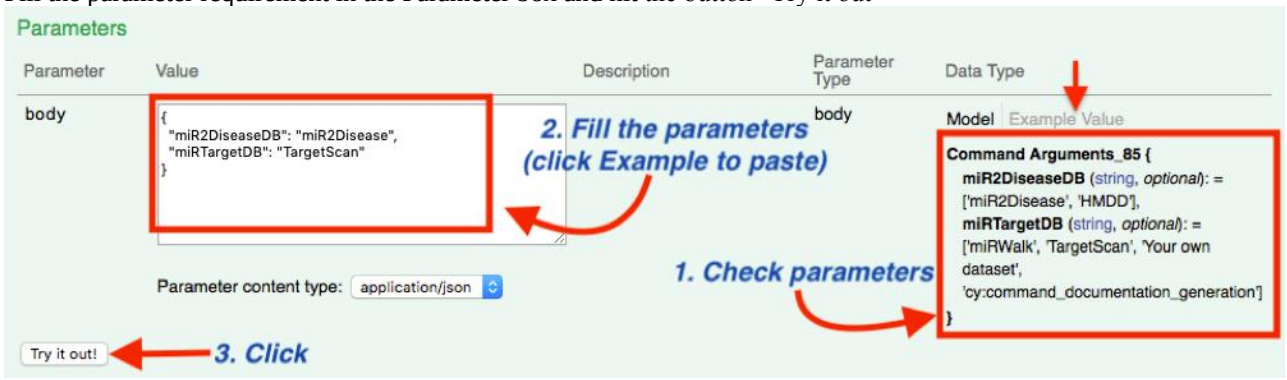
1. *Choose miRNA-target interaction dataset.*
2. *Choose known disease-microRNA association dataset*
3. *Click **OK** to load datasets.*

- **CyREST command API: Help → Automation → CyREST Command API.**

Choose RWRMTN in the SwaggerUI.

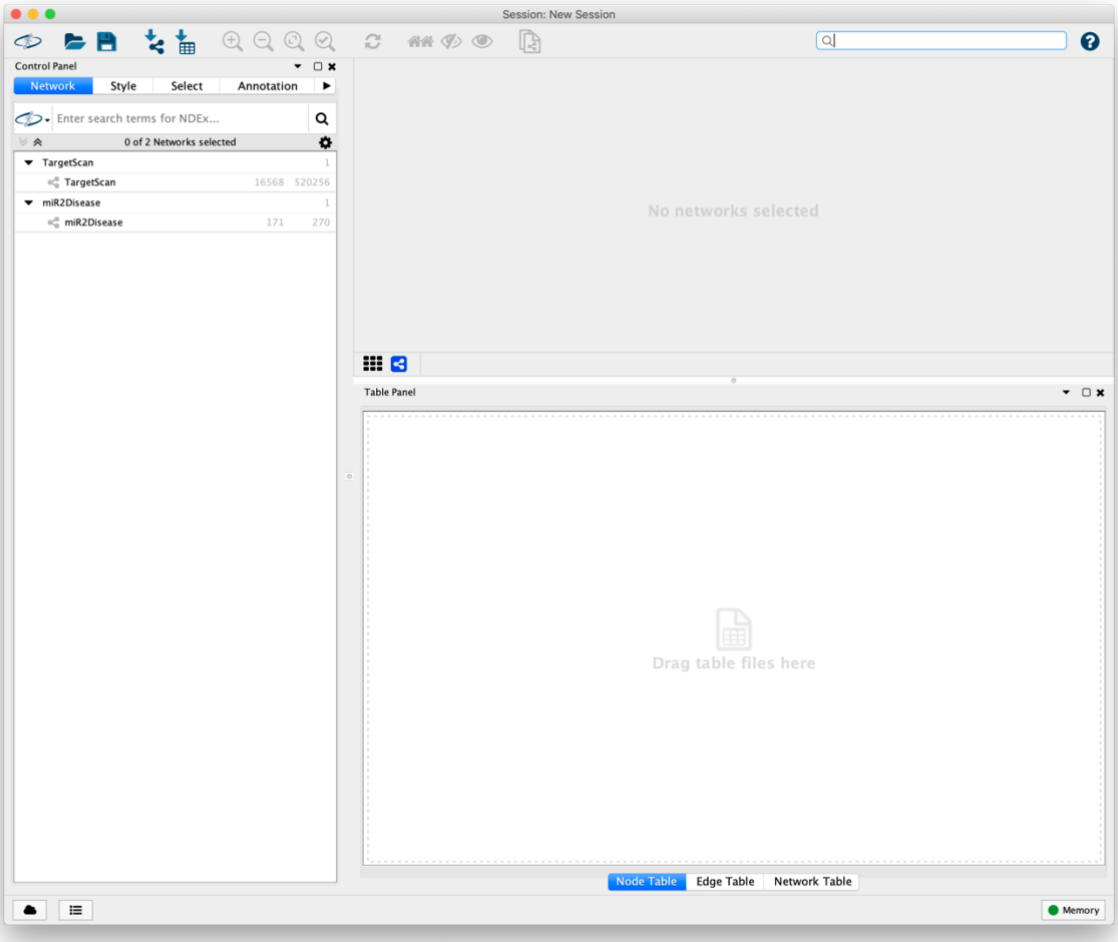


Fill the parameter requirement in the Parameter box and hit the button "Try it out"



(For more details on using automation features (CyREST API and CyREST Command API) of Cytoscape, visit the site: https://github.com/cytoscape/cytoscape-automation/wiki/App-Developers:-Cytoscape-Command-Best-Practices)

- *This will load corresponding datasets into Network tab of Cytoscape (see following figure).*



Note: a miRNA-target interaction dataset TargetScan (Lewis, et al., 2003) and a known disease-miRNA association dataset miR2Disease (Jiang, et al., 2009) were used.

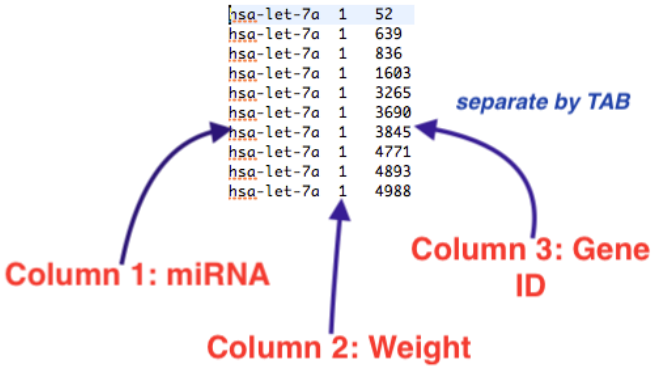
For CyREST command API, return successful message:

Response Body

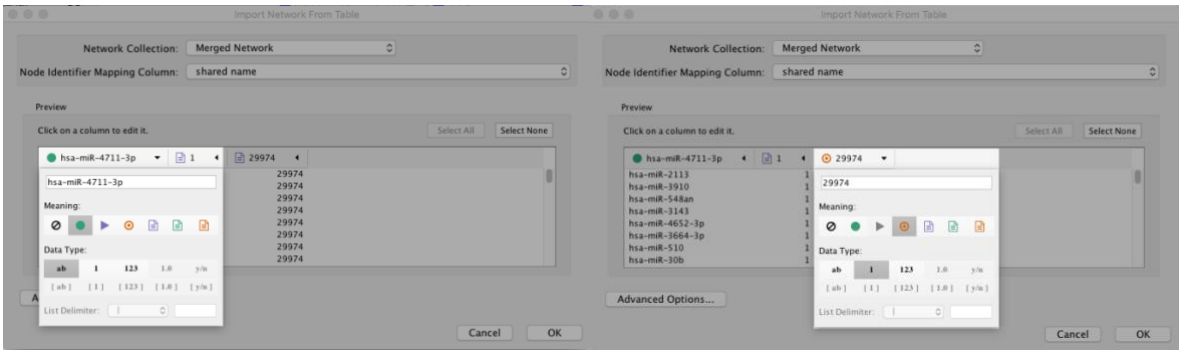
```
{
  "data": {
    "message": "Load Heterogeneous Network successfully"
  },
  "errors": []
}
```

Note that:

