## MTH 424 - PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUSTION

## IIT KANPUR

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## Assignment 5

1. Consider the following function

$$\begin{cases} \triangle u = 0 & \text{in } B(0,1) \subset \mathbb{R}^2 \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} = g & \text{in } \partial B(0,1), \end{cases}$$

where  $g \in C(\partial B(0,1))$ . Find the solution of the equation using separation of variable principle. Find the compatibility condition on g. [Hint: Change it to polar co-ordinate]

2. Solve the following heat equation using separation of variable method:

$$\begin{cases} u_t - u_{xx} = 0 & \text{in } 0 < x < 1, t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) = g(x) & \text{in } 0 < x < 1, \\ u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0 & \text{in } t > 0 \end{cases}$$

- 3. Show that if u is a smooth solution of the heat equation  $u_t \Delta u = 0$ , then  $u_{\lambda}(t, x) = u(\lambda^2 t, \lambda x)$  is also a solution for each  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ . Consider  $u(x, t) = \frac{1}{t^{n/2}} v(\frac{|x|^2}{t})$  and derive the fundamental solution of heat equation. [Note: the dilatation makes  $\frac{|x^2|}{t}$  unchanges, and taking  $\lambda = t^{-1/2}$  we can see  $u_{\lambda}(x, t) = u(1, \frac{x}{t^{1/2}})$ ]
- 4. Let u be a smooth solution of

$$\begin{cases} u_t - u_{xx} = 0 & \text{in } x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) = g(x) & \text{in } x \in \mathbb{R}. \end{cases}$$

Assume  $\lim_{|x|\to\infty} u_x(x,t) = 0$ . Show that the conservation law for all t>0,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t, x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x) dx.$$

5. Assume  $\Omega_T = (0, T) \times \Omega$  and  $u \in C^{1,2}(\Omega_T) \cap C(\overline{\Omega_T})$  solves  $u_t - \Delta u \leq cu$  in  $\Omega_T$ , where  $c \leq 0$ . If  $u \geq 0$ , show that

$$\max_{\Omega_T} u = \max_{\partial_n \Omega_T} u$$

where  $\partial_p \Omega_T = \{(x,0) : x \in \Omega\} \cup \{(x,t) : x \in \partial\Omega, t \in [0,T]\}$ . Give a counter example without the condition u > 0.

6. Let  $u \in C^2((0,\infty) \times \mathbb{R})$  be a solution of the equation

$$u_t - a^2 u_{xx} = bu_x + cu + f(t, x)$$

where a, b, c are constants. Denote  $v(t, x) = e^{-ct}u(t, x - bt)$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and t > 0. Show that v satisfies the equation

$$v_t = a^2 v_{xx} + e^{-ct} f(t, x)$$

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7. Find the explicit formula for a solution of

$$\begin{cases} u_t - \triangle u + cu = f & \text{in } (0, \infty) \times \mathbb{R}^n \\ u(x, 0) = g(x) & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n, \end{cases}$$

where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- 8. Let u be a solution to heat equation  $u_t u_{xx} = 0$  on  $\mathbb{R} \times (0, T)$  with the initial condition  $u(x, 0) = \phi(x)$ . If  $\phi(x)$  is an odd function, show that the solution u(x, t) is also an odd function of x.
- 9. Show that  $u(x,t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t}}e^{\frac{x^2}{4(1-t)}}$  is a solution of heat equation on  $\mathbb{R} \times (0,1)$  which blows up at t=1.

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