

The letter R denotes a (commutative unital) noetherian ring.

Exercise 1. Let M be a nonzero finitely generated R -module. Prove directly (using Zorn's Lemma) that $\text{Supp}(M)$ possesses a minimal element.

Exercise 2. Let M be a finitely generated R -module, and let $x \in R$. Show that the following are equivalent:

- (i) Multiplication by x is a nilpotent endomorphism of M .
- (ii) The element x belongs to every prime of $\text{Ass}(M)$.

Exercise 3. Let M be a finitely generated R -module, and $M_i \subset M_{i+1}$ a chain of submodules such that $M_i/M_{i+1} \simeq R/\mathfrak{p}_i$ with \mathfrak{p}_i a prime of R . Let \mathfrak{p} be a minimal element of $\text{Supp}(M)$. Show that the number of indices i such that $\mathfrak{p}_i = \mathfrak{p}$ does not depend on the choice of the chain, and express this number purely in terms of M .

Exercise 4. Let M be an R -module.

- (i) Show that $\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Supp}(M)$ if and only if there is a submodule $N \subset M$ such that $\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Ass}(M/N)$. (Hint: take N of the form $\mathfrak{p}m$ for a well-chosen $m \in M$).
- (ii) Assume that M is finitely generated, and let $\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Supp}(M)$. Show that there is a chain of submodules $0 = M_0 \subsetneq \cdots \subsetneq M_n = M$ such that $M_i/M_{i-1} \simeq R/\mathfrak{p}_i$ with $\mathfrak{p}_i \in \text{Spec}(R)$ and moreover $\mathfrak{p} \in \{\mathfrak{p}_1, \dots, \mathfrak{p}_n\}$.