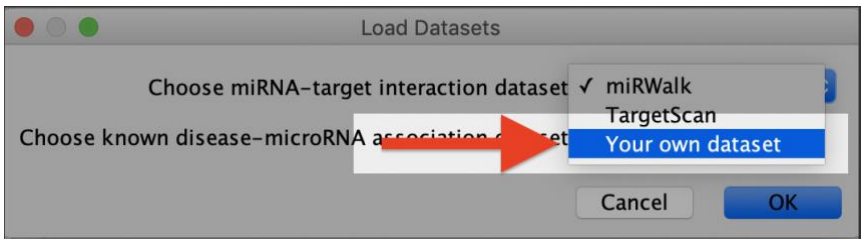
- *For miRNA-target datasets: We pre-installed 2databases **miRWalk** (database of experimentally validated miRNA-target interactions) and **TargetScan** (a dataset containing predicted miRNA-target interactions). If you want to use your own dataset, it must follow the following format, and be imported into Cytoscape beforehand.*



*Your own dataset can be imported into Cytoscape by clicking menu **File → Import → Network → File**. Set column 1 as source node and column 3 as target node.*



Then, it will appear in miRNA network option:



- *For known disease-miRNAs dataset: We pre-installed 2 datasets **miR2Disease** and **HMDD** (an up-to-date human disease-miRNA association database).*

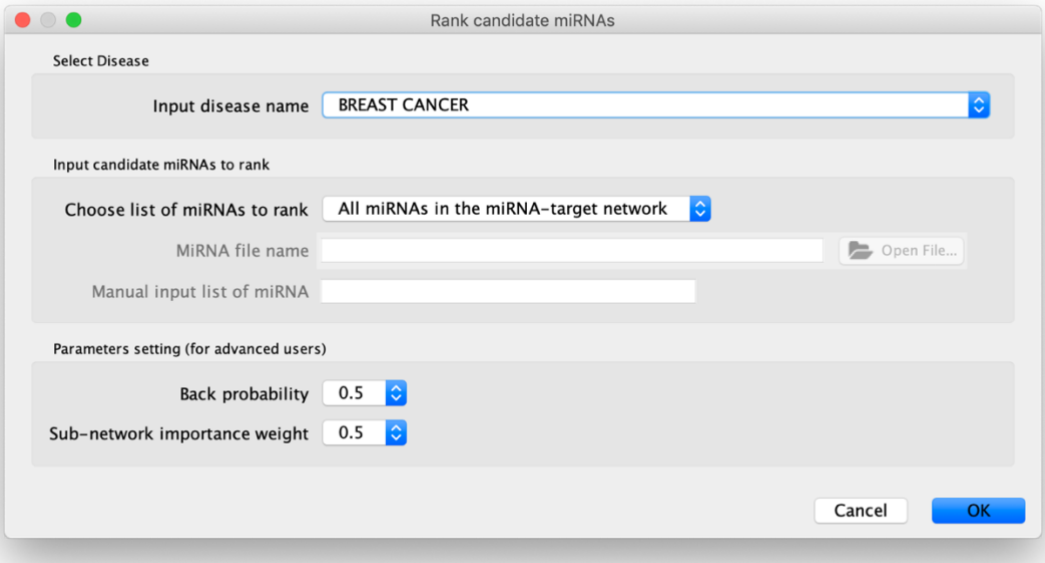
Step 2: Rank candidate miRNAs

This step includes 4 sub-steps:

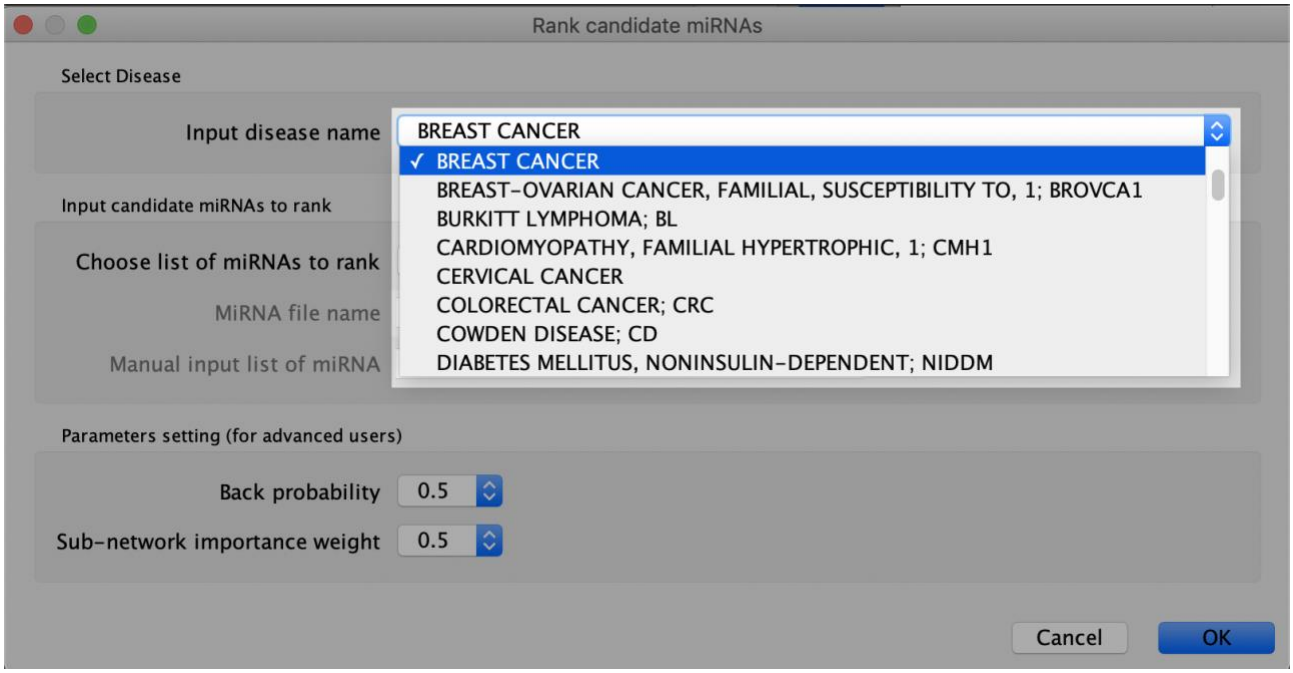
- Select a disease: For example, Breast cancer (OMIM ID: 114480) is selected.
- Input candidate miRNAs to rank: there are 3 options to choose
  - All miRNAs in the miRNA-target network
  - List of miRNAs from file: input the file.
  - Manual input list of miRNAs.
- Parameters setting (for advanced users)
  - Back probability (default setting is 0.5)
  - Sub-network importance weight (default setting is 0.5)
- Rank

Step 2 can be performed by two ways:

Cytoscape menu: Apps →RWRMTN→ Step 2: Rank candidate miRNAs



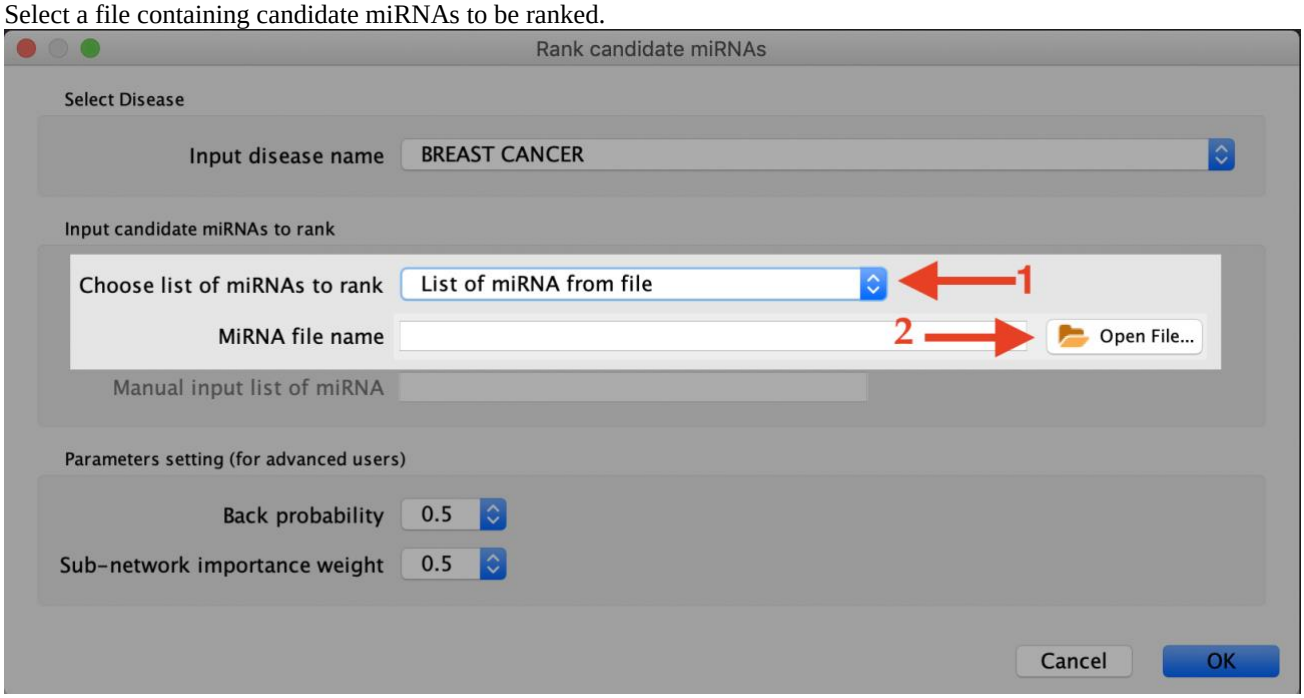
- ***Step 2.1***: Choose Disease name from the dropdown list:



