

# GALOIS COHOMOLOGY

## EXERCISES 10 (TWISTED FORMS)

*The solutions will be discussed during the online session on Jan 26th.*

The letter  $k$  denotes a field.

**Exercise 1.** Let  $\Gamma$  be a profinite group, and  $f: A \rightarrow B$  be a morphism of  $\Gamma$ -groups. Composing 1-cocycles with  $f$  yields a map  $f_*: H^1(\Gamma, A) \rightarrow H^1(\Gamma, B)$ . Describe this map in terms of torsors.

**Exercise 2.** (i) Let  $V$  be a  $k$ -vector space of finite dimension  $n$ , and  $f: V \times V \rightarrow k$  be a  $k$ -bilinear form. We assume that  $f(x, x) = 0$  for all  $x \in V$  (i.e.  $f$  is alternated) and that the  $k$ -linear map  $V \rightarrow \text{Hom}_k(V, k)$  sending  $x$  to the map  $y \mapsto f(x, y)$  is bijective (i.e.  $f$  is nondegenerate). Show that  $n$  is even, and that  $V$  admits a  $k$ -basis  $e_1, \dots, e_n$  such that  $f(e_{2r+1}, e_{2r+2}) = 1$  and  $f(e_{2r+2}, e_{2r+1}) = -1$  for all  $0 \leq r < n/2$ , and  $f(e_i, e_j) = 0$  for all other values of  $i, j$ .

(ii) Let  $r \in \mathbb{N} - 0$  and consider the matrix (where blank entries are zero)

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & & & & \\ -1 & 0 & & & & \\ & & 0 & 1 & & \\ & & -1 & 0 & & \\ & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & 0 & 1 \\ & & & & & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \in M_{2r}(k).$$

Show that letting, for every separable field extension  $L/k$ ,

$$\text{Sp}_{2r}(L) = \{M \in M_{2r}(L) \mid M^t J M = J\},$$

where  $M^t$  denotes the transpose of  $M$ , defines a  $k$ -group  $\text{Sp}_{2r}$  such that  $H^1(k, \text{Sp}_{2r}) = \{*\}$ .

**Exercise 3.** For every separable extension  $L/k$  denote by  $L[X]$  the polynomial algebra in one variable over  $L$ , and set

$$G(L) = \text{Aut}_{L\text{-alg}}(L[X]).$$

Extension of scalars yields a map  $G(L) \rightarrow G(L')$  for every morphism  $L \rightarrow L'$  of separable extensions of  $k$ .

(i) Show that  $G$  defines a  $k$ -group.

- (ii) Show that every element of  $G(L)$  is of the form  $X \mapsto aX + b$ , where  $a \in L^\times$  and  $b \in L$ .
- (iii) Show that we have an exact sequence of  $k$ -groups

$$1 \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_a \rightarrow G \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_m \rightarrow 1.$$

- (iv) Show that  $H^1(k, G) = \{*\}$ .
- (v) Let  $A$  be a  $k$ -algebra such that  $A_L \simeq L[X]$  as  $L$ -algebra, for some separable extension  $L/k$ . Show that  $A \simeq k[X]$  as  $k$ -algebra.

We have thus proved that the  $k$ -algebra  $k[X]$  admits no nontrivial twisted forms. We now give an example a nontrivial “inseparable twisted form” of  $k[X]$ , that is a  $k$ -algebra  $B$  such that  $B \not\simeq k[X]$  and  $B_K \simeq K[X]$  for some nonseparable extension  $K/k$ .

Let us assume that  $k$  has positive characteristic  $p$ , and that  $a \in k$  is such that  $a \neq b^p$  for all  $b \in k$ . We consider the  $k$ -algebra  $B = k[U, V]/(U^p - aV^p - V)$ .

- (v) Show that there exists an algebraic field extension  $K/k$  such that  $B_K \simeq K[X]$  as  $K$ -algebra.
- (vi) Show that  $B$  is not isomorphic to  $k[X]$  as  $k$ -algebra.
- (vii) For every prime  $p$ , give an example of a field  $k$  of characteristic  $p$ , together with an element  $a \in k$  such that  $a \neq b^p$  for all  $b \in k$ .