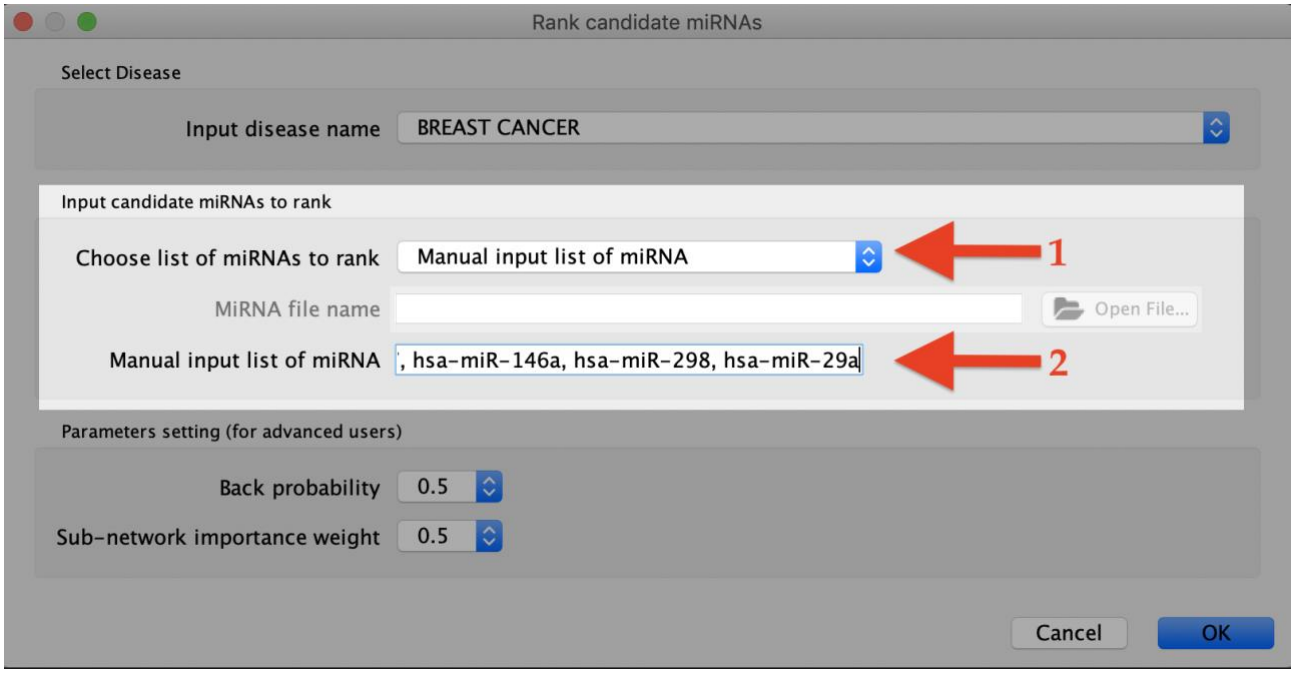
- ***Step 2.2***: Input candidate miRNAs to rank:

Default setting is "All miRNAs in the network". If you want to choose specific list of miRNAs, you can select other options.

Select a file containing candidate miRNAs to be ranked.



Directly input list of candidate miRNAs

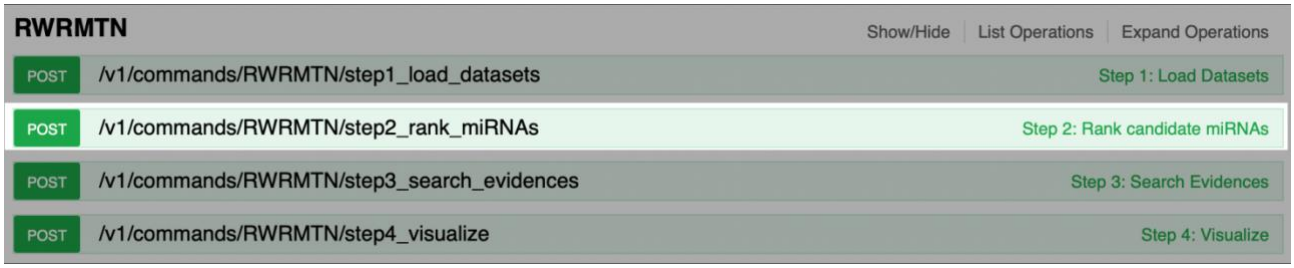


- ***Step 2.3***: Parameters setting (for advanced users)

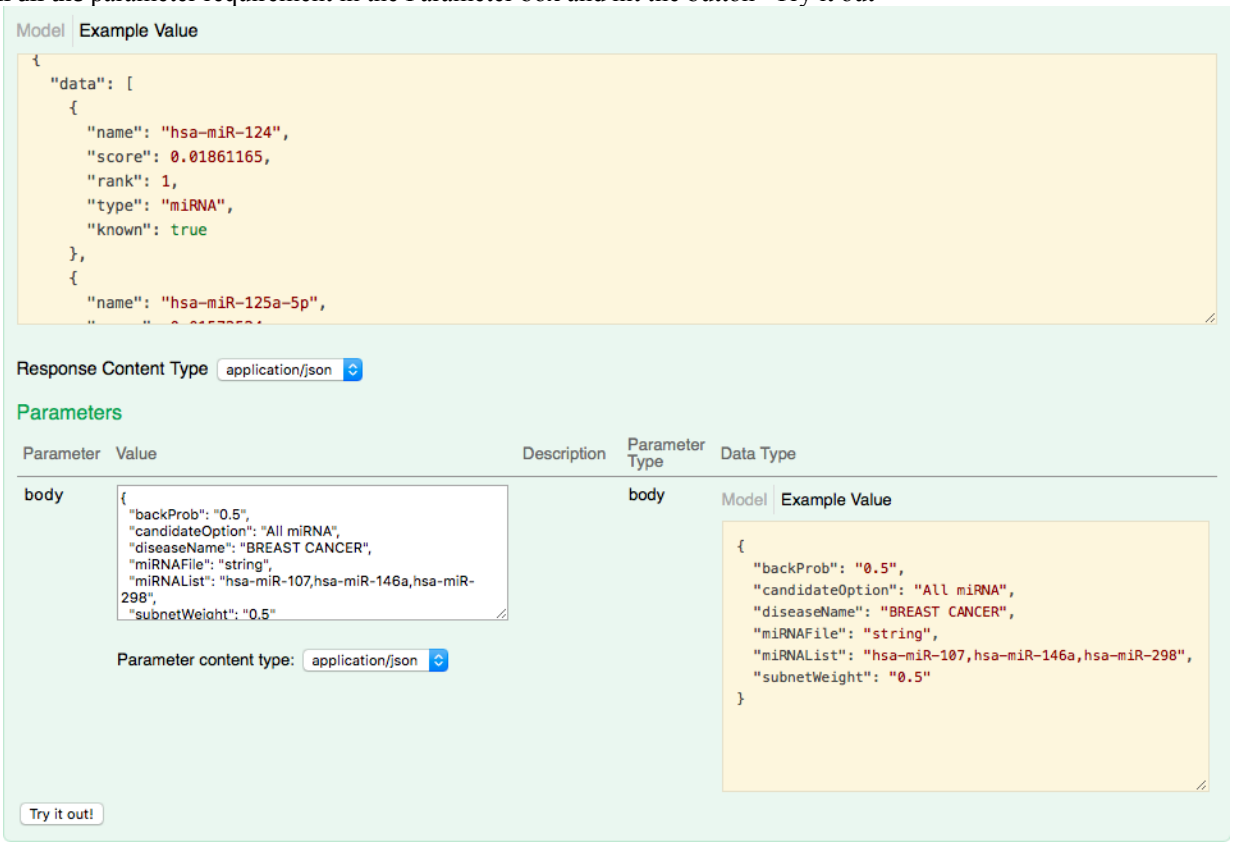
Choose to set Back probability and Sub-network importance weight in case of using different values other than default values.

- ***Step 2.4***: Rank (Click **OK**)

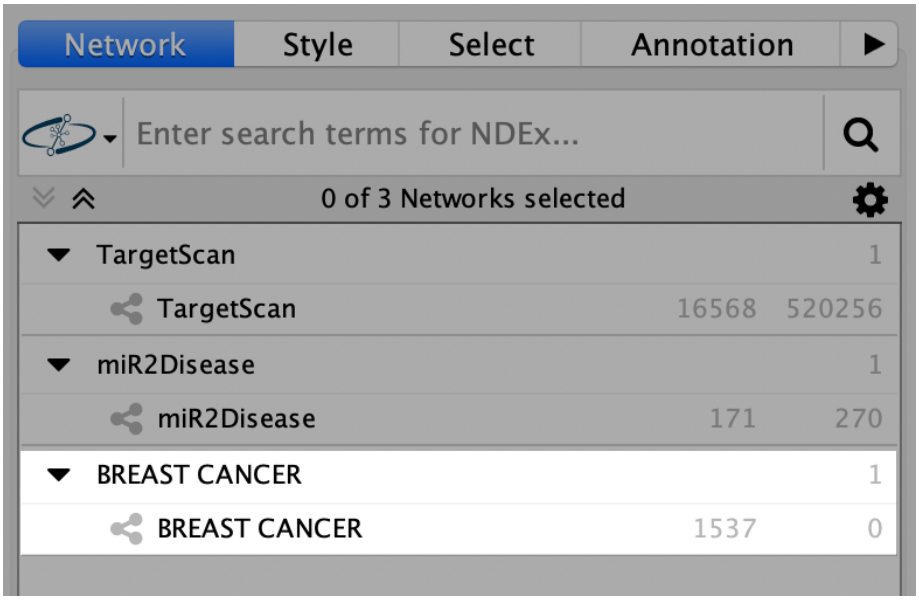
- **CyREST command API: Help → Automation → CyREST Command API**



Fill all the parameter requirement in the Parameter box and hit the button "Try it out"



Step 2 will generate list of ranked miRNAs displayed in a network named by the selected disease (i.e. BREAST CANCER)



The following table lists known miRNAs associated with the selected diseases and the inputted candidate miRNAs

shared name	name	Score	Rank	Type	Known
hsa-miR-124		0.00912531...	1	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-27a		0.00857614...	2	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-128		0.00840957...	3	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-200c		0.00838510...	4	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-200b		0.00838510...	5	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-429		0.00838123...	6	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-125b		0.00835355...	7	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-125a-5p		0.00835355...	8	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-17		0.00832807...	9	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-20a		0.00832807...	10	miRNA	☑
hsa-let-7a		0.00826798...	11	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-206		0.00818675...	12	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-200a		0.00817063...	13	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-141		0.00817063...	14	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-204		0.00814230...	15	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-373		0.00805362...	16	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-516a-3p		0.00803928...	17	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-155		0.00802905...	18	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-7		0.00794792...	19	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-205		0.00794064...	20	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-221		0.00790413...	21	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-222		0.00790413...	22	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-127-5p		0.00790080...	23	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-335		0.00786437...	24	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-146a		0.00784430...	25	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-146b-5p		0.00784430...	26	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-21		0.00781843...	27	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-520c-5p		0.00778787...	28	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-10b		0.00778371...	29	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-510		0.00774478...	30	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-126		0.00766892...	31	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-210		0.00765442...	32	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-451		0.00765194...	33	miRNA	☑
hsa-miR-506		0.00154994...	34	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-3163		0.00126209...	35	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-27b		0.00100038...	36	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-548c-3p		9.16437739...	37	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-520d-5p		9.07467058...	38	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-524-5p		9.07467058...	39	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-3714		7.96936672...	40	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-4319		7.77794334...	41	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-106b		7.52313163...	42	miRNA	☐
hsa-miR-519d		7.52313163...	43	miRNA	☐

And JSON result is exposed in CyREST Command API

Request URL

```
http://localhost:1234/v1/commands/RWRMTN/step2_rank_miRNAs
```

Response Body


```
{
  "data": [
    {
      "name": "hsa-miR-124",
      "score": 0.009125315577015921,
      "rank": 1,
      "type": "miRNA",
      "known": true
    },
    {
      "name": "hsa-miR-27a",
      "score": 0.008576144025852219,
      "rank": 2,
      "type": "miRNA",
      "known": true
    },
    {
      "name": "hsa-miR-128",
      "score": 0.008409577922964604,
      "rank": 3,
```


Response Code

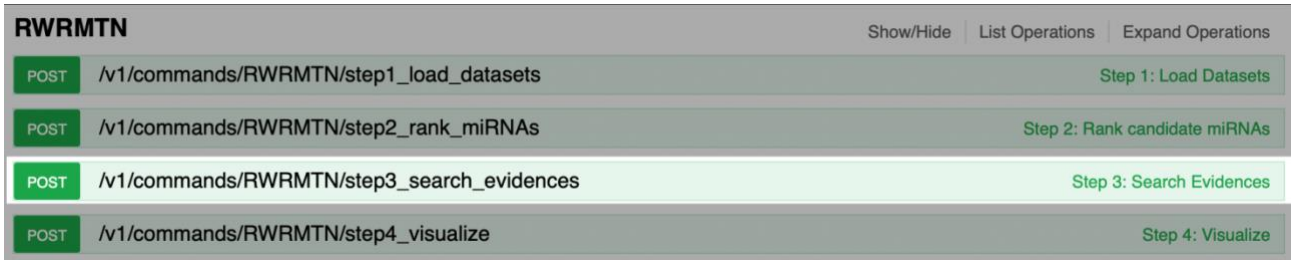
```
200
```

Step 3: Search Evidences

By selecting option "All miRNAs in the miRNA-target network" in Step 2, all miRNAs in the selected miRNA-target gene network are ranked and displayed in Node Table of the network (in Network Tab of Cytoscape) which has the same name as the disease of interest (i.e., BREAST CANCER).

To find the evidences in literature (PubMed), you need to select highly ranked miRNAs by highlighting rows in the network (i.e., BREAST CANCER)and choose between these two ways:

- **Cytoscape menu**: Select menu **Apps → RWRMTN → Step 3: Search Evidences**
- **CyREST command API: Help → Automation → CyREST Command API.**



Hit the button "Try it out" without any parameters (remember to highlight rows first).

***Note**: If you receive the alert that none row is selected. You need to show the column "selected" in Cytoscape table and set value to **true** once to trigger the function "selected" column to work.*

The result of Step 3 is a list of PubMed IDs of the publications containing evidences about associations between selected miRNAs and the disease of interest displayed in . For more information (e.g., paper title, author list, publication date, etc..), refer to Step 4 or use command API of step 3.

shared name	name	Score	Rank	Type	Known	PubMed (PudMedIDs)
hsa-miR-510		0.00774478...	30	miRNA	☑	
hsa-miR-126		0.00766892...	31	miRNA	☑	
hsa-miR-210		0.00765442...	32	miRNA	☑	
hsa-miR-451		0.00765194...	33	miRNA	☑	
hsa-miR-506		0.00154994...	34	miRNA	☐	23717581, 25707493, 26059632, 263988...
hsa-miR-3163		0.00126209...	35	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-27b		0.00100038...	36	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-548c-3p		9.16437739...	37	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-520d-5p		9.07467058...	38	miRNA	☐	28721278
hsa-miR-524-5p		9.07467058...	39	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-3714		7.96936672...	40	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-4319		7.77794334...	41	miRNA	☐	30021199
hsa-miR-106b		7.52313163...	42	miRNA	☐	26621835
hsa-miR-519d		7.52313163...	43	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-20b		7.52313163...	44	miRNA	☐	
hsa-miR-106a		7.52313163...	45	miRNA	☐	

This result is exposed by using CyREST Command API

Request URL

```
http://localhost:1234/v1/commands/RWRMTN/step3_search_evidences
```

Response Body


```
{
  "data": [
    {
      "miRnaName": "hsa-miR-520d-5p",
      "PubMedIds": [
        "28721278"
      ],
      "info": {
        "28721278": {
          "pubdate": "2016",
          "authors": [
            "Ishihara Y",
            "Tsuno S",
            "Ping B",
            "Ashizaki T",
            "Nakashima M",
            "Miura K",
            "Miura Y",
            "Yamashita T",
            "Hasegawa J",
```


Response Code

```
200
```

As can be seen from the above screenshot, the result is returned as an array of JSON objects. Each object includes 3 pairs of key/value:

- "miRnaName" is the selected miRNA.
- "PubMedIds" lists the ids found in the PubMed which provided evidences of associations between selected miRNA and the disease of interest.
- "info" shows the detail information of each PubMed ID including publication date, authors, title and pages, which then can be seen by visualization functions of RWRMTN.

In this case study, four of ten highly ranked miRNAs are provided with evidences.

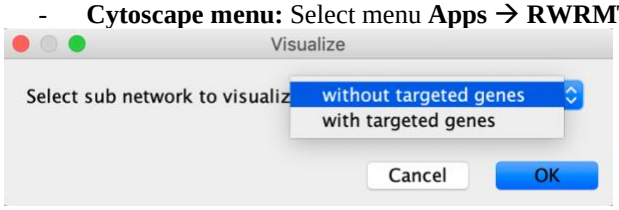
- "hsa-miR-506" supported by five studies (PubMed IDs: 23717581, 25707493, 26059632, 26398880 and 27542202). The study 23717581 showed that has-miR-506 regulates epithelial mesenchymal transition in breast cancer cell lines. Meanwhile, the study 26059632 proved notable inhibition of hsa-miR-506 over-expression to proliferation and metastasis of breast cancer cells. In addition, study 26398880 indicated that mechanism underlying miRNA-506 is a contributing factor in breast carcinogenesis (has-miR-506 was proven to be a tumor suppressor).
- "hsa-miR-520d-5p" supported by a study with PubMed ID 28721278. More specifically, it was reported that this miRNA upregulates the activation of BRCA1 (breast cancer 1, early onset) in the DNA repair process – 35 days after transfection.
- "hsa-miR-4319" was showed in study PubMed ID 30021199 as a suppressor of the malignancy of triple-negative breast cancer by regulating self-renewal and tumorigenesis of stem cells.
- "has-miR-106b" was proven by the experiment carried on patient samples and cell lines in the study (PubMed ID 26621835)

Step 4: Visualize

Selected miRNAs can be visualized in a network based on the rankings. In addition, target genes, the disease of interest and detail information of PubMed IDs collected from Step 3 such as *paper title, author list, journal name* can be displayed aside in this network.

Choose between two options for visualization ***(Remember to highlight selected rows first)***

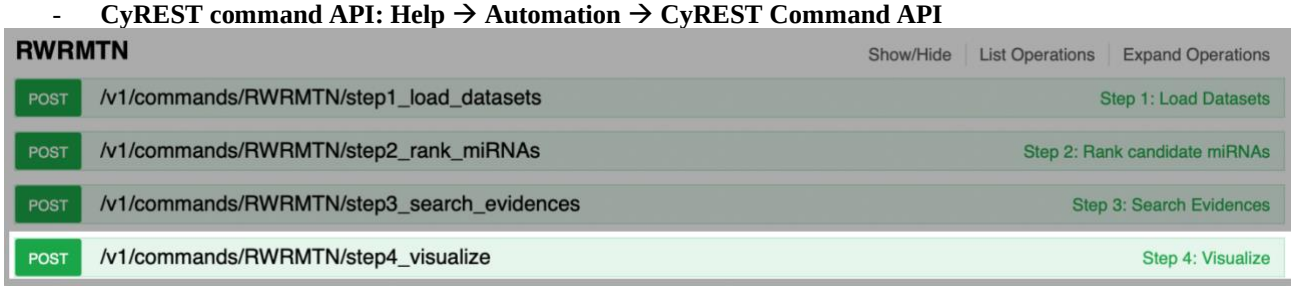
- **Cytoscape menu:** Select menu **Apps → RWRMTN → Step 4: Visualize**



Visualization options:

1. *Visualize* ***without*** *targeted genes of selected miRNAs*
2. *Visualize* ***with*** *targeted genes of selected miRNAs*
3. *Click* ***OK*** *to visualize.*

- **CyREST command API: Help → Automation → CyREST Command API**

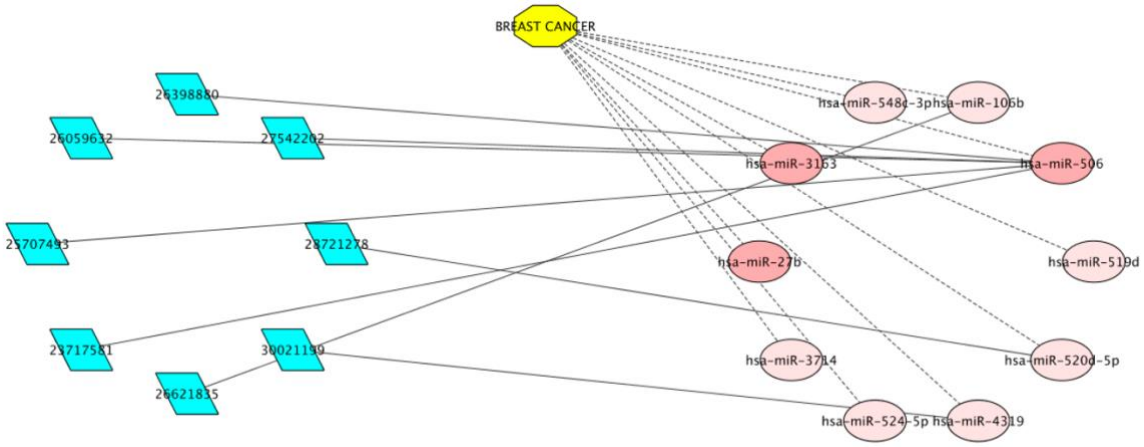


Fill the parameter requirement in the Parameter box and hit the button "Try it out"

Step 4 will create network view in two cases:

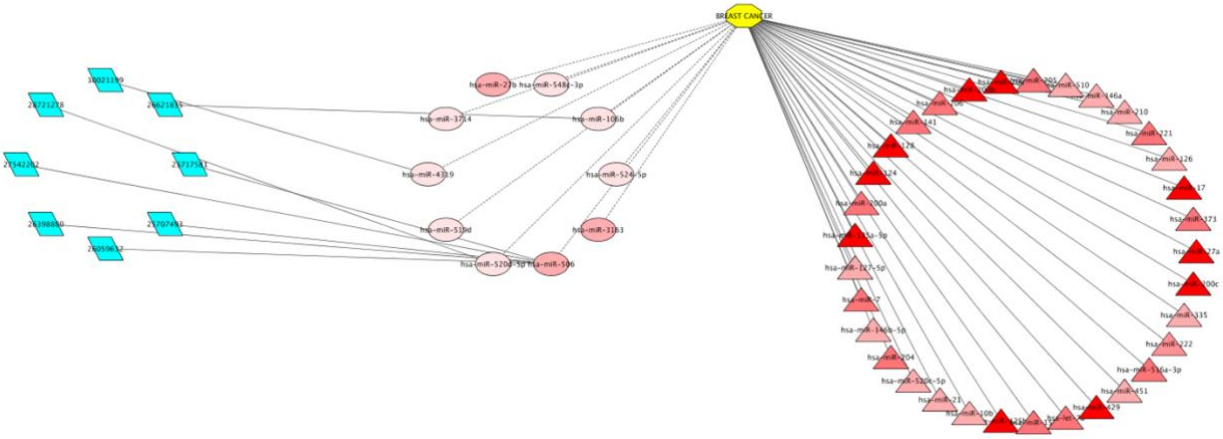
- *Without targeted genes*

Here, we selected top 10 ranked candidate miRNAs and then visualized based on their rankings. In addition, evidences (PubMed IDs) for each selected miRNAs were also visualized. Disease and candidate miRNAs are connected by long-dash lines, meanwhile solid lines are used to connect PubMed IDs and miRNAs.



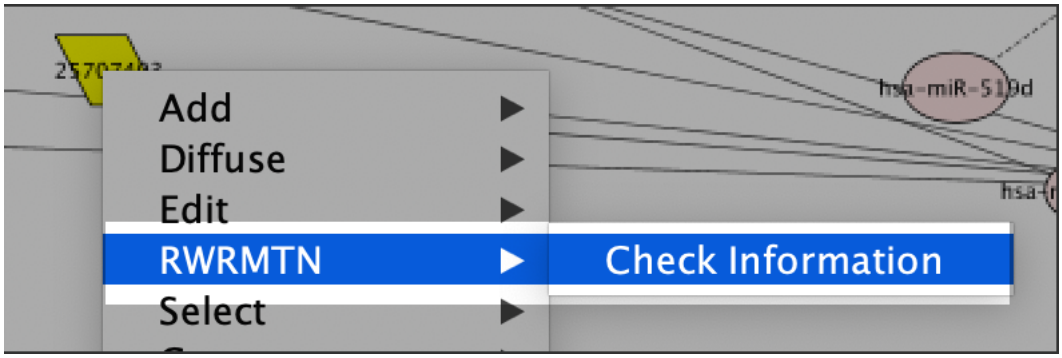
(*Note:* PubMed IDs, disease, and miRNAs are represented in parallelogram, octagon and ellipse shapes, respectively)

One may want to view the relationships with miRNAs known to be associated with the disease of interest (i.e., BREAST CANCER). Thus, we can additionally select known miRNAs to visualize

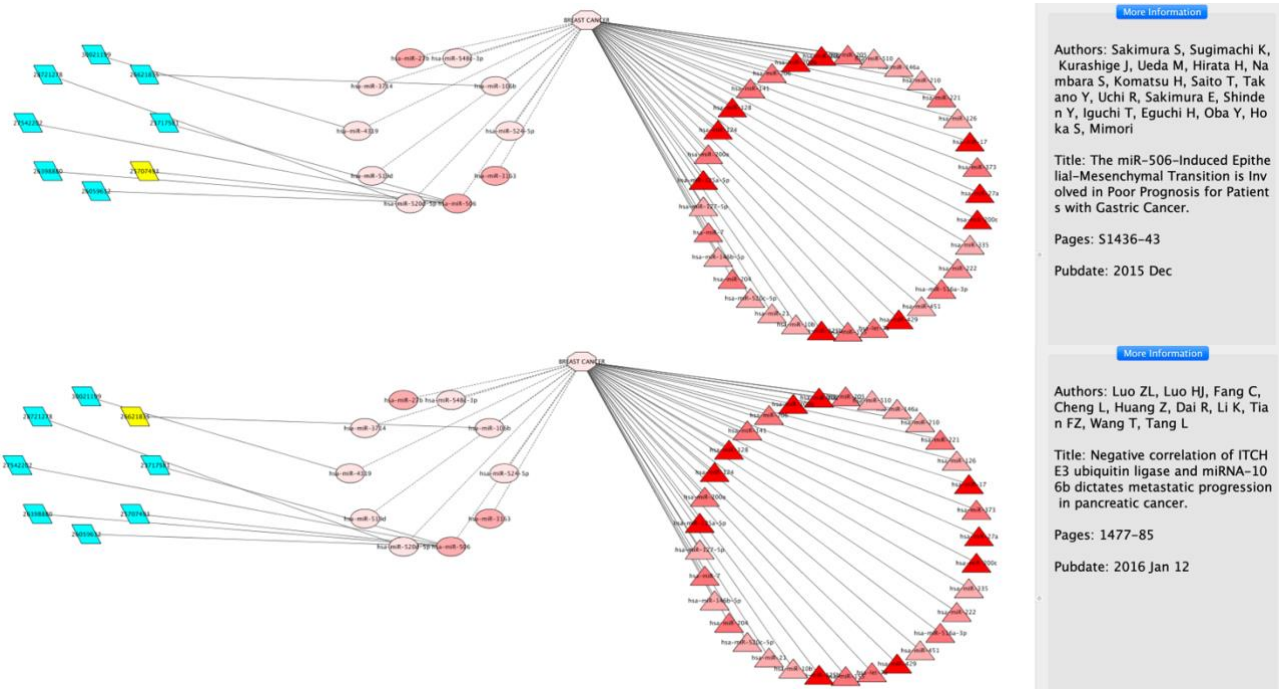


(*Note:* Known miRNAs are represented by triangles which are connected with the disease of interest by dot lines).

For detail information of each PubMed ID, right click on PubMed ID node and select menu **RWRMTN → Check Information**

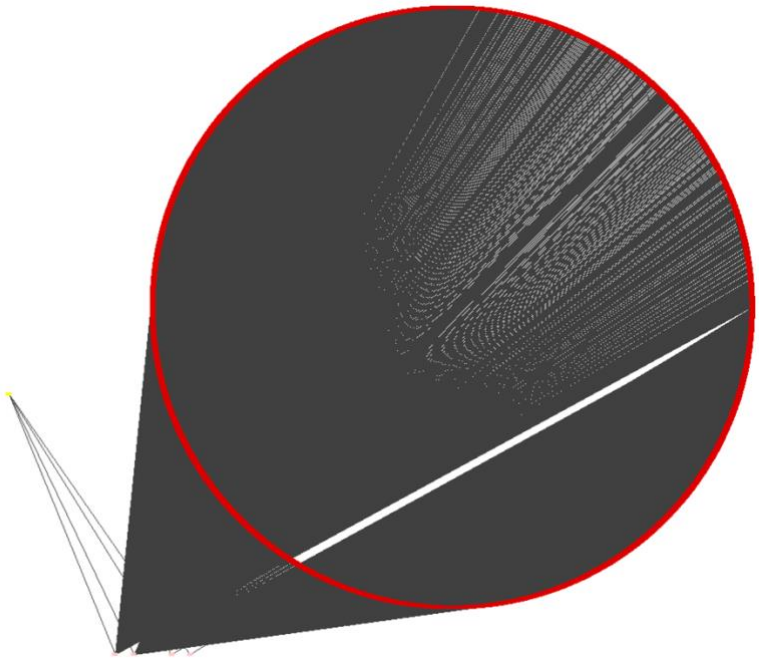


The East panel will appear to display detail information of the selected PubMed ID.



- *With targeted genes*

Select this option if user wants to see the relationships between the selected miRNAs and their target genes.



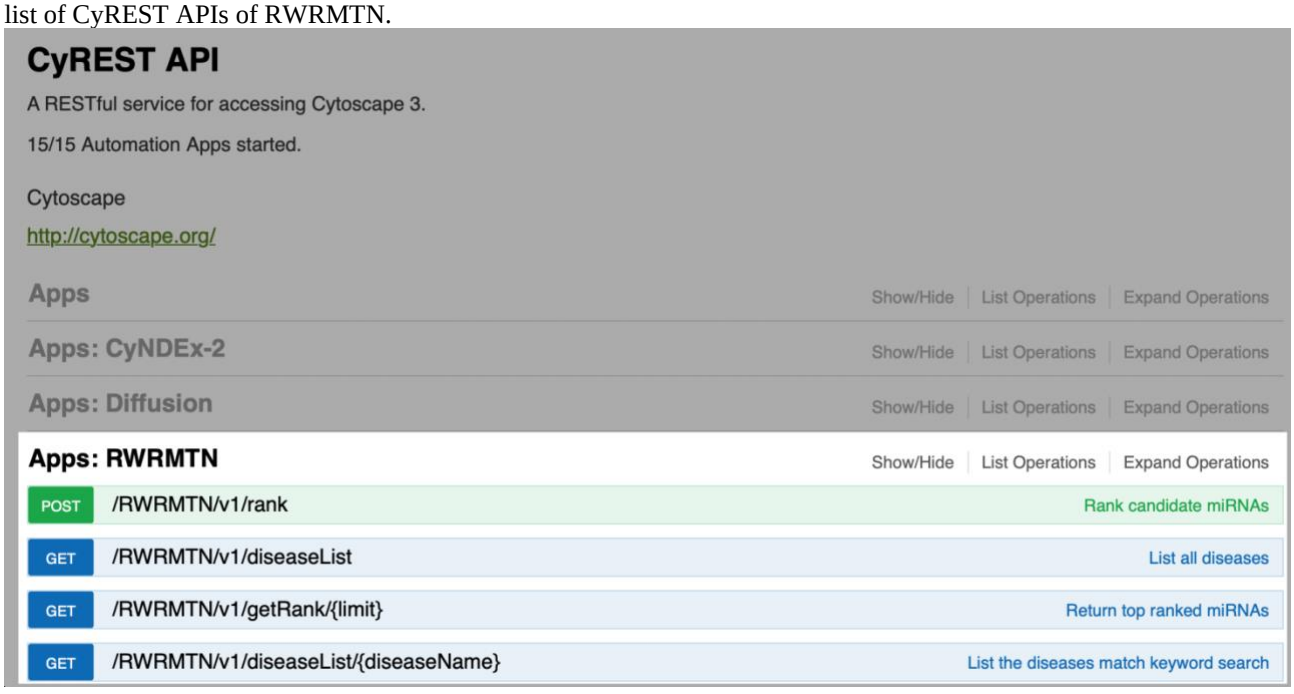
(Note: Each miRNA often targets to many genes)

2. Run RWRMTN by calling CyREST API

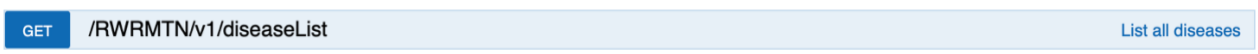
In this section, we first introduce some developed CyREST APIs which provides some helpful functions. Second, we demonstrate of their use in a workflow in R statistic environment.

Overview of CyREST APIs

To reveal all APIs, select menu **Help → Automation → CyREST API** to open Swagger UI of CyREST API**.** Here is the list of CyREST APIs of RWRMTN.



The detail of each API is available in Swagger Documentation. Here is short description.



This API returns list of all diseases (OMIM ID and disease name) available in the selected known disease-miRNA association database (i.e., miR2Disease). Based on this list, users can select a disease of interest.

Request URL

```
http://localhost:1234/RWRMTN/v1/diseaseList
```

Response Body


```
[
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM104300",
    "diseaseName": "ALZHEIMER DISEASE; AD"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM109800",
    "diseaseName": "BLADDER CANCER"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM113970",
    "diseaseName": "BURKITT LYMPHOMA; BL"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM114480",
    "diseaseName": "BREAST CANCER"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM114500",
    "diseaseName": "COLORECTAL CANCER; CRC"
```


GET /RWRMTN/v1/diseaseList/{diseaseName} List the diseases match keyword search

This API provides a list of diseases whose names match the query parameter (e.g., cancer). This API help user narrow down list of diseases to the disease of interest (e.g., disease ID MIM114480 for BREAST CANCER).
For example:

Request URL

```
http://localhost:1234/RWRMTN/v1/diseaseList/cancer
```

Response Body


```
[
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM109800",
    "diseaseName": "BLADDER CANCER"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM114480",
    "diseaseName": "BREAST CANCER"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM114500",
    "diseaseName": "COLORECTAL CANCER; CRC"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM133239",
    "diseaseName": "ESOPHAGEAL CANCER"
  },
  {
    "diseaseID": "MIM137215",
    "diseaseName": "GASTRIC CANCER, HEREDITARY DIFFUSE; HDGC"
```


POST /RWRMTN/v1/rank Rank candidate miRNAs

This API will use RWRMTN to rank candidate miRNAs and return the result in JSON format. The request is POST request with input parameters as follows:

required:
Disease OMIM ID: String
List of miRNA: String

optional:
miRTargetDB: String
miR2DiseaseDB: String
backProb: String
subnetWeight: String

Model | Example Value

RankParameters {
diseaseOMIMID (string): Disease OMIM ID,
listOfmiRNAs (string): List of miRNA to rank,
miRTargetDB (string, *optional*): MicroRNA Dataset,
miR2DiseaseDB (string, *optional*): Disease-miRNA Dataset,
backProb (number, *optional*): Back-probability,
subnetWeight (number, *optional*): Sub-network importance weight
}

Model | Example Value


```
{
  "diseaseOMIMID": "MIM114480",
  "listOfmiRNAs": "All miRNAs",
  "miRTargetDB": "TargetScan",
  "miR2DiseaseDB": "miR2Disease",
  "backProb": 0.5,
  "subnetWeight": 0.5
}
```


The result is:

Request URL

```
http://localhost:1234/RWRMTN/v1/rank
```

Response Body


```
[
  {
    "rnaName": "hsa-miR-124",
    "rnaScore": 0.009125315577015921,
    "rnaRank": 1,
    "type": "miRNA",
    "known": true
  },
  {
    "rnaName": "hsa-miR-27a",
    "rnaScore": 0.008576144025852219,
    "rnaRank": 2,
    "type": "miRNA",
    "known": true
  },
  {
    "rnaName": "hsa-miR-128",
    "rnaScore": 0.008409577922964604,
    "rnaRank": 3,
    "type": "miRNA",
```


Response Code

```
200
```

GET /RWRMTN/v1/getRank/{limit} Return top ranked miRNAs

This API returns top ranked miRNAs by setting {limit} parameter.

For example: The following query returns top 10 ranked miRNAs

Request URL

```
http://localhost:1234/RWRMTN/v1/getRank/10
```

Response Body


```
[
  {
    "rnaName": "hsa-miR-124",
    "rnaScore": 0.009125315577015921,
    "rnaRank": 1,
    "type": "miRNA",
    "known": true
  },
  {
    "rnaName": "hsa-miR-27a",
    "rnaScore": 0.008576144025852219,
    "rnaRank": 2,
    "type": "miRNA",
    "known": true
  },
  {
    "rnaName": "hsa-miR-128",
    "rnaScore": 0.008409577922964604,
    "rnaRank": 3,
    "type": "miRNA",
```


Response Code

```
200
```

Using RWRMTN in a workflow in R environment

In this case study, we used a dataset GSE19783 from GEO (Enerly, et al., 2011), which was created using Agilent-019118 Human miRNA Microarray 2.0 G4470B platform (GPL8227) and Agilent-014850 Whole Human Genome Microarray 4x44K G4112F (GPL6480) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE19783). The study characterizes breast cancer subtypes from joint analysis of high throughput miRNA (using GPL8227) and mRNA (using GPL6480) Data.

In this case study, we explored the 799 miRNAs that were differentially expressed between the 64 wild-type samples (WT) and 36 *TP53* mutant samples via a workflow in R environment using CyREST API.

Briefly, here is the workflow:

1. Download the datasets
2. Perform differential expression analysis with *limma* package
3. Select a list of miRNAs, whose differential expression between cases and controls is statistically significant, as candidates
4. Rank the candidate miRNAs by RWRMTN via a CyREST API using a miRNA-target interaction dataset miRWalk (Dweep, et al., 2011) and a known disease-miRNA association dataset HMDD (Li, et al., 2014).

Before running the analysis, make sure RWRMTN and necessary packages are installed and they are functional:

- Please run *Check_CytoscapeConnection_LibraryInstallation_RWRMTN.R* (download at https://sourceforge.net/projects/rwrmtn/) for checking connection with Cytoscape and whether necessary packages are installed.

Then, run the following source code in R (the source code can be found in CaseStudy_Final.R (download at https://sourceforge.net/projects/rwrmtn/))

```
1.  ######################################################################
2.  library(Biobase)
3.  library(GEOquery)
4.  library(limma)
5.  library(httr)
6.  library(jsonlite)
7.
8.  library(httr)
9.  library(jsonlite)
10.
```

```
### Load series and platform data from GEO
gset <- getGEO("GSE19783", GSEMatrix =TRUE, AnnotGPL=FALSE)
if (length(gset) > 1){
  idx <- grep("GPL8227", attr(gset, "names"))
}else{
  idx <- 1
}

gset <- gset[[idx]]

# make proper column names to match toptable
fvarLabels(gset) <- make.names(fvarLabels(gset))

TP53Status<-gset$`tp53 mutation status:ch1`
# labeling for all samples
gsms<-""

sml<-c()
for(i in 1:length(TP53Status)){
  if(TP53Status[i]=="Mut"){
    gsms<-paste0(gsms,"1")
    sml[i]<-"Group1"
  }else{
    gsms<-paste0(gsms,"0")
    sml[i]<-"Group0"
  }
}

#Retrieve Expression Data From ESets
ex <- exprs(gset)
ex[which(ex <= 0)] <- NaN
# log2 transform
exprs(gset) <- log2(ex)

### Differential expression analysis with limma package
# set up the data and proceed with analysis
fl <- as.factor(sml)
gset$description <- fl
#creates a design (or model) matrix
design <- model.matrix(~ description + 0, gset)
colnames(design) <- levels(fl)
fit <- lmFit(gset, design)
cont.matrix <- makeContrasts(Group1-Group0, levels=design)
fit2 <- contrasts.fit(fit, cont.matrix)
fit2 <- eBayes(fit2, 0.01)
diffmiRNAlist <- topTable(fit2, adjust="fdr", number=nrow(fit2))

#Only select miRNAs whose differential expression between the two group (Group1 & Group0)

#is statistically significant  (adj.P.val <=0.05) for ranking with RWRMTN
sigmiRNAlist <- subset(diffmiRNAlist,adj.P.Val<=0.05) #This returns 85 miRNAs
sigmiRNAlist <- subset(sigmiRNAlist, select=c("ID","adj.P.Val","P.Value"))
colnames(sigmiRNAlist)<-c("rnaName", "adj.P.Val","P.Value")

#Save statistically significant miRNAs standard output
write.table(sigmiRNAlist, file=stdout(), row.names=F, sep="\t")


###Rank statistically significant miRNAs (candidate miRNAs) with RWRMTN
#Get miRNA list
lr<-sigmiRNAlist$rnaName
lor<-""
n<-length(lr)
for(i in 1:n){
  lor<-paste(lor, lr[i],", ",sep='')
}

#Select datasets (miRTargetDB, miR2DiseaseDB), the disease of interest (MIM114480: Breast
cancer)
#and pass the candidata miRNAs list
login <- list(
```

```
  diseaseOMIMID= "MIM114480",#OMIM ID of Breast cancer
  listOfmiRNAs= lor,
  miRTargetDB= "miRWalk",
  miR2DiseaseDB= "HMDD"
)

#Run Cytosacpe CyREST API
request_body_json <- toJSON(login)
res <- POST("http://localhost:1234/RWRMTN/v1/rank", body = login, encode="json")
y<-httr::content(res,"text", encoding = 'UTF-8')
get_prices_json <- fromJSON(y, flatten = TRUE)

Output <- fromJSON((y))
#Remove miRNA with rank=0 (which are not available on the miRNA-target network)
rankedmiRNAlist <- Output[which(Output$rnaRank!=0),]
rankedmiRNAlist
write.csv(rankedmiRNAlist, file="rankedmiRNAlist.csv", row.names=F)
```

Here is the result:

	rnaName	rnaScore	rnaRank	type	known
1	hsa-miR-375	1.719388e-02	1	miRNA	TRUE
2	hsa-miR-107	4.059087e-03	2	miRNA	TRUE
3	hsa-miR-15a	3.420814e-03	3	miRNA	TRUE
4	hsa-miR-326	3.377178e-03	4	miRNA	TRUE
5	hsa-miR-155	2.825815e-03	5	miRNA	TRUE
6	hsa-miR-145	2.716448e-03	6	miRNA	TRUE
7	hsa-miR-148b	2.686323e-03	7	miRNA	TRUE
8	hsa-miR-224	2.610611e-03	8	miRNA	TRUE
9	hsa-let-7e	2.553925e-03	9	miRNA	TRUE
10	hsa-miR-29c	2.545947e-03	10	miRNA	TRUE
11	hsa-miR-26b	2.467229e-03	11	miRNA	TRUE
12	hsa-miR-30a	2.455210e-03	12	miRNA	TRUE
13	hsa-let-7b	2.428472e-03	13	miRNA	TRUE
14	hsa-let-7c	2.411595e-03	14	miRNA	TRUE
15	hsa-miR-34b	2.396425e-03	15	miRNA	TRUE
16	hsa-miR-10b	2.389018e-03	16	miRNA	TRUE
17	hsa-miR-18a	2.352102e-03	17	miRNA	TRUE
18	hsa-miR-328	2.344313e-03	18	miRNA	TRUE
19	hsa-miR-143	2.331756e-03	19	miRNA	TRUE
20	hsa-miR-214	2.313317e-03	20	miRNA	TRUE
21	hsa-miR-152	2.283654e-03	21	miRNA	TRUE
22	hsa-miR-135b	2.273221e-03	22	miRNA	TRUE
23	hsa-miR-195	2.270405e-03	23	miRNA	TRUE
24	hsa-miR-125a-5p	7.286119e-04	24	miRNA	FALSE
25	hsa-miR-342-3p	5.469969e-04	25	miRNA	FALSE
26	hsa-let-7a	4.714080e-04	26	miRNA	FALSE
27	hsa-miR-769-5p	4.352923e-04	27	miRNA	FALSE
28	hsa-miR-361-5p	3.802039e-04	28	miRNA	FALSE
29	hsa-miR-142-3p	3.341059e-04	29	miRNA	FALSE
30	hsa-miR-34c-5p	2.341773e-04	30	miRNA	FALSE
31	hsa-miR-146b-5p	1.953439e-04	31	miRNA	FALSE
32	hsa-miR-449a	1.556556e-04	32	miRNA	FALSE
33	hsa-miR-199a-5p	1.228826e-04	33	miRNA	FALSE
34	hsa-miR-489	1.197518e-04	34	miRNA	FALSE
35	hsa-miR-9	9.189293e-05	35	miRNA	FALSE
36	hsa-miR-30a*	9.030027e-05	36	miRNA	FALSE
37	hsa-miR-135a	8.225978e-05	37	miRNA	FALSE
38	hsa-miR-181c	7.444931e-05	38	miRNA	FALSE
39	hsa-miR-378*	7.208481e-05	39	miRNA	FALSE
40	hsa-miR-30c	7.006724e-05	40	miRNA	FALSE
41	hsa-let-7f	6.601124e-05	41	miRNA	FALSE
42	hsa-miR-483-3p	5.512170e-05	42	miRNA	FALSE
43	hsa-miR-342-5p	5.253228e-05	43	miRNA	FALSE
44	hsa-miR-501-3p	4.575108e-05	44	miRNA	FALSE
45	hsa-miR-101	4.479886e-05	45	miRNA	FALSE
46	hsa-miR-574-3p	4.081944e-05	46	miRNA	FALSE
47	hsa-miR-26a	3.510984e-05	47	miRNA	FALSE
48	hsa-miR-103	3.103517e-05	48	miRNA	FALSE
49	hsa-miR-378	2.822501e-05	49	miRNA	FALSE
50	hsa-miR-99b	2.788255e-05	50	miRNA	FALSE
51	hsa-miR-590-5p	1.735067e-05	51	miRNA	FALSE
52	hsa-miR-362-5p	1.092474e-05	52	miRNA	FALSE
53	hsa-miR-9*	2.842895e-06	53	miRNA	FALSE
54	hsa-miR-142-5p	1.520914e-06	54	miRNA	FALSE
55	hsa-miR-101*	1.019211e-06	55	miRNA	FALSE
56	hsa-miR-30e*	7.906392e-07	56	miRNA	FALSE
57	hsa-miR-650	4.129138e-07	57	miRNA	FALSE

IV. Reference

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Jiang, Q., *et al.* miR2Disease: a manually curated database for microRNA deregulation in human disease. *Nucleic acids research* 2009;37(suppl 1):D98-D104.

Lewis, B.P., *et al.* Prediction of Mammalian MicroRNA Targets. *Cell* 2003;115(7):787-798.

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